"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Local thundershowers, not quite so warm today; Friday, generally fair; wind southwesterly.
For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,606. ... NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1914.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

REBELS REPORT CAPTURE OF ZACATECAS WITH LOSS OF 2000 MEN; PEACE PROTOCOLS SIGNED BY THE DELEGATES AT NIAGARA

Federal Stronghold Fell on Tuesday—Villa Nine Miles from the Scene.

ORTEGA REPORTED KILLED

Herrera and Rodriguez Wounded—Federals Hold Outlying Positions and May Escape.

MAIN ARMY IN RETREAT

Villa's Original Intention Was to Surround the City Before Ordering the Final Assault.

JUAREZ WILD WITH JOY

Rebels Celebrate the Rout, Which Federal Officials Discount as an 'Orderly Evacuation.'

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, June 24.—Zacatecas has fallen. The city was captured by the Constitutionalists last night. This information was contained in an official message received at 6 o'clock this evening by Col. Tomas Ornelas, military commander of Juarez, from Gen. Orestes Pereyra, who holds the same post in Torreon.

The message read as follows:

"I have the honor to communicate to you that yesterday at 6 P. M. the important City of Zacatecas was captured by the forces of the Division of the North. We took many prisoners and captured a large quantity of ammunition and arms. There were large losses on our side.

"Gen. Trinidad Rodriguez was seriously wounded and Gen. Monclovio Herrera was slightly wounded."

On the receipt of the news Juarez went wild. The bells of the cathedral were rung, cannon boomed, and crowds paraded the streets.

Later reports show that the victory was a costly one for the rebels. Gen. Toribio Ortega, probably the strongest man in the Constitutionalist Army next to Villa, was killed; Gen. Trinidad Rodriguez is seriously wounded, and Gen. Monclovia Herrera is wounded. The dead and wounded on the rebel side number more than 2,000, according to reports.

Villa himself was not at Zacatecas when the city was taken. As late as noon today his confidential agent here, Lazaro de la Garza, received a telegram from him saying that he was at Pemiento, nine miles north of Zacatecas, and containing no news of the victory. That fighting was continuing in the streets as late as noon today, and that the Federals still controlled one of the fortified hills near the city, was the substance of other reports received. These added, however, that the capture of all the surrounding positions was but a matter of a few hours.

The hill still held by the Federals was Mena de la Carreta, to the southeast of the city. It is one of four hills that were strongly fortified, but, with the capture of the other three, it is now subject to a cross fire, and Constitutionalists here scoff at the idea of the Federals holding it long.

The reports indicate that the heaviest fighting was at the hill of La Buffa where, a week ago, Gen. Panfilo Natera was thrice repulsed, with heavy losses. Zacatecas is almost completely surrounded by hills, the pass through which the railroad runs being easily susceptible of defense. For this reason one of the hills had to be stormed before an entrance to the city could be effected.

It is known that Gen. Luis Medina Barron, the Federal commander, had recently received three large calibre guns in addition to his machine and shrapnel pieces. The storming of La Buffa, which was strongly fortified, would therefore account for the heavy loss by the rebels, which is far greater than at the battle of Torreon.

The main part of the Federal army is in full retreat to Aguascalientes. Rebel agents here say that Villa had not intended attacking until he could completely surround the city, and that the premature attack may result in the Federals again slipping through the fingers of the rebels, just as they did at Torreon, San Pedro, and Saltillo. It is also intimated that, as Villa was not at the front, the battle was fought without his sanction and was really an accident.

The Federal Consul said that he had received no word of the capture of the city, and did not believe that it had occurred. In the event that it had, he was inclined to believe that Gen. Barron had evacuated the city in an orderly manner on orders from Mexico City. He said that San Luis Potosi was the main defense of the Federal capital, and that, had Zacatecas fallen, the evacuation was in line with that ordered at Saltillo, in order to abandon outlying positions and concentrate at a point "where the combined armies of every faction of the bandits would be powerless."

Ends a Campaign of Weeks.

Gen. Panfilo Natera has been carrying on the siege of Zacatecas for many weeks. He assaulted the city a number of times without success until the main part of Villa's army was sent to aid him.

On June 21 it was announced in Mexico City that Villa had perfected plans to attack Zacatecas with 25,000 men, 51 siege guns, and 75 rapid-fire guns. On the day following it was stated that Gen. Natera had given up his command and would not take part in the siege of Zacatecas and that Villa would take charge. Gen. Villa left Torreon for the siege on June 22, and it was stated that brisk fighting was then going on between the outposts.

Villa was supposed to have reached Fresnillo, thirty-five miles from Zacatecas, on June 23, and it was said that 5,000 cavalry had been ordered to march overland to the besieged city. Arturo Elias, the Huerta Consul at El Paso, said that Villa's forces had been repulsed the day before and forced to retreat to the north with great losses of ammunition and men. Others arriving at El Paso from the south said that in three attacks on Zacatecas Gen. Natera had been driven off with the most serious losses that the Constitutionalists had yet suffered.

Zacatecas, under normal conditions, has a population of about 40,000, and is one of the important silver-mining centres of Mexico. The city was founded in 1546 and is modern, having large public buildings, an Institute of Sciences, a Mint, and the famous Calderon Theatre.

The city lies in a valley at an altitude of 8,000 feet, and is 110 miles northwest of San Luis Potosi. It is on the Mexican National Railway, which passes through Aguascalientes to Mexico City, and is about 350 miles from the capital in a straight line.

Owing to the rugged character of the country the distance by the railway line is nearly 500 miles. Zacatecas has large pottery industries, and a fine cathedral dating back to the beginning of the seventeenth century. Of late years copper mining has been taking the place of silver, of which it is estimated more than $700,000,000 worth has been produced since 1546.

Zacatecas is the capital of the State of that name, which has a population of more than 450,000.

ASK AID FOR ZACATECAS.

State Representatives Appeal to Huerta for More Troops.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 24.—Representatives from Zacatecas in the National Congress called on Señor Esteva Ruiz this evening, asking that additional forces be sent to the capital of that State for its protection against the rebels. The richer families of Zacatecas have left the city for Aguascalientes and other points.

Minister Blanquet said tonight that the fighting at Zacatecas was confined to sniping between the outposts.

SAN LUIS POTOSI EVACUATED?

Carranza Informed That Federals Have Moved to Other Towns.

SALTILLO, June 23. (Via Laredo, Texas, June 24.)—Federal troops which have been stationed at San Luis Potosi already have evacuated that town with the exception of a small garrison, according to a report by courier received at the headquarters of Gen. Carranza today. According to the report most of the Federal troops under Gen. Joaquin Maass have been sent to reinforce Aguascalientes and to garrison Queretaro. The Constitutionalists have reached a point on the railroad fifty kilometers from San Luis Potosi and are repairing the railroad as rapidly as possible.

Gen. Gonzales arrived last night with 2,000 men from Monterey. He was joined this morning by Gen. Luis Caballero, Governor of the State of Tamaulipas, and Gen. Comacho, who is operating in the State of Puebla. These Generals, with the Cabrera brothers, leaders in the State of Hidalgo, conferred today regarding the affairs of the Constitutionalists. Gonzales's 2,000 troops, it was announced, will leave for the south tomorrow. The brigade of Gen. Cesario Castro also is preparing to entrain for the south.

Gen. Carranza, it is expected, will leave in a day or two for Monterey for a long promised visit.

UNEASINESS IN CAPITAL.

Anti-American Spirit Again Shown by Insults.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, June 24.—According to reports from Mexico City anti-American feeling is becoming more evident there, and the situation is considered serious. It is generally believed that mediation is bound to fail, and in that case it is expected that Huerta will commit some hostile act to bring about intervention.

Americans say that they have been subjected to many indignities in the last few days. It is now impossible for women to appear in the streets. The oldest residents say they have not known a time when the situation was more tense, and they greatly fear outrages against Americans if conditions continue as at present.

DISTRESS IN ACAPULCO.

Forced Loans Keep Up Soldiers Hard Pressed by Zapatistas.

ON BOARD U. S. S. CALIFORNIA, MAZATLAN, June 24 (By Wireless to San Diego, June 24).—Conditions at Acapulco, which have long been deplorable, are gradually becoming intolerable.

In order to subsist, the Federal garrison under Gen. Salido is making forced daily loans ranging from 50 cents gold to $25 on all civilians who have that much discoverable wealth.

The rebels operating under the leadership of Zapata keep the town tightly hemmed in. The Federal troops are restless and the citizens depressed.

This was the news brought here today by the Pacific Mail liner Peru, which also carried two refugees—A. F. Flint, an American, and Dr. C. Pinehout, a Frenchman. They came down to the coast at the little banana port of San Blas, where the Peru picked them up.

Ratification of Agreements a Long Step Toward Pacification.

WE WAIVE WAR INDEMNITY

And Abandon the Demand for a National Salute to Atone for Tampico Insults.

TROOPS STAY AT VERA CRUZ

Question of Withdrawal Left for Decision After Internal Differences Are Composed.

NO WORD FROM CARRANZA

But Huerta Delegates Agree to Confer with His Representatives If They Come.

Special to The New York Times.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., June 24.—At a conference of the A B C envoys and the American and Huerta delegates, held late tonight, the protocols of agreements, heretofore reached between the Americans and Mexicans, were formally signed.

In one article of the protocols signed the United States Government agrees not to claim "a war indemnity or other international satisfaction."

This, it is learned, is intended to mean that the United States Government is to abandon its demand that the Huerta Government shall order a national salute to the Stars and Stripes on account of the indignity offered to Assistant Paymaster Copp of the United States dispatch boat Dolphin and enlisted men of that vessel at Tampico. It was the Tampico incident, as it has been called, that brought about the action of the American naval forces in capturing Vera Cruz two months ago.

The mediators and the American and Mexican delegates decided that the matter of the withdrawal of the United States forces from Vera Cruz should be left to determination in the Peace Conference after the opportunity had been given to representatives of Mexican factions to settle their internal troubles. In the meanwhile the American forces will hold Vera Cruz under the terms of the armistice now in force.

There will be no recess of the mediation conference while negotiations are taking place between Huerta and Carranza delegates, provided such negotiations are agreeable to the Constitutionalists. One at least of the mediators will always be here to give advice that may be sought by the disputants. Ambassador da Gama will probably leave Niagara Falls tomorrow to join Señora da Gama at Long Branch, N. J. Minister Naon will remain here, and Minister Suarez-Mujica expects to be absent for a time on a visit to his wife, who is ill.

Ambassador da Gama announced that the mediators had asked the Constitutionalist representatives in Washington to send delegates here to confer with the Huerta delegates in regard to a settlement of Mexico's internal problems. His invitation was forwarded several days ago to Rafael Zubaran, the representative of Gen. Carranza in this country. Up to tonight no response had been received.

At tonight's conference the Huerta delegates gave formal assent to the invitation, and said they would be willing to confer with the Carranza representatives if they came.

Mediators Issue a Statement.

In explanation of their action in asking Gen. Carranza's Washington agent to send delegates here to confer with the representatives of Gen. Huerta, the mediators late tonight issued the following formal statement:

"The internal question of Mexico constitutes an essential difficulty in the way of full solution of the conflict pending with the United States of America. We so understood when we extended to all the parties interested the tender of our good offices toward the peaceful settlement of this conflict.

"Unfortunately, circumstances we respect did not permit the Constitutionalist Party, notwithstanding its acceptance in principle of our tender, to participate in the conferences of the mediators under the conditions which we considered as indispensable if they were to be conducted in that atmosphere of cordiality and confidence which would facilitate the solution sought.

"Notwithstanding this, we, the mediators, understand that, at the present moment, it is our duty to remove all obstacles which might stand in the way of the attainment of the purposes which prompted the tender of our good offices; and the study we have made of all the circumstances connected with that conflict has shown us that its settlement is dependent, at the present moment on the solution of the internal questions between the contending parties, and that it is the latter to whom peculiarly belong the right and the authority to solve it.

"It is for this reason that we have

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Contributors Worth While

Col. George Harvey on "Welcome to Our Colonel."
Dr. Max Nordau on "American Women Fail in Culture."
Kurt Aram on "Vodka as a Government Weapon in Russia."
A Veteran Diplomat on the Havemeyer-Euston Wedding.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

ALSO—a delightful picture, "Clover-Time," reproduced by The Times's new process of printing, rotogravure.

AIRBOAT IN STORM HAS NARROW ESCAPE

Wind Tosses the America About While Twelve Men Hang to Ropes to Keep Her Down.

FLIES WITH FOUR ABOARD

Barely Misses Two Canoes—Curtiss Workmen Will Win $94,000 if Ocean Flight Succeeds.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMMONDSPORT, N. Y., June 24.—Rodman Wanamaker's transatlantic flier, the America, made its third flight at 7:44 o'clock tonight after a narrow escape from being wrecked during a sudden storm at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon.

Several of the ropes by which it is held to the ground had been untied in order to give room for workmen to fit supplementary hydroplaning surfaces on each side of the America's keel. The storm came without warning. A gust of wind lifted the left wing, from which most of the ropes had been loosened, several inches off the ground.

Glenn Curtiss, who was superintending the work, shouted for some of the men to fasten down the ropes. Two of his employes started to do this, when a second blast, more powerful than the first, lifted the wing again. The two men grasped the ends of the wing and hung onto it, but the wind, increasing in fury, lifted them about two feet off the ground, while the airboat tugged at other ropes on the left side and threatened to pull them from their stakes.

Curtiss and nine other men who were on the aviation field ran to the left side of the machine and took hold of the wing and hung their bodies from its edge, their combined weight barely sufficing to drag it to the ground. The wind kept increasing in velocity, while lightning began to play over the hills around Lake Keuka.

After the left wing had been forced back to earth it was easier to hold down. Eight men continued to hang on it while the others secured it to stakes with a dozen more ropes. Fifteen minutes later the wind had stopped and the sky was clear.

"It was within an ace of being wrecked," said Mr. Curtiss. "If we had been a few seconds later the wind would have carried it away. As it was, it raised two men a foot or so from the ground, and if it had been lifted just a little higher nothing on earth could have saved it. The storm was a remarkably sudden one, but I am disgusted to think we had failed to provide against all such risks."

The America, however, suffered no damage. Just before the flight in the evening another minor accident took place. While the engines were being tried out before the America was ushered into the water, the propellors developed great speed, and started the airboat forward. It bumped from the launching cradle and its nose dropped several feet to the ground. Several persons who were standing in front of it had to throw themselves to the ground to escape injury. It was righted in a few minutes, however, and was started, uninjured, for the water.

The stiffness of the new engines gave some trouble in cranking it, but just before 8 o'clock it got under way with four men aboard—Lieut. Porte, George Hallett, James La Monte, and George Robinson.

After driving through the water for about 200 yards it rose easily into the air. After about fifteen minutes of flying Lieut. Porte started back for the aviation field.

There were a number of canoes on the lake near Hammondsport which were only visible at close range. These gave the air pilot a little trouble. Once when he was flying about 300 yards from shore at a height of two feet above the water a canoe got directly in his path. The canoeist paddled desperately, but could not get clear of America's seventy-two-foot wing spread.

From the shore it looked for a second as if the canoeist was doomed. The pilot, however, tilted the America to port, raising his right wing a few feet and deftly hurdling the canoe.

About one hundred yards further three boys in another canoe had a narrow escape. The America was ploughing through the water and the three boys could not paddle out of the way. It looked as if the starboard wing was certain to cut down the canoe, when the America circled completely around it. The three boys were Robert Gainor, Leslie Graham, and Harold Graham. Leslie Graham, the oldest, said:

"We could see them inside the cabin waving to us to get out of the way, but we could not paddle fast enough, and it looked as if it was all up with us. Then it slowed and rode all the way around the canoe."

The America stopped about 100 yards out and took aboard Sumner R. Hollander and William D. Gash, representatives of Rodman Wanamaker, who went out in a launch. With six men and a 100-pound sack of cement aboard, no attempt was made this time to lift the America from the water, and she cruised the lake as a power boat.

The flight was made tonight to try out the elevators or hydroplaning surfaces, which had been fitted to the America near its keel during the day. These are two planes of 10 by 18 feet, which assist it to climb out of the water. Lieut. Porte said that they worked perfectly.

In the flights made tonight and yesterday the America carried about 700 pounds less weight than it will when it is loaded with 300 gallons of gasoline for its transatlantic flight. Nine 100-pound sacks of cement lie on the aviation field to be used in weighting the boat when the flight is attempted with the America carrying its full load.

Sumner R. Hollander, who arrived here today will leave for England in a few days. He will await Lieut. Porte in Plymouth Harbor to escort him for the last few miles of the journey to the

Continued on Page 3.

MRS. JESUP LEAVES $8,450,000 TO PUBLIC

Widow of Banker Gives $5,000,000 to American Museum of Natural History.

$3,866,000 TO RELATIVES

Gives Metropolitan Museum Privilege of Taking Such Pictures as It Wants from Her Collection.

Mrs. Maria De Witt Jesup, widow of Morris K. Jesup, the banker and philanthropist, left $8,450,000 to public and charitable institutions, made cash bequests of $3,866,000 to her relatives, friends, and employes, and divided the residuary estate between Thomas De Witt Cuyler, her nephew, and Eleanor De Graff Cuyler, her niece. The most notable bequest was one of $5,000,000 to the American Museum of Natural History, of which Mrs. Jesup's husband was the President for twenty-six years. Mrs. Jesup died on June 17 at her home at 197 Madison Avenue. The public and charitable institutions other than the American Museum of Natural History to which Mrs. Jesup left bequests were:

Syrian Protestant College	$400,000
Yale University	300,000
Union Theological Seminary	300,000
Young Men's Christian Association	250,000
American Sunday School Union	150,000
New York City Mission and Tract Society	150,000
Women's New York City Mission and Tract Society	100,000
Presbyterian Home Missions	150,000
Presbyterian Foreign Missions	150,000
New York State Woman's Hospital	150,000
Williams College	150,000
Presbyterian Board of Relief for Ministers	100,000
International Young Men's Christian Association	100,000
Metropolitan Museum of Art	150,000
Presbyterian Hospital	100,000
Protestant Half Orphan Asylum	100,000
Five Points House of Industry	50,000
Children's Aid Society	50,000
Hampton Institute	50,000
Tuskegee Institute	50,000
New York Chamber of Commerce	50,000
Church Erection Fund	50,000
Manhattan Eye and Ear Institute	50,000
New York Institution for Deaf and Dumb	50,000
Denver Home for Consumptives	50,000
Young Women's Christian Association of New York City	25,000
American Bible Society	25,000
Northfield School	25,000
Mount Hermon School	25,000
New York Zoological Society	25,000
New York Botanical Gardens	25,000
Hope College at Holland, Mich	50,000
Memorial Hospital for Cancer	10,000
St. Luke's Hospital	10,000
Cooper Union	10,000

In providing in her will for the American Museum of Natural History, Mrs. Jesup said:

I give and bequeath to the American Museum of Natural History of the City of New York four million dollars ($4,000,000) as a permanent fund to be known as "The Morris K. Jesup Fund," the income, and only the income, to be used in the purchase of specimens and collections and the expenses incident to and incurred in assisting scientific research and investigation and publication regarding the same, which the trustees of the Museum shall regard as in its interests.

In a codicil, added to her will three years after the will was drawn, Mrs. Jesup provided for an additional bequest of $1,000,000 to the museum.

Husband Long Head of Museum.

Morris K. Jesup, who died on Jan. 22, 1908, became President of the Museum of Natural History in 1882, and devoted a large part of his time and energy to its interests. In his lifetime Mr. Jesup gave more than $1,000,000 to the museum, and under his will it inherited an additional $1,000,000. Many of the most valuable collections which the museum possesses are due to Mr. Jesup's interest. The cases of specimens of native woods and minerals were obtained and then enlarged through his efforts. He helped to finance many expeditions of scientific research, among them several of the polar quests of Admiral Peary. After Mr. Jesup's death his wife continued to aid the museum with gifts, contributing generously to the museum's expeditions. In 1910 she gave to the museum a collection of ethnological objects from the Philippines.

Mrs. Jesup had in her home a valuable collection of paintings, most of which were gathered by her husband. The will contained this statement in regard to them:

I give and bequeath any paintings, whether they belong to me individually or came to me from my husband, and which may be selected by the Museum, to the Metropolitan Museum of Art of the City of New York, upon condition that the Museum shall (less any which it may think best to sell, replace or exchange) group them in schools with other paintings belonging to the same schools, and that upon each picture, including any new purchases, there shall be kept a plate stating that it was presented by me, Mrs. Morris K. Jesup, from the collection of my husband, Morris K. Jesup. If the Museum shall receive this bequest upon the foregoing condition, then I give and bequeath to it, free of tax, $50,000 as a permanent fund to be kept invested by it and the income to be by it applied to keeping the collection in repair or in the purchase of new paintings.

The Museum of Art also receives $100,000 for the establishment of the Morris K. Jesup fund, the income from which is to be used for the encouragement of American art in whatever way the trustees of the museum may think best. Those paintings which the museum does not care to accept are to be given to Mrs. Jesup's executor for distribution among her relatives.

In bequeathing $300,000 to Union Theological Seminary, of which her husband was a Director, Mrs. Jesup said:

I give and bequeath to the Union Theological Seminary in the City of New York $300,000, to constitute a permanent fund, to be called "The Morris K. Jesup Fund," so much of the income as may be necessary to be applied to the maintenance of a chair for the teaching of the English Bible, pure and simple, not by way of criticism, but, taking it as it reads, to instruct students how to teach and preach it in the most simple and effectual way to reach the hearts of the people.

Mrs. Jesup's gift of $300,000 to Yale University brings her recent gifts to Yale to a total of $450,000. In May, 1909, she gave $100,000 to Yale for the establishment of a professorship in memory of her husband. In the same year she gave $50,000 to Yale to create a Chair of Silviculture.

Many of the institutions named in Mrs. Jesup's will were those with which her husband was connected. He was the President of the Board of Trustees of the Syrian Protestant College at Beirut,

Continued on Page 2.

MAYOR'S PISTOL SHOT REYNOLDS

Ex-Senator Is Accidentally Wounded in Front of Mr. Mitchel's Home.

FALLING WEAPON EXPLODED

Inflicted Wound in Thigh and Finger and Victim Is at St. Luke's.

ONLY DANGER IS INFECTION

Mishap Follows Motor Trip to Mayor's Farm for Target Practice—His Wife a Witness.

Mayor Mitchel's pistol accidentally shot ex-Senator William H. Reynolds in front of the Mitchel home at 258 Riverside Drive on Saturday afternoon, it was learned last night. The automatic pistol dropped from a holster carried by Mr. Mitchel when he was alighting from his automobile. It struck the sidewalk, breaking the safety clutch set against the trigger and forced the hammer down, exploding a cartridge.

The bullet hit ex-Senator Reynolds, who had alighted just before the Mayor, on the left thigh, and, coming out, passed through the middle finger of his left hand. He was taken to St. Luke's Hospital, where he was doing well last night. The danger of septic poisoning from gunshot wounds was not past but the condition of the patient was so good that his early recovery was expected without serious results.

Mrs. Mitchel was with her husband, close to Reynolds, at the time the revolver exploded, and both were endangered by the chance shot.

"I am hit! Look at my finger!" exclaimed Mr. Reynolds as he staggered across the sidewalk.

The wounded man walked unsteadily into the corridor of the Peter Stuyvesant Apartments, where Mr. and Mrs. Mitchel live, and calmly waited while the Mayor summoned Dr. A. J. Barker Savage, a physician in the building. Dr. Savage hurried to Mr. Reynolds's side, and, assisted by the Mayor and the physician, he went to the Mitchel apartment, where his wounds were dressed. He remained there until Sunday, when Dr. John A. Hartwell of 27 East Sixty-third Street was sent for by the Mayor.

Dr. Hartwell, who attended Frank L. Polk, Corporation Counsel, who was shot when the attempt was made to assassinate the Mayor, ordered the removal of Mr. Reynolds to St. Luke's Hospital. The patient was placed in a private ward of the Plant Pavilion.

Mayor Tells of Accident.

After visiting the Senator in the hospital last night, Mr. Mitchel at his home told how the accident happened.

"On Saturday Senator Reynolds, Mrs. Mitchel, myself, and a friend of Mrs. Mitchel motored to my farm at Croton, and we took along several revolvers and a rifle for target practice," he said. "We shot at a target there and returned home in the afternoon. When we reached the house here the Senator alighted first, carrying several of the revolvers and a coat and started for the door. I had assisted Mrs. Mitchel to alight; then I picked up a revolver that was inclosed in a leather holster and turned to follow the Senator.

"A motor coat that I had thrown over my arm caught on some metal projection of the automobile, dragging me around and throwing my arm upward. The movement tipped the holster upward and the revolver slipped out, butt first, but I did not notice this until the explosion occurred.

"The revolver struck the sidewalk in a peculiar way—probably it would not happen exactly that way once in a hundred times. I always carry a revolver at safety, so that it will be impossible to fire it without breaking the mechanism, or releasing the clutch. Before we left the farm I had carefully examined all the weapons before placing them in the car to be sure that they were set with the safety clutch.

"Falling backward from the holster the revolver struck directly on the top of the hammer, apparently, breaking the safety mechanism and driving the trigger point against the cartridge. The Senator did not wish anything said about the accident, fearing it would needlessly alarm his family now abroad."

"I cannot say how seriously I regret the accident," the Mayor added. "I am much gratified at the assurance given me at the hospital tonight that the Senator was doing splendid and his speedy recovery seems certain."

Physician Explains Case.

Dr. Savage was much surprised when he heard from a TIMES reporter that news of the shooting had got out. At first he refused to discuss the accident at all, explaining that he had promised to say nothing about it, but on being assured that Mayor Mitchel himself had made a statement of the case, he consented to tell what he knew.

"I was in my office when the shot was accidently fired just in front of my house," the physician said. "I ran out and saw that Mr. Reynolds had been shot. He seemed to be in a very bad condition. Mayor Mitchel asked that he be removed to his apartment, and I accompanied him there.

"The shot had been fired by an automatic pistol and the bullet was of soft metal, the kind which mushrooms when it strikes. The bullet had entered Mr. Reynolds's left thigh, posterior, and had then deflected to the side. It came out on the side of the thigh and made an ugly wound. It so happened that Mr. Reynolds had had his hand at his side, and the bullet continued on through the middle finger, splintering the bone. It passed all the way through the finger and spent itself on the street.

"Mr. Reynolds was not unconscious,

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YACHT ESPERANZA ASHORE.

McKee Craft, with Guests Aboard, Grounds in Fog Near Stonington.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 24.—The power yacht Esperanza, owned by James Dalzell McKee of Pittsburgh, a member of the New York Yacht Club, ran on the Horseshoe Shoals, between Noank and Stonington, in a fog this afternoon.

The wrecking tug Cassie, with a lighter and wrecking apparatus, has been sent to the Esperanza's assistance.

There are a number of guests on the yacht.

BIG FIRE AT GLEN ISLAND.

Bathing Pavilion Struck by Lightning While 5,000 Are at Resort.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, June 24.—Lightning struck the bathing pavilion on Glen Island at 10:30 this evening. The building burned. There was a brisk easterly breeze, but the flames were checked before they got to the amusement park, which is at the other end of the island.

More than 5,000 persons were at Glen Island to-night for a fireworks display, and most of them were still there when the fire began. The Glen Island Fire Department was delayed, and the fire had gained great headway before the apparatus arrived. The New Rochelle department was also called, but they were unable to get to the island.

The burned bathing pavilion also held a dance hall and restaurant. The loss was estimated at $10,000.

PRESIDENT EXCUSES GOLFER

But Replies to Apology Saying He He Was Right Under the Rules.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—President Wilson has received an apology from the golfer who swore at him on a local golf course a few days ago, when Mr. Wilson sent a ball whizzing past the other player's head. President Wilson acknowledged the apology with a firm declaration that he was within his rights under the rules of the game.

Managers of the club were expecting to take some action against the member when he wrote his apology.

HIRES A NEGRO BOXER.

Farmer Engages "Jim" Johnson to Protect His Laborers.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 24.—A Northamptonshire farmer, named Whitehead, has engaged the negro boxer, "Jim" Johnson, to protect his laborers, who refuse to join the farm laborers' strike.

He says that if necessary he will employ other fighting men.

ROBBED WALDO HOME.

Prisoners Confessed to Burglary, of Which Police Were Ignorant.

Special to The New York Times.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J., June 24.—Four men who are supposed to have robbed the home of the late Mrs. Rhinelander Waldo, mother of ex-Police Commissioner Waldo, at Madison Avenue and Seventy-second Street in New York, three weeks ago, were arrested here last night as they were robbing a store. It is said the men confessed that they had robbed the Waldo home and also the jewelry store of David Horowitz in Third Avenue, between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Streets.

The prisoners said they were John Cross of 204 East Sixty-fifth Street, Ernest Baker of 452 Third Avenue, Randolph Krekouck of 1,274 Avenue A, and Alfred Armstrong of 136 East Forty-sixth Street, Manhattan.

Neither the police of the Thirty-first Precinct, in which the Waldo home is situated, nor Police Headquarters had any record of a burglary committed there. The house is closed, and there is a "For Sale" sign nailed on the front of it.

MORE ROCKEFELLER GUARDS

Force Doubled Upon the Departure of John D., Jr., for Maine.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, June 24.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and family left today for Seal Harbor, Maine, where they will spend July and August. It was said today that extra guards had been put on duty at the Pocantico Hills estate. Mr. Rockefeller has had about thirty negroes watching, and it is said that number has been doubled.

The determination of the agitators to speak here and the riot on the Aqueduct on Monday have worried Mr. Rockefeller, it is said, and he has decided to take no chances. These guards are in addition to the twenty-four deputies on the estate in charge of Sheriff Doyle.

Tarrytown has taken measures for protection against another invasion of the I. W. W., and four special policemen from White Plains went on duty tonight.

John D. Rockefeller will remain at Pocantico Hills all Summer, and will not return to Cleveland, as has been his custom, owing to the tax trouble in Ohio. Mr. Rockefeller is enjoying his daily golf, and is just now particularly interested in the new fountain which is being placed near his house.

LIKES PRESIDENTIAL KISS.

Miss Reilly, 8, Asks for One to Take Back to California.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—President Wilson, who heretofore has ignored what old-fashioned politicians considered the first rule of politics, requiring candidates and office holders to kiss babies, violated his own rule today by kissing Miss Laura Margaret Reilly, the eight-year-old daughter of Charles Thomas Reilly, an old Princeton coach. This departure from custom was made at the young lady's request, greatly to her father's amusement.

Mr. Reilly, who is on a visit East from his home in Los Angeles, called to pay his respects to the President, bringing his daughter with him. The President and Mr. Reilly chatted about old times, while Miss Reilly became increasingly bored. She had, of course, been duly presented to Mr. Wilson and had exchanged an unsatisfactory handshake.

"Won't you kiss me, please," she said, "so I can take it all the way back to California?"

With a smile of pleasure the President complied. Miss Reilly smiled in her turn.

"That's the sweetest kiss I ever had," she said, taking her place contentedly by her father.

'IF PERKINS GOES, I'LL GO, TOO.'-T. R.

Colonel, Home on Imperator, Notifies Party That George W. Must Stay In.

HAD TWO CHILLS ON VOYAGE

Temperature Rose to 105, but He Says "I'm All Right Now."

WON'T RUN FOR GOVERNOR

Issues a 2,000-Word Statement Attacking Mexican Policy and Defending His Panama Action.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt arrived in Quarantine at 8:20 o'clock last night on the Hamburg-American liner Imperator with his nephew, Philip Roosevelt. They were met by Mrs. Roosevelt and other members of the family on the steam yacht Joyance, belonging to Senator William H. Childs. George W. Perkins and Theodore Douglas Robinson were also on the yacht with Collector Malone and a couple of Inspectors, who passed the Colonel's baggage quickly after it had been taken off the liner.

Col. Roosevelt and his party left Quarantine almost at once on the Joyance, which was expected to land him home about midnight.

The ex-President looked in better health than when he arrived from Brazil in May, but he still shows traces of the hardships he encountered on his exploring expedition in South America. He handed out a long statement prepared for the press in which he dealt with the Mexican situation and defended his action in Panama.

When told of the effort of some Progressives to force Mr. Perkins out of the party, Col. Roosevelt's eyes snapped and he replied:

"If they read George Perkins out of the party they will have to read me out, too."

Asked about the Governorship, Col. Roosevelt emphatically denied that he had any intention of running for Governor again.

The Colonel said his health had improved on his trip abroad to attend his son's wedding in Spain, but that he would be subject to the chills he had contracted in Brazil for some time to come.

"I had two chills on board the ship," he said, "which kept me to my cabin. One came directly I got on board the Imperator at Southampton and the second one, which was very severe, came on after we had been forty-eight hours out at sea. I had a temperature of 105 degrees and had to go to my cabin for the day."

Will Make Indoor Speeches.

"But I'm all right now," he continued, "and I shall speak at Pittsburgh on June 30. I had to have my throat examined in London because, as is so often the case, the after effects of the fever contracted in the wilds of Brazil left its mark in my throat. This effect will probably last for some months, and I shall not be able to speak in the open air or make continuous speaking trips. However, I shall be able to deliver a certain number of speeches indoors.

"Mr. Perkins," declared the Colonel in his reference to the National Executive Chairman, "has been, on the whole, the most useful member of the Progressive Party. No man has served with greater zeal and disinterestedness. He has striven in absolutely good faith for the principles of the party, both as regards corporations and business generally, and as regards the group questions, dealing with the welfare of the wage-earner and his economic and social advance. As for reading him out of the party, when that is done they will have to read me out, too."

In speaking, the Colonel's voice sounded a little weak, and he had the slight catch in his throat which was noticeable when he returned from Brazil. He spoke in glowing terms of his reception abroad, in Spain and in London, and said that he had enjoyed his trip immensely. The Imperator would have arrived early in the afternoon, Col. Roosevelt said, if the liner had not encountered a dense bank of fog after she passed Nantucket Lightship at 9:20 o'clock yesterday morning.

Dr. Rice Apologizes.

Col. Roosevelt gave out a letter from Dr. Hamilton Rice, the explorer, in which he said he was mistaken when he questioned the discovery of the River of Doubt. This letter read as follows:

"Dear Col. Roosevelt:

"It is only just and right in view of the circumstances of the last few weeks that I should write to you to say that after hearing your lecture last evening the premises no longer exist upon which I based an opinion and made certain criticisms upon the results of your South American expedition. Your most fair, lucid, and interesting narrative dispels completely the topographical points in dispute, and I am truly sorry for whatever unpleasantness and misunderstanding have arisen in consequence of my comments. Also I deeply regret that any remarks of a personal nature ever appeared causing the tone of my comments to be entirely misinterpreted and misunderstood.

"I feel confident you will receive in the same friendly spirit that they are offered you my warmest and most deep felt congratulations upon the great success and splendid achievements of your expedition, a noble journey nobly done. For the courage, fortitude, and valor you displayed, the very modest references to yourself, the generous and magnanimous spirit in which you give full and just tribute to your brave companions, I have only words of praise, thoughts of admiration. Believe me, dear sir, I am very sincerely yours,

HAMILTON RICE."

Silent About Whitman.

Mr. Roosevelt did not say anything about District Attorney Whitman and

there was little opportunity for the reporters to ask questions, as ex-Senator Childs, Raymond C. Fosdick, and George W. Perkins were hurrying him on to the yacht. C. H. Duell, who went down to Quarantine with the Collector, was also in the party.

Col. Roosevelt wore the same steel gray sack suit he had on when he sailed from New York and carried a Panama hat in his hand until the yacht was out of sight. As he went down the ladder the band on the Imperator played "The Star-Spangled Banner" and the big searchlight was thrown upon him.

Included in the party on the Joyance were Mrs. Roosevelt and her two sons, Quentin and Archie, Dr. and Mrs. Richard Derby, and Emlen Roosevelt. William H. Childs, Collector Malone, Deputy Collector John Castrel Williams, Raymond B. Fosdick, and Mr. Perkins, all accompanied Col. Roosevelt on the yacht which had waited alongside the Imperator while he was giving his interview to the reporters. The Imperator was not passed by the Health Officer last night, and her 600 cabin passengers lined the rail of the upper promenade deck and cheered Col. Roosevelt as the yacht started off for Oyster Bay.

ROOSEVELT ATTACKS WILSON.

Defends Panama Action and Talks of "Mushy Amiability."

Col. Roosevelt handed out the following prepared statement on his arrival at Quarantine last night:

"The payment of twenty-five millions to Colombia, together with the expression of what is in effect an apology for our having secured the right to build the Panama Canal, is merely the belated payment of blackmail with an apology to the blackmailers. If this proposed treaty submitted by President Wilson, through Mr. Bryan, is right, then our presence on the Isthmus is wrong, in such case Panama should at once be restored to Colombia and we should stop work on the canal and abandon the place bag and baggage. There should be no half-way measures. If we as a nation have been guilty of theft we should restore the stolen goods. If we have not been guilty of theft we should not pay blackmail.

"The handling of our foreign affairs by President Wilson and Secretary Bryan has been such as to make the United States a figure of fun in the international world. This proposed Colombian treaty caps the climax, and if ratified, will rightly render us an object of contemptuous derision to every great nation. In view of its submission to Congress I wish to call attention to exactly what was done under my Administration. Because of the action of that Administration the people of the United States acquired what they could by no other means have acquired, the right to build the Panama Canal.

"In 1903 there was still doubtful whether we would adopt the Nicaragua or the Panama route. The Government of Colombia was exceedingly anxious that we should adopt the latter, and offered to arrange and did arrange a treaty with us in order to prevent our going to Nicaragua. Partly in consideration of this treaty we abandoned negotiations with Nicaragua. We acted in good faith and the course of action we thereby entered upon was conducted upon their proposal, their promise. It was our right and also our duty to our own people and to the rest of the world to exact the performance of this promise.

Defends Panama Action.

"For 400 years there had been conversation about the need of the Panama Canal. At the time for further conversation had passed, the time to translate words into deeds had come. If I had followed President Wilson's policy of 'watchful waiting' it would have insured half a century of additional conversation, and the canal would still be in the dim future. And it is only because the then Administration acted precisely as it did act that we now have the Panama Canal.

"The interests of the civilized people of the world demanded the construction of the canal. Events had shown that it could not be built by a private concern. We as a nation would not permit it to be built by a foreign Government. Therefore we were in honor bound to build it ourselves. We were in honor bound not to permit the great enterprise, so essential to our own well-being and fraught with such usefulness to all the nations of mankind, to be arrested by the corrupt greed of a Government impotent itself to build the canal, impotent to keep order on the isthmus or to preserve it from invasion and from the dominion of any Old World power, and at the same time so ignorant of its failings as to lead the American people and of the Government as to believe that they would tamely submit to extortion and blackmail.

"Until the present proposed treaty was negotiated by President Wilson and Secretary Bryan I had not supposed that any American Administration would thus betray the honor and interest of the American people by submitting to blackmail, but at any rate the Colombian Government was entirely free from error when it indulged in such a supposition about my Administration. I have no quarrel whatever with the Colombian people, and do not question their fine private qualities.

"But unfortunately in international affairs a nation must be judged by the Government that speaks for it. The then Colombian Government was embodied in the person of a single man, a dictator, with absolute executive and legislative power. He had been elected as Vice President. After a short time he seized the President and put him in jail. He then published an edict saying that under the Constitution, for he was an ardent adherent of the letter of the Constitution, it was his right to assume all the executive powers of the Government in the absence of the President. He refused to permit Congress to assemble. He then published another edict reciting that under the Constitution it was his right to assume all of the legislative powers in the absence of Congress.

"The absence of the President soon became permanent, as he died in jail. Year after year went by and still no Congress was allowed to meet. So elected, the Vice President continued as absolute and uncontrolled dictator, embodying the entire Government, all power of Colombia. While this was the situation, he not only embodying, but being the Colombian Government, he negotiated the canal treaty with us. Ten million dollars was the sum stipulated to be paid. Remember that the Colombian Governmental power which negotiated the treaty was the same that ratified or rejected it; it was merely one man in two different capacities. And it was partly in consideration of this treaty that we abandoned the Nicaragua route.

Talks of Colombia Blackmail.

"But when we had thus committed ourselves and the Colombian dictator, that is the Colombian Government, thought it was too late for us to change, he decided to try to get more money from us. He had absolute power to execute the treaty without the consent of his Congress; a little later he offered to execute it without the consent of Congress. But in order to give him a pretext he summoned Congress, a Congress that carried out his orders without altering them in the smallest particular, which did nothing whatever except reject the treaty and then adjourn. One of the speakers assigned the real reason for their action with entire frankness. We had agreed to pay the French company $40,000,000. The Colombian Government, in defiance of its own legislative act, proposed to confiscate the property of the French Government and thereby to put itself in a better position to negotiate with us; in other words, be able to get this $40,000,000 from us.

Incidentally, I would call the attention of President Wilson and Secretary Bryan to the fact that this $40,000,000 represents the exact sum which Colombia lost when the United States Government of that day refused to submit to blackmail. They now only propose to pay $25,000,000 blackmail. They had better make the job thorough while they are about it and give the whole $40,000,000. Otherwise they will still leave an opening for action by some future Administration of similar mushy amiability toward foreign powers that have sought to wrong us.

"There is no earthly reason why we should not throw in the extra fifteen millions if we propose to pay the twenty-five. Colombia has exactly as much right to one sum as the other. Of course, France would not have submitted to the proposed robbery. I made up my mind that if we waited we would have on the Isthmus a great Old World power, which would have a right to be there, because we would have lost our own rights through our supine folly, and in such case, in other words, if I had acted on the Wilson-Bryan theory all chance of our building the canal would have vanished into thin air. The case demanded immediate and decisive action. I took that action.

"Taking the action meant taking the Canal Zone and building the canal. Failure to take the action would have meant that the Canal Zone would not have been taken and that the canal would not have been built. Panama regarded itself as having suffered, and, in fact, had suffered an intolerable wrong. The building of the canal was vital to her well-being. Colombia had been an unsympathetic and incompetent master, powerless even to keep order in the territory which it had ruled and oppressed. During the preceding fifty years there had been fifty-three revolutions on the isthmus, and on a score of occasions we had been obliged to land our troops to protect our treaty rights and the lives and property of Americans and other foreigners.

"Panama declared her independence, her citizens acting with absolute unanimity. We promptly acknowledged her independence. She forthwith concluded with us a treaty substantially like that we had negotiated with Colombia for the same sum of money. We then immediately took the Canal Zone and began the construction of the canal. We did not in the smallest degree instigate the revolution. The people of Panama were a unit in demanding the revolution. We never fired a shot at any Colombian. The only act of ours which could in any measure be construed as hostile to Colombia was our landing sailors and marines on the Isthmus to protect the lives of American women and children, and in this matter we merely did what had been done in at least twenty of the previous fifty-three revolutions.

"As soon as the revolution was an accomplished fact, and when it was, of course, too late, Colombia endeavored to undo her actions. Her President offered to ratify the original treaty either calling a congress, which he would guarantee would ratify it, or else by ratifying it himself in the absence of Congress if preferred.

"This alternative offer demonstrated with mathematical certainty his previous own power to carry out the treaty he had himself previously made and said he could not carry out. Of course, our Government could not at that late date yield to his request, as it would have been treachery to Panama.

"As President I declined to allow Uncle Sam to be blackmailed. President Wilson now desires the blackmail to be paid. His attitude can be illustrated by a hypothetical case. The present Administration has, with regard to Mexico, pursued a course wavering between peace and war, exquisitely designed to combine the disadvantages of both, and feebly tending first toward one and then toward the other.

"Usually it has permitted the free ingress of arms into Mexico, both from this country and from others. Occasionally, however, it has undergone spasms of understanding that these arms might ultimately be used against our own troops. It has then prohibited the landing of arms, sometimes wabbling back again to its original position as when it took Vera Cruz to prevent the landing of weapons and munitions of war, and shortly afterward permitted the very same arms and munitions to be landed.

"Well, if some future Administration of similar views on international relations should offer Mexico $25,000,000 as an atonement for intermittently refusing to allow the landing of arms that might be used against our own people, it would be behaving precisely and exactly as President Wilson's Administration is behaving about Colombia.

"The conduct of the United States Government throughout the entire proceeding which resulted in the acquisition of the canal was absolutely open and straightforward, absolutely in accordance with the principles of the highest international morality. Only by acting precisely as we did act could we have secured the right to build the Panama Canal. It is hypocrisy to claim credit for the canal and at the same time attempt to discredit the course which alone rendered the canal possible. It will be a grave wrong to the republic, a reflection upon the honor of this nation in the past, and a menace to its interests in the future, if this treaty for the belated payment of blackmail is ratified at Washington."

DISCUSS WHITMAN ON YACHT.

Colonel Makes No Comment as He Goes to Bed in Oyster Bay.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., June 25.—Col. Roosevelt was brought to Oyster Bay aboard William H. Childs's yacht, which landed at 12:40 o'clock this morning at the W. Emlen Roosevelt dock. The Colonel was accompanied by his family, George W. Perkins, Theodore Douglas Robinson, and Charles H. Duell, Jr., who started the Whitman Progressive boom. The party, headed by the Colonel, walked up a hill leading to Yellow Banks, the Theodore Roosevelt home. From there the Colonel started at 1 o'clock for Sagamore Hill in an automobile.

On the lawn in front of his cousin's home, Mr. Roosevelt met the newspaper men. He said that on the way down to Oyster Bay Mr. Duell, Mr. Perkins, and Mr. Robinson had presented Mr. Whitman's case, and when asked what was his disposition toward Mr. Whitman, he said he had no comment to make.

"You must not read between the lines, because if you do, I will deny it tomorrow," he said. "I will turn you over to Messrs. Perkins, Robinson and Duell, and you can pump them for all you're worth.

"Get everything out of them you can. I have nothing to say."

When Mr. Robinson was asked he said he had told the Colonel that he doubted whether the Progressives would indorse Mr. Whitman's candidacy. Mr. Perkins came forward and said he thought Mr. Robinson's opinion was correct.

Col. Roosevelt, speaking of the letter from Dr. Hamilton Rice, the explorer, said:

"That ends my career as a geographer. For the next four months, I suppose, I will become a politician."

UNIONS AGAINST WILKINSON.

Goodrich of Westchester May Be New State Chairman.

One of the many Progressive Party problems which Col. Roosevelt will be asked to decide within the next few days has to do with the successor of his nephew, Theodore Douglas Robinson, in case the latter should determine to retire as Chairman of the Progressive State Committee. Mr. Robinson has told his friends that he would like to remain in that position should the Colonel be a candidate for Governor, and many Progressives believe that he will step out as head of the State Committee whether the Colonel runs or not.

Until a couple of days ago it was taken for granted that Horace S. Wilkinson of Syracuse would succeed Mr. Robinson. But labor organizations of Syracuse are preparing to lodge an emphatic protest with the Colonel against the selection of Mr. Wilkinson, according to report last night. The protest of the unions will charge Mr. Wilkinson with having done his best, as manager of the big crucible steel works in Syracuse, to disrupt labor organizations. They credit him with having broken up two unions at the plant and with having threatened to break up any new union that was formed.

David M. Goodrich is being boomed as a compromise candidate for the State Chairmanship by certain Progressive State Committeemen who, while personally friendly to Mr. Wilkinson, are reluctant to risk losing the support of organized labor in the coming campaign by making him State Chairman. Walter A. Johnson, the Progressive leader of Westchester County, freely admitted last night that he had brought a Goodrich boom to town.

"Mr. Goodrich is not in any sense a candidate for the place," said Mr. Johnson. "but I feel assured that he would accept it if urged to do so. I am a great admirer of Mr. Wilkinson, but I know him well enough to feel that he would not for a minute care to be the cause of a rupture between the Progressives and the labor organizations."

Mr. Goodrich lives at Mount Kisco and is a manufacturer of automobile tires. He is about 42 years old, and a close personal friend of Col. Roosevelt. He enlisted with the Roosevelt Rough Riders in the Spanish war and is mentioned by the Colonel in his history of that struggle as one of two men who stood with him on the summit of San Juan Hill when the battle raged hottest. The other man was "Jack" Greenway of Arizona. In the 1912 campaign Mr. Goodrich was in charge of the Progressive campaign in Westchester County.

Progressive leaders who were in this city last night within a few hours of the Colonel's arrival declared their belief that he would become the Bull Moose candidate for Governor this Fall.

They were somewhat disturbed when they learned from Charles H. Duell, Jr., who has been actively canvassing the Progressives in the State with a view to bringing about the nomination of District Attorney Whitman, that he received a wireless from Col. Roosevelt asking him to meet the imperator at Quarantine, as the Colonel wanted to talk to him at once. Mr. Duell more than intimated that he fully expected the Colonel to come out in an open indorsement of Mr. Whitman's candidacy.

SUMMER SEASHORE SCHEDULE JUNE 28. PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—Adv.

EXPLORER LANGE BACKS ROOSEVELT

Colonel's River Discovery in Brazil Authentic, He Cables The New York Times.

RETURNING FROM JUNGLE

First Word Since He Started, September, 1912, on Expedition for University of Pennsylvania.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BRIDGETOWN, Barbados, June 24.—Am returning to God's country aboard the Denis, after completing Amazon explorations. Find Roosevelt's discovery authentic.

ALGOT LANGE.

Algot Lange, who sends this dispatch, is a Dane, 31 years old. He came into prominence in 1912, when he returned from the Brazilian wilderness with tales of wonder, daring, and horror. His fight against death by fever was described in his book, "In the Amazon Jungle," and after its appearance the museum of the University of Pennsylvania engaged him to make a three-year entomological expedition into Brazil. He set out in September, 1912, with five companions, and had not been heard from until his cablegram reached THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday. The party, it appears, is several months ahead of schedule.

Mr. Lange is coming to New York on the steamship Denis of the Booth Line, which left Barbados yesterday morning. He is due to arrive on June 30 or July 1.

The exact route of the Lange party was not set forth at the time of the departure, but it is understood that Lange went further up the Amazon than Col. Roosevelt did. Col. Roosevelt made Manaos, the capital of Amazonas, his base. Lange, according to his announced plans, was to go further up the Amazon and advance into the interior on the Yavari River. According to Lange's accounts, he had gone this far west on his earlier adventure and had traversed what he called the "White Man's Grave" territory. Lange expected to make Ramalta de Maias, a settlement at the junction of the Amazon and the Javary Rivers, one of his bases of supplies.

Lange's expedition sailed up the Amazon on a little steamboat equipped for burning wood and small enough to sail up any of the Amazon's tributaries. Lange's companions were scientists selected by the University Museum, and Lange himself went equipped with a moving-picture apparatus, intent upon taking pictures of some of the things of which he had spoken in his book. It is believed that he entered the regions traversed by Col. Roosevelt and that he came upon numerous wide rivers. He spoke of some of these rivers in his book and pointed out that they had never been mapped.

Scientists have not accepted all of Lange's statements about the Brazilian jungles. According to Lange, he encountered cannibals and saw men eaten; he investigated tribes which had never seen white men before; he found gold in the beds of creeks, plentiful and easy to get. He asserted that he had seen specimens of the anaconda, or water boa, more than fifty feet long. This was challenged by a number of men. Lange said that he would prove by his second trip that he had not exaggerated at all. He expected to get a moving picture of an anaconda in action.

The men who accompanied Lange on his first trip into the jungle were never heard of again. Lange told in his book how they had contracted the dreaded beri-beri and dropped off one by one. He himself nearly went insane with the fever and crawled through the wilderness in despair, alone, and 2,500 miles from the nearest point of civilization. Then he was rescued by Indians and was nursed back to life.

Lange kept a diary on the first trip. Referring to the death of his last Indian companion, named Jerome, the adventurer and gold hunter wrote:

My brain echoed strange fantasies and my eyes were closed in a half coma when I heard Jerome uttering the wild cry I knew was the end. My pistols started in time to see the Indian, his knife raised in his clenched hand and on his face a demon's stare, rushing across the fire toward me. I sank back feebly. I had not the strength to raise a finger. Then came the roaring cry and I looked to see Jerome fall headlong into the fire. He expired as he lay, a gruesome spectacle, but a typical tragedy of this fever-ridden country.

Lange, according to his accounts, had collected five boxes of gold which he expected to take to New York. When fever overtook him he could carry this extra weight no longer. So he hung the boxes up in a tree in the jungle. He had expected to find this spot a second time and get back his gold. He had broken the buib of a thermometer and applied the mercury test to the gold, he said.

ARREST "COL." WILKINSON

Held with Van Booskirk on Charge of Using Mails to Defraud.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 24.—"Colonel" George Wilkinson, President of the Central Tennessee Development Company, and Mahlon Van Booskirk, an attorney, with offices in the Heed Building, whose home is at 2016 Gratz Street, counsel to the company, were arrested today as they sat in the offices of Chief Postal Inspector Cortelyou. They are accused of using the mails to defraud in connection with the development company scheme to boom Spring City, Tenn., into a metropolis of industry.

The prisoners were taken before Magistrate Sterson, sitting as a United States Commissioner, who held them in $2,500 bail each for a further hearing on July 8, when the Government expects to have more than a score of witnesses here from Knoxville, Chattanooga, and Spring City to testify against them.

Government officials said tonight that it was their belief that only the top of a huge scheme had been scratched. It was intimated that an investigation would be instituted into other companies with which "Colonel" Wilkinson had been connected, and that upon the outcome of these inquiries depended whether additional warrants would be issued.

Chief Postal Inspector Cortelyou testified concerning the organization of the $6,000,000 development company and the printing of $6,000,000 in bonds, as already outlined in THE NEW YORK TIMES. Mr. Cortelyou testified that when questioned "Colonel" Wilkinson said he was connected with a substantial banking house, the International Bankers' Alliance of London. But, testified Mr. Cortelyou, the International Bankers' Alliance was not a reputable concern. It was in such bad order, he declared, that on May 27 last the Government issued a fraud order against it, which prevented it from getting mail in the United States. He added that a fraud order also was issued against J. A. Dent, Controller of the Alliance, at the same time.

To elude this fraud order, he said, the concern changed its name in advertisements in American newspapers to "Bankers' Alliance," dropping the "International." Mr. Cortelyou said he would have a new fraud order issued to cover this change of name. Dent, he said, was a fugitive from justice, under indictment in this country for swindling.

"Colonel" Wilkinson, who is a well-known Philadelphia figure and who lives at the Walton Hotel, and Van Booskirk were taken into custody on two charges, one preferred by Postal Inspector Smith of this city and the other by George Robinson of Spring City, Tenn., Vice President of the company which Wilkinson promoted.

The affidavit made by Robinson set forth that in August or September last Wilkinson went to Spring City and promoted a joint stock company which had for its supposed purpose the development of a score or more of elaborate enterprises. In furtherance of this scheme it was charged that Wilkinson represented himself as the agent of the International Bankers' Alliance, and that after the company was organized he obtained large sums of money from various residents of the town by false and fraudulent representations. Robinson charged that the claims of Wilkinson were fraudulent in that he did not represent any bank or bankers of repute, nor had he carried out his contract with the stockholders, although he had promised repeatedly to do so.

REBELS CAPTURE ZACATECAS; BIG LOSS

Continued from Page 1.

thought it our duty to invite, as we have done, both the representatives of the Constitutionalist Party and those of the Government of Gen. Huerta, accredited to the conferences of the mediation, to meet at a place near that where they are being held in order to discuss and agree between themselves upon bases of an arrangement whereby the political pacification of the country could be consummated, with the termination of the civil war and the organization of a provisional Government to conduct the general elections for the establishment of the powers of a permanent Government.

"In this manner, and if an unprejudiced and compromising spirit could prevail at said conferences we trust that Mexican patriotism will remove, by itself and without outside interference, the causes of the sorrowful situation in which the country finds itself at the present time, re-establishing thereby the exercise without reservation of her national sovereignty and of her material and moral prosperity.

"Furthermore, the mediation in which we are engaged, it should be unnecessary to repeat, has not proposed in any form whatsoever to interfere in, decide or legislate on internal questions of Mexico, but seeks, as at all times it has sought, to bring about between the contending parties a serene discussion of the conflicting interests which now divide them in order to procure or facilitate an agreement between them with the aid of our friendly counsel, without prejudgment of partiality."

On the adjournment of tonight's conference Ambassador da Gama made the following oral statement explanatory of what had taken place:

"We have protocolized tonight three articles of the plan of pacification concerning the international side of the Mexican problem.

"Before that protocolization we, the mediators, made the statement that we deemed it advisable to invite the Constitutionalist party to send delegates to discuss with the Mexican delegates the internal aspects of the problem."

Text of the Protocols Signed.

Copies of the protocols signed were also made public. Their text follows:

"Article 1—The Provisional Government referred to in Protocol 3 shall be constituted by agreement of the delegates representing the parties between which the internal struggle in Mexico is taking place.

"Article 2—Section A—Upon the constitution of the Provisional Government in the City of Mexico the Government of the United States of America will recognize it immediately, and thereupon diplomatic relations between the two countries will be restored.

"Section B.—The Government of the United States of America will not in any form whatsoever claim a war indemnity or other international satisfaction.

"Section C.—The Provisional Government will proclaim absolute amnesty to all foreigners for any and all political offenses committed during the period of civil war in Mexico.

"Section D.—The Provisional Government will negotiate for the constitution of international commissions for the settlement of the claims of foreigners on account of damages sustained during the period of civil war as a consequence of military acts or the acts of national authorities.

"Article 3.—The three mediating Governments agree on their part to recognize the Provisional Government organized as provided by Section 1 of this protocol."

The decision to leave for future settlement the question of the withdrawal of the American armed forces from Vera Cruz was due to a difference between the Governments of the United States and Mexico and expressed by their delegates.

President Wilson, it was made known, contended that any agreement on the subject should provide that the American troops should not be withdrawn until after constitutional elections had been held throughout Mexico, and a new President in office.

The Mexican delegates combated this proposal on the ground that if American troops remained in Mexico for the period favored by President Wilson the accusation might properly be made that they were kept in Mexico to influence the elections.

As neither side was willing to recede from its position, it was agreed that consideration of the question of the withdrawal should be postponed until after every effort had been made to have the Huerta and Constitutionalist delegates settle their difference under the method proposed by the mediators.

The report from El Paso of the fall of Zacatecas failed to arouse interest tonight in the mediation circle. Two of the negotiators expressed doubt of its truth. The general opinion expressed was that the negotiations with the Constitutionalist delegates would go ahead regardless of the operations of the revolutionary forces.

Urrutia's Remarkable Suggestion.

Dr. Aureliano Urrutia, who was Minister of the Interior in the Huerta Cabinet until recently, arrived at Niagara Falls today, but he remained on the American side and did not see any of the mediators or the Mexican delegates. Señora Urrutia and his son were with him. Dr. Urrutia suggested that a provisional Government in Mexico City, composed of Luis Cabrera, Constitutionalist agent in Washington, Señores Rabasa, Elguero, and Rodriguez, the Huerta delegates to the Niagara Falls conference, and Gen. Francisco Villa would be acceptable to all Mexicans. He though Señor Cabrera should be provisional President and Gen. Villa Minister of War. Among the Mexican contingent here it was said that talk of this sort was not to be taken seriously. Dr. Urrutia and his family left the Falls for New York at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Soon after the landing of the American forces at Vera Cruz Dr. Urrutia figured in a sensational incident there. When he was forced to leave the Huerta Cabinet, Dr. Urretia went to Vera Cruz, where he was nearly mobbed by some of his fellow-countrymen, who were excited by reports that he had ordered cruelties inflicted upon political prisoners.

MEDIATORS WON'T ADJOURN.

Will Stand Ready to Aid Mexican Factions in Negotiations.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., June 24.—Terms for the composing of all international differences between the United States and Mexico have been concluded. The conditions under which diplomatic relations will be resumed were tonight embodied in a protocol which was signed by the Ambassador of Brazil, the Ministers of Chile and Argentina, and the American and Huerta delegates.

The chief settlement is not expected to arouse opposition from the Constitutionalists, who will participate in, and to a large degree mold the adjustment of all internal disputes.

When a new provisional Government is established to succeed that headed by Gen. Huerta, the result of mediation—recognized as a triumph for Pan-American diplomacy—will become effective.

Coincidentally with the action taken tonight, it was announced that the actual naming of a provisional President and the organization of a Government, which is considered a purely internal problem, will be left to an informal conference of representatives of the Constitutionalists, Señores Cabrera, Rafael Zubaran, and José Vasconcelos—and the delegates sent by Gen. Huerta to the mediation conference.

No formal adjournment of the mediation conference will be taken, but there will be no sessions while the representatives of the two warring factions in Mexico endeavor to arrive at an agreement on the personnel of the new Government, the agrarian and educational reforms and other internal problems.

The protocol was drafted early today and its phraseology telegraphed to Washington for approval.

At 9 o'clock tonight word came from President Wilson and Secretary Bryan, authorizing the American delegates to sign it. The Mexican delegation had not expected so prompt a response. Dr Naon, the Minister from Argentina, also had failed to notify them that there would be a full conference. Louis Elguero, one of the Huerta delegates, was several miles away at dinner when the conference was called. He made a hurried trip in an automobile, and on his arrival the conference began.

The results of the mediators' work tonight places the issue now squarely before the representatives of the two warring factions. On them will rest the responsibility for failure or success of the peace plans as a whole. The mediators and the American delegates will stand by to lend a helping hand and give their counsel when sought. Luis Cabrera, Rafael Zubaran, and José Vasconcelos, the Constitutionalist delegates, are in Washington, and should arrive here in another day or two, though final arrangements for their coming have not yet been made. The sending to Washington of Fernando Iglesias Calderon, who, it had been expected, would head the Constitutionalist delegation, caused some confusion in plans, but it was believed tonight that Calderon's mission to the National Capital was merely to substitute for Zubaran during his absence. Cabarera and Vasconcelos were originally designated by Gen. Carranza to attend the mediation conferences.

There was little said here tonight about Gen. Villa's attitude toward the sending of delegates, but it was believed that he was in thorough accord with the proposition. Reliable information has come that he is ready to accept the terms of the conferences, and it is not unlikely that he will be kept informed of its progress.

It was decided by the mediators and delegates to postpone consideration of the exact date when American forces shall be withdrawn from Vera Cruz. This, as well as the Constitution of the new Provisional Government in Mexico, will be protocolized after the conferences between the Constitutionalists and Huerta delegates adjourn.

Assurance that the Constitutionalists would be represented at the informal conferences came direct to the mediators today from Luis Cabrera, one of the confidential representatives of Gen. Carranza in Washington.

It is likely that the conferences between the two Mexican factions will be held here, but this will be determined after the Constitutionalist delegates have arrived. Buffalo is also suggested, but it is not generally believed that the Mexicans will consent to meet in the United States.

EXPECT CARRANZA TO YIELD.

Washington Officials Think His Delegates Will Go to the Falls.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Despite many conflicting reports concerning the mission to Washington of representatives of the Mexican Constitutionalists now en route, it was asserted tonight in official quarters that there was every expectation that the agents of Gen. Carranza would accept the invitation of the American Commissioners at the Niagara Falls mediation conference to participate in informal negotiations relative to the pacification of Mexico.

In the light of the announcement made in New Orleans yesterday by Alfredo Breceda, one of the three Carranza agents on his way to Washington, that the Constitutionalists never would confer with Gen. Huerta except on the battlefield, a statement made here tonight by one of the representatives of the Constitutionalists was regarded as significant.

"It can be said with emphasis," this representative said, "that the statement made yesterday by Señor Breceda is not supported by Fernando Iglesias Calderon. Señor Calderon is coming to the United States to aid in the negotiations that have been pending toward the settlement of the troubles of his country."

JUNTA WANTS RECOGNITION.

Breceda's Mission Reported to be to Demand It for the Rebels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The Constitutionalist junta here is waiting for the arrival tomorrow of Capt. Alfredo Breceda, private secretary to Gen. Carranza, who is coming to Washington on a special mission from the First Chief of the Constitutionalists. Señores Cabrera, Zubaran, and Vasconcelos of the junta profess to have no knowledge of the character of the mission on which Capt. Breceda is coming.

While Breceda's interview at New Orleans, in which he said that Gen. Carranza would not consent to meetings between the Constitutionalist and Huerta delegates, is said by Constitutionalists here to represent the opinion of many of their party, it is doubted whether Breceda was speaking with authority. The belief among Constitutionalists here is that he was voicing his own opinion, basing it upon what he understood to be the views of Gen. Carranza from close personal association with him.

It was intimated here tonight that on Breceda's arrival in Washington he might take up with the Washington Government, through Zubaran and the junta, the question of recognition of the belligerency of the Constitutionalists. This, Constitutionalist supporters here say, will strengthen their cause more than anything else now except the capture of Zacatecas. They feel that they have reached the psychological moment for such a recognition.

The Constitutionalist leaders are engaged in watchful waiting for an answer from Gen. Carranza to the telegraphic interrogation sent to him on Saturday, seeking to know whether he would be willing to send delegates to Niagara Falls for an informal conference with the Huerta delegates concerning internal problems in Mexico. Rafael Zubaran, chief of the Constitutionalist confidential agency here, said tonight he had received no word from Gen. Carranza, who is considering the matter. Without instructions from Gen. Carranza none of the Constitutionalists here would confer with the Huerta delegates, formally or informally.

Constitutionalists tonight had received no confirmation of the reports of the capture of Zacatecas by Gen. Villa's army, and regarded the newspaper report as premature. If the report should prove correct, while it would undoubtedly increase the eagerness of the Huerta delegates for an agreement for peace, it would probably make the Constitutionalists more insistent than ever that an uncompromising member of their faction be chosen for provisional President.

MEXICO WINS AT THE FALLS.

Son of One of the Huerta Delegates Victor in Tennis Tournament.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., June 24.—The mediation tennis tournament, participated in by representatives of the United States, Great Britain, Mexico, Argentina, France, Chile, and Italy, ended this afternoon in a victory for Mexico. Luis Rodriguez, son of Agustin Rodriguez, one of the Mexican delegates to the mediation conferences, was the victor. He defeated Richard V. Oulahan, Washington representative of THE NEW YORK TIMES, in the finals, in two straight sets. The scores were 6—4, 7—5. A large silver loving cup was the trophy.

The sets, while strenuously contested, were productive of good feeling on all sides. Rodriguez was warmly congratulated.

A large gallery watched the finals. Tea was served in the hotel gardens immediately after the play, and Senhor da Gama, the Brazilian Ambassador, in making the presentation speech, expressed the wish that before the close of the conference another cup would be won, signalizing the success of the mediation proceedings.

The entire mediation colony, including the American delegates, were present.

EXPECTS PEACE AGREEMENT.

Esteva Ruiz Awaits Word from Niagara Falls on Important Clause.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 24.—Señor Esteva Ruiz said at 8 P. M. that he expected to hear tonight of the approval of one of the most important clauses in the Niagara Falls protocol.

The Foreign Office hears that Gen. Carranza has instructed Fernado Iglesias Calderon and Miguel Breceda to sound the Washington Government on whether his representatives would be admitted to the Niagara Falls conference.

AD MEN PICK CHICAGO.

Next Convention Likely to be Held There—To Re-elect Woodhead.

Special to The New York Times.

TORONTO, June 24.—It looks as if Chicago had captured the Associated Advertising Clubs Convention for 1915, despite the opposition of San Francisco. The fight was waged in the Nominating Committee from 9:30 this morning to 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

When the final ballot was taken 32 votes were cast in favor of Chicago, 26 for San Francisco, and five for Minneapolis.

It is understood that when the elections are held on Thursday, President William Woodhead of San Francisco will not be opposed, and that the Vice President, Secretary, and Treasurer will be returned by acclamation. They are:

Vice President, Walter B. Cherry, Syracuse, N. Y.; Secretary, P. S. Floores, Indianapolis, Ind.; Treasurer, W. W. Jacquith, Des Moines, Iowa. All were nominated by the committee.

These five members of the National Executive Committee were elected today: Frank H. Rowe, Toronto; Edward G. Ches, Baltimore; E. L. Shuman, Fort Worth; John Allen, Los Angeles, and A. E. Chamberlain, Chicago. The latter is the three-year nominee. Hereafter five Executive Committemen will be elected annually for three-year terms, so that there will be a membership of fifteen.

President Stephenson of Printer's Ink today awarded the Printer's Ink Cup for ad. club efficiency to the Los Angeles Club. He warned New York and Chicago that they would have to go some to win it back next year.

A cup for oratorical proficiency was given to A. L. Sherman of El Paso, Tex., whose speech charmed the audience on Tuesday. One of the interesting speeches of today was the report of Richard H. Waldo, Chairman of the General Publicity Committee.

"No business gathering," he said, "has ever been as thoroughly advertised as this. What the members of this committee have done is witnessed by the wonderful gathering here."

MRS. JESUP LEAVES $8,450,000 TO PUBLIC

Continued from Page 1.

Syria; President of the National Young Men's Christian Association, President of the American Sunday School Union, President of the Chamber of Commerce, Trustee of the Protestant Half Orphan Asylum, and a Director of the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.

Gift to Chamber of Commerce.

Mrs. Jesup directed that her bequest of $50,000 to the New York Chamber of Commerce should be used in whatever way the trustees of that organization thought best. Then she added: "Loans of money to aid young merchants would be agreeable to me." Mrs. Jesup directed that the income from the $50,000 bequeathed to the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb should be used to aid the students in obtaining work and in getting a start in life.

Several reductions of bequests to institutions were made in the codicil of Mrs. Jesup's will. Under the will the New York Zoological Gardens and the New York Botanical Gardens received $50,000 each. The codicil reduced both of these bequests by half. Reductions from $50,000 to $10,000 were made also in the bequests to the General Memorial Hospital for the Treatment of Cancer and Allied Diseases and St. Luke's Hospital. On the other hand, Cooper Union received nothing under the will, but $10,000 under the codicil.

Among the provisions in the codicil was this: "I give and bequeath to J. Pierpont Morgan the picture of the Parthenon by Church."

These bequests were made to individuals under Mrs. Jesup's will: To Richard M. Jesup, in trust, $300,000; $100,000 to Charles M. Jesup, her husband's nephew; $10,000 outright and an annuity of $10,000 to Catharine O. Jesup, $250,000 outright to Richard M. Jesup, $25,000 each to Mary Townsend Cuyler, Mrs. Katherine Lockwood, Mrs. Fanny Patterson, and Mrs. Eleanor B. Ives, $10,000 each to Mrs. Frances Lewis Cuyler, Julia Helen Wilson, and the Rev. Howard Bliss of Syria, $5,000 each to Maria Jesup Howe, Mrs. Thomas G. Evans, Mary De Witt Cuyler, grandniece; Frances Lewis Cuyler, grandniece; Helen Scott Cuyler, grandniece; Eleanor De Graff Cuyler, grandniece; Hilda Le Grand Cuyler, Benjamin Strong, Sallie Betts, Charlotte Wise Hopkins, Mary Bissell, the Rev. William T. Elsing, Henry Billington, an employe, and Mrs. J. Kearny Warren, and $1,000 each to James Martin, her coachman; John J. Donohue, a servant; Anthony O'Brien, a servant; Margaret D. S. Barrow, Mary Johnson, and Caroline Carlson. Bequests of $100 each were made to servants who had been in Mrs. Jesup's employ for one year.

Mrs. Jesup gave $2,000,000 outright to Thomas De Witt Cuyler, her nephew, whom she appointed her sole executor. Mr. Cuyler is a lawyer of Philadelphia. Besides the $2,000,000 bequest, Mr. Cuyler is to receive all his aunt's real estate at Bar Harbor, Me., and one-half of the residuary estate.

Eleanor De Graff Cuyler, Mrs. Jesup's niece, of 777 Madison Avenue, is to receive $1,000,000 outright; all jewelry, articles of personal use, and ornament at 197 Madison Avenue, at Lenox, Mass., and at Bar Harbor; all of her aunt's real estate at Lenox, Mass., and the other half of the residuary estate.

Mrs. Jesup's will was offered for probate yesterday by the law firm of Parsons, Closson & McIlvaine at 52 William Street. The will was drawn up on Feb. 8, 1910, and the codicil was added on March 28, 1913. No valuation has been placed on the entire estate. The cash bequests alone, however, amount to $12,316,000. Morris K. Jesup left an estate of $12,814,894, and the share of Mrs. Jesup in this was $9,617,061.

Henry Fairfield Osborn, President of the American Museum of Natural History, gave out a statement last night in regard to Mrs. Jesup's $5,000,000 bequest, in which he said:

"Mr. Jesup was elected to the Presidency of the museum at a very critical time in its development. Mr. Jesup devoted twenty-eight of the best years of his life to the development of the museum, and at the close of his administration he left the American Museum in a very advanced position among the museums of the world.

"This gift of Mrs. Jesup's is the most important gift that the American Museum has received. This legacy will greatly advance the scientific and educational interests of the

PUT OUT DYING MAN TO SAVE HER NAME

Story Told by Stamford Widow When W. R. Ballou Was Found Unconscious at Her Door.

SKULL FRACTURED BY FALL?

Bloody Footprints Led to Mrs. Helen M. Angle's Rooms—She Is Held for Rich Man's Death.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., June 24.—Waldo R. Ballou, a leading Republican politician and business man of this place, 69 years old, was found in a dying condition late Tuesday night on the sidewalk in front of the Rippowam Building, the home of the Rippowam Lodge, No. 24, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in West Main Street. His skull was fractured. He was unconscious and died without regaining his senses in the Stamford Hospital soon after 3 o'clock this morning.

Chief of Police Brennan, Lieut. Nevins, and other officers reached the house soon after the body was found. They entered the building and found a pool of blood in the ground floor vestibule and the tracks of bare feet leading up the stairs. There also were red smears on the wall of the stairway, which is built-in and has no balustrade, only a rail against the wall on either side.

The tracks of the feet led up the stairs to the landing on the second floor, where there was a large pool of blood. This landing has a cement floor. From it the tracks led up to the third floor and to the door of the studio apartment occupied alone by Mrs. Helen M. Angle, 40 years old, an old friend of Mr. Ballou. It was noticed that there were no marks on the stairs between the second and third floors, except the tracks of bare feet.

Chief Brennan knocked at Mrs. Angle's door and was admitted by her. She was in her nightdress with a kimono over it, and appeared to be in an almost hysterical condition. When asked about Mr. Ballou, she shuddered and said that he had called on her that evening, but had left the house at 10 o'clock. When told that he had been found dying at the foot of the stairs leading to her door, she became more agitated. She readily admitted Chief Brennan and his men, however, and consented to their searching her apartment.

Find Man's Hat in Room.

The apartment consists of two large rooms—a living room in front and a room fitted up for sleeping behind it, both very well furnished. From the door the police found red tracks of bare feet leading across the front room to the rear room, but there were no other marks and no disorder of furniture to indicate that a struggle had occurred. On a box seat in the front room Chief Brennan found a straw hat dented in front, with red stains on it. The hat had Mr. Ballou's initials in it. In view of the fact that no hat was found beside the dying man, the police certainly regard it as Mr. Ballou's hat.

On opening the box seat on which the hat was found, the police discovered a waist belonging to Mrs. Angle on which there were red stains. Other garments of hers, similarly marked, were found in the drawer of a bureau in the rear room. No weapon with which the man might have been struck was found in the room A cloth which evidently had been used to wipe up some floor was found in a closet.

Mrs. Angle would not say anything to the police about Mr. Ballou's visit or departure, except that he had called on her as an old friend and had left her rooms in a good humor. When the police found the clothing and hat she realized the incriminating nature of the discoveries and asked:

"Am I under arrest?"

Chief Brennan told her that it would be necessary to detain her as a material witness at least, and she was taken to the second floor police dormitory in the Town Hall, where she has been confined ever since, although no charge has been made against her.

Mrs. Angle's Story.

Mrs. Angle consented to see reporters there today, and, although she said that she could make no formal statement, she did talk about the case. Beginning hysterically, but becoming calmer, she said:

"I don't know what I'm to do. I seem to have no friend on earth. No one will speak a good word for me. The finding of Mr. Ballou's body and the circumstances of the affair now all are against me. I know things look bad, but I am innocent of any wrong."

When told that her father, Leonard Blondell, a leading citizen of this place, would arrive from Maine tonight, and that he certainly would stand by her, Mrs. Angle said:

"Yes, he is the one person to whom I can go now. But I fear the effect of this thing on him. He will suffer intolerably, I know."

That she had suffered since last night was very evident. She said that she had neither eaten nor slept, and she showed it. Although a very large and well-preserved woman, she appeared haggard and her eyes, ordinarily a clear gray, were bloodshot and dull. Asked to tell just what did happen in the Rippowan Building, Mrs. Angle said:

"I had nothing whatever to do with Mr. Ballou's death. It was entirely accidental. We had no quarrel at all. He had been drinking when he came to see me last night, and when he left my rooms he still showed the effects of it, but he was in a good humor. He went out and I shut the door behind him and began at once to prepare for bed, as I was very tired. It was then about 10 o'clock.

"As I was undressing I heard a fall on the steps, but thought that Mr. Ballou had only stumbled. A few minutes later, however, I thought I had better investigate, so went out of my door. I saw his body lying at the second floor landing. I ran down in bare feet and tried to arouse him. He would not wake up, and then I discovered that he was bleeding from the head. I thought that he was dead. There seemed to be no life in him.

Carried Body Down Stairs.

"My first impulse was to call the police, and, of course, I should have done that. But I was in a panic. I realized the scandal and notoriety that would come if the man were found on that landing. I thought that he was dead and that I could, therefore, do him no good by calling in any one, so, without reasoning clearly, I picked up the body and carried it, leaning against the wall, down the stairs to the sidewalk. Here I dropped it and then hurried back to my room. On the way up I found Mr. Ballou's hat. Fearing to go to the street again, I took it to my room.

"In the room I saw that my clothes were bloody, but before taking them off I tried to wipe up some of the blood from the stairs. I could not wipe out the stains so ran back to my room, undressed, and lay down. I could not sleep, I could not think. I lay in a panic of fear until the police came.

"I know that things appear to be against me, that my story may appear improbable to some, but it is the truth. I did not have a thing to do with Mr. Ballou's death. My only mistake was in not calling some one when I found him on the landing."

Several things that came out here today seemed to bear out Mrs. Angle's story. A half-empty whisky flask was found in Ballou's hip pocket. It had not been broken, but Chief Brennan said that the man could have fallen down the steps face forward without breaking the flask. Also the fact that there were no blood marks above the second floor landing except the tracks convinced the police that the blow received by Mr. Ballou, whether from an instrument or a fall, was delivered on this landing. Standing on the landing Chief Brennan said:

"The man first fell right here, I'm sure of that."

Robert Merritt, a watchman in the Borden Milk Company's store on the ground floor of the Rippowam Building, said that between 10 and 11 o'clock last night he heard the sound of something falling on the stairs of the building, but thought nothing of it at the time.

Close Friends for Years.

Mrs. Angle and Mr. Ballou had been close friends for more than five years. Although he was 29 years older than Mrs. Angle they often went about together. They were frequently seen in restaurants and riding in her father's automobile together. But with all, this there was never a word of scandal in Stamford about either of them. It was remarkable how every one here testified to Mrs. Angle's good reputation.

Mrs. Angle's father and Mr. Ballou were good friends. Some persons believed that Mr. Ballou would marry Mrs. Angle, but others said that their friendship was purely platonic. Mr. Ballou was a widower and Mrs. Angle a widow. She had been divorced six years. Her former husband, Frank Angle, lives in Bridgeport. She obtained the divorce on the ground of desertion. Angle said in Bridgeport that he was convinced that his former wife's reputation was unimpeachable.

No Murder Motive.

All of these things helped to baffle the police in their efforts to establish any reason why Mrs. Angle should have killed Mr. Ballou. Those inclined to believe that she knew more than she told conjectured variously, revenge, jealousy, sudden anger, and other things being ascribed without evidence to support them.

Mrs. Angle did not appear at the preliminary hearing of the Coroner's inquest held here this afternoon. She was represented by ex-Probate Judge J. Stanley Finch, friend of her family, who asked that the inquest be postponed until Mrs. Angle's father had arrived and had engaged counsel. Judge Finch was only temporary counsel, he said. Professor Albert Phillips, who is also Secretary of State, represented the State before the Coroner, but offered no objection to the continuance of the inquest.

Coroner Phelan of Bridgeport, who presided at the hearing, consented to postpone the main part of the inquest until 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, but said that he would at once hear witnesses whose testimony could not possibly affect Mrs. Angle's relation to the case. He then called the two physicians who examined the body and the man who found it.

The first witness was Dr. George Sherrill of the Stamford Hospital, medical examiner for the Coroner. He said that he had been present at the autopsy performed by Dr. Bruce S. Weaver of 135th Street and Broadway, New York City, who had been summoned as an expert pathologist. Dr. Weaver was then called. He said Mr. Ballou had died from a hemorrhage of the brain, caused by skull fracture. There were two linear fractures in the skull, he said, one running on the left side from just behind the ear downward to the base of the skull; the other on the right side from just above the eye down to a point two inches behind the ear. Two inches behind the right ear a piece of the skull one inch square was loose. There were four or five star-shaped smaller fractures in the top of the skull and contusions and abrasions on the skull, forehead and nose. The right hand was marked with contusions and abrasions.

Injuries Indicate a Fall.

"The principal of these injuries, the two linear fractures in particular," Dr. Weaver said, "were caused by a blow either on the forehead or on top of the head, and it was a very heavy blow. The blow was received in one of the strongest parts of the skull and the fractures were made in one of the weakest. This often happens.

"The blow was from a heavy, flat surface, not a blunt or pointed instrument. It might have come from a fall on a cement floor or from some such thing as a bed slat or chair back."

Dr. Weaver was asked by the Coroner to give his opinion of how the blow was received.

"A fall down the steps from the third-floor landing to the second-floor landing," he said, "would explain all of the injuries. If Mr. Ballou was killed by a blow delivered by some one it was in a scuffle. The marks on the face, nose, hands, and skull could not all have been delivered in one death-dealing blow. One blow could have caused both of the long fractures which were the cause of death, however."

Although Dr. Sherrill and Dr. Weaver agreed that the death of Mr. Ballou might have been caused either by an instrument in the hands of some one or by a fall on the cement floor of the second-story landing in the house, both were inclined to believe that a fall had been responsible for Mr. Ballou's death. Whether Mr. Ballou had been pushed or had fallen accidentally, they could not conjecture, they said.

Says Daughter Is Innocent.

Leonard Blondell, Mrs. Angle's father, arrived here at 8 o'clock tonight from Southport, Me., where he had gone for the Summer with his wife, Mrs. Angle's stepmother. He hurried to his daughter and remained with her for more than an hour. When he left the police dormitory he said:

"I will not discuss my daughter's case at all except to say that she has convinced me of her absolute innocence. And I will spend every cent I have and give all of my energies to proving her innocence. She is resting well now, and I am sure will soon be a free woman."

Mr. Blondell appointed N. C. Downs of Stamford, a former City Court Judge here, as his daughter's counsel. Judge Downs would not talk about the case at length, but said that he would not put Mrs. Angle on the stand to testify in her own behalf at the Coroner's hearing tomorrow afternoon.

Mr. Blondell is an ex-Councilman of this place, and is wealthy. He retired from the coal and road contracting business three years ago and owns valuable real estate here.

Mr. Ballou was a former Councilman and an ex-Treasurer of the Republican Town Committee. His second wife died five years ago, and since then he had lived in the boarding house of E. P. Guernsey at 24 Relay Place, just around the corner from where his body was found last night. He had two children, Harry Ballou of Mamaroneck and Mrs. Nellie Whitney, wife of Dr. Ray Whitney of McLean's Hospital, Waverly, Mass. They both arrived here this afternoon. Harry Ballou attended the Coroner's hearing, but refused to say anything about the case.

Waldo R. Ballou was a small man, not more than 5 feet 6 inches in height, and weighed 145 pounds. Although there was evidence that he had been drinking last night, he did not have the reputation of drinking excessively. He stood well politically and socially, and his place as Superintendent of the padlock department of the Yale & Towne factory here not only established him as a business man, but assured him a comfortable income.

LANGDON DISCOVERY STIRS THEOLOGIANS

Proves the Authenticity of Book of Genesis, Dr. Schechter Says.

HE WILL GO TO OXFORD

Head of Jewish Seminary Says Nippur Tablets Have Revealed Oldest Account of the Flood.

The publication yesterday of the discovery made by Dr. Langdon of Jesus College, Oxford, of a pre-Semitic account of the deluge among the early Babylonian tablets disinterred at Nippur aroused the greatest interest among scholars and students of the Bible in this city.

Dr. Solomon Schechter, the well-known theologian and President of the Jewish Theological Seminary since 1902, a former professor at Cambridge University, and Professor of Hebrew at the University College in London, when seen at his home, 468 Riverside Drive, yesterday afternoon, was enthusiastic over Dr. Langdon's work.

"I know that Prof. Langdon is a careful scholar, and I have great faith in his announcement," he said. "If it is as announced, I can only say that it is so remarkable as to be titanic. I cannot make intelligent observations about this until I have the full information. I am going over to Hamburg next week, and I shall cross over to England and see with my own eyes what he has found.

"As I understand the announcement, Prof. Langdon has found the origin of the Book of Genesis, and his discovery goes to prove the authenticity of that work. George Smith's discoveries in Chaldea, which was the ancient name for Babylonia, in 1872 and 1873, while fairly complete, differed in material facts from the text of the Book of Genesis as handed down by the Hebrews. That led to a great amount of controversy which has never been satisfactorily settled. Now, the Chaldean account of the Deluge is of later date than the Nippur tablets that Prof. Langdon has just translated. That proves that they are an account of the same story, corrupted by generations of telling and shaping to the religious necessities of the day. The Langdon translations are of writing that might date back to over 2,000 years B. C. while those of the Chaldean account must date from about between 600 and 1,000 years B. C.

"Thus it is easily deduced that the Jews obtained the more ancient account of the Deluge, for at the time all those countries were under the same King or Emperor. Later the Jews became a separate kingdom, and kept the old story perfect and intact, while in Assyria and Asia Minor it was corrupted and adapted to the needs of the people. It is not surprising that the oldest account should be found to agree with that in the Jewish records. I am very sorry that there are breaks in the inscriptions. They, of course, lead to inaccuracies. The account of the Fall of Man in which Noah appears instead of Adam requires further explanation. It is my opinion that a fragment of the Enoch legend has entered into this and created confusion that has resulted in the identities of Adam and Noah being confused. This, however, is only conjecture.

"The portion of the translation in which Noah received revelations from the Babylonia water god, Enki, being taught the wisdom of the gods, will require much explanation. I can find no parallel to this in the Bible although Noah was advised of the coming of the flood. This sounds a little like the Enoch legend also, and it will be difficult to determine the exact truth. You know Enoch occurs in several places and seems to have been an important personage, but there is never very much about him. He is one of those mystical, almost mythical, characters in the ancient writings who are always being confounded with some one else and leading to inaccuracy. The story of Enoch as told in the Apocrypha seems to have a pertinent relation to the Noah of Prof. Langdon's translations. Prof. Langdon's discovery when properly placed before the public will add greatly to the proof of the authenticity of the Book of Genesis and the whole Old Testament."

"It seems a shame that it took an English professor to make this discovery. These Nippur tablets have been in the Museum of the University of Pennsylvania for some years and the deciphering ought to have been done by an American. It seems as though none of the archaeologists of this country would attempt to do this work, although several wanted very much to try it. It was told to me that there were always difficulties placed in the way of American Professors of Biblican archaeology when they wanted to get at these Nippur tablets. Prof. Langdon does not seem to have had this trouble and has succeeded where our own people have not even been able to try."

Prof. Loring Woart Batten, Clement C. Moore, Professor of the Literature and Interpretation of the Old Testament at the General Theological Seminary, Chelsea Square, was greatly interested in Prof. Langdon's discovery but thought it was not of very great importance.

"I doubt if Prof. Langdon has discovered anything new," he said, "and the announcement that I read contained only a few facts. As soon as I can get the full text of his translations I will be better able to judge and decide if there is anything new in it. He seems to have found only another variation of the same story that the Jews wrote in their Bible. That story was common property all over Assyria, Asia Minor, and adjacent countries, and was adapted and corrupted by each people that used it. The fact that the Jewish version of it is accepted, was that they were the ones to preserve it in their Biblical writings, and so hand it down to us."

Prof. Langdon's discovery amounts only to a corroboration of what the Jews wrote and makes their Bible more authentic, if another version of what seems to have been common property among a great number of diffcrent and constantly warring peoples can amount to a corroboration. I have found in the writings that have been discovered by the late Prof. George Smith and subsequent explorers, and now Prof. Langdon, that there is a great confusion between the characters of Adam, Noah, and Enoch. In some inscriptions it is one and in others another. The main story, however, remains the same; it is only its variations that differ.

"I do not see that Prof. Langdon has Eve. It is probable that she is mentioned also, but the reports do not say anything about her. If she were omitted in the inscriptions this would certainly be a new version of the old story. However, I shall be gald to get the full text of Prof. Langdon's translations. I feel sure that they will tell nothing new, and their importance will lie in the fact that they are the oldest known version of the story of the Deluge and the Fall of Man."

At the Jewish Theological Seminary, 535 West 123d Street, there was an active discussion among students of Biblical history, who were of the opinion that Prof. Langdon's discovery was of great importance. They compared the ancient Hebrew text with the few facts contained in the printed announcement, and said that the Nippur tablets made the story of Adam and Noah stronger than ever. They said, however, that Prof. Langdon might have made a mistake in one of the fragments translated, and that the story of Enoch might have crept in and been taken for that of Noah.

PAEBEL CONFIRMS LANGDON.

Translations Agree with Those Given Out in London.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 24.—Officials of the University of Pennsylvania Museum today confirmed the announcement of Prof. Stephen Langdon in London yesterday that Noah and not Adam was responsible for the Fall of Man as shown by his reading of Babylonian tablets unearthed at Nippur.

Dr. Langdon, who is an American, was in this country last October, and visited the University of Pennsylvania Museum, where he made copies of fifty of the Nippur tablets. His translations tally exactly with those made here by Dr. Arno Poebel of Johns Hopkins University from other tablets in the same collection.

What makes the new account of the Fall of Man especially intersting and important is that it is not, like other versions, written in the Semitic Babylonian language, but in Sumerian, the older tongue of the non-Semitic race, which, in the early days of history, held sway over Babylonia. By comparison with other tablets written in the time of King Hammurabi, the date of whose reign is definitely known, the tablet from which Dr. Langdon made his translation probably was written about 2500 B. C., making the oldest record known at present of the Creation, the Fall of Man, and the Deluge.

Examination shows that the fragments of tablets transmitted by Dr. Poebel were separate, and that with other tablets they contained the full story of the beginning of the world.

Dr. Langdon is easily the foremost Sumerian scholar in the world. Dr. Poebel is an able translator of the language, and both he and Dr. Langdon will give their full translations of such parts of the tablets as exist to the public in book form within a short time.

Whether the Bible as we have it today will have to be rewritten is a question. Whether the Hebrew writers got their ideas from the Sumerians and Babylonians or only through direct revelation is a subject concerning which theologians do not agree.

6 HURT AS AUTOS COLLIDE.

Cars Met at High Speed on a Side Hill Near Metuchen, N. J.

Special to The New York Times.

METUCHEN, N. J., June 24.—As a result of an automobile collision on Bunham's Hill, south of here, about 8:30 tonight, Frank Moore of South River, N. J., and Henry Carson of New Brunswick are said to be dying, and four other persons are more or less seriously injured.

Moore and Carson were driving down the hill at a high rate of speed in Moore's touring car when William L. Taylor of Highland Park started up the hill in an automobile containing Mrs. Taylor, Miss Blanche Lucas, and Miss Clementine Eckrodt. A logging wagon laden with the trunk of a large tree was between the cars and kept the occupants of the two automobiles from seeing each other. Moore's car shot around the wagon and crashed into the other, which had only just turned out to pass the logging wagon.

The Taylor automobile was upset and all its passengers thrown out. Moore's car was thrown over a bank, a distance of fifteen feet, and both Moore and Carson were pinned under it.

While the driver of the logging wagon was making what effort he could to help Taylor and his passengers aid came from Irving Everett of Highland Park, who had been driving a few hundred yards ahead of the Taylor party and was in their company. He noticed that the Taylor car was not following and went back to investigate. Emporer and Herman Lippincott and Herman Gross were summoned by telephone and arrived in time to help take Moore and Carson out from under the ruins of their car. They were taken to St. Peter's Hospital, where it was said late last night that neither had much chance to live.

Miss Lucas was the most seriously injured of Taylor's party, with a broken leg and severe cuts about the head. She was taken to Wells Memorial Hospital, where it was said that although very badly hurt, she probably would recover. Mrs. Taylor had a broken nose and internal injuries, and Taylor and Miss Eckrodt were cut and bruised. All three were taken to the Taylor home in Everett's car.

RAJAH A LUCKY BUYER.

Desired to Own a Winning Race Horse—First Venture Successful.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 24.—Ten days ago the Rajah of Pudukota, a small State of India, arriving in Paris on his first visit, learned that the Paris season culminated with three big horse races—the Grand Steeplechase last Sunday, the Grand Hurdle-Race today, and the Grand Prix next Sunday.

The Rajah at once expressed a desire to own the winner of one of the races. He was unable to purchase the winner of the Grand Steeplechase, as it was owned by the millionaire James Hennessy, nor the favorite for the Grand Prix, which is owned by another millionaire, Maurice Rothschild, so he bought the horse Lilium for $20,000.

Lilium today won the Grand Hurdle Race by six lengths. The race brings $16,000 of his $20,000 back to the Rajah, besides whatever bets on his horse that he may have made.

LIGHTNING STRIKES TWO.

Hostler Killed; Lieutenant Dying—Were Attending Horses.

While the storm was in progress last night lightning struck a stable known as Henny's at the Sheepshead Bay race track, killed Frederick Peters, a hostler employed in the Police Department, and injured Lieut. George Woods of Traffic Squad A so badly that he is expected to die. He was removed to the Coney Island Hospital, his right side paralyzed. The doctors gave no hope for his recovery.

With several others Peters and Woods had gone to the stable to quiet police horses stabled there in preparation for the exhibition tomorrow and Saturday at the Brighton Beach track for the Police Honor Roll Relief Fund. Lieut. Woods had a horse there which he was to ride in the exhibition.

Of the half dozen men in the shed, Peters and the Lieutenant were the only ones injured. They were standing in an open space near the entrance, and after a flash which stunned the others they were found motionless on the ground. The lightning ripped a hole in the roof under which the men were standing, and it took fire.

While some of the policemen carried the injured men out others fought the fire and soon put it out.

MISS M'GILL LOSES; VERDICT FOR $6,500

Mrs. Mayer Wins Damages for Alienation of Husband, the Heiress's Chauffeur.

NOT GUILTY OF IMMORALITY

Defendant's Defiant Remark Enables Attorney to Introduce Story Judge Barred.

A verdict for $6,500 damages was awarded to Mary Mayer, wife of Walter Mayer, a Jersey City chauffeur, last night in her suit for $50,000 for alienation of her husband's affections against Miss Eleanor McGill, Mayer's employer. The trial was held before Judge William Speer in the Hudson County Circuit Court, Jersey City. On the second count, which involved charges of immorality, a verdict of "not guilty" was returned.

The jury retired shortly after 4 o'clock. When at 6 o'clock no verdict had been returned, Judge Speer left the court and Court Clerk Kelley remained to receive the verdict. At 9:30 the jurors returned to court and announced the verdict. Abraham Graham, one of the jurors, stood up and said that the jury had not agreed on the second count. Clerk Kelley then ordered them to retire again. At 10:15 the jury returned again and announced a final verdict of "not guilty" on the second count. None of the principals was present when the jury's decision was announced. Only a few lawyers were in the courtroom.

The last day of the trial was full of dramatic incidents.

Miss McGill, heiress to $600,000, former wife of Dr. William Carr, whom she divorced, and daughter of the late Dr. John D. McGill, lost her composure when Alexander Simpson, counsel to Mrs. Mayer, attacked her in his opening up. She had presented a dignified mien, and occasionally had wept, but when the lawyer excoriated her she became excited and glared at him. He in turn called attention to her altered demeanor.

"She has been posing throughout the trial," Mr. Simpson exclaimed. "That childish innocence is all pose, but there is nothing sweet and angelic, nothing innocent, about her as she looks at me now with passion and hatred in every line of her face."

Mr. Simpson prior to this had bitterly arraigned the argument of Miss McGill's counsel, Gilbert Collins and William D. Edwards.

"Judge Collins and Senator Edwards," said Mr. Simpson, "have told you that this gentle, refined, tenderly nurtured, sweet, pure, and angelic young woman would not stoop to pick up this pusillanimous, dishwashing, hairdressing, gasoline-reeking chauffeur as a lover, but Senator Edwards and Judge Collins have been so busy digging into musty law books that they have forgotten human nature and history. Didn't Catherine the Second of Russia seek lovers among her footguards? Didn't Princess Louise of Saxony run away with a servant? We recall scores of incidents where great ladies have stooped to pick lovers from the lower walks of life."

After characterizing Miss McGill's attitude throughout the trial and her tears at the summing up as pose, Mr. Simpson continued:

"The defense has put nobody on except Mayer, the dishwasher and seducer of women, [Mayer had testified that he was forced to marry Mrs. Mayer shortly before their child was born] and Miss McGill."

It was at this point that Miss McGill forgot herself and made an indiscreet remark in a tone that the jury could plainly hear: "You forget the bellboy."

That gave Mr. Simpson an opportunity to get before the jury important evidence which had been ruled out by Judge William H. Speer.

"Yes," the lawyer retorted, bowing toward Miss McGill, "I did forget the bellboy. I thank the lady for calling my attention to it. Yes, we did have a bellboy here from Montreal who made an affidavit which was not allowed in evidence and who on the witness stand gave testimony different from that in his affidavit, which was taken some time ago. This bellboy said in his affidavit that when Miss McGill and Mayer were at the Plattsburg Hotel, he had seen Miss McGill and Mayer in the room, and that at that time Mayer had said to him, 'Don't you believe we're married? We were married in Vermont last night.'

"Gentlemen of the jury, if you will take the register of that Plattsburg Hotel you will find that the entries of the rooms of the McGill party have been doctored, and that no other entry in the book has been changed."

Mr. Collins, in summing up for Miss McGill, said that the suit against his client was "blackmail." He spoke of Miss McGill as having been brave and heroic throughout the trial, and having told the truth and frustrated the efforts of opposing counsel to trap her.

"Miss McGill," said Mr. Collins, "comes of good fighting stock. You all no doubt knew her father, a scholarly, stalwart upholder of the right. You cannot brand his daughter here, in the flower of her womanhood, as a lustful girl. There has been no evidence to warrant such an infamous charge."

YELLOW TAXI MEN STRIKE.

Fear Loss of Jobs Under Consolidation with Mason-Seaman Company.

The chauffeurs of the Yellow Taxicab Company began to go on strike at 1 o'clock this morning, about the time the first cars came in from their rounds. It was said then that by sunrise all of the machines would have been brought in by the drivers after their night's work, and that none of them would return today.

The reason given for the strike, dissatisfaction over the change of management, was more fully explained early this morning. Some of the yellow taxi drivers think they will lose their jobs after the consolidation of their company with the Mason-Seamon Company goes into effect. An order was recently issued that on next Saturday the yellow automobiles were to be transferred from their garage at Eighth Avenue and Forty-ninth Street to the garage of the Mason-Seaman Company at Eleventh Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street. Some of the striking chauffeurs got the idea that once the transfer was made, many of them would lose their places as a result of the amalgamation.

KILL STERILIZATION LAW.

Federal Court Rules That Iowa Statute is Null and Void.

KEOKUK, Iowa, June 24.—The Iowa vasectomy, or sterilization, law, passed by the last General Assembly, was declared unconstitutional, null, and void in a decision filed by Judge Smith McPherson of Red Oak, Iowa, United States District Judge of the Southern District of Iowa, here today.

The decision, which affects similar laws in other States, grants the writ of temporary injunction sought by Rudolph Davis, an inmate of the State Penitentiary, enjoining the members of the Board of Parole, the Warden, and the penitentiary physician from subjecting the prisoner to the operation.

Judge Walter I. Smith, United States Circuit Judge for this (the Eighth) district, and Judge John C. Pollock, United States District Judge for the District of Kansas, concurred with Judge McPherson.

After discussing the case at length, Judge McPherson says:

"Our conclusion is that the infliction of this penalty is in violation of the Constitution, which provides that cruel and unusual punishment shall not be inflicted."

AIRBOAT IN STORM HAS NARROW ESCAPE

Continued from Page 1.

airboat of Capt. Ernst Bass, a graduate of the Curtiss School of Aviation.

Mr. Hollander brought with him a sidereal and an astronomical watch made for Lieut. Porte by the Waltham factory, which manufactured the two watches of identical make carried by Admiral Peary to the north pole. Lieut. Porte will have the watches in a leather belt and use them to time his observations when he fixes his position by calculations based on the distance of the sun and the North Star above the horizon.

The two engines built for the America's sister airboat finished their bench test at the Curtiss workshop today. They stood a thirty-hour run without a hitch and consumed a total of 280 gallons of gasoline, eight gallons less than was used in a similar trial by the engines of the America. The duplicate engines will be shipped to Newfoundland and substituted on the America if her own engines develop any trouble.

The second airboat is being built on the pattern of the America to attempt the transatlantic flight, if the America meets with disaster.

Lieut. Porte was elated today over word he had received that the betting at Lloyds against the success of his flight had dropped from odds of 47 to 1 to 5 to 1.

It was learned late tonight that a number of employes at the Curtiss factory will win $94,000 if the America's trip is successful. Last February, when the odds were 47 to 1, they raised a pool of $2,000 and bet it at Lloyds against $94,000 on the success of the flight.

Lieut. Porte admitted tonight that it would probably be necessary to increase the lifting surface of the America at once to enable her to load 2,000 pounds of gasoline. He said that he had opened the throttle wide tonight for the first time, and the America had responded beautifully with a burst of speed, but that he favored being on the safe side by enlarging the wings.

ALMOST EQUALS OCEAN FLIGHT

German Aviator Stays in Air for 18 Consecutive Hours.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 24.—Two flights at Johannisthal, which began yesterday and ended this morning, have demonstrated that an aeroplane journey across the Atlantic is coming within the range of possibility.

The first flight was that of the German aviator Basser, who ascended at 3:49 o'clock yesterday afternoon and remained in the air for 18 hours and 12 minutes, thus breaking the record for a continuous flight made by the Frenchman Poulet on April 26 of 16 hours and 28 minutes.

Basser used a Rumpler biplane with a 100 horse power Mercedes engine of an entirely new type. The machine will receive a prize of $2,500 from the National Flying Fund.

When Basser had been flying for four hours a competitor appeared in the person of the pilot Landsman of the Schneidemuhle military flying school, on an Albatross military biplane with a 70 horse power Mercedes engine. He flew well all night, but shortly after 11 in the morning was forced to descend by a storm of rain, hail, and wind after a flight of nearly fourteen hours.

Landsman traveled at a speed of 100 kilometers an hour. He was provisioned for a twenty-four hours' flight, in which time he would have laid behind him a distance equal to that between the coasts of Ireland and Newfoundland.

When Basser descended he had still over seventeen gallons of benzine in his tanks.

IN DEAD AIRMEN'S HONOR.

Twenty Aeroplanes a Flying Guard at Austrian Victims' Burial.

VIENNA, June 24.—An escort of twenty aeroplanes flying mourning flags and manned by aviators from several nations formed a flying guard of honor at the burial today of the nine Austrian officers and men who were killed in the air catastrophe a few miles from Vienna last Saturday, when an aeroplane rammed a dirigible. The presence of this aerial fleet created a vivid impression.

An enormous concourse, including several Archdukes, members of the Austrian Cabinet, and foreign military attachés, was present at the graveside to testify the general sorrow felt for the aviators who had died doing their duty during the army manoeuvres.

While the funeral service was in progress the small aircraft circled round and round the cemetery and then flew off in company.

The nine victims of the disaster were Capt. Johanna Hauswirt, Lieuts. Ernst Hofstetter, Flatz, Hocsta, Bruer, and Haidinger; Corporals Hadina and Weber, and Engineer Kammerer.

HEARST PARADES GLYNN IN CHICAGO

Supposed Purpose Is to Bolster Up Crumbling Machine by Exhibiting an "Ally."

GLYNN MAY RUN IN FALL

Governor So Intimates and Says That Roosevelt Would Make a "Great Race" for Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 24.—Gov. Martin H. Glynn of New York, with Mrs. Glynn, arrived in Chicago today, "to look at the tall buildings," according to the Governor, and to transact some personal business. Inasmuch, however, as the Governor is accompanied on his visit to Chicago by William Randolph Hearst, and is the guest while here of Mayor Carter H. Harrison and Mr. Hearst, those in touch with the local political situation, cognizant of the dire straits of the Hearst-Harrison wing of the local Democracy as a result of the bitter attacks of Hearst on the Wilson Administration, are inclined to attach much significance to the visit. This belief was intensified when it became known that Glynn, Hearst, and Harrison had held a long conference at the Blackstone Hotel, a conference that is to be renewed tomorrow.

The Hearst-Harrison machine has been in a lamentable condition for months, and of late defections have been on a wholesale scale. With many other former adherents of Hearst, Mayor Harrison practically has abandoned the coalition. Local politicians believe that Hearst has brought Glynn to Chicago to strengthen his machine by parading the Governor of the Empire State as his ally.

Gov. Glynn, however, insists that politics has nothing to do with his mission to Chicago, asserting that as a plain citizen of Albany, N. Y., he had started on a tour of the Continent for the purpose of absorbing ideas on civic progress and on legislation which he believes might be used to advantage in his town State. That was his plan, but tonight he announced that he had changed his mind and would return to New York tomorrow night.

Mr. Glynn plunged into a long dissertation on the political situation in New York State. He intimated that he might be a candidate for re-election as Governor and that Col. Roosevelt undoubtedly could "come back" and would make a great race for Governor if he would consent to be a candidate.

"We hear so much about Chicago in the East that I am particularly anxious to look over your fine buildings," said the Governor. "I may also look into your system of government a little. Many new laws are to go into effect in New York State next month, and naturally I am interested in knowing how extensively other States have worked along similar lines. One of the most important of the new laws is the Workmen's Compensation act, which goes into effect on July 1."

Gov. Glynn went on to enumerate some of the other new laws, mentioning the State Bureau for the Unemployed, the State ticket law, the Optional Charter act, the land bank, direct primaries, and the Massachusetts ballot. He refused to comment on the Wilson Administration, but said that New York would elect every Democratic Congressman this Fall and all others on the Democratic ticket.

"We are to try direct primaries for the first time," he said. "That means that we all must go out before the public for nomination."

He was asked if by "we" he meant that he was to be a candidate for re-election.

"I'm not saying anything about that now," he said, with a smile.

"What about Roosevelt, Whitman, and the others?" he was asked.

"Roosevelt would make a great race for Governor," Mr. Glynn replied. "He seems to be just as popular as ever, and there is no question but that thousands of his enthusiastic friends would carry on an effective campaign in his behalf. His voice, like 'Teddy' himself, might come back."

"Do you intend to run for Governor to succeed yourself?" Mr. Glynn was asked point blank.

"I don't know," was the response. "I have not made any announcement as to my plans."

Gov. and Mrs. Glynn are accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. William R. Hearst, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Barham, and two friends of Mrs. Hearst, Miss Hazel Bliss and Miss Margaret Goodrich. In the course of the day Gov. and Mrs. Glynn took an automobile trip through the parks and over Chicago's boulevard system. The evening was spent at Bismarck Garden, a noted German resort.

Mr. Glynn will visit a number of Chicago's public buildings and inspect the fire prevention system. He will be entertained at luncheon by Mayor Harrison at the La Salle Hotel, where he will meet many of Chicago's notable men in the fields of finance, commerce, and politics.

Mr. Hearst was asked today what he thought of Mr. Roosevelt's chances for the Presidency.

"I think his chances are good," Mr. Hearst replied. "I think there are very good chances for a union of the Republican and Progressive Parties. The Republicans have been taught a lesson, and are likely now to adopt progressive principles. In that case I should think Col. Roosevelt would have a good chance of being nominated and elected."

Mr. and Mrs. Hearst, Miss Goodrich, Miss Bliss, and Mr. and Mrs. Barham, whose home is in Los Angeles, are on their way to the Canadian Rockies, Vancouver, and San Francisco. Mrs. Glynn probably will go with the Hearst party to the Pacific Coast.

Hangs Himself in His Cell.

Thomas Kilkenny, a stableman, of 213 East Fiftieth Street, who was arrested yesterday afternoon for having a horse and wagon owned by Bloomingdale's department store in his possession, hanged himself in his cell of the East Sixty-second Street Police Station. He had attached one end of his suspenders to a pipe on the ceiling and had put the other around his neck.

Help your legs keep cool.

Throw away those tight, dragging rubber-leg-band garters. To-day. Put on the *new, cool,* efficient Boston Neverbind.

Patented tension strip makes it keep the socks smooth.
Weighs less than half an ounce.
No metal contact.

At your dealer's, 25 cents.

NEVERBIND Boston Garter
PATENTED 1913
George Frost Company
Makers of Boston Garters

Saks Clothes the coolest on earth

¶ Saks suits this Summer are the choicest creations of our CAREER.

¶ They are sonnets of style, singularly soft and SUMMERFUL.

¶ They are figuratively the new limp leather, India paper encyclopedia in clothes.

¶ The fabrics themselves have been selected for the SILKEN character of their FINISH.

¶ And the linings and interlinings have been served with a DISPOSSESS notice, and ejected.

¶ The result is a shell—a framework of fabric—a delicate structure of cloth—a skeleton of efficient omission—in which not a solitary ounce lags superfluous on the finished whole.

Suits $17.50 to $45

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Ten Shares of Stock

If you have the sum of $100 and can save $50 a month consider the advantage of buying good stocks at prevailing prices.

By availing yourself of the Partial Payment Plan you can secure one share in each of 10 sound corporations for a total of less than $1,000.

These ten shares, selected by our Investment Department, combine a high average of safety with an average yield of about 6%.

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MEN

Summer Suits $20 to $30 Grades At $14.50 and $16.50

The makers of our finest Suits—regularly here for $20 to $30—wished to clear their shops for Fall work. They offered us opportunity to purchase a large number of the same Suits at just cost of fabric and making.

Result is a Suit Sale better than anything thus far this season.

Fabrics of all desirable kinds are included. Patterns in great and good variety.

Also Tomorrow:—

$5 and $6 Silk Shirts, $3.85

The majority of these Shirts are of the "Eagle" and "Girard" makes—and just the patterns and qualities that are now marked full prices in the best stores of the city.

We warrant every Shirt perfect. The trade twist that brought them here for $3.85 would make a long story—the important thing is: that men never had a better chance to buy Silk Shirts under price.

Hosiery at 16c a Pair—25c, 35c and 50c Grades

Men's, women's and children's cotton, lisle, and even silk Hosiery at this remarkably small price. All perfect. One of the best offerings of the season.

Women's Pumps, $2.35 Marked Down From $4 and $5

Stock straightening makes lower price for some of the pretty Summer Pumps of our own lines. A variety of good models.

Another Sale of

White Tub Skirts $2 to $4.95

The first hundreds went in a jiffy, for rarely have such trim, good-looking Skirts been available at such prices.

Now we have several hundred more.

They are of linen, cordeline, pique, crepes, ratines, Bedford cords, khaki and other staple Summer materials.

Made in the newest styles and so carefully shaped that nine women out of ten will be fitted without alterations.

Correspondence Cards 25c Value at 12½c

White Cards in fabrics finished and with EMBOSSED INITIALS. Only B, C, D, H and R missing.

The Stationery Store is full of special values. Others are some 40c boxes of Writing Paper at 25c. This is the folded margin paper with gold-stamped initial on the margin.

Clearly This Is the Time

To Buy Eyeglasses

A marked lowering of prices on orders for Eyeglasses complete — lenses with mountings. The schedule is as follows:

$1 Spherical Lenses 50c Pair

$1.50 Cylindrical Lenses 75c Pair

$2 Compound Lenses $1 Pair

To these prices you should add 50c. for the gold-filled, thumb - and - finger - grip mountings which are regularly $1.50.

These prices will apply, please remember, only *on orders for both lenses and mountings.*

$1 Eyeglass Chains, 39c

Main Floor.

Frederick Loeser & Co.

BROOKLYN—NEW YORK

Subway to Hoyt Street—17 Minutes from Grand Central Station.

PRESIDENT FREES FOUR DYNAMITERS

Commutes the Sentences of Hannan, Painter, Mooney, and Shupe, Minor Union Leaders.

HOPE FOR TWO OTHERS

Twenty of the Conspirators Must Go to the Leavenworth Penitentiary at Once.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—President Wilson today commuted the sentences of four of the dynamiters convicted of transporting explosives illegally from State to State in connection with various outrages and ordered the men set free. The President refused to interfere in the cases of twenty others convicted of the crime, though two of them are permitted to file separate petitions.

The four men whose sentences were commuted were Michael J. H. Hannan of Scraton, Penn.; Frank H. Painter of Omaha, Neb.; Fred J. Mooney of Duluth, Minn., and William Shupe of Chicago. Hannan was sentenced for three years, Painter for two, Mooney and Shupe for a year and a day. All had served two years in jail.

The commutation does not pardon the men, and if they desire to have their citizenship restored to them they must petition for a pardon. In the cases of John H. Barry and Paul J. Morrin, the former sentenced for four years, and the latter for three, the President decided to withhold action until they might petition separately from the whole list of men. This was done for the reason that Attorney General McReynolds found that these men in their minor positions in the Structural Iron Workers' Association were entitled to consideration.

In the cases of twenty other officials of the association the President refused clemency. The list included Frank J. Ryan, the President of the organization, who was sentenced for seven years, and Eugene A. Clancy, San Francisco, six years; Michael J. Young, Boston, six years; Frank C. Webb, New York, six years; Philip A. Cooley, New Orleans, six years; John T. Butler, Buffalo, N. Y., six years; Charles N. Beum, Minneapolis, three years; Henry W. Legleitner, Pittsburgh, three years; Ernest G. W. Basey, Indianapolis, Ind., three years; J. E. Munsey, Salt Lake City, six years; Peter J. Smith, Cleveland, Ohio, four years; Murray L. Pennell, Springfield, Ill., three years; W. Bert Brown, Kansas City, three years; Edward Smythe, Peoria, Ill., three years; George Anderson, Cleveland, Ohio, three years; Frank J. Higgins, Boston, two years; Michael J. Cunnane, Philadelphia, three years; William E. Riddin, Milwaukee, three years.

The twenty convicted men to whom the President refused clemency, will start for the United States Penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan., tomorrow, to begin serving their sentences. The President today did not follow the customary practice of giving out a statement of his reasons for granting or withholding clemency.

SUFFRAGISTS TO SEE WILSON

Deputation of 700 Will Urge Him to Support Their Amendment.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—President Wilson today agreed to receive on June 30 a deputation of 700 woman suffragists representing the organized clubwomen of the country, headed by Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley. They will ask for his support of the suffrage Constitutional amendment.

On previous occasions the President has told the suffragists he would not recommend to Congress legislation not in the party programme, and that he could not recommend his individual views. The clubwomen believe that the recent action of the Federation of Women's Clubs at the Chicago convention declaring for suffrage should now be taken into consideration.

Gen. O'Ryan on Militia Board.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan of the New York National Guard was appointed by Secretary of War Garrison today a member of the National Militia Board. He succeeds Brig. Gen. Thomas J. Stewart of the Pennsylvania militia, whose term of service on the board has expired.

PITTSBURGH STRIKE REPLY.

Men Refer to Westinghouse Statement as Being Fair.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, June 24.—Employes of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company's plants, who have been on strike since June 5, prepared an answer today to the statement made to them by E. M. Herr, President and General Manager of the company. The answer refers to the company's statement as fair, and adds:

"We believe the company ought to offer now, while there is still discontent and unrest, such propositions as will bring about a termination of the controversy by the unanimous will of the employes now on strike. Therefore we ask the company, in good faith, to consider all the men and women on strike as their employes, and deal with them in the settlement of the essential points at issue."

A conference was held today between H. G. Prout, President of the Union Switch and Signal Company, and a committee of striking employes of the plant. Mr. Prout said he would have to meet with the men as employes before anything could be done toward a settlement.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Westinghouse Company today in New York City strike conditions at East Pittsburgh were discussed, and after a full report as to existing conditions at the works and the course pursued by the officers it was voted unanimously to approve the position taken by the officers and all their actions in the premises.

JACOB ADLER'S ART COSTLY.

His Wallet Missing—But He Still Has His New Play.

Jacob P. Adler, the Jewish actor, reported to the police yesterday that he had been robbed of a wallet containing $1,200 and $1,000 in travelers' checks. He went shopping on Tuesday evening, he said, and returned to his home at 68 Lenox Avenue on the Subway, with his arms full of bundles. He said that he reached home about 2 o'clock yesterday morning, and that it was not until then that he discovered his loss.

Mr. Adler said that he had purchased the travelers' checks in anticipation of a trip to Germany for the Summer. His son, Charles Adler, explained the loss of the wallet by saying that his father had accepted a tense play dealing with Jewish persecution in Russia a few days ago, and that his mind was so deeply engaged with its dramatic possibilities that he had become absent-minded.

The elder Mr. Adler did not know what pocket he had put the wallet into after making his last purchase, and was not even certain that he had not dropped it into the Subway ticket chopper's box in the place of a ticket while thinking of the villainy of the villain in "Broken Idols," the new play—to be produced at the People's Theatre in the Bowery on Sept. 1 with no rise in prices.

WANTS RESERVE BOARD.

McAdoo Asks Senate Committee to Hurry All the Confirmations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Mr. McAdoo, the Secretary of the Treasury, conferred with members of the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency today and urged the immediate confirmation of the five members of the Federal Reserve Board named by President Wilson. Secretary McAdoo devoted himself particularly to the nominations of Paul M. Warburg of New York and T. D. Jones of Chicago.

In speaking to members about Mr. Warburg, who is a member of the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Mr. McAdoo said that he had no personal interest in the confirmation and hed never sustained financial relations with Kuhn, Loeb & Co., although the tunnel company which constructed the tubes to New Jersey, formerly called after him, had relations with Kuhn, Loeb & Co. in the financing of that project.

Senator Owen of Oklahoma, Chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency, has called a meeting of the committee for tomorrow morning and will then endeavor to have the five sub-committees to which the names of the Federal Reserve Board members were referred make an immediate report. It seems now that the effort will be unsuccessful.

It is believed that the sub-committees to which the names of W. P. G. Harding of Birmingham, A. C. Miller of San Francisco, and C. S. Hamlin of Boston were referred are practically satisfied with the records of these three men and are ready to make favorable reports. The sub-committees to which the names of Mr. Warburg and Mr. Jones were referred wish to make further inquiry, however, and it was indicated today that Senator Owen would meet opposition in his endeavor to have reports made upon all five members tomorrow. If the sub-committees having the Warburg and Jones nominations in charge are not ready to report it is probable the other sub-committees will hold back, as it is desired that the five names be reported to the Senate at the same time.

The appearance of the Secretary of the Treasury at the Capitol was interpreted as an indication of the earnest desire of the White House to have the entire board assume its duties as soon as possible, so that the reserve system could be put into operation at an early date. Nothing short of direct pressure by the White House can compel immediate confirmation, however, as it is probable that there will be some discussion of the nominations even after they have been reported to the Senate.

Edwin P. Grosvenor of New York, who, as Assistant Attorney General, began the Government's anti-trust suit against the International Harvester Company, has written to President Wilson that Thomas D. Jones had no connection with any of the practices the Government contended were illegal. The letter was given out today at the White House as justifying the President's recent declaration to Senator Owen that there was nothing in Mr. Jones's relations with the Harvester corporation to disqualify him from serving on the Federal Reserve Board.

RESTRICTS PRINTER'S AUTO.

$4,000 Machine to Carry Materials Only, House Decides.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Democratic economists in the House struggled over the eternal automobile question again today. This time it came up in connection with consideration of the Sundry Civil bill, the discovery having been made that Public Printer Ford, who is a New Jersey Democrat, rides about the city in a handsome electric which was purchased for $4,000 with Government funds.

Representative Fowler of Illinois started the discussion. He said "as a Democrat" he could see no use for an automobile.

Representative Percy Quin, a Democrat of Mississippi, shouted:

"I am getting sick and tired of this business. In this city it is a common sight to see little office-holders riding around in great big automobiles. I have seen $2,000 office-holders disporting themselves in $4,000 cars, bought with money drained from the burdened tax-payers of the land. This thing has got to be stopped."

Somebody volunteered the information that the electric was used to carry money from the Treasury to the Printing Office.

"I'm glad to walk to get my money," declared Mr. Quin.

Whereupon the House put an amendment in the bill stipulating that hereafter Mr. Ford should use his car only to carry printing material and that its employment for purposes of pleasure should be stopped.

To Give Out Japan Correspondence

WASHINGTON, June 24.—America's reply to the last note from Japan protesting against the California alien land law was being prepared at the State Department today for publication on June 26, with all the correspondence between the two Governments on the subject. The last Japanese note was dated Aug. 23 last, and until recently it was understood that the State Department did not consider that it called for a reply. Secretary Bryan said today, however, that the reply would be made public with the earlier communications.

Federal Bill to Abolish Tips.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Tipe to porters and waiters on trains and steamboaes in interstate commerce are prohibited by the provisions of a bill introduced today by Senator Works. At the same time, if the bill becomes law, it will make it unlawful for an employer to pay such low wages that tips are necessary for the proper compensation of the employe.

SENATORS DESPAIR OF CLAYTON BILL

Leaders May Appeal to President to Curtail Session's Anti-Trust Legislation.

COMMITTEE BADLY SPLIT

Members Can't Agree on Interlocking, Price-Fixing Labor Sections—New Amendments by Cummins.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The Clayton Anti-Trust bill, now under consideration by the Senate Judiciary Committee, is badly snarled. Members of the committee seem unable to agree upon what shall go into the bill or what shall be stricken out. Each change is undertaken tentatively and sections are replaced in the bill almost as rapidly as they are stricken out.

The prospect of an immediate report has passed. Senator Reed jocularly offered a resolution today that the committee adjourn to Atlantic City to complete the bill where the cool breezes blow. The committee seized upon the proposal and seemed in a mood to adopt it. The committee, however, will remain in Washington in an attempt to draft a satisfactory bill.

The members have found little common ground for prohibition of interlocking directorates and holding companies, and they have not finally agreed on how to prevent price fixing. The sections designed to relieve labor from the Sherman law and to govern the issuance of injunctions in labor disputes have led to endless argument. The prospect for an early agreement, some members of the committee say, is not rosy, and the sentiment against reporting any such measure at this time is growing.

Senator Hoke Smith, a member of the committee, called at the White House tonight. He intended to discuss Georgia patronage particularly, but his visit is taken as a forerunner of visits by other members of the committee, who may seek the aid of President Wilson or may attempt to advise him that the Clayton bill presents so many difficulties that its consideration might well be left until cool weather.

There was talk again today about an effort to have the President agree to limit the amount of anti-trust legislation at this session, but no concerted action has been taken by Democrats on the committee to this end. Senators on the committee are said to feel that it is not possible for them to go into the questions involved in this bill in a few weeks, and that the measure deserves months of consideration, with comprehensive hearings.

Most of the session today was devoted to Section 6, which provides that a final judgment or decree asserting the violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust act shall "constitute against such defendant conclusive evidence of the same facts and be conclusive as to the same questions of law in favor of any other party in any action or proceeding brought under the provisions of any of the anti-trust laws." In this section the word "conclusive" was stricken out and the words "prima facie" inserted. Agreement was reached upon this point and may withstand assault during subsequent consideration of the bill.

Senator Cummins, Republican of Iowa, in the hope of effecting a compromise on Sections 8 and 9, which relate to interlocking control of corporations, including common carriers, proposed five amendments to the Federal Trade Commission bill. The committee ordered that the Cummins amendments be printed for further consideration.

This group of amendments is intended to empower the Federal Trade Commission to administer the proposed law against interlocking control of corporations and to raise the commission from the status of a mere inquisitorial board to that of an administrative board of wide powers. The five Cummins amendments provide that one common carrier may not own or control another common carrier, except as an extension of a line; that common Directors or officers in competing corporations shall be forbidden, that two or more corporations engaged in interstate commerce shall not have common officers, that the same prohibitions shall apply to common carriers, and that the determination of the facts shall rest with the Federal Trade Commission.

The sections which it is intended these amendments shall supplant provide against common ownership of corporations where the effect of "such acquisition is to eliminate or substantially lessen competition"; prohibit offcers in common carrier corporations from acting as officers in companies selling supplies to the corporations, and prohibit interlocking directorates and official boards among banks having deposits, capital, surplus, and undivided profits in excess of $2,500,000.

Senator Newlands tonight made an unsuccessful attempt to have the Trade Commission bill made the Senate's unfinished business. Objection was made to his proposal, but he will renew it tomorrow and probably will gain his point.

Petitions for and against the labor exemption clause in the Clayton bill and in the sundry civil bill are beginning to reach the White House. One memorial from the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, purporting to represent the views of 250,000 business men, received today, protested against the exemptions as "class legislation in its worst form."

Bay State Labor Bill Advanced.

BOSTON, June 24.—The Anti-Injunction bill aimed to prevent the issuance of injunctions against labor unions during strikes, was passed to a third reading by the Senate today by a vote of 20 to 14. The House has already passed the bill.

Charge Purchases will be billed August 1st.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-566 AND 568 Fifth Avenue, 46TH AND 47TH STS.

OFFER FOR QUICK CLEARANCE

$75 to $125 Silk & Cloth Suits at $35

A practically new selection of street and afternoon styles, assembled from incomplete lines of our regular stocks. Navy, black, smart checks and fashionable shades.

$65 to $95 Cloth Suits at $22

$45 to $65 Silk Coats at $25

Handsome models, of taffeta, moire and faille.

Linen Coats at $10. Shantung Coats at $25

$28 to $48 Sheer Frocks at $15

Dainty effects, of dimity, striped organdie, voile and crepe.

$8 to $10 Blouses Of Jap. silk, organdie and batiste; at— **$5**

$18 to $28 Outing Skirts at $7 to $12

Of serge, worsted, crepe, linen and repp.

Arnold, Constable & Co.

Continuing from Day to Day Their

UNPRECEDENTED CLEARANCE SALE

of a stock valued at $1,159,000 00/100 of most desirable merchandise

The various stocks represented in this sale and the approximate value of each are about as follows:

CARPETS—	$250,000	LEATHER GOODS—	$2,000	UNDERWEAR—	$10,000	WAISTS—	$20,000
RUGS—	$250,000	HANDKERCHIEFS—	$5,000	SUITS—	$40,000	FURNISHINGS (Women's)—	$40,000
UPHOLSTERY—	$150,000	WASH GOODS—	$25,000	PARASOLS—	$2,000	FURNISHINGS (Men's)—	$50,000
SILKS—	$100,000	LACES—	$50,000	NECKWEAR—	$25,000	LINENS—	$75,000
DRESS GOODS—	$10,000	HOSIERY—	$40,000	DRESSES—	$5,000	GLOVES—	$10,000
Total.....	$760,000	Total.....	$122,000	Total.....	$82,000	Total.....	$195,000

Being positively the largest amount of merchandise ever offered at any one clearance sale.

NOTE—This enormous and most varied stock of merchandise represents purchases made by us on an entirely spot cash basis, the sources of which and the reason for the sale being

FIRST—A purchase for cash of the interest of a retiring partner.

SECOND—Large purchases for cash from manufacturers at enormous discounts owing to depressed business conditions.

THIRD—Purchases from Arnold, Constable & Co. (wholesale) at half price, preparatory to their stock inventory.

FOURTH—Our decision to absolutely rid our shelves of our own retail stocks prior to the arrival of exceptionally large Fall and Winter Purchases.

Today (Thursday) and Friday, Sales will be specialized as follows:

The Great Clearance Sale Offering of a $25,000 Stock of Men's, Women's and Children's

Superior Grade Summer Hosiery

at this most opportune time presents rare price saving possibilities

Prices are made to close out our Entire Surplus Stocks—all our own regular Retail and Wholesale high grade dependable makes, well known to our clientele. A comparison of values will readily demonstrate the great savings to purchasers. **Special prices for quantities of three or six pairs.**

Women's and Children's Hose

WOMEN'S STOCKINGS, MERCERIZED LISLE—*Formerly 35c pair.* Now 3 pairs for **65c**, 6 pairs for **1.25**, single pair **23c**

WOMEN'S STOCKINGS, SILK LISLE—*Formerly 50c pair.* Now 3 pairs for **95c**, 6 pairs for **1.85**, single pair **33c**

WOMEN'S STOCKINGS, PURE THREAD SILK—Black with fancy colored silk tops. *Formerly $1.00 pair.* Now 3 pairs for **1.95**, 6 pairs for **3.85**, single pair **68c**

WOMEN'S STOCKINGS, PURE THREAD SILK—Lisle tops and soles, black, white, tan. *Formerly $1.00 pair.* Now 3 pairs for **1.95**, 6 pairs for **3.85**, single pair **68c**

WOMEN'S STOCKINGS, PURE THREAD INGRAIN SILK—Black. Double thickness splicing. *Formerly $1.50 pair.* Now 3 pairs for **2.75**, 6 pairs for **5.40**, single pair **95c**

WOMEN'S STOCKINGS, FRENCH SILK—Black or white. Elaborate hand emb. insteps. *Formerly $4.00 to $10.50 pair.* Now pair **2.00** to **3.50**

CHILDREN'S IMPORTED WHITE SOCKS—Sizes 4 to 9. *Formerly 25c pair.* Now 3 pairs for **50c**, 6 pairs for **95c**

CHILDREN'S FINE RIBBED COTTON HOSE—Sizes 6 to 9½. *Formerly 20c pair.* Now 3 pairs for **45c**, 6 pairs for **80c**

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL HOSE—Sizes 6 to 10. Fine ribbed cotton. Linen heels and toes. *Formerly 25c pair.* Now 3 pairs for **50c**, 6 pairs for **95c**

CHILDREN'S FIBRE SILK PLAITED HOSE—Sizes 6 to 9½. *Formerly 35c pair.* Now 3 pairs for **75c**, 6 pairs for **1.45**, single pair **29c**

Men's Half Hose

SILK MERCERIZED LISLE—Fancy clocked effects. *Formerly 25c pair.* Now 3 pairs for **50c**, 6 pairs for **95c**, single pair **18c**

SILK FINISHED LISLE—Vertical pencil stripe. *Formerly 25c pair.* Now 3 pairs for **50c**, 6 pairs for **95c**, single pair **18c**

OUR STANDARD "LONG WEAR" SOCKS—*Formerly 35c pair* Now 3 pairs for **70c**, 6 pairs for **1.35**, single pair **25c**

FINEST ARTIFICIAL SILK SOCKS—*Formerly 35c pair* Now 3 pairs for **70c**, 6 pairs for **1.35**, single pair **25c**

SILK SOCKS—Firm sheer quality, plain colors. *Formerly 50c pair.* Now 3 pairs for **70c**, 6 pairs for **1.35**, single pair **25c**

ENGLISH BALBRIGGAN—Black, 9½ and 11½ only. *Fomerly 75c and $1.00 pair.* Now 3 pairs for **70c**, 6 pairs for **1.35**, single pair **25c**

GENUINE PLAIN FRENCH LISLE—9½ and 10 only. *Formerly $1.00 pair.* Now 3 pairs for **1.30**, 6 pairs for **2.50**, single pair **45c**

SILK SOCKS—Dark heather mixtures. *Formerly 50c pair* Now 3 pairs for **1.30**, 6 pairs for **2.50**, single pair **45c**

SILK SOCKS—Accordion two toned ribbed. *Formerly 50c pair* Now 3 pairs for **1.30**, 6 pairs for **2.50**, single pair **45c**

GENUINE FRENCH LISLE—Hand clocked. *Formerly $1.25 pair.* Now 3 pairs for **1.45**, 6 pairs for **2.80**, single pair **50c**

HEAVY SILK HOSE—Plain and two tone. *Formerly $1.50 pair.* Now 3 pairs for **2.75**, 6 pairs for **5.40**, single pair **95c**

Special Values in Pretty Collars

And Other Smart Additions to the Summer Costume.

For Women and Misses.

LAY DOWN COLLARS—Shadow and novelty laces with and without jabots; cream and white. *Formerly $1.50.* **Reduced to 95c**

NECK RUFFS—Waterproof maline; two toned effects. *Formerly $2.00.* **Reduced to 1.00**

EVENING CAPS—Maline and fancy silk. *Formerly $2.50.* **Reduced to 1.65**

GIRDLES—Roman stripe satin; deep fringed ends. *Formerly $2.75.* **Reduced to 1.95**

SCARVES—Marquisette, allover jet dot; evening shades. *Formerly $3.25.* **Reduced to 2.15**

Shirtwaist Patterns

To Close Entire Remaining Stock of These High Grade Qualities at Half Prices and Less.

WAIST PATTERNS on Batiste, elaborately hand drawn and hand embroidered in beautiful designs. *Formerly $4.50 to $6.50.* **Reduced to 2.50**

WAIST PATTERNS on Fine French Linen, exquisitely hand embroidered in most effective designs. *Formerly $8.00 to $16.50.* **Reduced to 4.00 6.00**

House Robes

Greatly Reduced.

HOUSE ROBES—Voile, made to simulate a dress, trimmed plaitings of taffeta, net and lace. *Formerly $22.50.* **Reduced to 11.95**

Fine Leather Goods

Decisive Reductions In All Lines.

VICTORIA VANITY CASES—Fitted. *Formerly $4.50.* **Reduced to 2.95**

WOMEN'S LEATHER HAND BAGS—*Formerly $5.00 to $7.50* **Reduced to 3.50**

WOMEN'S LEATHER HAND BAGS—*Formerly $6.50 to $9.00.* **Reduced to 3.95**

WOMEN'S LEATHER HAND BAGS—*Formerly $7.50 to $13.50.* **Reduced to 5.00**

VACATION SEWING BASKETS AND BOXES— *Formerly $5.00 and $7.00.* **Reduced to 1.95 to 3.50**

FITTED TOILET CASES— *Formerly $5.00 to $25.00.* **Reduced to 3.50 to 16.50**

TRAVELLING BAGS AND SUIT CASES—*Formerly $12.00 to $27.00.* **Reduced to 7.50 to 18.00**

Great Economies in Summer Fabrics

A very large assortment of fine materials, chiefly imported, for pretty washable frocks, smart tailored suits and negligees.

Imported Cotton Challie, printed Irish Dimity, Linen Suitings. *Formerly 25c to 35c yard.* *To Close* **12½c**

Printed French Percale, imported Madras shirting, high-grade dress Gingham. *Formerly 25c to 45c yard.* *To Close* **18c**

Fancy Ratines, colored dotted Swiss, striped and check Voiles. *To Close* **35c**

Another Great Sale of

Dainty Summer Blouses

VOILE—Lace trimmed. *Formerly $4.50.* **Reduced to 2.50**

CREPE DE CHINE—Hemstitched. *Formerly $6.50.* **Reduced to 3.95**

FRENCH VOILE—Embroidered. *Formerly $12.00.* **Reduced to 6.75**

CREPE DE CHINE—Lace trimmed. *Formerly $15.00.* **Reduced to 8.75**

CREPE VOILE—Hand-made. *Formerly $15.00.* **Reduced to 9.50**

Unmade Robes Half Price and Less

FINE PRINCESS AND MARQUISE LACE ROBES—In a variety of beautiful designs. All are from our regular stock and marked at these unusual prices for quick clearance. *Formerly $55.00 to $110.00.* **Reduced to 25.00 35.00 55.00**

BLACK LACE TUNICS—The smartest of the season's models, hand run and elaborately hand embroidered. Designs most adapted to present style. *Formerly $40.00 to $90.00.* **Reduced to 20.00 35.00 40.00**

Interesting Reductions in

Negligee Apparel

for Women and Misses.

KIMONOS—White crossbar dimity. *Formerly $3.95.* **Reduced to 2.75**

NEGLIGEES—Empire style, figured dimity and voile. *Formerly $5.50 and $6.75.* **Reduced to 2.95**

KIMONOS—Florentine silk, figured *Formerly $5.45 to $5.95.* **Reduced to 3.95**

HOUSE ROBES—Albatross, in various colors; lace trimmed. *Formerly $6.95.* **Reduced to 4.95**

Women's Summer Gloves

CHAMOIS LISLE—16 button length, in white and natural. *Formerly $1.25 pair.* **Reduced to 85c**

CHAMOIS LISLE—2 clasp; best quality, in white only. *Formerly $1.25 pair.* **Reduced to 85c**

DOESKIN—1 clasp; white only. *Formerly $1.25 pair.* **Reduced to 95c**

DOESKIN—12 button length, in white. *Formerly $2.50 pair.* **Reduced to 1.75**

House Furnishing Specials at Clearance Sale Prices

Upholstery

Lace Curtains, Tapestries, Armures, Damasks, Cretonne — **⅓ to ½ Off**

Carpets

$100,000.00 Stock Best Brussels and Wilton. From $1.10 to $2.75 per yard. — **Averaging ⅓ Off**

Oriental Rugs and Carpets

$50,000.00 Stock $8.00 to $100.00 Rugs. $100,000.00 Stock $300.00 to $8,000.00 Rugs. — **¼ to ½ Off**

Domestic Rugs

Odd sizes made up in our workrooms from best Brussels and Wilton Carpets; special lot valued at $10,000.00 **At ⅓ Off**

NOTE—These offerings will remain in force throughout June, July and August. Purchases made now will be delivered and charged on Fall bills. Estimates and specifications given for the furnishing of clubs, hotels, restaurants and apartments, affording a price saving opportunity not to be overlooked.

Broadway & 19th Street

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION INSURANCE

TO EMPLOYERS — Would you like a thoroughly honest and UNBIASED opinion as to what form of insurance you should accept, from one who is not interested as a broker, in advising you to take stock company insurance in order to earn a commission on the policy, nor in advising you to take insurance from Mutuals or the State Fund in order to hold down his job? If so, consult me.

If you have already decided, before you pay the premium consult me to know you are paying the correct premium. There are ways to write policies that will materially reduce the cost, if you know how. MY MODERATE FEE may save you much money.

GEORGE W. RYAN,
Adviser. Mediator
30 Church St.

Tobey-Made Furniture

AMONG several pieces lately received from our shops was a handsome carved mahogany lamp. The design was based on motifs from the Italian Renaissance, and was executed with all the perfection of the Tobey hand workmanship. The crispness and sharpness of the hand carving at first glance distinguish the piece from the commonplace machine product.

The shade, also of our own manufacture, is made up in champagne-colored silk lined with rose, giving an unusual and strikingly beautiful tone when the lamp is lit. The whole effect is one of elegance and distinction.

Price $250.

The Tobey Furniture Company,
Fifth Ave. at Fifty-Third St.

A New Book

At the Casa Napoleon

By

THOMAS A. JANVIER

Filled with that charm which hovers over the passing away of a quaint and rare existence. And no writer but Janvier, with his keenness for discovering unusual settings, could have made this bit of bygone New York so real and desirable. Though the scene is New York, it is a New York new and full of interest to the most of us, with a life almost as foreign as that of some small European town. In reading of the doings of the dwellers in the Casa Napoleon — mostly Latins — you realize what discoveries the metropolis offers to those in search of exotic flavor.

TODAY

At Any Book-store

Harper & Brothers, N. Y.

Carlsbad Sprudel Salt

recommended for ailments Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Gout, Rheumatism. Cures constipation. Insist on the genuine imported article.

WRITE FOR BOOKLET.

EISNER - MENDELSON CO., New York.

ADVERTISEMENT.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder. It relieves painful, smarting, tender, nervous feet, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain relief for sweating, callous, swollen, tired, aching feet. Always use it to Break in New shoes. Try it *today*. Sold everywhere, 25 cts. *Don't accept any substitute.* For FREE trial package address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

DAILY TRANSATLANTIC CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

LORD DECIES WINS ON FINAL APPEAL

Law Lords Declare the Builders Ought Never to Have Questioned the Judgment.

ARE ORDERED TO PAY COSTS

These May Amount to $200,000—The Printing of the Record Alone Has Cost Over $5,000.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 24.—The House of Lords today dismissed the appeal which the builders had taken against Lord Decies from the decision of the lower courts in the prolonged litigation over the bills for the reconstruction of his country mansion, Sefton Park, Stoke Poges.

The Law Lords expressed the opinion that the case ought never to have been brought and ordered the builders to pay the legal costs incurred by Lord Decies.

This decision of the House of Lords, the highest court in the British Empire, ends triumphantly for Lord Decies's litigation which has been in progress almost ever since his marriage in 1911 to Miss Vivien Gould, daughter of George J. Gould. The bill in dispute was, in fact, incurred through the necessity of renovating Sefton Park to receive Lord Decies's American bride.

The contract was let to Holland, Hannen & Cubitts of London, and their account was for about $100,000. To $65,000 of this Lord Decies had no objection, but he refused absolutely to pay the remainder. This, he asserted, was an absolute overcharge, and he made a counterclaim on the ground that some of the work which he admitted that he had ordered had been so badly done that he had already paid in excess for it.

When the case came to trial in the High Court in November, 1912, the builders claimed that, as the alterations were not complete when Lord and Lady Decies returned from their wedding trip, they had gone to the South Kensington Museum and had ordered certain decorative designs, such as those for mantelpieces, to be copied. Real oak paneling was used in the bedrooms and sitting rooms, the dowage, Lady Decies's bedroom, was finished magnificently in walnut, and a strong room had been provided for Lady Decies's gold plate and jewelry.

Mr. Justice Bailhache ruled against Lord Decies in this trial and held him responsible for the extension of the plans for the remodeling of the house, which had run his bill up from about $50,000 to $100,000. The precise sum to be paid, however, was, the Court directed, to be settled by an arbitrator, and it also decided against Lord Decies in his counter claim.

Against these rulings Lord Decies took an appeal in February, 1913, and in doing so he obtained permission to include among the defendants the architects and surveyors, accusing them of having been parties to a deliberate fraud to pad his bills.

As a result of this Mr. Justice Bailhache decided that it would be well for him to pay a personal visit of inspection to Sefton Park and see for himself if the renovating work had been carried out as badly as it had been represented. This he did last July, and when he took his seat on the bench after this trip he announced that he had found just cause for Lord Decies's complaint on at least three heads. The joinery he considered poorly fitted, so that a considerable allowance should be made by the contractor on that score. The vibration of the floors he had noted for himself, and he thought Lord Decies justified in complaining of the way in which through this vibration sounds were carried from one part of the house to another.

The trial, however, lasted for thirteen days, and the Judge took two hours in giving his judgment. He dismissed some of the points raised by Lord Decies as "finicky," and he criticised the amount of detail which had been injected into the case, but he held that there were solid grounds of complaint, although saying they were perhaps due rather to carelessness than negligence on the part of the workmen. The design of the building Sir Clement Bailhache pronounced excellent, and he said that it reflected credit on the architect, although proper supervision had not been exercised on the work. So a verdict of $25,000 in favor of Lord Decies was entered.

From the three decisions of the High Court in this case, two against and one for Lord Decies, an appeal was taken to the Court of Appeals. This favored Lord Decies, and the builders then went to the House of Lords, which has now finally decided against them.

So costly has been the litigation that the loss of the $35,000 at first in dispute is comparatively a small matter compared with the order to pay costs. These may amount to $200,000. The printing of the record alone has cost over $5,000.

LAKE CONSTANCE DISASTER.

At Least 35 Fishermen Drowned as the Result of a Sudden Storm.

FRIEDRICHSHAFEN, Germany, June 24.—Ten bodies of fishermen were recovered this morning from Lake Constance and at least twenty-five more are missing. They are believed to have been drowned in a sudden terrific storm which occurred over this region yesterday.

The storm broke so quickly that the fishermen were unable to reach land, only a mile or so away.

Many were rescued by lake steamers and other craft after their light boats had capsized.

To Hear De Kay's Appeal Today.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 24.—The appeal of John W. De Kay, ex-President of the Mexican Packing Company, for a reversal of the judgment given against him last March in the action brought by a London jewelry firm, will be heard tomorrow.

DUCHESS'S JEWELS SOLD.

Marlborough Gems Auctioned in London—Northwick Sale Continued.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 24.—Jewels belonging to the late Lily, Duchess of Marlborough, were sold today at Christie's.

A brilliant collet necklace, composed of thirty-five fine graduated brilliants, was sold for $22,500.

A rope of 215 graduated pearls brought $14,000; a brilliant tiara $8,000, a cat's-eye and brilliant knot-of-riband brooch, $4,900, and a cat's-eye and brilliant oval cluster brooch $3,800.

The sale of the Northwick collection of engravings continued at Christie's, with the further disposal of portraits after Sir Joshua Reynolds. The highest price paid was $3,580, for a whole-length portrait of Isabella, Duchess of Rutland, by Valentine Green, in the first state. Other prices were:

Portrait of "Mrs. Pelham Feeding Chickens," by W. Dickinson, whole length, a fine impression of the only state, $2,100.

The Ladies Waldegrave, by Valentine Green, first state, $1,835.

Colonel Tarleton, by J. R. Smith, whole length, first state, $1,285.

Louis Philippe, Duke of Orleans, by J. R. Smith, whole length, proof before any letters, $680.

OXFORD HONORS MR. PAGE.

Lord Bryce Also Receives Degree—Ambassador Well Received.

OXFORD, June 24.—A very enthusiastic reception was accorded to Walter Hines Page, the American Ambassador; Viscount Bryce, ex-British Ambassador at Washington, and the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha when they came up at today's encaenia, or commemoration, to receive the degrees conferred on them by the university.

Ambassador Page and the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha were created Doctors of Civil Law, while Lord Bryce was made a Doctor of Laws.

In introducing Ambassador Page the public orator dwelt on the hundred years of unbroken peace during which the friendship between the two great English-speaking nations had been steadily strengthened, and he referred also to the new ties between Oxford University and the United States knit by the will of Cecil Rhodes.

MALATESTA HAS ESCAPED.

Italian Anarchist Leader Said to be on the Way to London.

GENEVA, June 24.—Enrico Malatesta, the well-known Italian anarchist, whom the Italian Government has been seeking to arrest in connection with the recent revolutionary uprisings in Italy, has succeeded in making his escape.

Malatesta, who organized the plot to establish republican rule, was the leader of the anarchists at Ancona, where the first demonstration took place on June 7, resulting in the general strike. He fled when bluejackets from the naval division commanded by Admiral Cagni reinforced the Ancona garrison.

Disguised as a workman, Malatesta made his way to the Swiss frontier, crossing the boundary at Chiasso. He remained in concealment for a time, and is now believed to be on his way to London.

PROMISES AID TO REDMOND.

M. J. Ryan of the United Irish League of America Sends Telegram.

PHILADELPHIA, June 24.—In reply to the cablegram received two days ago from John E. Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, Michael J. Ryan, President of the United Irish League of America, today sent the following cablegram:

National Committee meeting July 16. All needed money forthcoming. Liberty-loving America practically unanimous in approval of your leadership. Tory contention inimical to twentieth century spirit and defeat certain. This is era of awakened democracy.

German Army Airman Killed.

SCHWERIN, June 24.—Another aviation fatality occurred in the German Army Flying Corps today, when Lieut. Kolbe was killed by the overturning of the aeroplane that he was piloting during a too abrupt landing. Capt. Ruff, his passenger, suffered a broken leg.

U. S. WARSHIP SALE HAS AVERTED WAR

Greeks Jubilant at News That They Can Have the Idaho and Mississippi.

TO PAY ABOUT $11,500,000

Porte's Proposal to Exchange Property of Turkish Refugees for That of Greek Refugees Accepted.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, June 24.—The news of the vote of the American Congress authorizing the sale of the battleships Idaho and Mississippi to Greece has aroused much enthusiasm here. Nevertheless, no bellicose strain is noticeable in the afternoon papers, which are unanimous in regarding the acquisition of these ships by Greece as making for peace—at least until the new Turkish dreadnoughts have been delivered.

Official circles declare that peace is now assured and that Greece can proceed with absolute calm to negotiate the difficult questions pending with Turkey, who, it is believed, will now be more tractable.

LONDON, Thursday, June 25.—The Daily Telegraph's Athens correspondent wires:

"From knowledge in my possession I can say that the American Representatives had it in their power yesterday to decide whether the third Balkan war was to be declared during the current week or be postponed and allow time for influences which are at work to avert it altogether.

Whether the latter will be achieved remains doubtful, but one can say that the danger of an immediate outbreak, at least, has been postponed, and that, as regards the present war menace created by the persecutions in Asia Minor, a pacific settlement seems probable."

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, Thursday, June 25.—Greece yesterday communicated a new note to the powers accepting the Porte's proposals that the property of Turkish refugees shall be exchanged for the property of Greek refugees, and that a Graeco-Turkish commission be appointed to make a valuation of the properties. Greece invites the powers to designate a neutral Chairman for the commission.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Navy officials were busy today preparing to turn over the battleships Idaho and Mississippi to the Greek Government. Final action on the Naval Appropriation bill, which includes authority for the sale of the ships, will be taken in day or two, and as soon as the President has signed the measure the department will be ready to order the transfer.

It is left to the President and the Secretary of Navy to name the sale price, the intention being to fix this at the actual cost of construction and equipment. This involves a rather complex situation, but it is believed that $11,500,000 will be about the figure. With the vessels will go most of the supplies now aboard and a full store of coal to carry them to their destinations.

According to the tentative plan of transfer the Idaho, which is now at Gibraltar, will be sent northward to Gravesend, England, where she will be met by the battleship Alabama, now in reserve at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, which will take off her personnel, including the Annapolis midshipmen, now on their Summer cruise. Then the Idaho will be manned by a Greek naval crew.

The Mississippi, now at Pensacola, will be sent to a northern navy yard, probably Boston, to be stripped of aeronautic appliances. Her personnel will be transferred to the North Carolina, now in reserve at Boston. Greek sailors will be on hand to take her across the Atlantic.

MILITANTS AGAIN ACTIVE.

Attacks on Letter Boxes and Raids on West End Theatres.

LONDON, June 24.—The activities of the militant suffragettes, which had been in suspense since Premier Asquith agreed to receive a deputation of east end workingwomen, were resumed today in the shape of attacks on city letter boxes and organized raids on many west end theatres.

The militants also created disturbances at a social function at the Royal Academy.

COMPLAIN OF HER DRESS.

Row in a French Provincial Town Due to One Woman's Gorgeousness.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 24.—A delightful instance of provincial female jealousy is reported from Saint Mihiel, in the Meuse Department.

The other day the rector of the university called into his study one of the professors, M. Corot, and reproached him because of his wife's "frivolity and love of dress." He said he had received a letter of complaint from the Mayor, Dr. Albert Thiery.

The professor sent off a furious letter to the Mayor, telling him he had all the difficulty in the world in preventing his wife from serving the Mayor as Mme. Caillaux served M. Calmette.

The Mayor disclaimed responsibility, declaring that he was only the mouthpiece of a number of good citizens who had petitioned him to take action.

M. Corot, having recovered from his wrath, explained that he had ample means to allow his wife to dress as she pleased, and Mme. Corot herself then let the jealous ones into the secret of her "extravagant" toilettes.

"Yes, I love to be elegantly gowned," she said. "Thus on race day I wore one of the new cloaks. It was the first time such a thing had been seen in this town. What a to do! I was voted eccentric and fast.

"The fact is, I make my own dresses. Not long ago I appeared in public with a gown covered with Irish lace made by myself during the long Winter evenings. The whole thing cost me $7.50."

A REGENT IN SERVIA.

Government of the Country Placed in the Crown Prince's Hands.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, June 24.—King Peter of Servia has appointed the Crown Prince as Regent of that country. The news has caused considerable surprise here.

It is believed that the King left Belgrade on account of difficulties with army officers, leaving his son to deal with a very difficult situation.

BELGRADE, June 24.—King Peter today left Belgrade for the baths at Vranya, in the southern part of Servia. A royal proclamation issued shortly afterward was as follows:

"Owing to ill-health I am unable to perform my duties, and, in accordance with Paragraph 69 of the Servian Constitution, I confide the Government of Servia to my heir, the Crown Prince Alexander, during my illness."

As it was known that King Peter, who is 70 years old, was seriously ill, the first impression caused to the public by the issue of the proclamation was that his Majesty had actually abdicated. There would be little surprise in Court circles if today's action by the King should turn out to be merely a preliminary step to abdication, which King Peter is said to have had in contemplation for some time.

The Crown Prince is the King's second son, his eldest son, Prince George, having renounced his right to succession to the throne before Prince Alexander was born in 1888.

Albanian Rebels Take Two Towns.

LONDON, June 24.—Fighting continues in Albania, and the Mussulman insurgents, according to late advices, have captured Berat, thirty miles northeast of Avlona, and one other small town.

PARIS POSTMEN, HUNGRY, GIVE WAY

Resume Work After Barricading Themselves in General Post Office for Hours.

MAY GET INCREASED PAY

Minister Promises to Urge Their Claims in the Senate—Obtained a Little Food by a Rope Bridge.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 24.—The letter carriers' strike ended this afternoon by the surrender of the men. The Minister of Posts and Telegraphs promised to support the men's claims for increased allowances before the Senate, and on this undertaking the strikers capitulated.

Exciting scenes preceded the surrender. When during the night the police, municipal guards, and soldiers from four regiments occupied the courtyard of the General Post Office the carriers retired to the sorting rooms on the first floor, where this morning 4,000,000 letters were waiting to be sorted.

Directly 1,200 sorters came on duty at 5 A. M. they barred and barricaded the doors and refused to touch a single letter.

Early in the afternoon the strikers who were holding the fort began to feel hungry. They had been confined in their improvised blockhouse since 5 o'clock without food. From the windows they made signals to their friends in the street to buy provisions for them and lowered sacks by long strings from the windows in order to draw up much-needed supplies. The police, however, were on the watch, and as soon as consignments of loaves and cheese and bottles of wine had been attached to the dangling strings they dashed forward and cut the strings.

The famished postmen howled with rage. Some onlookers interfered, and a free fight followed.

Then an ingenious confederate in the street climbed to the top of a provision van. He was attaching another supply to a rope when the police drew the van away and spoiled the adventure.

Finally a string bridge was arranged from the windows of the Post Office to those of a house opposite, and across this frail structure bags of victuals made their way precariously. They amounted to very little among so many, however, and the urgency of their appetites played a large part in inducing the men to seek the interview with the Minister of Posts, which resulted in the agreement to resume work immediately.

Afterward Paris soon had two deliveries of letters, the men trying to make up for lost time.

KEMP COMING FIRST CABIN.

But the "Tramp Poet" Has Only One Suit, a Handbag, and $1.50.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 24.—Harry Kemp, the "tramp poet," who came to England as a stowaway, sailed today for New York as a first class passenger on board the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria.

He had only one suit, a single handbag, and the sum of $1.50 in his pocket. He was persuaded that he ought to have a dress suit. A friend promised him his second best suit, but when he went home to fetch it found that his wife had sold it.

"Anyway, I'm saved from being conventional," said Kemp.

Will Still Call It Culebra Cut.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, June 24.—The change of name of Culebra Cut by the American Congress to Gaillard Cut meets with little approval among Americans on the isthmus, though there is no desire to detract from the great work of the late Col. Gaillard. To thousands of workers instrumental in conquering the mountain pass the cut will continue to be Culebra, as it has been from the days of the French company till now.

CENTS AND DOLLARS

AT a police examination one question read:

"If you buy a watch for $10.25 and sell it for $8.75 do you gain or lose?" One lad replied: "You gain on the cents but lose on the dollars."

In mortgage investments too many people gain on the cents and lose on the dollars. They get big interest but often lose part of their principal.

The Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates we sell pay 4½% and the principal is safe.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO
Capital . . $ 5,000,000
Surplus (all earned) 11,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

For Economy, Cleanliness, and Convenience, Use

SIMPLEX INK TABLETS

10c. *Tube for Fountain Pen.*
50c. *gt. Box for Ink Well.*
Made in black, blue, red, green, violet.
Ask your stationer or send for sample to
SIMPLEX INK COMPANY,
507 5th Av., Phone Murray Hill 5307.

GIMBELS

Broadway and Thirty-third Street
Store Opens at 8:30

Let GIMBELS Go With You on Your Summer Travels

When you leave New York for the summer you need leave nothing behind, as far as GIMBELS is concerned, but the store building itself.

The Store's STOCKS and its SERVICE will go wherever you do, if you wish them to.

The MAIL ORDER BUREAU will attend promptly to your wishes expressed by telegraph, telephone or letter.

Our swift MOTOR DELIVERY SERVICE brings your orders to the door of your summer home, as far down on the Jersey coast as Manasquan, or as far north or east as Mt. Kisco and Stamford.

IF YOU GO ABROAD you can make arrangements before sailing with our Credit Office, whereby your purchases in London, Paris or Berlin can be charged to your New York account, and the goods themselves sent in our care to your home. And back of these conveniences of service our splendid stocks, which even in mid-summer are kept fresh and new and well on to the $6,000,000 mark.

There Are 25 Styles Among
These Men's Suits At $15
Regular $22 to $25 Grades

In fact, as good a choice as a man would expect, if he paid the full prices of the suits, with a good part of the styles in each size from 34 to 46.

There are blue serges and other plain fabrics. There are stripes, checks, plaids and mixtures in the prevailing color combinations of the season. There are splendidly light, airy two-piece suits of mohair.

In fact, proper suits for the hot days in July or a cool day in September.

All at $15, because several of our wholesale tailors who supply us regularly have wound up their summer business.

Fourth Floor

$18 Oscillating Electric Fans, $12

Only fifty, 12-inch, wired for direct current, and equipped with cord and plug. Excellent, smoothly running fans, that will sweep dining room, living room, bedroom or office, from one end to the other, with their searching current of air.

Fifth Floor

Cool Luncheons For Hot Days

There is no surer restorer for a jaded appetite, when the mercury is soaring, than a glimpse of the tempting cold buffet that reposes on its bank of ice at the entrance to the GIMBEL Tea Room.

Here are Salads, Cold Cuts, Crab Flakes and other delectable hot weather dishes, ready for you to pick them out.

But there are dainty hot dishes, too, from a light and airy Omelette, with fresh tomato sauce, to the best Chicken Home Style that you ever ate, and wonderful Fresh Fruit Pies.

Eight stories above Broadway, with 360 feet of windows flanking three sides of the coolest and pleasantest restaurant in New York.

Music. Smoking Grill Room for Men.

Eighth Floor.

Today and until Saturday inclusive
Men may buy these gorgeous

Silk Negligee Shirts at $4.85

of which the regular retail prices are $7.50 to $10.00

¶ There's no putting these shirts, these silks, these designs, these colorings, these values, on paper. They beggar the aridities of description. But take it from us, if only you will look at them you will catch this enthusiasm of ours, for they are the finest lot of shirts that ever sailed under a reduced figure.

Negligee, pleated and tucked models, made of heavy crepe de Chine silks, crepe failles, and finely-bodied tub silks, in the most brilliant patterns and colorings.

Also, just for 3 days

Men's $5 Silk Shirts at $2.95

¶ Heavy tub silk shirts, with blue, tan, helio, green, gray, black and self satin stripes, marking a glistening white ground. Made in plain and pleated models and made right, whether pleated or plain. Main floor.

Also, until Saturday inclusive

$1 Athletic Underwear at 45c

¶ Athletic sleeveless shirts and knee length drawers, made of extra quality figured Madras and silk stripes, in white, blue, pink and tan. A mid-Summer proposition of unusual merit. Main floor.

Union Suits of same fabrics, 85c

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street.

The First Public Service of the New Subway

Construction of the new subway and its station has cut off a large part of our basement salesroom.

Crowding larger stocks than usual into smaller space necessitates

An Immediate Stock Reduction

bringing to **you** opportunities of purchasing The Best Clothes and Haberdashery

At Surprisingly Low Prices

Sales have begun with offerings of

Suits, $15—reduced from $20, $22 & $25
Suits, $20— " " $28, $30 & $32
Overcoats, $10 & $12.50—were $18, $20 & $25
Shirts, $1.15—reduced from $1.50 & $2
Shirts, $1.75— " " $2.50 & $3
Neckwear, 25c—that was 50c & $1

House Coats, Robes, Pajamas, Finest Silk Hosiery, Collars of best qualities — at prices that will appeal to men seeking *strong* values in clothes and haberdashery *not usually included in sale offerings.*

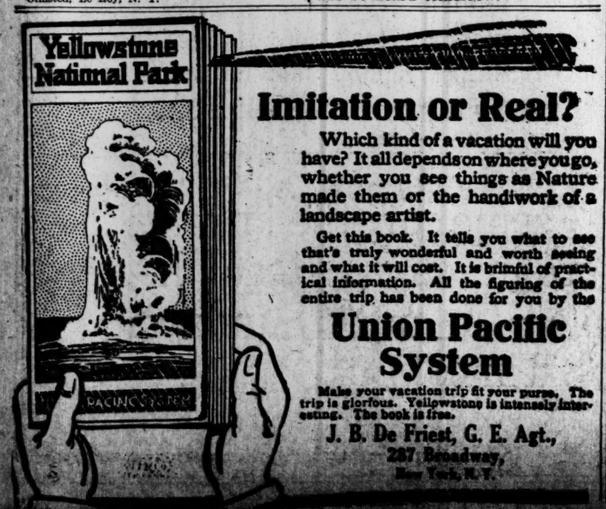
Correct Dress for Men
George G. Benjamin
Fifth Ave. Building—Broadway Cor. 24th St.

Alexander's Shoe Sale

Begins To-day

Radical Reductions in Summer Shoes for Men, Women and Children

Sixth Avenue, corner Nineteenth Street



Imitation or Real?

Which kind of a vacation will you have? It all depends on where you go, whether you see things as Nature made them or the handiwork of a landscape artist.

Get this book. It tells you what to see that's truly wonderful and worth seeing and what it will cost. It is brimful of practical information. All the figuring of the entire trip has been done for you by the

Union Pacific System

Make your vacation trip fit your purse. The trip is glorious. Yellowstone is intensely interesting. The book is free.

J. B. De Friest, G. E. Agt.,
287 Broadway,
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Have you ever tried

Peppermint
LORIOT

It is a cooling, refreshing mint tablet which aids digestion while tickling the palate.

For sale generally at Drug Stores and Confectioners.

"Sold All Over the World."

T.C. HEATH TOURING EUROPE

Hotel Man Warned Against Atlantic Mermaids and Cork Barmaids.

Thomas C. Heath, assistant manager of the Belmont, has been missed from the lobby of that hotel for more than two weeks, but it was not until yesterday that the whereabouts of Mr. Heath, who had been in the hotel business many years in New England and New York, were disclosed. It was learned that he was carrying out a lifelong ambition by making his first tour of the land of his ancestors.

Postcards received by Mr. Heath's associates and by the two telegraph operators who sent him a wireless message on the way out, warning him to beware of the mermaids of the Atlantic—which Assistant Manager Hyland says should have read "Beware of the barmaids of Cork"—brought the news that Mr. Heath had progressed in his pilgrimage as far as the lakes of Killarney, and that he already had hung by his toes before the Blarney Stone.

Mr. Heath confided to friends that ever since he first went to the old New Haven House, some thirty years ago, he had cherished a desire to visit Tipperary, and when he had seen the cradle of his race he would consider that he really had lived. Mr. Hyland, who was familiar with every green spot in Ireland and knew Galway as well, mapped out an itinerary. Mr. Heath will spend a week at Richard Croker's country place. He had included London and Paris in his itinerary, saving the North of Ireland, the West Coast and Tipperary for the finish of his tour, but it was predicted that he would not get any further east than Wexford.

Cut Your Coal Costs

Kewanee Smokeless Firebox Boilers are burning cheap soft coal smokelessly in some of New York City's best buildings—and are saving the owners thousands of dollars yearly.

May we prove it to you?

KEWANEE BOILER COMPANY

N. Y. Salesroom, 47 West 42d St.

ROUND TICKET STOCKING 4 THREAD HEELS & TOES Gordon Hard TO WEAR OUT

Look for this ticket on every pair.

Gordon
ROUND TICKET
Socks-25c

REMARKABLE wearing qualities, correct style, and pleasing colors. Three weights in silk lisle and lustrous fibre silk.

Ask Your Dealer Brown Durrell Co NEW YORK

Ask your Dentist

PYRODENTO
LIQUID ANTISEPTIC

Pyorrhoea (Riggs Disease) can be cured by your dentist and the daily use of Pyrodento. Address "Pyrodento, Baltimore, Md." for free sample.

OFFICE MAHOGANY OAK PARTITIONS

MADE BY THE MILE OR SOLD BY THE FOOT

MOUNT & ROBERTSON
40 Broad St. Telephone 1957 Broad

There is always a best in everything. If you ask the people you meet what is the best infant food 90 per cent. will answer

ROBINSON'S
Patent Barley

You can safely go with the majority.
At all Druggists and Grocers.

TRUSSES ROBERTS QUINN, 401 Bridge St., Brooklyn.

GUNDA'S EXERCISE IS THE ONE-STEP

Bronx Keeper Says Big Elephant's "Weaving" Keeps Him Contented.

CHAINS LIKE A BRACELET

Col. Alfred Wagstaff of S. P. C. A. Will Visit Gunda with Lorillard Spencer Next Week.

Col. Alfred Wagstaff, President of the S. P. C. A., has taken a personal interest in the case of Gunda, the big Indian elephant at the Bronx Zoo, chained by two legs, and he and William K. Horton and Lorillard Spencer will go up as a committee early next week to learn at first hand the condition of the animal. Dr. William T. Hornaday, Director of the Zoo, said yesterday that he considered the suggestion to build a concrete arena for Gunda impractical, and that the committee will find the elephant is not suffering.

Dr. Hornaday believes Gunda to be by nature a bad elephant. Though he was only eight years old when he came to the Zoo direct from India ten years ago, his ears were torn and battered, indicating that he had been a bad actor. Some elephants, he said, seem to be born mean. Others become bad as they grow older.

"Even in the wild state you will occasionally find an elephant that has made life so miserable for the rest of the herd that they have driven him off by himself," said Dr. Hornaday. "Among those that have been broken to captivity, and made to work by the natives of India, one will sometimes grow unmanageable and acquire a chronic grouch. These are known as 'rogue elephants,' and they live up to their names, running amuck and smashing anything within reach, breaking into villages and knocking huts to flinders until some sportsman drops them with a bullet.

"I imagine that Gunda would have been such a rogue if he had ever had the chance. We cannot afford to give him any rope, and we don't want to shoot him. He is worth about $10,000, and, aside from that, it would be next to impossible to duplicate him, as he is the largest elephant in captivity."

Dick Edwards, the keeper, who has traveled with five circuses and claims to "know elephants like a book," says it seems as if everybody in New York considers himself an elephant expert.

"I've eaten and slept with elephants for the past fourteen years," he said, "and I think as much of them as anybody. The only trouble with elephants in a zoo is that they get too much liberty. In a circus every elephant knows that he has one man for a boss."

Edwards scouted the idea that an elephant suffered from being chained down by two legs.

"An elephant doesn't have to move around to get exercise," he said, and pointed to Gunda, swaying back and forth like a ship in a rolling sea. "See 'm weavin' there?"

"You mean that one-step he's doing?" the reporter queried.

"Sure, that's weavin'. That gives him all the exercise he wants. And as for chains—why, he doesn't mind them any more than a woman does wearin' a bracelet."

"They say he hates you like poison," said the reporter.

"Ah, I just kid him along," said Dick. Then he gingeringly turned the valve to fill Gunda's water basin and had to beat half a dozen retreats while Gunda tried to reach him through the bars. Gunda was aiming to at least douse him with water, but finally got tired of waiting and turned away. Richards made a dash past the cage and jumped for the wicket at the end of the passage just as Gunda turned and shot a trunkful of water after him, missing him, except for his sleeve.

"I just kid him along," said Dick.

COOPER DEFENDS HIMSELF.

Testifies to His Confidence in New York Central Realty Company.

William H. Cooper, on trial in the United States District Court on the charge of conspiracy to use the mails to defraud, testified yesterday. The charge is connected with the operations of the New York Central Realty Company, which owned property in Westchester County, in Hackensack, and in Plainfield which the Government contends was overhauled so that investors suffered heavy loss.

Mr. Cooper said he had had so much confidence in the enterprise that he obtained an advance of $100,000 from his father's estate to put into the company and also took the savings bank accounts of his daughters, Antoniette and Evelyn, which amounted to $2,000 each, and sunk them in the company. In addition, he induced his mother-in-law, Mrs. Joseph E. Brown, to put the $1,000 insurance she received on the death of her husband into the concern.

Its failure he attributed to the failure of the New Haven Railroad to put a station on the Westchester property and to the delay of the city in constructing the Bronx Boulevard.

Describing his own career, Mr. Cooper said he began work as a shop boy in Buffalo at the age of 12, and in 1886 was employed in his father's department store at Peoria, Ill. Then he became Superintendent of the Siegel-Cooper store in Chicago, but has now no connection with the establishments of that name.

The trial will continue today.

OUTING FOR 308 CHILDREN.

St. Vincent de Paul Society Opens Fresh-Air Work.

The Special Works Committee of the St. Vincent de Paul Society has resumed its annual fresh-air outings for poor children of the different Catholic churches of the New York Diocese. The first outing for the season started a few days ago, when 308 children were sent to the Fresh Air Farm at Spring Valley, N. Y., for two weeks' outing. Every two weeks other poor Catholic children will be sent to the home until Sept. 22, when the work closes.

Last Summer 2,183 children of the tenements had a two weeks' outing at Spring Valley. The record of the special works of the society for the past year shows that $100,000 was expended in helping poor families in their homes. More than 37,000 visits were made to 7,738 poor families by members, and 3,323 children were placed in homes by the Catholic Home Bureau, one of the society's special works. The society has under its supervision five boys' clubs with a membership of 5,500. Thomas M. Mulry, President of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, is President of the society, and members of its Finance Committee are:

Henry Heide, George J. Gillespie, William J. Amend, Michael J. Drummond, Joseph P. Grace, James G. Johnson, Thomas H. Kelly, Dr. Charles F. McKenna, John G. O'Keefe, Eugene A. Philbin, John J. Pulleyn, Dr. Francis J. Quinlan, Herman Ridder, John D. Ryan, Thomas F. Ryan, Myles Tierney, and Theodore E. Tock.

VAN BUREN FILES DENIAL.

No Agreement with Others to Overcharge City, He Says.

Augustus H. Van Buren, who, with Everett Fowler and John J. Linsone, was being sued by the city for $100,000 which they were accused of having overcharged the city in condemning land for the new aqueduct, filed his answer yesterday. He denied that he had any agreement with the other defendants to make unfair charges and to divide the money thus gained with them. He also denied that he had any part in the procuring from the city of $350,000 or any other amount, which, it was said, represented the total amount of the bills of the three defendants.

Mr. Van Buren admitted that he charged $50 a day for his services in the hearing of claims, but said that this rate of compensation was fixed by the Corporation Counsel, that the bills were approved by the Board of Water Supply and were audited by the Controller. He denied that he made wrongful charges in the matter of disbursements and said that all the money he received from the city he was entitled to. He asked for a bill of particulars.

Mr. Van Buren is an ex-Controller of the city of Kingston, and like the other defendants, is a prominent lawyer.

Hot Weather Hauling

The days that mean death to laboring horses are at hand. By using Packard trucks you can avert the disruption of your delivery service and increase your profits at the same time.

More than 250 Packard trucks are operated by breweries during the summer rush season; 126 Packard trucks care for the long, trying suburban hauls of department stores; 337 Packard trucks are saving horses and money in the summer work of express and transfer companies.

Under normal conditions a Packard will do the work of from two to four teams. In hot weather its relative efficiency is often higher than that.

Packard Motor Car Co. of New York
1861 Broadway
Brooklyn—Flatbush and Eighth Avenues
Buffalo Newark Hartford Springfield Long Island City
LICENSED UNDER KARDO PATENTS

Ask the man who owns one

OLD CROW
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
RYE
America's Finest Rye
WHISKEY
HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE

WE ARE THE LARGEST BOTTLERS OF OLD-FASHIONED HAND-MADE SOUR MASH STRAIGHT PURE RYE WHISKEY IN THE WORLD
H. B. KIRK & CO., New York, N. Y.

MAYOR PINS MEDALS ON BRAVE FIREMEN

Felicitates Them and Congratulates the City They Serve.

MOONEY DECORATED AGAIN

Capt. Farley of Hook and Ladder 8 Had Best Disciplined and Most Highly Efficient Company.

Medals were presented to eight firemen who saved lives at the risk of their own in 1913 by Mayor Mitchel on the steps of City Hall yesterday in the presence of 400 invited guests and a large crowd. The Mayor said every man in the Fire Department was ready to do the same heroic work when the opportunity offered. The firemen who rescued their comrades or civilians at fires and the medals they received are as follows:

Fireman (first grade) John F. Mooney (No. 1) Hook and Ladder Company 4, James Gordon Bennett Medal and Department Medal; Capt. Patrick Walsh, Engine Company 7, Hugh Bonner Medal and Department Medal; Fireman (first grade) Frank J. Costello, Hook and Ladder Company 12, Emily Trevor-Mary B. Warren Medal and Department Medal; Engineer William McAllister, Engine Company 86, William L. Strong Medal and Department Medal; Capt. Frederick J. Simpson, Hook and Ladder Company 6, Henri P. Wertheim Medal and Department Medal; Fireman (first grade) Thomas J. Lucas, Hook and Ladder Company 115, Brooklyn Citizen Medal; Fireman (first grade) Lulius W. Deja, Hook and Ladder Company 148, Hurley Medal; Fireman (first grade) William J. McGrath (No. 2) Hook and Ladder Company 25, Thomas E. Crimmins Memorial Medal.

Capt. John E. Farley of Hook and Ladder Company 8, who has been in the service thirty-one years, received the John T. Stephenson Medal for maintaining the best disciplined and most highly efficient company during 1913, while Capt. Seymour J. Guy and the fifteen members of Engine Company 39 each received a bronze "College Efficiency Medal" for efficiency in drill and evolution.

Mooney won the Wertheim Medal and a Department Medal last year. When Mayor Mitchel pinned the two new medals on him yesterday, he remarked: "You haven't room for many more."

Fire Commissioner Adamson in a complimentary speech presented the medal men to the Mayor, who said:

"I am very glad of this opportunity to congratulate you on this recognition of the splendid work that you have done for the city and for the citizens of the city and on this recognition of your valor. But I think that there is really more occasion to congratulate the people of the city that they have the services of men like you in the Fire Department. Everybody knows that the men in our Fire Department have always been willing to risk their lives and their safety for the saving of lives and for the protection of property.

"There are no cowards, as far as I know, in the Fire Department, or in the Police Department of this city. And I think that the people of the city are to be congratulated on that fact. Yours is one of the most hazardous employments in the public service. When an alarm comes in you never know how serious is the condition that you will have to face. But you go to the fire in answer to that call, knowing that it is your duty to follow the order of your superior officers and to face whatever risks may be involved; and I have yet to hear of a man in the Fire Department who has shrunk from the performance of his duty as he faced it at a fire.

"Again I say I congratulate you, but still more I congratulate the city that it has your services. I trust that you will go on as you have begun in the service as an inspiration to the other men of the department, and to all of the city's employes."

BABY TOOK BICHLORIDE.

Physicians Save Infant by Irrigation Treatment.

Owing to the promptness of Mrs. Michael Tarangelo, wife of a blacksmith in Corona, Long Island, her baby was saved after she had swallowed a two-grain bichloride of mercury tablet. On June 11 she took the tablet, believing it to be candy.

Mrs. Tarangelo found her daughter about 8 o'clock in the morning with a bottle of the tablets. The baby said that she had eaten one of the "candies." The child was taken to the office of Dr. David Weschler and from there to the hospital. Dr. Walter Steffens applied irrigation treatment, and this was continued until all traces of the poison were removed.

226 IN DARTMOUTH CLASS.

College Gives an Honorary Degree to Percy Mackaye.

HANOVER, N. H., June 24.—Dartmouth graduated a class of 226 men today. Among the honorary degrees awarded were:

Doctor of Letters—Prof. Charles D. Hazen of Smith College.

Master of Arts—Fisher A. Baker, attorney, of New York, and Percy Mackaye, playwright, of Cornish, N. H.

School Graduates Largest Class.

The High School of Commerce at Sixty-fifth Street and Broadway held its eleventh annual commencement exercises last night. The graduating class received diplomas from Clarence E. Meleney, Assistant City Superintendent, and F. C. Henderschott of the New York Edison Company made the principal address. The class of 150 was the largest ever graduated at the school.

Colby Gives Diplomas to 70.

WATERVILLE, Me., June 24.—A class of seventy was graduated from Colby College at the commencement exercises today. Among the recipients of honorary degrees was the Rev. Richard H. Baker, '83, of Brooklyn, who was made a Doctor of Divinity.

Commencement at Middlebury.

MIDDLEBURY, Vt., June 24.—At the Middlebury College commencement today forty-six students were graduated. Among the honorary degrees awarded were these: Doctor of Laws—Judge James L. Martin of the Federal Court for Vermont; Doctor of Letters—Katherine Lee Bates, Professor of English Literature in Wellesley College.

Degree for New York Physician.

BURLINGTON, Vt., June 24.—Among the honorary degrees conferred at the one hundred and tenth commencement of the University of Vermont today were these: Doctor of Divinity—John Low Fort of Saratoga Springs; Doctor of Science—Dr. Godfrey Roger Pisek of New York City.

Trinity Graduates 43.

HARTFORD, June 24.—Trinity College today conferred four honorary, twenty Bachelor of Arts, and twenty-three Bachelor of Science degrees at its eighty-eighth commencement.

Everybody—from Grandad to the little tots—is going to the theatres nowadays to see the most elaborate motion-picture production ever presented—the startling mystery story by Harold MacGrath, played by an all-star Thanhouser cast—

THE MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY

By Harold MacGrath

Thanhouser's Million Dollar Motion-Picture Production

At These Theatres Today and Tonight:

THEATRE	ADDRESS	CITY
Albany,	Albany Av. & St. Johns Pl.,	Brooklyn, N. Y.
Loew's Bijou,	Smith & Livingston Sts.,	Brooklyn, N. Y.
Loew's Herald Sq.,	35th St. & Broadway,	New York, N. Y.
Loew's Liberty,	Stone & Liberty Aves.,	Brooklyn, N. Y.
Loew's National,	149th St. & Bergen Ave.,	New York, N. Y.
Loew's Orpheum,	87th St. & 3rd Ave.,	New York, N. Y.
Loew's Shubert,	Broadway & Howard Ave.,	Brooklyn, N. Y.
Carlton,	292 Flatbush Ave.,	Brooklyn, N. Y.
Auditorium,	299 Central Ave.,	Jersey City, N. J.

Remember, $10,000.00 will be paid for the best 100 word solution of this mystery. Full details at the theatres showing this wonderful photoplay.

Read this stirring story by Harold MacGrath in Tomorrow's

NEW YORK GLOBE

HONORS FROM WILLIAMS.

Victor Morawetz and Augustus Thomas Receive Degrees.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., June 24.—The largest senior class in the history of Williams College was graduated at the 120th commencement this morning. The Bachelor of Arts degree was conferred on 126 men, and the Master of Arts degree in course on three men. Honorary degrees were conferred on eleven men. President Garfield presided at the exercises.

Among the honorary degrees conferred were these:

Master of Arts—Miles Farrow, organist of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York; S. Seymour Thomas, artist, New York; Augustus Thomas, playwright, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Doctor of Divinity—The Rev. Albert Parker Fitch, President of Andover Theological Seminary; the Rev. George Cook Reynolds, President of the American College at Van, and the Rev. Dr. Malcolm James MacLeod, pastor of the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, New York.

Doctor of Laws—Victor Morawetz, lawyer, New York.

President Garfield announced at the Alumni luncheon that $86,829 had been raised since June 1 toward the $2,000,000 endowment fund, which was started a year ago, and that only $100,000 more was necessary to reach the first million. One contribution of $5,000 was received this month from Henry Goldman of New York City.

AMHERST LL. D. FOR TAFT.

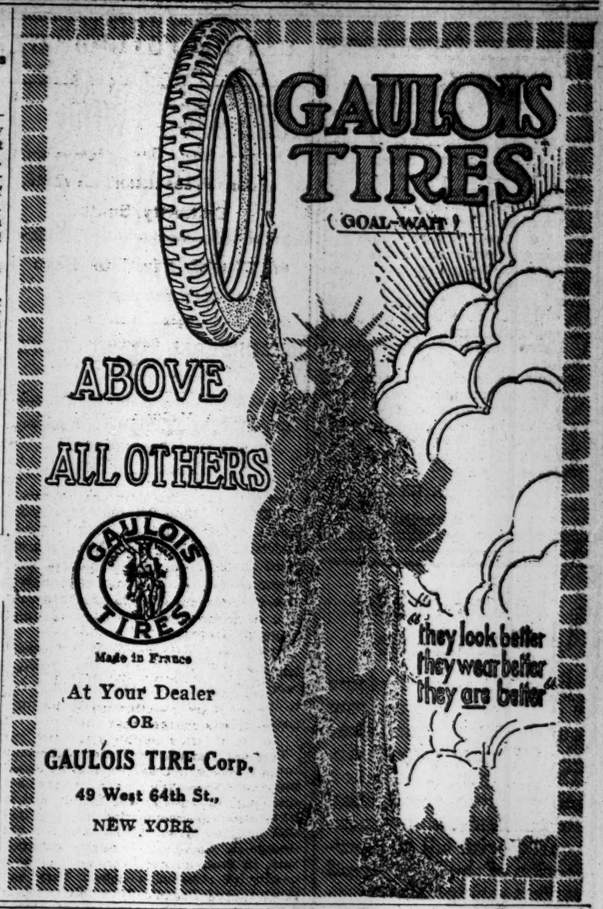
College Diplomas Are Won by 76 Graduates of 1914.

AMHERST, Mass., June 24.—Degrees in course were conferred on a graduating class of seventy-six at Amherst College today. Of these fifty-seven were made Bachelors of Arts and nineteen Bachelors of Science. These honorary degrees were conferred:

Doctor of Laws—Ex-President William H. Taft and Henry C. Hall, '81, member of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Doctor of Letters—Edwin A. Grosvenor, '67, a member of the Amherst Faculty, and Henry C. Folger, Jr., '79, of New York, capitalist and Shakespearean scholar.

Ex-President William H. Taft was one of the speakers at the commencement dinner.



At Your Dealer
OR
GAULOIS TIRE Corp.
49 West 64th St.,
NEW YORK

PLYMOUTH
Dry Gin

One quarter Italian Vermouth [Cinzano for preference] the rest Coates' Plymouth Dry Gin, well—Frappé and with a pinch of Orange Peel—*this Cocktail is famous.*

Try it yourself.

ALEX D SHAW & CO NY

IT ISN'T ALL TRUE

Dr. Max Nordau is a famous French author and a recognized student of sociology. He talks about American men and American women with a freedom of opinion that is, to say the least, unconventional and picturesque.

"She likes to associate with Europeans. She fishes for invitations and gets them. She possesses everything that passes for quality in a lady of society, but lacks the supreme thing, the most delicate of possessions—culture. The best of English governesses teach her good manners. A very light coat of bright varnish is enough to catch her attention. She must be admired in order that her husband be envied. He wishes to read her name every time he opens the society pages of a newspaper. Her strongest feeling is self-adoration. She has money but no home. Nowhere does one meet so many rich people without friends as in New York."

These are some of the things which Nordau says. Read his talk complete in next Sunday's New York Times.

Quit Buying Tires

The history of the average car is a long list of tire troubles. Stop buying tires, tires, tires—and buy tire service instead of tire fabric.

Empire Tires WEAR LONGEST

are a new deal all round for motorists. Empire Tires are made of new, live red rubber. They are sold on a basis that is as fair as "two for you and two for me." *You must be satisfied*—that is our standard—and it means you get 100 cents wear for every dollar you spend and you are the one to call quits.

Get a Red Rubber Empire Tire on your car next tire you buy and begin to get tire value.

Empire Tires are sold by leading supply dealers. Your garage man can easily get one for you.

"The man with a red tire knows."

EMPIRE RUBBER AND TIRE CO.
240 W. 55th St., New York.
Factory and Home Office, Trenton, N. J.
Makers of "Peerless" Red Rubber Inner Tubes

Dobbs & Co Hatters

242 Fifth Ave.
between 27th & 28th Sts.

Seasonable hats for every occasion in exclusive shapes and materials.

Knapp-Felt Hats $4
Dobbs & Co's Fifth Av. Hats $5
Knapp-Felt DeLuxe Hats $6

Intercollegiate Boat Races

Highland Poughkeepsie Course

Friday, June 26th, 1914

Special Trains via

West Shore Railroad

LEAVE NEW YORK
Cortlandt Street, 10.20, 11.15 a.m.
West 42nd Street, 10.45, 11.30, 11.45 a.m.
(Day coaches only)
Cortlandt Street, 11.40 a.m. *(Parlor cars)*
West 42nd Street, 12.00 noon "
Returning after races.

$2.50 Round Trip

OBSERVATION TRAIN TICKETS ON SALE AT
149 and 1216 Broadway, New York.
338 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N.Y.

For particulars address Gen. East. Pass. Agent, 1216 Broadway, N.Y.
New York: 'Phone 6310 Mad. Sq.
Brooklyn: 'Phone 167 Main

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

Most Puppies Have Worms.

Many Die Because Owners Fail to Use

VERMILAX

This remarkable preparation removes all worms in 25 to 40 minutes, without injury to weakest puppies. Worms and intestinal troubles are indicated by vomiting, fits, frothing at mouth (usually attributed wrongfully to madness,) twitching or dragging along on hindquarters.

VERMILAX restores intestinal and digestive organs to normal action and marvellously improves the appearance and joyous spirits of doggy over night. Should be used for its laxative and tonic effect in hot weather.

Prevent trouble! Use a little VERMILAX *now* "FOR YOUR DOG'S SAKE."

By Parcels Post 50c. and $1.00 or at Riker-Hegeman's and other druggists.

VERMILAX CO., (Inc.),
Dept. 34B, 220 W. 42d St., N.Y.

DAZZLE

For Hot Weather

Lion Collars
Oldest Brand in America
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY N.Y.

Good News
for coffee wrecks—

POSTUM

"There's a Reason"

GATHERS EVIDENCE IN ELLERT SCANDAL

Deputy Atty. Gen. McQuaid to Push Prosecution Despite Dist. Atty. Smith.

FACTOR IN POLITICAL FIGHT

Other Charges Against Queens Prosecutor, a Candidate for Re-Election, to Be Revived.

William A. McQuaid, Deputy Attorney General, who was put in charge of the prosecution of James Heffernan and Harry Scanlon by Attorney General Carmody after District Attorney Matthew J. Smith of Queens had attempted to have dismissed the indictments found against them on a charge of assaulting Mrs. Clara Ellert, 18 years old, in the clubhouse conducted by "Joe" Cassidy, the Queens Democratic boss, in Long Island City on Dec. 18, 1913, held a long conference with County Judge Burt J. Humphrey in the Queens County Court House yesterday regarding the case. After the conference Judge Humphrey said that Mr. McQuaid was gathering all documents and data available in the case.

In the State investigation of the Ellert case it was charged that District Attorney Smith tried to shield the two men involved because they were friends of the Democratic boss. Furthermore, Mrs. Alfred Grey Eno, head of the suffragists in Queens, who has done much to urge the prosecution of the Ellert case, is believed to have aroused considerable sentiment against him. But he has announced that he will be a candidate for re-election in the Fall. Mr. Smith's candidacy is said to be regarded as hopeless by even his friends in Queens. He was elected two and a half years ago on Cassidy's ticket by fewer than 500 votes, and after that time was the subject of two sets of charges in which residents of Queens requested his removal. The first set was dismissed by former Gov. Dix. Last July a new set was filed with Gov. Sulzer. The second charges are said to have been lost sight of in the Sulzer impeachment proceedings and are still pending. It is said that they will be revived if Mr. Smith persists in seeking re-election.

In the second batch of charges Mr. Smith was accused of using his office and the Grand Jury for political purposes and of making illegal use of the Grand Jury subpoena. Among those whose affidavits were included in the charges was Maurice E. Connolly, Borough President of Queens. Mr. Connolly stated in his affidavit that Smith first urged him not to run for the office of Borough President, telling him Mr. Cassidy would have him indicted within six months. Mr. Smith, he alleged, then tried to embarrass his administration after he had been elected.

COLUMBIA BOWS TO TRADE.

Removes Restrictions on Its Fifth Avenue Property.

All the leaseholders of Columbia University property in the blocks between Forty-eighth and Fifty-first Streets, from Fifth Avenue to within a short distance of Sixth Avenue, received notices yesterday from John McLean Nash, Treasurer of the University, stating that the trustees had consented to the use of the property for light business uses. All of Columbia's valuable property there was restricted to private homes, but when the invasion of business set in up Fifth Avenue the restrictions were removed from the Fifth Avenue frontage. A few years ago the University began to sell its holdings in the block from Forty-seventh to Forty-eighth Street and that fact helped to advance trade further up Fifth Avenue.

Under the original terms of the leasehold the tenants of homes in the side streets have been unable to use the houses for business and many former occupants have moved away in view of the changed conditions. Many efforts have been made to secure a modification of the old residential restrictions and this was authorized at a meeting of the trustees early in the week.

For the present, however, tenents of Columbia houses may use their homes for light business only, such as dressmaking, millinery, or other trades which do not involve radical alterations or the placing of signs on the buildings, except as approved by the trustees.

The property was formerly the Elgin Botanical Gardens, and was given to Columbia by the State of New York over a century ago.

WOMAN KILLS FOUR LIONS.

Wife of an Officer in South Africa Had Only Two Natives with Her.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 24.—From South Africa comes an account of a Scotswoman's daring lion hunt.

Mrs. De Laporte, wife of one of the officers in charge of the Sabie game reserve on the Delagoa Bay Railway, received news in the course of her husband's absence that lions had killed a bull a few miles away.

An hour before dawn, armed with a rifle and accompanied by two natives, she went in search of the lions. Suddenly through the bush she saw six of them, still devouring their prey. She accounted for two before the animals realized their danger. The third she rolled over as it made off, and the fourth, a young lioness, which was attempting to charge, she stopped with a bullet in the eye at a distance of eight yards.

By this time Mrs. De Laporte had exhausted her ammunition and was, therefore, unable to follow up the two survivors.

MOYER ASKS STATE AID.

Fled from Butte Dynamiters in Auto —Riot Cost $100,000.

BUTTE, Mon., June 24.—Butte was quiet today after a night of rioting caused by internal strife in the local union of the Western Federation of Miners, which cost the life of one man, injuries to four others, and property loss of about $100,000.

Mayor Duncan fears more fighting between the two factions of the local union, but said he would not ask for troops, as he believed the Sheriff should make that request. The Sheriff, however, has taken no action to that end.

A dispatch from Helena this afternoon said that Charles H. Moyer, President of the Western Federation, had arrived there. He, it was learned, left here in an automobile, and made the seventy-three-mile trip direct to the capital.

Moyer asked Gov. Stewart to take charge of the situation. Moyer and others were driven from the hall last night under fire, and Moyer's whereabouts for hours was uncertain.

Sues Mitchell May for Auto Injuries.

Edward Gaffney was appointed yesterday guardian of his 14-year-old son, Edward, to bring suit against Mitchell May, Secretary of State. Mr. Gaffney says in his application that on June 20 an automobile owned by Mr. May, traveling at high speed, struck his son and that the chauffeur gave no warning.

CITY NEWS CENSOR? IS NONE, SAYS MAYOR

Denies That Dr. Blan Has Authority to Give or Withhold Department Information.

NO PRESS AGENT, EITHER

Commissioners All Tongue Free, but Advised to Talk Most About Things Accomplished.

After reading accounts in yesterday's newspapers of the activities of Dr. Louis Blan, an examiner in the Commissioner of Accounts office, who was said to be an official press agent and censor of news from city departments, Mayor Mitchel lost no time in fixing Dr. Blan's status. "If Dr. Blan gave the impression to anybody that he had been engaged as a censor of news he was far exceeding his authority," said the Mayor.

"A wrong impression has gone out that the Administration is employing a press agent," said the Mayor. "There is no such thing. Dr. Blan, as a part of his official duties as an employe in the office of the Commissioner of Accounts, has been assigned to do the mechanical work of summarizing the reports of the department heads so that the Mayor may comment on them.

"Dr. Blan has no authority to suppress or alter news in any way. As to the charge that the department heads have been bottleed up, it is not true. I have not ordered Commissioners not to give out news. I have cautioned them not to talk about constructive work, but to talk after they've done things. I have suggested also that they should not make reports public before submitting them to me, but any Commissioner is free to talk after he has reported to me."

The Mayor seemed to be disturbed that any head of a department should have reached the conclusion that they were to be "bottled up" because Mr. Blan had been hired to summarize reports. He was told that several Commissioners had taken this view of the situation and that they were not at all pleased. When he was told that certain Commissioners resented any plan to keep them from giving out news in their own way the Mayor said that while some of the Commissioners might have been irritated by the activities of the Commissioner of Accounts they had no reason to be. It was entirely a misunderstanding, he said.

"There is no stop-control on any department or any Commissioner," went on the Mayor. "Mr. Blan has been retained in a clerical capacity only, to separate the component parts of some reports and summarize them."

"Are you going to issue an order to your Commissioners, telling them that they are at liberty to give out any information they desire?" the Mayor was asked.

"I shall communicate with each one and make it clear," he replied, "that they have entire liberty to talk at any time on any subject except to reveal the subject matter of reports I have not received."

Several Commissioners, it was learned yesterday, intend to summarize their own reports, as they consider that they are much more able to do it than an examiner for the Commissioner of Accounts. The Mayor will receive a number of reports within the next few days, the Fire, Dock, and Police Departments and the Civil Service Commission having yet to be heard from, and he intimated that when these were finished Mr. Blan would not be nearly so active as he has been in the past. Earlier in the day the Mayor was quoted as saying:

"The stories which were printed were false, and the men who wrote them knew that they were false." When he was asked if he had been quoted correctly, he replied that he did not intend to make such a sweeping assertion, as he referred only to the case of Commissioner Fetherston, who, it was said, had withdrawn a story he had given out and refused to give it out again until it had been revised by Mr. Blan. The Mayor sent for Commissioner Fetherston and the latter denied that such a thing had happened.

Cardinal Farley to Sail Sept. 2.

Cardinal Farley, who went to Rome the latter part of April on his periodical visit to the Holy See, is to remain abroad for the Summer, according to advices received in this city yesterday. After leaving Roome, the Cardinal journeyed to Switzerland, where he now is. He expects to attend the next Eucharistic Congress, which is to be held at Lourdes, France, in July, after which he will visit Ireland, spending the month of August traveling throughout the country. He will sail for New York on Sept. 2. The Cardinal is in excellent health.

S. P. C. C. ARRESTS AUTHOR.

Henry Wallace Phillips Says Mother of Child Actress Is Jealous.

Henry Wallace Phillips, author of "Red Saunders" and other Western stories, was arrested last night by an officer of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children on a charge involving the welfare of Marjorie Cluxton, a fourteen-year-old girl, with whose mother he had boarded in an apartment at 142 West Ninety-sixth Street. He was released after an hour's confinement in the West 100th Street Station on $500 bail furnished by Dan Smith, the artist, and will be arraigned in the Harlem Court this morning.

Mr. Phillips was released last July from the State Hospital for the Insane on Ward's Island, where he had been a patient for three years. He was sent there at the request of his wife, Louise Moore Millspaugh Phillips, formerly of Richmond, N. Y., whom he married in 1898, and from whom, he says, he is about to obtain a decree of divorce.

On his release Mr. Phillips went to live as a boarder with Mrs. Lillian Cluxton, divorced wife of Dr. F. C. Cluxton of Bradford, Penn., who rented rooms in her apartment on Amsterdam Avenue. Mrs. Cluxton's daughter, Marjorie, is a child actress. Last December, Mr. Phillips says, she took sick in Chicago and came home. He then met her for the first time.

"I am an artist," Mr. Phillips said after his release, "and I had the girl pose for me. In May I had her sent to the House of Mercy at Inwood, where she was put in charge of Sister Gertrude. I had represented to the Children's Society that she did not have proper guardianship. This trouble has been caused by jealousy on the part of the girl's mother, who resents the interest I take in her daughter."

The arrest was made by Special Officer John C. Butts on a warrant issued by Magistrate Levy of the Harlem Police Court. Though a native of New York, Mr. Phillips has spent many years in the West and in Canada as a miner, cowboy, and school teacher.

B. Altman & Co.

will commence this day (Thursday)

An Extraordinary Sale of Women's Summer Silk Dresses

consisting of smart up-to-date styles (including the new Russian and plaited tunics) in Crepe de Chine, Striped Washable Silks, Natural-color Shantung Pongee, White Washable Habutai, Silk Charmeuse and Imported Foulard Dresses, at the exceptionally low price of

$17.50

(The Crepe de Chine and Charmeuse Dresses are in white, navy blue and black)

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

The Choice of a Coffee Set

YOU begin the day with coffee—and over your demi-tasse you very likely end the day with it.

The Gorham Company offers 100 patterns from which you can choose.

For a breakfast or dining room, a most acceptable style is the Louis XV pattern, shown in the illustration. Prices are from $32 to $1675.

There are many Colonial styles, Jacobean, Renaissance and other periods.

The GORHAM Co.

Silversmiths and Goldsmiths

FIFTH AVENUE AND 36th STREET
17-19 MAIDEN LANE

Up with the lark—under the foaming shower—into cool B.V.D.—ah! If you touch ground twenty times with your finger-tips, it helps to "flog the blood."

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1914.

THE TEETH OF THE SHERMAN LAW.

It is the general understanding that the pending revision of the trust laws is designed to make them more severe. Certainly it would be false pretenses to pass laws making them less severe. Yet the Supreme Court's decision on Monday dissolving the Lumber Trust for "blacklisting" raises doubts regarding the clauses regarding unions, farmers' and other organizations "not for profit." This week 80,000 members of the International Federation of Bricklayers were disfellowshipped by the American Federation of Labor. Their offense was that they filled the places of strikers, and denied the authority of the International Union of Marble Setters, which is affiliated with the Federation. The news telegram declares that these 80,000 men were "blacklisted," that is, that they were not to be allowed to earn their living so far as the Federation could control the matter. At Butte dynamite and firearms were reported yesterday as fatally used in a labor struggle between rival unions. Both sides cannot be right, and yet there must be one law for both. Mr. GOMPERS has no difficulty in taking sides, and has pledged the Federation's support to the Western Federation of Miners. But how is the law to sympathize with rioters and dynamiters, or to take sides against those unionists who seceded from the union in revolt against assessments and compulsory exhibition of union cards as a condition of earning a living? There is no doubt that these occurrences are in connection with labor disputes, and that they are in accord with the practice of unions. They could not be prosecuted under the prohibition of the use of the funds appropriated for prosecution of other trusts. That much is clear, for that law means what it says, and says what it means. But what would be the condition of the law under the exemption of unions in language about which few agree? Could the President sign it if it authorized such acts? If it did not authorize them, would labor accept it as satisfactory?

One of the acts annulled by the Supreme Court on Monday was the Kentucky statute authorizing farmers to pool their tobacco. On the same day the Farmers' Society of Equity sent to the farmers of the country a circular saying that the immense crop made it possible that wheat might sell at 75 cents. Accordingly the farmers of the country are urged to "hold" their wheat for $1. Can the farmers do under the national law what the farmers of Kentucky are forbidden to do? If the farmers can do it, why cannot others? If associations "not for profit" are to be privileged over others, may it not be anticipated that many such organizations will be formed for the purpose of doing things otherwise unlawful? If associations of farmers may raise the price of wheat, why may not a benevolent association of bakers raise the price of bread, and so on through the list.

These are not the only "jokers" and matters about which opinions differ which are summarily settled in the pending bills. They are prepared by a committee of the Senate, which occasionally has a quorum, and were sent to the Senate by a House in which there is no quorum. Should railways have the right to make traffic agreements or pools? Should the right of suit against common carriers under anti-trust laws be limited to officials, or be extended to any complainant? If "unfair competition" is forbidden by the old law, is it well to forbid it again under a new law? If we are to have a Trade Commission to regulate unfair practices, ought it not to have control of the subject and not be too much hampered by statutes whose meaning is obscure before passage, and will be more obscure before the courts settle the points the lawyers will raise? In his report on the Trade Commission bill Senator NEWLANDS says that it would have prevented the formation of such trusts as those in oil and tobacco. It would not have prevented them if it had not been enforced, and the anti-trust law which "busted" them could have controlled their practices if applied to them. These points are not made against the enactment of the pending bills, for it is agreed that it is necessary to dispose of them to end uncertainty which holds enterprise in check. But surely there can be no disagreement about knowing exactly what the new laws provide, or about passing them under false pretenses regarding their provisions. The Senate is improving these bills as it did the banking and tariff bills, and the bills should be made fit to pass before they are passed.

SOAP BOXES ANYWHERE.

Not free speech, but free speech in places they designate and at Tarrytown's expense, is the heroic issue championed in his letter to THE TIMES, printed elsewhere, by LEONARD D. ABBOTT, President of the Free Speech League. The town believes that he and his wild followers will create a disturbance if permitted to speak in the streets. Mr. ABBOTT knows that a permit would be one to raise a riot. His errand there is provocative of riots. The villagers do ill to fall in with his plans by becoming disorderly and giving him the notoriety he craves, but President PIERSON and Police Chief BOWLES are well within their rights in withholding a permit.

Mr. ABBOTT's right to hire a hall collides with the equal right of the private owners of halls to refuse to let one to a mischievous tenant. Moral suasion will not do so effectively, he says, what can be done by a defiance of law and order in Tarrytown. He is for "direct action." Instead of meeting with a mob his proposal to set up soap boxes anywhere, the village would do well to have a few officers ready to lead Mr. ABBOTT and his fellows quietly to a place where they will have a chance to think.

NOT A LOCAL MATTER.

No New Yorker can hear without a feeling of pride and satisfaction the comments which are being made all over the country on the demand, made here, that ELIHU ROOT reconsider his determination not to be a candidate for the Senate. It has ceased to be solely a State matter and is becoming one of concern to the nation. From New England to the Pacific Coast the comments are all of one character, and those made by Democrats and Progressives, as well as by Republicans, recognize the high position which New York has assumed in the Senate. Such a tribute is no less agreeable to New York because she has not always been able to command it. The Empire State was long condemned to a disgraceful silence in the nation's councils. While States like Rhode Island, Maine, and Connecticut supplied the Senate's leaders, New York was voiceless and impotent with its Platts and Edward Murphys. Even when its Senators were of a higher grade, as in the cases of HILL and CONKLING, it is difficult to imagine the whole country regarding their retirement as a national misfortune and demanding that they reconsider. The State which leads the Republic in so many other respects has now assumed also the leadership in statesmanship which rightfully belongs to her, and it is ELIHU ROOT who has brought that honor to her.

The general recognition of the national aspects of this matter by the press, east, south, and west of us, has been unmarred so far by any dissenting voice. The Democrats and Progressives, while naturally opposed to ROOT as a Republican, heartily concede his eminence and the honor it has conferred on his State. They no doubt feel, and rightly, that it is to the interest of the nation to have a strong opposition leader. It is to the true interest of the party in power, too. Thus The Richmond Times-Dispatch says it is not prevented by its disapproval of his politics from recognizing that he ranks "among the big Americans in public life today," and that "such a man is of distinct value "in an age too much given to hedging, shallowness, and mediocre mental ability." It concludes that New York will "have to go far to find a "man that will not show poorly by "contrast." The Washington Times, speaking for the Progressives, says that he "has held a good many political offices, some of them of great "eminence, and he has never failed "to add new distinction to his store "by his discharge of the duties of "each successive post." The Washington Star, independent of all parties, declares that "the Republicans of "New York have nobody to match "Mr. ROOT in point of ability and experience," and that the Democrats "could not hope to match him."

In Connecticut, The Hartford Courant holds that if the direct election of Senators means the loss of such men, it will not prove a boon. "ELIHU ROOT's wisdom and skill," it says, "have been of great service to "the country," and it points out that his political opponents concede that "his retirement from public life would be a distinct loss." Out in Oregon the same view of the case appeals to The Portland Oregonian, to which paper it seems that Mr. ROOT's replacement by a smaller man would be an indication that the people had not yet learned how to use their new power wisely. "There are many reasons," says The Oregonian, "why the nation "should prefer to see Mr. ROOT re"main in the Senate, for he is a man "whose transcendent ability has been "of great service to the nation." The Philadelphia Public Ledger says under the title "ROOT's Service a National Asset":

It will be a national misfortune should Senator ELIHU ROOT refuse to be a candidate for re-election. Were he to become a candidate and be defeated it would prove a lamentable commentary upon the capacity of New York State to govern its affairs with credit and put at the same time a stigma upon the whole nation. In a United States Senate as constituted during any period of our national history, he would have been a distinct and effective addition. New York's greatest Senator was SEWARD, and yet, in mental attainments, ROOT is his equal. He is as good a lawyer as WEBSTER, as sound a logician as CALHOUN, a far abler lawmaker than CONKLING, a statesman of the broadest grasp and a patriot of the highest ideals. A man of that calibre is a national asset, which cannot afford to be lost.

The Kansas City Journal says:

Mr. ROOT is a statesman who honors the office he holds, and no office is so exalted, not even the highest, as to be above his deserts. He lends dignity and strength to the public service. He is recognized throughout the world as one of the great statesmen and great international lawyers of the present era. If he persists in his reported determination and retires to private life and to the ease which he has so richly earned, the country will lose one of its biggest statesmen and the party one of its most valuable assets.

It is not necessary to multiply quotations. The nation looks to New York not to step down from the high place she has assumed by placing any man of less stature than ELIHU ROOT in the Senate.

CURVES, MORAL AND OTHERWISE.

"I might lecture to you boys about control being the big thing in life," said Mr. "CHRISTY" MATHEWSON in his address to the boys of the New York Juvenile Asylum at Dobbs Ferry. But he didn't. He went on to discuss the "fadeaway" and other considerations important to the art of curve pitching—which advertises the fact that the Giants' star pitcher puts his preaching into practice off the field as well as on. Few, facing 550 delinquents, could have resisted that fat and abundant opportunity to moralize. "MATTY" could well have taken a most unfair advantage; his admiring audience would have suffered anything from him. But he has shown himself as having one of the rarest and yet the most important virtues of the true orator-preacher—he knows when to stop. In other words, his oratory is under as perfect control as his valuable right arm. He delivered his philosophy of conduct in one short sentence and let it go at that—a straight overhand delivery, but it covered the plate.

Possibly more than one of the 550 were thinking over the relation that exists between straight living and success while "MATTY" described the disadvantages of round-arm work for the beginner; more than one put a second meaning to his advice: "Never mind if the opposing batters "do make hits off you. It won't be "long before you have such control "that you can place the ball where "you want to and begin to outguess "the batters. Little by little you "will be able to acquire your curve."

APPLE AND FLOOD.

The knowledge of good and evil, leaping like twins from the core of one apple tasted, was the doom pronounced upon NOAH and his descendants—not upon ADAM—in the old Babylonian tale of the Flood and the Fall of Man appearing in THE TIMES's London cable dispatches yesterday. The scholars are agreed that the Biblical writers of Genesis based their story of NOAH's ark on that revealed by the Nippur tablet and deciphered by Prof. LANGDON. But from Greenland's icy mountain to India's coral strand, and beyond, the account of mankind's sin and the Deluge is in the folklore of every nation. Whether it is founded on some historical event or is purely imaginary does not account for the persistence and wide spreading of this tradition. It lives because it tries to set forth the mystery of evil.

The freedom of the press was vindicated by JOHN MILTON in his citation of the apple story, that man can know good only by the publication of evil, in order to shun it. NOAH published news of evil; he got a "beat" on all other means of publicity of his day. The news was unwelcome, his neighbors didn't like it, they disbelieved it and ridiculed and denounced the publisher. But he foresaw the flood and guarded all against it who would avail themselves of his ark of refuge. As an example of one who looks at the facts without flinching and with due preparation, NOAH is inspiring. If he also ate the forbidden apple that experience, too, conveyed its element of moral profit.

LEPRAPHOBIA.

The horror of lepers is a religious horror. The scriptural writers were not good at diagnosing diseases, and their accounts mix up leprosy with several other ailments that are highly infectious. Leprosy is not nearly so fatal as tuberculosis, and it is not so easily "catching." In fact, some doctors and nurses of lepers who have attended them for years hold that it is not spread at all by contact. The terror still inspired by the traditions of the disease Dr. RUCKER of the Federal Surgeon General's office properly dubs lepraphobia. At the meeting of the American Medical Association in Atlantic City he denounced the inhuman treatment of lepers, and proposed the founding of a Federal Leprosarium.

If lepers must be segregated, they should not be treated as wild and dangerous animals. The case of JOHN EARLY, who has been driven from pillar to post all over the United States, is in point. Communities refused to care for him. Bills to establish hospitals for his pitiable kind never reached a vote in the State Legislatures. Dr. RUCKER would have the United States appropriate enough money to establish a national hospital for the unfortunates, wherein they may have the treatment of human beings.

REVISING THE BRITISH BUDGET.

Now it appears why the British Chancellor was so bitter against Mr. HILL's criticism of his budget. When Mr. GEORGE berated the American "buccaneers" and "pirates" for their criticism of his policy of social reforms by taxation he knew that his budget was a botch, and could not be forced upon Englishmen by the party representing the majority of the nation. This has been confessed by taking a penny off the income tax. So far as it has been collected it must be repaid, and all the July dividend and interest warrants must be redrawn. The muddle is worse than our own income tax caused.

There is another point of interest to Americans in the manner in which the British budget "fell to pieces," in the language of one London newspaper on Tuesday. The Speaker ruled out of order the legislative provisions which were "tacked" on to the budget. These "riders," as we call them, and of which some most objectionable are now pending at Washington, were not allowed even to be put to a vote. The Chancellor's reforms must be postponed until he can get the money for them, and perhaps he cannot get it at all. Several by-elections have been lost on his insurance scheme, and it is said by British judges that the budget fiasco will hasten a general election with no presumption in favor of the Government through the benevolences whose economic effects were indicated by Mr. HILL. No wonder the British Chancellor raged at the foreign critic whose plain and polite words exposed him to his countrymen.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Gunda's Case Again Considered.

For defense of the way in which Gunda, the big Indian elephant in the Bronx Zoological Park, has for two years been constantly chained, Dr. HORNADAY seems to depend chiefly on the assumption that the animal has brought this treatment on himself by refusal to control a "savage temper and a murderous disposition." In other words, the doctor would have us withhold our sympathy from Gunda because all the privileges and liberties of the other elephants in the park would be his if he would only be good, as they are.

That justification for the severe treatment of prisoners, even when they are human criminals, is viewed very much askance by modern penologists, and its use in the case of an animal is a reminder of the Middle Ages, when bulls and bears and other beasts occasionally homicidal were often tried in court for murder, and, when convicted, put to death by the common hangman. Of course Gunda is in no degree responsible for his ferocity, and while in it full warrant might be found for killing him, if the public safety could not otherwise be secured, it is no excuse at all for condemning him to long years of constant suffering.

Dr. HORNADAY denies that Gunda does suffer. Now, few of us would claim to know as much about animals as does this properly eminent authority, but perhaps he is not so much better informed than the rest of us as to the emotions and sensations of animals, for in that respect they are dark mysteries to all of us. This elephant's life has been brought down to mere existence in conditions as unlike those natural to him as could easily be imagined. His motions have been reduced to a monotonous swaying on feet practically fixed. There is reason for believing that this immobility has for him something of the deadly tedium that would soon drive mad a human being in like imprisonment, and that the weariness is not accompanied by more or less of pain passes credulity.

Whether Gunda suffers or not, there is no doubt that many do who watch his persistent resort to the one poor means of relief that has been left to him. The thought of him as he swings there ceaselessly back and forth is a horror by day and a cause of bad dreams at night. Something must be done about it, and promptly.

The Azores Easy to Find!

Sea Captains questioned by TIMES reporters as to what chance, in their opinion, an aviator flying from Newfoundland had of making a landfall in the Azores, showed surprisingly little inclination to declare the achievement impossible. Indeed, they apparently regarded it as hardly difficult, though admitting that the vibrations and elevation of an aeroplane in flight would render observations untrustworthy.

One of them called attention to the length of the line along which the islands stretch and to the height of one of the group as helpful to the aerial voyager, but perhaps the seamen did not take sufficiently into account the difference between navigation on the ocean and navigation far above it. The very brevity in point of time of the aviator's journey adds enormously to the difficulty of establishing his position, since his opportunities for correcting his course will be pitifully few, and a slight deflection or an unrecognized drift, rarely of any particular consequence for a ship, would be fatal for the occupants of a craft with margins of safety of all kinds so perilously narrow.

The compass, too, is apt to misbehave in such close proximity to the motors, while the gyroscopic substitute is heavy and it uses up power.

Scolding Seems Undeserved.

Much grief is apparently felt by The Milwaukee Sentinel because "the Eastern press" took the admirably reasoned decision of the Wisconsin Supreme Court, sustaining the State's eugenic marriage law, as in effect commendatory. We erred, The Sentinel tells us, in not paying more attention to the fact that two dissenting Justices wrote an opinion denouncing the statute in almost ferocious terms as oppressive, unreasonable, unnecessary, and provocative of immorality!

As these statements had nothing whatever to do with the one question before the court, which was that of constitutionality, and as the prevailing opinion explicitly approved of the law as possessing qualities exactly opposite those ascribed to it by the two dissenters, it is hard to see why "the Eastern press" should not have thought that the law stood the test pretty well.

After all, it was the business of the Wisconsin Legislature, not of Supreme Court Justices, to decide everything in regard to marriage laws except their constitutionality. Obiter dicta are often interesting, but they do not compel either acquiescence or obedience from anybody.

AN EASY QLD AGE.

How Retired Business Men May Retain the Zest of Life.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The ever-delightful "Topics of the Times" in referring to old age pensions touched upon the generally accepted belief that commercial men upon retirement are subject to ennui, rust, and decay. There are enough instances in my observation to refute the claim. Serving recently on a Grand Jury, of its twenty-three members nine were retired business men, and during our intercourse of a month I found seven of them with alert mental action, dispassionate in survey, and with eager interest and comprehension of the cases presented, comparing favorably with the other members in active pursuits.

Pretty nearly all of us, even during strenuous occupations, experience an hour or two of tedium daily, perhaps periods of stagnation resultant from mental or physical fatigue. Others beyond 60 are uniformly tedious to all they encounter, through inability to accept new conditions, through the peevishness common to some in advancing age, and through general pessimism. Every day should be a welcome birth in experience. Entering business life at 13, after forty-two years of activity, several causes, some of them obligatory, appealed to me as reasons for retirement, although the fear was entertained, based upon the experience or premonitions of others, of general mental and physical atrophy succeeding relinquishment of life's habit. A struggle of months of consideration followed, until I summoned the courage to do that which I was afraid to do. Nearly five years have passed, and there are no regrets. On the contrary, life is more satisfying because it occupies broader fields.

Over thirty years' concentration on one enterprise narrowed my scope of vision. Upon retirement wider vistas opened in all directions. In proportion to that which is to be known, I found myself often densely ignorant of elementary principles. Too late or inapt to pursue a single subject with thoroughness, the attractions of the many have induced an omniverous taste. History, biography, the essayists, orators, mechanical and natural sciences, civics, commercialism, sociology, and a wide range of subjects are superficially traversed. This great city of 330 square miles is full of interest in distinctive localities, buildings, museums, parks, libraries, water front, and what not. A daily ramble of five to eight miles has not yet exhausted its resources for me. I take an occasional trip to some other city within several hundred miles, and I have walked or ridden within a radius of twenty-five miles from Times Square until I have acquired good knowledge of the topography and features of interest so quaintly and conscientiously portrayed by Sarah Comstock, THE TIMES contributor.

Now, there are many business men rapidly approaching early old age who begin to find their pursuits relaxed or "dull, stale, and flat," but fear relinquishment of habit. It seems time now to begin to cultivate new habits, abandon their severities and abruptness, search for new things in life, and with the abandonment and discovery realize

How blest is he who crowns in shades like these
A youth of labor with an age of ease.

SEXOGENARIAN.
New York, June 23, 1914.

A TREE CULTURE BUREAU.

Needed to Look After City's Planting and Pruning.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reply to your correspondent in the Bronx who complains of the destruction of trees in that borough by unskillful planting and pruning, and wishes to know if the Tree Planting Association cannot remedy this defect in tree culture, I would say that the association has been endeavoring for several years to have established in the Park Department a bureau or board composed of foresters, one for each borough, who are graduates of reputable schools of forestry, and organized, equipped, and administered according to the most approved teaching of the science of forestry. This board or bureau would coordinate all of the tree culture of the several boroughs; place all tree planting and culture of the greater city on a scientific basis, and act as the immediate adviser of the Park Board in all matters pertaining to the selection, planting, cultivation, and conservation of trees in the parks, avenues, streets, and public places.

To give this plan of organizing a permanent, scientific, unified, and practical system of tree culture for the several boroughs the highest possible indorsement, the Tree Planting Association requested the Dean of the State College of Forestry of Syracuse University, Prof. Hugh P. Baker, to cause a survey of the boroughs to be made by skilled officers of the college and formulate a plan of organizing the proposed bureau. The request of the association was generously complied with by Dean Baker, and the task was assigned to Prof. Francis, whose department is that of planning of cities and cultivation of trees in parks and streets. The survey has been completed, a report made, and a plan of organizing a tree culture bureau or board submitted which has been pronounced by authorities who have examined it as the most complete and practicable hitherto devised. The Tree Planting Association has accepted the plan and submitted it to the Park Board, which has it under advisement.

It is believed by the association that if this plan is approved and carried into effect a new era in tree planting and cultivation in the parks, streets, and public places of New York will be inaugurated, and that this city may soon rival Washington and Paris.

STEPHEN SMITH,
President Tree Planting Association of New York.
June 18, 1914.

Two Imperators.

From The Sun.

The big Colonel reviews the big ship.
"Amazing," quoth he. "Bully!"
The big ship reviews the big Colonel. In its quiet wooden way—Wellington and Grant had that wooden look, too—and its stately steel way the German Imperator reviews the Progressive Imperator. "Of the first rank, amazing, out of sight! What power! What a draught, what speed, what boiling boilers, what great intellectual bunkers, what a cargo of principles and trophies, what swift reversal of engines, what a tremendous discharge of smoke and steam, what a heaven high crow's nest, what a delicate steering gear, what accommodations for stowaways, what hot water tight moral compartments, what a perpetual Walpurgis Night of foghorns, torpedoes and rockets, what a handsome third-class coffee room! Fine, fine! Wonder beautiful! Hoch, likewise Hock and Bock, Imperator!"
The Second Imperator bowed deeply, dipping a respectful nose in the deep. The First Imperator put the Captain in temporary charge of the Second Imperator and turned in for forty winks.

GUNDA'S BAD TEMPER

Blamed on the Keepers Who Denied Him a Mate.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

No one can gaze upon poor Gunda without asking himself, "Why?" When the animal arrived in the Zoological Gardens he was a good natured, docile elephant. I think the fault is with the management of the place. Either Dr. Hornaday or his subordinates won't be guided by nature. All animals, including the most ferocious, like the companionship of their kind. This elephant would never have developed murderous tendencies if a mate had been put in the cage with him. Instead a cow elephant was put in a cage near him, but where he could not see her.

The Zoological Society bought at much expense a pair of beautiful giraffes. They were put in the same inclosure and both flourished. Some wise subordinate of Dr. Hornaday's had them put in different inclosures. In a few months both were dead—grief, THE TIMES reporter wrote, was the cause.

A pair of Chapman zebras—male and female—occupy together an inclosure in the park. They are as docile as house cats. Near them are two Grevy zebras, separated by iron bars. I have seen the zebra stallion trying to bite through this iron grating to attack people and I challenge even the man who feeds them to enter the stall with this animal. Yet he was well behaved when he arrived.

Dr. Hornaday perhaps doesn't appreciate the law of nature with respect to the association of animals of a kind. There used to be caged together in the Zoological Park a black leopard and a spotted leopard. The color combination was most artistic, but one day the fellow with spots took a dislike to the black fellow and killed him. This would probably not have occurred to a cage mate with spots. The fault may be with the keepers. Few of these are chosen because of their knowledge of or sympathy with animals. They are often chosen upon the recommendation of politicians. In many years of observation I have never known an animal with a cage mate of its kind to degenerate into a criminal beast.

CHARLES H. GEORGE.
New York, June 24, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Last year, with a party of friends, I visited the Zoo, and, in view of the size of the Zoo, was struck with what seemed to be the limited quarters given the wild animals. With all that room, in rolling meadow and woodland, it seemed as though a certain leopard we noticed, some lions, and a white grizzly bear might be allowed more space than just an extra half length in which to pace to and fro. The case of the chained elephant was, however, particularly noticeable and pathetic.

According to your story, Dr. Hornaday thinks that, were Gunda asked, he would prefer to be chained for life, with room to move two feet backward and two feet forward, than to be shot.

Given that Dr. Hornaday were possessed of the jungle instinct; that he had not been born in, but brought into, captivity at an age which made it possible to remember his wild freedom; that he measured over nine feet in height and weighed 10,000 pounds; that he had a year lease on life which ran into the eighties, with the privilege of moving two feet forward and two feet back, and he were given his choice between being shot or being allowed to roll out his eighty years, which would he be likely to select?

It is a pretty safe guess what the average "lifer" would choose. Somehow it seems as though the edict of the jungle would be that it's not just a square deal—this slow-death business—which the Zoo is handing out to Gunda. EDITH DAY ROBINSON.
Hempstead, L. I., June 23, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When Mr. Smith was Commissioner it was suggested that a place similar to the hippopotamus tank be made for the elephant then chained in Central Park. If I am not mistaken, he and Mr. Snyder thought the plan feasible, but could not be undertaken on account of lack of funds. One of your contemporaries was requested to start a public subscription, but for some reason no effort was made.

The elephant enjoys a bath. If such a place were built, with a tank for water, not only would it prove more humane, but doubtless prolong life.

Have we no poet to immortalize our tender mercies, our humane treatment of captives—prisoners in penitentiaries, pride of the jungle in our parks? What sort of an example is this torturing process to the children? Does it not teach them to be cruel? F. K.
New York, June 24, 1914.

Overworked by Parcel Post.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My husband is a trolley conductor, and his run is from Hartford to Windsor Locks. We live in the latter place. We thought the parcel post was going to do wonders for all the people, and we did not concern ourselves about the matter further than that.

But my unfortunate husband has aged ten years during the last year, because he is made to do a great deal of extra work in connection with the parcel post, and he does not get a cent extra for it either. What good is it to us if the parcel post carries goods cheaply to us and others if we are killed doing the actual work for nothing? I read in THE TIMES of Monday that people are beginning to see the bad side of the new device in Post Office management. All the men on my husband's line say "Amen!" to your article. Why should our company make us work for nothing, even if the Government makes them work for nothing? I hear the Government doesn't even pay the steam railroads for their parcel post work. What kind of government is this? Why don't the railroads refuse as well as the trolleys? We did not care about them till now we see how it hits ourselves. Now we see that honesty is the best for all, even the workingmen. We should pay the trolleys and railroads and let them pay the men and employ more. Mrs. M. A.
New York, June 22, 1914.

"Cures" for Juvenile Delinquency.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A few years ago every "educator" seized eagerly on the chance to explain the badness of many boys on the theory that they had adenoids. Then a holy crusade was preached against the offending adenoids, for it is written, "If thy right hand offend thee, cut it off," and why not adenoids as well?

By this time we hear no more of this ingenious theory—no one exploits it to his own profit. Maybe it is because the lease of life of these theories is as short as that of the last "missing link"; maybe it is because all adenoids are now cut out and children born free of them—but we are now confronted with the "theory of molars." According to a respectable theorist, Superintendent of a juvenile asylum, defective teeth usurp the place of honor formerly given over to adenoids as a producer of youthful naughtiness and depravity, and the dentist is the magician who will work the wonders formerly done by the throat specialist.

Meanwhile, I advise the throat specialists not to give in without a fight. I am acquainted with a throat specialist, and am therefore ready to testify in favor of adenoids as against defective molars in the question of morals of pupils. Is there to be nothing lasting in this world? The naughty child continues, somehow or other, in much the same numbers as ever. Adenoids, molars; next guess? ROBERT P.
New York, June 22, 1914.

Dangerous Lunatics at Large.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Wherein lies the responsibility for such a dreadful tragedy as that committed by Mrs. Henry S. Folsom in the murder of her husband?

When one has a contagious disease, such as diphtheria, scarlet fever, or measles, he is obliged to protect the public by a printed sign tacked on his residence, and if this is not done he is liable to a fine or imprisonment or both. In the case of this unfortunate woman, who had a diseased mind, her late husband, her relatives, and undoubtedly their personal friends knew of her true condition. Therefore, why was she permitted to be at large? Supposing she had murdered one of the women she was suspicious of instead of her husband, would her late husband or her family not be criminally liable for such action on the part of the demented woman?
SAFETY FIRST.
New York, June 23, 1914.

DIRECT ACTION.

Leonard Abbott Would Now Defy Authorities in Tarrytown.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There are a few undisputed facts in relation to the "free speech fight" now raging in Tarrytown. The issue was raised, in the first place, by courteous requests, on the part of Arthur Caron and of the head of the Free Speech League, for a permit for an outdoor meeting. These requests were made to President Pierson and to Police Chief Bowles in a letter and in personal interviews. A reply was promised by the Chief of Police, but was not sent. Instead, a statement was published in the press to the effect that no outdoor meetings would be permitted in Tarrytown, but that if visiting speakers chose to hire a hall they would not be prevented.

I contend that this edict is unsatisfactory from every standpoint. In view of present conditions in Tarrytown, it amounts to a total suppression of unpopular ideas. Judge Tompkins, at White Plains, like the authorities of Tarrytown, has talked of the possibility of "hiring a hall." But every one knows that a hall cannot be hired in Tarrytown today by the exponents of radical or unpopular ideas. The village President himself has not been able to hire a hall at which even the free-speech argument might be presented, and when a local clergyman offered his grounds for a debate on the issues involved he was prevented by fellow-clergymen and by his church Trustees from carrying through the plan.

If a man believes in free speech in Tarrytown today how can he get it? He is forbidden the streets and he is forbidden the halls. There are only four possible ways, as I see it, in which he can proceed. He can appeal to the minds of the people through printed matter. He can get a foothold on private property and talk to as many people as care to come and hear him. He can put the matter up to the courts, and try to get a legal decision. And he can resort to "direct action."

All these methods have been employed in Tarrytown, but I contend that the last-named is the most effective. The fourteen men and the one woman who tried to speak in Fountain Square, and who showed themselves ready to go to prison for their conviction, are the people who will be remembered longest in connection with this fight. Those who are deprived of their rights are justified in taking them, and progress in all ages has been inspired by men and women who have shown themselves ready to fight, to suffer, and, if necessary, to die, in behalf of fundamental rights.

Free speech is one of the most precious of such rights, and is so recognized by the national and by all the State Constitutions of the United States. It is one of the paradoxes of the present situation in Tarrytown that men who are attacked as "foreigners" and as law-breakers have shown themselves law-abiding and ready to suffer imprisonment as the cost of upholding this principle of free speech embedded in the very fabric of our American institutions.

All the lawlessness in connection with last Monday evening's demonstration in Tarrytown came from the people of the village and from the authorities. A peaceable attempt was made to hold a peaceable meeting on neutral ground connected with the Croton Aqueduct and belonging to New York City. The meeting was held amid an incessant din from the village hoodlums. Women who tried to speak were pelted with stones and filth. One speaker was wounded in the mouth, and talked with blood flowing. Public officials counseled the turning of the hose on the little band of courageous men and women who stood their ground for more than an hour in face of the savage onslaughts of the crowd. The police of the village did nothing to quell the disorder. On the way from the aqueduct to the railway station a number of the visitors were bruised, hit, and kicked. The aqueduct police, who arrived at the station at 10:30 P. M., contributed their share of vindictiveness and clubbed men even as they were trying to get on the train.

In view of these undisputed facts, can any fair-minded man deny that the real defenders of the American principle of free speech in Tarrytown today are the so-called "I. W. W.'s"? Of course, the Free Speech League is in no way identified with the Industrial Workers of the World. Can any fair-minded man deny that "lawlessness" at Tarrytown has proceeded from the people of the village and from the authorities?

LEONARD D. ABBOTT,
President Free Speech League.
New York, June 24, 1914.

The Collision Near Stonington.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note the inquiries and replies in THE TIMES relative to the disaster to the steamboats Narragansett and Stonington, both of the Stonington Line, on Long Island Sound, June 11, 1880. I was Health Officer at the time, and the bodies of the victims that were brought here were placed in my charge. I quote from my record concerning the disaster as follows:

Saturday, June 12, 1880.—Steamers Narragansett and Stonington collided in the dense fog last night about fifteen miles off Cornfield Light. The former was burned and the passengers mostly saved by the latter and brought back to Stonington about 6:30 A. M.

Among the bodies brought here I recorded one as "A lady, unknown, aged about 45 years, had earrings, crosstipped with gold, black dress, said to have had a little girl with blue dress trimmed with lace"; also "Rev. E. B. Lockwood, pastor of the Sixty-eighth Street M. E. Church, New York, drowned."

With regard to the Metis disaster, my record states that "John Roche of Bolton, England, was drowned from steamer Metis off Watch Hill, Aug. 30, 1872. The body was brought to Stonington by the United States revenue cutter Moccasin." "The body of an unknown woman, aged about 45 years, another victim of the Metis disaster, was brought to Stonington, was unclaimed, and buried by the authorities."

GEORGE D. STANTON, M. D.
Stonington, Conn., June 22, 1914.

SOLOMON VS. SCIENCE.

"Backward, turn backward, O Time in thy flight.
Make me a child again just for tonight."
Let me but dig in the jam as of yore,
Rifle the cooky and cake tins once more;
It would be such fun when mamma came my way,
Sweetly and stickily smiling to say:

"Mother dear, listen, and stifle your rage—
I am just working to stave off old age.
Sweets are the fount of perennial youth.
Metchnikoff says so. It must be the truth."

Then to my side the dear lady would fly.
"Bless you, my darling wise child," she would cry.
"You have a leaning toward science, that's clear.
I will eat with you, (a kiss,) little dear!"

Would she? Well frankly I have a small doubt—
I was a child ere the slipper went out.
Fads educational held little sway,
Fads dietetic were still on the way.
Science and Metchnikoff might share the blame—
I'd get the spanking, you bet, just the same.

WINIFRED ARNOLD.

TELL OF FIRE RISKS AT FACTORY INQUIRY

Witnesses Point Out the Need of Increasing Safeguards in the Big Stores.

REAL ESTATE MEN PROTEST

Say City's Income Is Threatened by the Burdens Being Piled Upon Property Owners.

The State Factory Commission at its session in the City Hall yesterday delved into the subject of fire hazards in stores and factories. Fire prevention was discussed at length by Joseph O. Hammitt, head of the Fire Prevention Bureau, who said that many of the present requirements were likely to prove of little use so far as old buildings were concerned, although they might apply to new buildings.

Floor openings in department stores, Mr. Hammitt said, constituted one of the most dangerous of fire hazards because of the large floor space loaded with highly combustible material. There was nothing, he said, to prevent fire spreading from floor to floor. It was fundamentally necessary, he said, that there should be some means of closing the floor openings without shutting off the means of exit.

The problem of exits from stores, he said, was a most pressing one, as there was no guarantee that fires would not occur at such times as during the Christmas rush. Having a sufficient number of exterior exits on each floor was one way of making the stores safe, he said. Revolving doors with rigid braces should not be permitted in department stores, in his opinion. Legislation fixing minimum uniform standards for department stores would be desirable, he believes, although existing laws give him authority to direct the safety devices described. He said also that windows opening on fire escapes should be protected with wire glass.

Woman Investigator's Discoveries.

Miss Anna C. Phillips, who has been investigating department stores for the commission for three months, told of conditions she found in eighty stores in about a dozen cities in the State. Few of the stores, she said, had wire glass inclosures for elevator shafts, while seventy of them had no fire-resisting inclosures for stairways. A frequent condition, she said, was open stairways around open elevator shafts, thereby making a flume. Fifteen buildings were constructed of quick-burning material, and twelve were of slow-burning material. One store, she said, made a practice of throwing waste paper down a chute into the basement. Fifteen stores in old buildings, she said, had installed fire walls at the suggestion of insurance companies.

Fire escapes in many of the stores, Miss Phillips said, were useless because of iron bars or metal shutters, while in other cases goods were piled against the windows leading to the fire escapes. In New York City, Miss Phillips continued, twenty-eight of thirty-one stores she inspected had packing rooms not inclosed by fireproof material. Many stores had alcohol, naphtha, and other combustibles unprotected, and in one store an employe was discovered using gasoline within eight

MISS WILDE, BRIDE OF EARL J. MOON, JR.

Ceremony in St. Thomas's Church Follows a Brief Romance—Full Choral Service.

SISTER, MATRON OF HONOR

Countess Di Frasso One of Six Attendants Who Carry Directoire Canes—To Visit Princess de Croy.

The wedding of Earl Joseph Moon, Jr., of St. Louis, and Miss Dorothy Wilde, younger daughter of Mrs. M. V. Siegel, was solemnized at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Thomas's Church with a full choral service. The church decorations were white lilies and peonies with palms massed in the chancel, and the ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Frank German of St. Thomas's Church, Mamaroneck, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Caswell of St. Thomas's Church.

There was music all through the ceremony, as well as during the seating and departure of the guests, the programme being selected by the bride, Daniel Fillippi was the organist, and the choir, headed by the choirmaster, bearing the golden crucifer, came down the nave to meet the bridal procession, and, turning, preceded it to the altar. The ushers who led the bridal party were John de Koven Bowen of Chicago, Thomas Carter, Jr., and Ralph Morriss of St. Louis; John Carroll, Jr., of Baltimore, Don Morrison Kelley and Lester Kafer of New York. Stuart MacDonald, a brother-in-law of Mr. Moon, was his best man.

The Bride's Attendants.

They were followed by the bride's attendants, who were the Misses Hilda Hiss, Mildred Dodge, and Abby Morrison, Mrs. John de Koven Bowen, Mrs. Herbert Sierck, and the bride's sister, the Countess Dentice di Frasso, (Miss Georgine Wilde,) who arrived on Thursday from Italy. She was the matron of honor.

She wore a frock of lavender satin, with plaited tunic of orchid chiffon that came to within six inches of the bottom of the satin skirt. The corsage was of the chiffon, save that in the centre back the lavender satin showed as a wide panel, belted across at the waist line with the folded girdle to match, and went down the back to the skirt's edge. The chiffon formed elbow sleeves and a Medicis collar at the back, and in the centre front was inserted in the waist an impiecement. Her wide-brimmed shepherdess hat was of orchid tulle with a large tulle bow at the left side, and both the hat and the collar were shirred to show quillings of a deeper shade. The countess wore a string of superb pearls and a huge sapphire set in diamonds on her corsage and carried a bouquet of purple orchids and lavender sweet peas.

Mrs. Bowen and Mrs. Sierck wore pale blue, and the three girl attendants were in pale pink. All wore huge leghorn hats trimmed with full double ruches of blue or pink tulle around the crowns, and each had a single pink rose laid anywhere on the brim that suited the wearer. The gowns had mousseline bodices cut square at the neck and having elbow sleeves with turned back cuffs of tulle. The skirts were slit at the back over petticoats of crepe de chine matching the skirts, and the tunics were draped in double folds full on the hips and tapering in below the knees. Wide folds of soft satin formed the girdles, and were draped at the back in huge bows that almost covered the corsage back.

All of the attendants carried tall Directorie canes. Those of the two young matrons were topped with clusters of pink roses and those of the three girls with purple orchids. The canes were the bride's gift to her attendants, and each had the owner's initials engraved on the gold band encircling it.

Cousin Gives Bride Away.

Miss Wilde walked with her cousin, Charles Monteith Gilpin of New York, who gave her in marriage. Her gown was of soft white satin charmeuse. The corsage was cut low and square and was swathed softly around the body with folds of tulle over the shoulders and the long, close sleeves were of tulle, the bride wearing no gloves. There was a folded girdle, and from this a coat tunic, shorter at the front, fell scallopped to twenty inches, and was finished with a deep flounce of point lace that dropped lower on one side than the other. There was a square court train of the soft satin lined with tulle. The voluminous tulle veil was fluffed into a full, soft cap held by orange blossoms that trailed down each side of the dark coiffure and sprays of orange blosoms held it to the train and gown.

The cap was held at the front by a long bar pin, set with many diamonds, a gift of the Duchess de Talleyrand, (Miss Anna Gould.) She also wore a slender chain, with a pendant of a large diamond and large pear-shaped pearl, the gift of the Princess del Drago. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley.

The processional was the "Lohengrin" Wedding March. "O, Perfect Love" and the "Sevenfold Amen" were played during the wedding ceremony and the recessional was the Mendelssohn "Wedding March." During the seating of the guests the special musical programme included a prelude by Rachmaninoff, a minuet by Beethoven, a chanson by Rubinstein, and also selections from Gounod, Dvorak, Wagner, Duparc, and Puccini.

Reception at the St. Regis.

A small reception followed at the St. Regis, where the second floor, including the marble ballroom, was reserved for the guests. The bride and bridegroom stood against a background of palms in the Louis XVI. ballroom, and Mrs. Siegel headed the receiving line, Mrs. Siegel wore a gralling robe of pastal blue charmeuse draped with white tulle and black lace, topped by a transparent black shepherdess hat wreathed with mixed flowers. There was music and dancing in the ballroom after the reception, which the bride took turns with a number of the guests, and the refreshments were served in the adjoining room.

The wedding was the result of a pretty romance. Miss Wilde first met Mr. Moon less than six weeks ago, as the guest of friends in Chicago. It was a case of love at first sight on both sides, and within four days they were engaged. They are booked to sail Saturday on the Zealand, going direct to Belgium, where they will be the guests of the Prince and Princess de Croy at the Château Billignies, and from there will go to France to visit the Duchess de Talleyrand and the Prince and Princess Murat (Miss Stalle). On their return they will live at Washington Terrace, St. Louis.

Among the Guests.

Among those at the church and reception who accepted invitations were Mrs. J. Muhlenburg Bailey, Mrs. Lewis Gouverneur Morris, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rutherfurd, Mrs. Brady Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Ledyard Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Lovell Jerome, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Scovell, Mr. and Mrs. Elbert H. Gary, Mrs. Beekman Johnson, Mrs. David Morrison, Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Noyes, Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Pratt Lindley, Mr. and Mrs. Dreincourt Marth, Mrs. Frank Gallaughin, Mrs. George B. Loring, Mrs. Amy Schermerhorn, Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Gilpin, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Fitch, Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Felk Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hamilton, Rear Admiral Ide and Mrs. Ide, Mr. and Mrs. Rowland C. Robbins, Mrs. A. Moore Richard, Mrs. Heyl Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander C. Chenoweth, Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Fry, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Fairchild, the Misses Louise Freeman, Marion and Diantha Dixon, Florence James, Lottie Williams, Mrs. Rae R. Cooke, F. W. Watrous, Mrs. A. Schermerhorn, F. Schermerhorn, Miss Julia Noyes, Charles Tamm, Miss Carlton, Roderick Wallace, Frederick Gallaughin, J. La Freeland, and Miss Alice Morrison.

SCOTS CHEER BANNOCKBURN

Pipes, Drums, Songs, and Speeches Recall Great Battle.

All the Scots in New York it seemed tried to get into Carnegie Hall last night to celebrate the six hundredth anniversary of the battle of Bannockburn and to honor Robert Bruce. It couldn't be done and some hundreds had to content themselves with listening to the highlanders' pipes from outside. Inside it was enthusiasm from pit to ceiling, and it grew with each song, speech, and fling.

Ex-Senator Charles P. McClelland was the Chairman of the meeting, and there were speeches by Andrew McLean, editor of The Brooklyn Citizen; the Rev. Robert Bruce Clark, descendant of the hero of the famous battleground, and the Rev. Dr. John R. Mackay of the North Avenue Presbyterian Church.

There were songs by Mrs. Gleeca Nichols and Hamish MacKay and the New York Scottish Highlanders' Pipe and Drum Band played all the favorites. Pipe Major James Cooper had his bandsmen out of breath, and the Scots whispered to each other that there never was such wonderful music. Some of the bandsmen did the dances while Major Cooper blew the pipe and tapped with his foot.

MISS LOUISE DREW HURT.

Actor's Daughter Thrown Out in Auto Collision.

Miss Louise Drew, daughter of John Drew, the actor, was injured last Saturday afternoon in an automobile collision near Quogue, L. I. The Drews are summering in East Hampton, and Miss Drew was on her way there in a new auto runabout. She was driving it, with a chauffeur beside her.

In attempting to pass an automobile containing the family of Dr. Henry L. O'Brien of Brooklyn, who has a Summer hime in West Hampton Beach, the running board of Miss Drew's car struck the fender of the other machine. Miss Drew's chauffeur grabbed the steering wheel from her, and turned so sharply that the runabout struck a tree.

Miss Drew and the chauffeur were thrown and the car was wrecked. One of the levers struck Miss Drew's right knee, cutting a deep gash. Otherwise she was uninjured. She was taken in Dr. O'Brien's car to the office of Dr. Wadhams, at West Hampton Beach, and after her knee had been treated, she was carried to her father's home by friends in another machine.

VAUDEVILLE BY YACHTSMEN

Atlantic Club Makes a Big Hit with "The Picturaskews."

The Atlantic Yacht Club entertained its members and a large number of guests at the clubhouse last night with a vaudeville show, in which many well-known professionals and amateurs took part. The programme was arranged by Chairman Weismann of the Entertainment Committee.

Among those who took part were Lloyd Bingham, Tom Hardenburgh, George H. Gartlan, who duplicated his hit in the minstrel show of the Crescent Athletic Club; Commodore J. Stuart Blackton and Wilfred North. There also was an exhibition of drawing-room dancing by Miss Jewel Hilburn and Grafton Wiggins.

Next to some clever drawings made by Commodore Blackton, the hit of the evening was "The Picturaskews," which was managed by Mr. North. The machine created no end of fun by drawing caricatures of the more prominent members of the club.

A Colonial ball will be given by the Atlantic Yacht Club on Wednesday evening, July 1. It will be the first of the celebrations that will last over Independence Day.

BOARD ELECTS J. W. DAVIS.

Director of Attendance Chosen for Public Schools.

The Board of Education, by a vote of 31 to 5, yesterday elected Dist. Supt. John W. Davis as Director of Attendance for a term of six years at $6,000 a year. The only member who spoke against the election was Cornelius J. Sullivan, who, after saying that he had been misinformed as to Mr. Davis's truancy record, declared that the nominee was too old for the position.

By-laws were amended in relation to elementary schools so as to provide that at least once a week there shall be a salute to the national flag followed by the singing of one or more stanzas of the Star Spangled Banner.

It was decided that Spanish be added to the general course of study in the De Witt Clinton High School, and that there should be an experiment with the teaching of German in Grades 5A to 8B inclusive, in P. S. 22, Flushing, L. I. The system of the muscular system of penmanship in all the elementary schools was approved.

ROCKEFELLER GIVES $50,000

And Promises as Much More to Wipe Out Baptists' Debt.

BOSTON, June 24.—Delegates to the Northern Baptist Convention today subscribed in person $50,000 toward wiping out the debt of $276,000 hanging over the Foreign mission societies. In addition, John D. Rockefeller gave $50,000 and promised a second installment of the same size if needed; and letters pledging $57,000 more were received.

Despite the heat, Tremont Temple was filled with delegates, who responded with enthusiasm to the appeal for contributions. The Madison Avenue Baptist Church of New York pledged $1,500, and a subscription of $1,000 was made by the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church of New York.

Grandson Gives Bride Away.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, N. J., June 24.—Mrs. Georgianna Long of High Bridge, formerly of Hampton, and Samuel G. Lundy of Clinton were married at noon today in the parsonage of the Washington Methodist Church. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. B. Rhodes, pastor of the church. The bride's twelve-year-old grandson, Donald Long, of High Bridge, gave her in marriage. The bridegroom is a wealthy widower. After a honeymoon trip the couple will live in Clinton.

A. H. Hoffman Weds Miss Liebler.

Arthur H. Hoffman, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Hoffman of 697 Teller Avenue, and Miss Caroline B. Liebler, daughter of Mrs. Louise Liebler of 410 East 155th Street, were married at 6:30 last evening at the Hotel Manhattan in the presence of the families and a few friends. The bride's uncle, Henry Meyer, gave her in marriage. The Rev. Adolph Jung of the Lutheran Church officiated. The bride had Mrs. David Pfeiffer as matron of honor, and F. G. Leonhardt was the best man. A dinner followed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman will spend the Summer in Caldwell, N. J.

Palmer-Fischer Wedding.

The marriage of Dr. Bissell B. Palmer, Jr., and Miss Charlotta Fischer, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. Fischer of 114 West Eighty-eighth Street, took place yesterday afternoon at the St. Regis in the presence of the immediate relatives only. The bride's sister, Miss Edna Olga Fischer, was her only attendant. Dr. Edward Griffenstein was the best man. A dinner followed the ceremony. Dr. Palmer and his bride will live in this city.

Herring-Underhill Engagement.

The engagement of Miss Elizabeth Herring, the daughter of Mrs. William F. Herring, (Chloe Conyers,) of St. Field Point Road, Greenwich, Conn., to Meredith Underhill of New York is announced. No date has been named for the wedding.

Miss Helen L. Parmele Engaged.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Helen Livingston Parmele, daughter of the late Truman Parmele of Staten Island, and a descendant on her mother's side of Gov. Bradford of Plymouth Colony, to William Maxwell Summis of Manhasset. Mr. Summis is son of Mrs. William Summis. His father before his death was President of the New York Stock Exchange. Miss Parmele makes her home with her grandmother, Mrs. Lewis Cass Johnson.

"A Pair of Sixes" for London.

H. H. Frazee has concluded arrangements by cable to produce, under his own direction, the farce, "A Pair of Sixes," now playing at the Longacre Theatre, in London, and will sail for England on the Mauretania on Aug. 11. The London production will be made on Aug. 31. The London company will contain English, and Joseph Coyne has been engaged to create the role of [illegible] part of [illegible] which is [illegible]

WEDDED AT FARM OF COLONIAL DAYS

Miss Eleanor Roelker and Harrison Tweed Married Where Gen. Greene Took Bride.

RECEIVE UNDER ELM TREE

Providence, Boston, and New York Society People at Nuptials at End of "Poet's Walk."

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 24.—A wedding which called together many who are socially prominent in this city, New York, Boston, and elsewhere was that of Miss Eleanor Roelker, sister of William G. Roelker, and Harrison Tweed, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harrison Tweed of New York, which took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock at Greene Farm, in East Greenwich, the home of the bride.

Miss Roelker comes of a long line of ancestors prominent in the history of this State, and Greene Farm, which was built in the seventeenth century, has figured extensively in Colonial history, having been the home of several Governors of that name, of the last of whom Miss Roelker is the great granddaughter.

The marriage ceremony, which is the first to take place at Greene Farm since that of Gen. Nathanael Greene, the revolutionary hero, took place out of doors at the end of the long "Poet's Walk," which stretches from the sloping lawn beside the house to a tall screen of shrubbery at the further end.

The bride and her attendants came from the house across the veranda and down the grassy slope to the music of the bridal chorus from "Lohengrin."

Preceding the bride were the ushers, F. Skiddy von Stade, Francis R. Appleton, Jr., of New York, Dudley L. Pickman, Jr., George G. Amory of Boston, Stewart S. Lowery of San Francisco, Winthrop Aldrich, son of ex-Senator Nelson W. Aldrich; James J. Higginson of New York, and Francis W. Sargent, Jr., of Boston.

Then came the matron of honor, Mrs. George Peabody Gardner, Jr., of Boston; the bridesmaids, Miss Katherine Tweed of New York, sister of the bridegroom; Miss Camilla Morgan of New York, Miss Margaret Thomas of Boston; Miss Helen Taft, daughter of ex-President William H. Taft, and the maid of honor, Miss Edith G. Roelker, sister of the bride.

They were gowned alike, in white taffeta, fashioned with long tunics and sash bows of taffeta, chiffon bodices over pink, with a tiny pink rose at the belt. Their hats were quaint affairs of leghorn, with crowns of deep blue silk, with a cluster of pink roses in front and strings of black velvet ribbons. They carried pink Killarney roses. The bride's gifts to them were large oblong white leather pocketbooks, with gold initials.

The bride was accompanied by her brother, who gave her away. She wore a draped gown of white satin, with garniture of point d'Angleterre lace, which also formed a Medici collar. Clusters of orange blossoms ornamented the gown and caught the bride's veil, which was of tulle. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley.

The bridegroom was attended by Harold S. Vanderbilt, son of William K. Vanderbilt of New York.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. William G. Thayer of St. Mark's, Southboro, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Daniel Goodwin of East Greenwich. During the ceremony "O Perfect Love," was softly played by a string orchestra, and at the conclusion, to the march from "Aida," the bride and bridegroom led their attendants to a large elm tree, near the end of the walk, under which they stood to receive congratulations.

They were assisted by Mr. and Mrs. Roelker, the latter wearing white net over pearl-colored satin, with pale blue sash, and a white hat, trimmed with pink roses and pale blue ribbon. She wore a cluster of gardenias.

A wedding breakfast was served from a large tent erected on the lawn, the bride and bridegroom sitting on a large old settee beneath a tree near by at a table ornamented with pink roses.

Later Mr. and Mrs. Tweed left on their wedding journey, the bride wearing a draped gown of dark blue taffeta, with a picturesque black hat faced with pink, with clusters of tiny pink roses and ribbon strings. Mr. and Mrs. Tweed will spend their honeymoon in Europe, and on their return will live in New York.

REV. A. E. RORABACK WEDS.

Flatbush Pastor Married to Miss Gertrude R. Ditmars in Brooklyn.

The marriage of Miss Gertrude Remsen Ditmars, daughter of John Ditmars, and the Rev. Albert Edward Roraback, son of Judge and Mrs. A. T. Roraback of Canaan, Conn., was solemnized yesterday in the First Reformed Church, Brooklyn. The Rev. Dr. James M. Farrar performed the ceremony at noon, and half an hour later there was a wedding breakfast for relatives and a few intimate friends at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ditmars, 800 Carroll Street.

White tulle and old rose and duchess lace, from her mother's wedding gown, were combined with great effect in the bride's costume. Her veil was of tulle and lace, and she carried sweet peas and lilies of the valley. The matron of honor was Mrs. Sidney W. Eldridge of Elizabeth, N. J. She appeared in lavender chiffon and lace and a lace hat and carried lavender sweet peas. Miss Cornelia Wyckoff, a cousin of the bride, acted as maid of honor in a gown of pink taffeta and a Leghorn hat, and carried pink sweet peas. Miss Catherine Roraback, a sister of the bridegroom, and Miss Adele Voorhees of Morristown were bridesmaids in gowns of cream lace having paniers of lavender taffeta caught up with pink roses. They wore Leghorn hats and carried pink and lavender sweet peas.

The best man was Joseph Clinton Roraback, and serving as ushers were the Rev. Thomas McCandless of this city, the Rev. Asbury E. Krom, Dr. Frank T. Fulton of Providence, H. Hammett Fales of Wrentham, Mass., and David S. Day of Bridgeport.

Mr. Roraback is pastor of the Church of the Evangel, Flatbush. He was graduated from Yale in 1902.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Henry W. Savage has engaged Maude Hanaford to play Ruth Ambrose, leading woman's role in Holman Day's comedy, "Alpine Climb," next season. Others in the cast will be the originals who appeared during the run of the piece at the Gaiety Theatre last season. These include James R. Bradbury, Joseph Kilgour, and J. F. McCarthy.

For the Chicago company of "A Pair of Sixes," which opens in the Cort Theatre Aug. 31, H. H. Frazee yesterday engaged Ona Waldrop for the principal feminine role, which is being played at the Longacre theatre company by Ann Murdock.

"The Passing Show of 1914" at the Winter Garden is to contribute the greater part of the beauties which Albert de Courville, manager of the London Hippodrome, is trying to gather together from all quarters of the world for his new show to be launched in London in the Fall.

Fred McClellan, former general manager of Lulu Glaser, was selected yesterday by Weber & Luescher as general manager in the far West for d'Annunzio's photo-spectacle "Cabiria." Mr. McClellan will make his headquarters in San Francisco, where he will prepare for the initial presentation of this attraction at the Gaiety Theatre July 11.

John C. Fisher has engaged Wadsworth Harris and Robert Fischer for the cast of "Potash & Perlmutter," the new play by Paul Wilstach, which is to be produced in August. The two principal roles will be played by Reginald Barlow and Carroll McComas.

O'Brien, Malevinsky & Driscoll, attorneys, have been retained by the Motion Picture Company, jointly, to restrain them from using a picture they have already launched entitled "The Girl Without a Soul." The suit is based on [illegible]

BABIES SHOW HOW TO GROW

Infants' Hospitals and Wards Claim Attention in the Week's Celebration.

It was Sick Babies' Day yesterday in the Baby Week celebration, and the Babies' Hospitals and the Babies' Wards of other hospitals were thrown open to visitors to show them what is done for the little ones and to let them know that money for the work is always useful and gives the physicians and nurses opportunities to save many lives.

Especial preparation was made at the Babies' Hospital in East Fifty-fifth Street for the Commissioner of Correction, Katharine B. Davis, was to speak there at noon. Dr. Davis misunderstood the day and went to the hospital on Tuesday. Late yesterday she sent word that she was detained unavoidably. Meantime thirty-five mothers came with their babies to hear what she had to say, and were sent off with a supply of "Better Baby" literature.

One of the babies who arrived to be weighed was Patrick, who was three months old, and tipped the scales at five pounds and five ounces. Patrick was far from a robust specimen of young manhood as he lay weeping copiously upon the scales, but he was a worthy celebrant of Baby Week, for the five ounces he had gained in the last five days. That was a big gain, and Tiddems, the cat mascot of the hospital, hopped upon a chair beside the baby and smiled with delight.

The real shining light of the hospital was one of its residents in its incubator room. This little room was made with double walls and double windows, and was kept at a temperature of 85 degrees, for the little people who made their way into this cold world too soon. They were put into little beds separated by low glass partitions to guard against traveling germs. No one was allowed to enter this incubator room except the nurse in charge and the doctor.

The hero of the incubator room was Louis Shinoti, who when he entered the hospital weighed two and a half pounds, and in four months' residence there gained two pounds more. The nurse lifted Louis in his basket and took him to the glass door through which the visitors gazed at him with wonder. Louis put on a marvelous fight. The first month of his stay was a losing one. His weight went down and stayed down, and he was as near death as it was possible to be and live. His chart showed the nearly fatal descent and a long, low line extending through the thirty days when it began to ascend. Though not much to look at as far as babies go, Louis had every appearance of intelligence and fighting force.

There was a nice baby who was pulling splendidly through a stomach operation that would have been arduous for an adult, and one remarkable when performed on a baby of a few weeks. Little black babies were among the patients. Lucille Clark, one of these, wore a beautiful great lavender bow on her hair as she was taking her luncheon on the roof garden, but it could not console her for digestive troubles, and Lucille howled loudly. Harry Lee was a nice little black boy, with nothing more the matter with him than malnutrition. He sat up comfortably in his bed, his arms filled with toys, his hair standing up on his head in funny little woolly horns, and too shy to raise his big black eyes.

Dr. Charles G. Kerley and the resident physician, Dr. Edward A. Morgan, with the Superintendent, Miss Mary Agnes Smith, and her assistant, Miss Woods, showed the visitors around. One of the visitors was Miss Ellen Louise Adee, an active manager of the hospital and specialist in Summer work. Miss Ogden Chisolm of the Board of Directors was also there. In the list of things that "Every Mother Should Do" that is given out this week one mentioned is: "Keep everything out of the baby's mouth but its food." The hospital showed with one of its little patients how it managed this. The baby wore securely sewed to the sleeves of his little gown a pair of hand protectors—good-sized aluminum cups, into which the hands went. These were perforated with holes for ventilation, and left room for the little hands to have free play and altogether too large to go into any baby's mouth.

Today is the day of the well babies, and day nurseries, temporary shelters, homes, and asylums will be visited. This afternoon there will be an automobile ride for mothers and babies.

DR. DAVIS ACCUSES KEEPER.

New Drug Arrest at Blackwell's Island Penitentiary.

Charles E. Wheland, a keeper in the penitentiary on Blackwell's Island, was arrested last night by Patrolman Lydig and locked up in the East Sixty-seventh Street Station on a charge of violation of Section 1,691 of the Penal Code, which prohibits the sale of drugs or liquors to prisoners.

Dr. Katharine B. Davis, Commissioner of Correction, accompanied him to the station. She said that Wheland had admitted that he had slipped packages in and out for prisoners and had received money for them. He denied that there was any drug or liquor in what he had passed in. The case will come up in the Yorkville Court this morning.

Wheland has been a keeper for several years. He has been under surveillance of Commissioner Davis and Warden Fox, but the case against Dr. Charles A. Baxter occupied the first attention of the officials in their drug crusade, and they waited until this had been disposed of temporarily before taking up Wheland's case.

LIBRARY GETS SCULPTURES.

Plaster Casts by MacMonnies Represent Poetry and Philosophy.

Two new groups of sculpture are attracting the attention of visitors to the big Public Library building who go in by the Fifth Avenue entrance. They are on either side of the broad steps to the entrance, in the niches above the fountains. They are plaster casts, the designs by the sculptor MacMonnies, and are placed in position temporarily to see if any change is necessary before they are put into marble.

The two groups represent Poetry and Philosophy. The former, on the left of the steps as one enters the building, is the nude figure of a young woman, leaning against an active steed. Inspiration, a drapery which she holds partially covering her. Philosophy is represented by a mature figure of a man of sturdy frame, also slightly covered by the folds of drapery. He is supported by a Sphinx.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Bulton Cutting (Miss Mary Amory,) who were married on Monday at Beverly, Mass., sailed yesterday on the France to spend their honeymoon abroad, and will return in the Autumn.

Mrs. Henry Clews sailed yesterday, also on the France, with her son, Henry Clews, Jr., and her grandson, Henry Clews, 3d., to make her annual tour on the Continent.

Mrs. Edward Kelly and her daughter, Miss Evangeline Kelly, are at the Gotham for a short time.

Mrs. Augustus Saint-Gaudens of Aspet, Windsor, Vt., is at the Manhattan.

Mrs. Elmer E. Black gave a Venetian dinner and dance last night at the Larchmont Yacht Club for Mr. and Mrs. Louis Titus of San Francisco.

Mrs. Randolph Guggenheim will give a dance for her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Charles S. Guggenheim, at Drexel cottage, West End, N. J., on Saturday evening, July 11.

Mrs. Frederic Wendell Jackson will arrive at the Profile cottages, White Mountains, early in July to spend the Summer, and Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. McHarg will open their cottage there on July 1.

Mrs. Harris G. Colt and her daughter, Mrs. Samuel Sloan, will be at the Mountain View House at Whitefield, N. H., for part of the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Ruel B. Poor will go to their country home at Bethlehem, N. H., July 1.

The wedding of Miss Mary M. Vaux, daughter of George Vaux of Bryn Mawr, and Dr. Charles D. Walcott of Washington, D. C., will take place on Tuesday, June 30, at the home of the bride. The Friends' ceremony will be used, and there will be no attendants.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Low Harriman of Washington will spend most of the Summer at their country place at Berryville, Va.

Lady Alan Johnstone and her mother, Mrs. Pinchot, have been the guests at Hillhouse, Pelham Manor, [illegible]

DECLARES COLOMBIA GOT DUBOIS NOTE

Expression of Regret Over Panama Not a Mere Department Memorandum, Says Bryan.

BANKERS ARE TO TESTIFY

Senate Committee Will Delve Into Nicaraguan Finances at Hearings This Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—In an effort to induce the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations to report favorably the proposed Colombian treaty, Secretary of State Bryan has submitted to the committee a full copy of the memorandum prepared by American Minister Dubois in the Taft Administration. Mr. Bryan's idea in submitting that memorandum was to show that he had gone no further than his predecessor in the direction of an apology.

Mr. Bryan said tonight without qualification that the memorandum sent to the committee, and from which he made an excerpt for comparison with the language of the treaty two days ago, had been submitted by Mr. Dubois to the Colombian Government. The language of the memorandum, which has been printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES, is rather confusing on that point, in that Mr. Dubois's use of the third person makes it sound more like an "aide memoire" for the American Department of State than a communication to another Government.

Some Senators of the Committee on Foreign Relations seemed to have believed that the memorandum submitted to them by Mr. Bryan never had reached the Colombian Foreign Office. In exaggerated form this impression has been published as indicating that Secretary of State Knox not only did not express regret to Colombia for occurrences incident to the acquisition of the Canal Zone, but after receiving recommendation to make such an expression refused to do so.

But Mr. Bryan said this evening that the memorandum undoubtedly had gone to Colombia. The whole correspondence, he said, was at the service of the committee, though he did not expect to make it public just now.

Representatives of the banking firms of Brown Brothers & Co. and J. & W. Seligman & Co. of New York will appear before the committee this week to explain their connection with Nicaraguan finances in connection with the inquiry now being made into questions related to the proposed treaty with Nicaragua. S. Mallet-Prevost, a New York attorney, who has had considerable practice in and about the State Department, and who is said to have taken a part in drawing some of the contracts between American bankers and the Nicaraguan Government, will also appear before the committee. Charles H. Conant of New York, who was invited to appear, has accepted, letters from Mr. Conant and representatives of the two banking firms reaching the committee today.

Considerable interest was manifested by members of the committee today in the publication of the statement made by Emiliano Chamorro, Nicaraguan Minister to the United States, that Germany was willing to pay for the Nicaraguan route more than it was proposed the United States should pay under the pending treaty. It is stated that when Minister Chamorro made this statement to the committee he asked that it be regarded as strictly confidential. Even today members of the committee did not know whether the statement of the Nicaraguan Minister was based on the interchange of official communications between the German and Nicaraguan Governments or upon unofficial information.

Rafael Cuardo, Minister of Finance of Nicaragua, will appear before the committee tomorrow in support of the treaty.

OFF FOR EUROPE TODAY.

Some of the Passengers on Three Liners—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing today and some of those booked to leave on them are:

CELTIC, (Liverpool.)—Mrs. G. E. Allen, Miss A. W. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Ashton, Miss E. K. Baker, Miss A. M. Brittian, T. H. Brown, A. J. Chandler, Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, Miss Katherine Conlon, Mr. and Mrs. Cresse, Mr. and Mrs. T. N. Davey, Justice J. J. Delany, Miss E. S. Dix, Miss Alice Grandin, Miss Joy Harper, Miss M. Harvey, Mrs. A. G. Hendley, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Johnston, H. F. Kenyon, Miss F. T. Kinsey, Miss L. M. Lane, Dr. and Mrs. Stuart Lockett, Miss Winifred Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Clement Moore, Mrs. A. Place, Mrs. Price Post, Miss Anne Scott, Mrs. J. A. Swan, and Mr. and Mrs. Hampton Todd.

VENEZIA, (Naples.)—Miss Susan Gifford, Mrs. J. W. Porter, Miss F. Wilson, Miss Caroline Fish, Miss Mildred Ivy, Miss Helen Parker, Miss Mary Melrose, Miss Holmes, Mrs. G. D. Miller, Miss M. F. Howes, Mrs. E. Giles, Miss Clara Dilks, Miss M. H. Miller, Mrs. C. F. Perry, and Miss M. Westgate.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

HAMBURG, (Genoa.)—Miss J. F. Camp, Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer Easton, Mrs. A. C. Gaspard, Miss Eva Hain, Mr. and Mrs. Alden March, Miss F. K. Newton, Mrs. E. P. Parsons, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Springer, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Tellman, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Ward, and Mrs. A. Woodworth.

ZEELAND, (Antwerp.)—F. B. Hall, Miss H. K. Locke, W. H. Newbold, F. Smithson, Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Mullin, Mrs. E. Koenig, and Charles Baron.

William H. Smith.

William S. Smith, a well-known realty auctioneer of 189 Montague Street, Brooklyn, died from stomach disease on Tuesday at his home, 260 New York Avenue, that borough. Mr. Smith was 55 years of age and was born in Hempstead, L. I. He began his career as a clerk in the office of the late Thomas A. Jerrigan, Sheriff, auctioneer, then at 35 Willoughby Street. For a long period the Sheriff's sales and many of the chief real estate auction sales were held at the Willoughby Street office until the erection of the Real Estate Exchange. Shortly after the death of Mr. Kerrigan, in 1902, Mr. Smith succeeded to his business. Mr. Smith took an active part in the formation of the Brooklyn Board of Real Estate Brokers and served as Treasurer of the Board. He was a member of the Madison Club, Brooklyn Lodge of Elks, Royal Arcanum and the Holy Name Society of the Church of St. Gregory. He is survived by his widow and five daughters.

Lowrie McClurg, Publisher, Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 24.—Lowrie McClurg, a member of the firm of A. C. McClurg & Co., book publishers of this city, died at his home in Winnetka this afternoon after a brief illness. Mr. McClurg is survived by his wife, Mrs. Georgiana Shall McClurg, and a brother, Orden T. McClurg. Lowrie McClurg was one of the charter members of the University Club of this city.

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ISIDOR WORMSER DEAD.

Retired Banker, Son of Late Simon Wormser, Succumbs in France.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 24.—The death of Isidor Wormser, the New York banker, who had been living for the last two months at Sospel in the Alpes-Maritimes, France, is announced. He died on Tuesday night from an attack of pneumonia. His funeral will take place in New York.

Isidor Wormser was the son of the late Simon Wormser and nephew of the late Isidor Wormser, who was for many years a well-known banker of this city. Word of his death was received by his brother-in-law, William E. Lauer, yesterday. Mr. Wormser retired from the banking business a number of years ago and had made his home in France for the last year, spending most of his time at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Mathieu Goudchaux. He was in his forty-sixth year and had been in ill health for a long while.

Mr. Wormser's father, who was in the banking business with the late Isidor Wormser, figured prominently in the suit, in 1905, to have set aside the lease of the Metropolitan Railway system by the Interborough Rapid Transit. The banking firm was powerful in Wall Street at that time, and the Interborough made the claim that the suit was started to depress Interborough stock in anticipation of a coup. The suit was finally dropped. Although he had retired from active business after his father's firm disbanded, Mr. Wormser retained his seat on the Stock Exchange until his death. He was an enthusiastic automobilist and entered in the Vanderbilt Cup race in 1904, driving his own car, but did not finish the race. Besides his daughter, he is survived by his widow, Mrs. Angie Wormser, who was with him at his death.

REV. DR. S. B. ROSSITER DIES

Pastor of North Presbyterian Church in This City for 28 Years.

The Rev Dr. Stesly B. Rossiter, one of the best-known Presbyterian clergymen in this vicinity, died yesterday at Clifton Springs, N. Y. He was born in Berne, N. Y., in 1842 and was graduated from Union College in 1863 and from Union Theological Seminary in 1869 and received the degree of D. D. from Union College in 1886. Dr. Rossiter was ordained in 1869 and entered on the pastorate of the Presbyterian Church at Elizabeth, N. J., which he held for four years.

In 1873 he was called to the North Presbyterian Church at 525 West 155th Street and was pastor of that congregation for the next twenty-eight years—one of the longest continuous pastorates in the history of the Presbyterian Church in New York. He resigned this charge in 1901 to take the Secretaryship of the American McAll Association, which was interested in Protestant work in France. In 1904 he went to Marseilles and spent seven years as pastor of the First Presbyterian Church in that city. Returning in 1911, he had been acting pastor of the Calvary Church in Newark ever since.

Dr. Rossiter was married in 1873 to Miss Miss Augusta Hopes of Elizabeth. He was an enthusiast for curling and was chaplain of the Grand National Curlers' Club. He was author of "The Red Cord" and Curlers' Sermons.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. CALEB S. MIDDLETON, a former President of the State Board of Medical Examiners, and at the time of his retirement several years ago the oldest practicing homeopathic physician in Pennsylvania, died at his home in Ardmore yesterday. He was 78 years old and was prominent in many medical and other organizations.

Mrs. CAROLINE BOYD, wife of Charles Boyd, a hotel proprietor of Flushing, L. I., died Tuesday afternoon at her home, 78 Concourse, Manhattan, aged 56 years. She was born in Baltimore. Besides her husband, who is well known in fraternal circles, she left a son.

Mrs. AMANDA KIP BARNUM, widow of Thomas G. Barnum, a well-known lawyer of Stamford, Conn., died yesterday at her home, 100 Prospect Street, East Orange, N. J., aged 77 years. She was the daughter of Solomon Kip of the firm of

GIANTS AND YANKEES SPLIT DOUBLE-HEADERS WITH BOSTON CLUBS--DODGERS LOSE--TURF

DOYLE SEVERELY GASHED BY SPIKES

Mann's Feet Collide with Giants' Captain's Eye and Wrist Sliding Into Base.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 24.—The Giants, who prior to today had won all five of the games played against George Stallings's Boston tailenders, were forced to an even break today before the largest midweek crowd that has attended a baseball game at the Waipole Street Park this season. The Braves took the first game, 7 to 3, and the Giants won the second, 4 to 0, without being threatened after they broke into the game with three runs in the fifth inning. New York was outhit in the first game, Demaree not having a great deal, but in the second contest Marquard had the home batters "eating out of his hand," and all they got was three singles.

In the opener Al Demaree against Dick Rudolph, the McGraw choice being hit safely eleven times and for six extra bases in the six innings he lasted, and the Braves establishing a 6-to-1 lead against him. Fromme, who finished the game, was hit for two doubles and a single. Rudolph pitched a slow but effective game, the Giants' nine hits being scattered through five innings, and all except two of them coming after the home team had the game well in hand.

The first game proved costly for the Giants, as in the fifth inning Larry Doyle was badly spiked by Leslie Mann. Meyers threw out Mann going down to second, and Doyle got the ball low, Mann's spikes struck Doyle under and over the left eye, severely cutting him, and the spikes on Mann's other foot clipped Larry's left wrist and then drove into his ankle. Doyle was out for the rest of the day, and may be incapacitated for a week.

McGraw sent "Rube" Marquard out after the second game, and the rangy sidewheeler won it against the Braves' combination of Perdue, Crutcher, and Cocreham. Boston reached Marquard for only three hits—all singles—and the home team did not see second base except in the fourth inning, when a hit and two bases on balls filled the corners, but with no runs resulting. Perdue started off nicely for Boston, but midway through the game three hits mixed in with a couple of bases on balls proved his undoing. The Giants made eight hits in the second game, but the fifth was the only occasion of hitting in a bunch.

The heavy hitter of the day was Third Baseman Deal of the Braves with a single, a double, and a triple in the first game. Robertson made three singles for New York, boosting his average to 405. Fletcher, Burns and Merkle did some great fielding in the second game, while Maranville in the short field was in wonderful condition and consistently robbed the Gaints of hits all the afternoon.

In the first game the Giants poled the first run in the second inning after two were out, Robertson getting a hit to centre and Stock hitting a high fly back of first base that Gowdy, Gilbert and Evers could not reach, and Robertson sprinted all the way home. Boston got this run back in a hurry and should have had more. Maranville singled to right and raced to third on Stock's fly after falling down on a great stop of Gowdy's hit, threw past Doyle trying for a force out. Deal's single to center scored Maranville, and the corners were filled when Mann set down a safe bunt toward third. Whaling then clipped one to Stock, and Meyers pivoted in a double play, Merkle later running Tyler out.

In the third the Braves went ahead a run. Demaree passed Gilbert, who was safe when Doyle played consistently bounder late to second, Maranville then coming through with a hit. Only nine Giants came to bat in the third, fourth and fifth innings, while in the fifth the Braves landed on Demaree for the game. To start the ball rolling Connelly boosted the ball over the right field fence for a home run, after which a pass to Maranville, a single by Gowdy and a right field triple by Deal followed in short order and put the Stallings crew ahead 5 to 1.

New York got two runs back in the sixth, two being out when Maranville threw over Gowdy's head after taking Fletcher's bounder, and Doyle and Robertson following with hits. In the Braves' sixth inning, Whaling led off with a double, taking third on Meyers's wild throw and coming over the plate on Evers's single to centre. And in the seventh Connolly's opening single and Maranville's sacrifice paved the way to make another double by Whaling, a run producer.

"Rube" Marquard and "Hub" Perdue both pitched air-tight ball for the first three innings of the second game, Boston getting only one man on base and the Giants two. In the fourth, though, after Fletcher's double had been wasted for the Giants, Evers's single for Boston and passes to Gowdy and Deal filled the bases. But Marquard curved over a couple of strikes on Mann, who finally boosted a fly out to Burns.

It was in the fifth session that the champions got going, scoring three runs and causing Perdue's retirement from the mound. Robertson was "robbed" of a hit by Maranville, but Stock pounded a double to right and immediately counted on Meyers's hit into the same territory. Marquard went out on a foul trying to sacrifice, and then Perdue passed both Bescher and Burns to get a chance at Fletcher, Artie producing a single to right centre for two more runs.

In the sixth Crutcher pitched for the Braves, Robertson getting his third hit of the day, but being doubled up when Stock laced a hot one straight to Maranville on the hit and run play.

In the seventh Mann opened with a hit for the Braves, the inning being the fourth in which "Rube" saw the first hitter reach first base. Burns made a nifty shoestring catch of Whaling's low liner and Merkle rushed to the left field fence to take pinch hitter Martin's foul. Things were quiet for the Giants until the ninth, when Merkle got two bases on a low liner Murray could not reach. Robertson lifted one to Evers, and after Merkle stole third Stock sent a short fly to Mann, whose throw to the plate went wide. The score:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Gilb't, rf	4	1	0	3	0	Fletcher, cf	3	0	1	1	0
Evers, 2b	4	0	2	3	2	Burns, rf	3	0	0	2	0
Conn'y, lf	4	2	2	1	1	Fletc'r, ss	4	1	0	2	5
Mar'e, ss	2	2	2	1	4	Doyle, 2b	1	0	0	3	2
Gowdy, lb	4	1	2	9	1	Grant, 2b	2	1	1	2	2
Deal, 3b	4	1	3	1	1	Merkle, lb	3	0	1	9	1
Mann, cf	4	0	1	4	1	Rob'n, lf	4	1	2	1	0
Whal'g, c	3	1	2	5	1	Stock, 3b	4	0	2	1	1
Rudolph, p	4	0	0	1	1	Meyers, c	2	0	0	8	3
						M'Lean, c	1	0	0	1	1
Total	33	7	14	27	12	Dem'e, p	2	0	0	0	1
						F'mme, p	0	0	0	0	0
						*Donlin	1	0	1	0	0
						†Snod'a	0	0	0	0	0
						Total	32	3	9	24	16

*Batted for Demaree in seventh inning.
†Batted for Fromme in ninth inning.
Errors—Fletcher, Meyers, Maranville.

Boston	0	1	1	0	3	1	1	0	0	--	7
New York	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	--	3

Two-base hits—Stock, Whaling, (2;) Deal. Three-base hits—Deal, Donlin. Home run—Connolly. Hits—Off Demaree, 11 in 6 innings; off Fromme, 3 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hit—Maranville. Double plays—Stock, Evers, and Merkle; McLean, Fletcher, and Grant; Whaling and Evers; Evers, Maranville, and Gowdy. Left on bases—New York, 8; Boston, 8. First base on balls—Off Demaree, 2; off Rudolph, 5. First base on errors—New York, 1. Struck out—By Rudolph, 4. Time of game—Two hours and twelve minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Rigler.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Fisher, cf	3	1	1	5	0	Gilbert, rf	3	0	0	2	0
Burns, lf	3	0	1	3	0	Evers, 2b	4	0	1	1	1
Fisher, ss	4	0	2	1	2	M'Tray, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Doyle, 2b	4	0	0	5	1	M'y'le, ss	3	0	1	2	6
Merkle, lb	4	1	1	8	1	Gowdy, lb	3	0	0	10	1
Wilson, rf	3	0	0	1	0	Deal, 3b	3	0	0	2	0
Stock, 3b	3	1	1	1	1	Mann, cf	4	0	1	3	0
Meyers, c	4	1	1	3	0	Whl'g, c	3	0	1	5	0
M'Grd, p	3	0	0	0	3	Perdue, p	1	0	0	0	1
						C'ch'r, p	0	0	0	0	2
						C'ham, p	0	0	0	0	0
						‡Dugey	1	0	0	0	0
						†Martin	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	4	8	27	8	Total	29	0	4	27	11

*Batted for Perdue in fifth inning.
†Batted for Crutcher in seventh inning.
‡Batted for Cheney in eighth inning.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	--	2
Cincinnati	0	0	0	2	1	0	2	0	0	--	5

Two-base hit—Needham. Three-base hit—Hoblitzel. Hits—Off Cheney, 5 in seven innings; off Pierce, none in two innings; off Yingling, 3 in four innings, none out in fifth; off Schneider, 3 in one-third inning; off Koestner, 6 in four and two-thirds innings. Stolen bases—Moran, Herzog, Kellogg. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Cincinnati, 9. Bases on balls—Off Cheney, 5; off Pierce, 1; off Yingling, 3; off Schneider, 1; off Koestner, 5. Hit by pitcher—By Cheney, (Yingling.) Struck out—By Cheney, 3; by Pierce, 3; by Yingling, 4. Passed balls—Needham, (2,) Gonzales. Wild pitch—Cheney. Time of game—Two hours and seventeen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie.

Federal League.

AT ST. LOUIS.

			R.H.E.
Chicago	0 1 0 0 3 0 1 0 0	--	5 6 2
St. Louis	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	--	1 6 1

Batteries—Lange and Wilson; Willette and Simon.

AT INDIANAPOLIS.

			R.H.E.
Kansas City	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	--	2 9 2
Indianapolis	2 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0	--	5 11 2

Batteries—Cullop, Stone, Easterly, and Enzenroth; Kaiserling and Rariden.

Seaton Threatens to Quit Feds.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 24.—Tom Seaton, pitcher of the Brooklyn Federals, who drew a three-day suspension along with Manager Bradley for arguing with the umpires, said last night that he would quit the Federal League unless his suspension should be lifted by President James A. Gilmore.

"The umpires had absolutely no right to suspend me," said Seaton. "I merely asked them about the way one of the pitchers was standing on the mound, and now I have been notified that I have been suspended for three days. This kind of stuff will not go with me."

FAULTY lubrication is speeding your car to the junk pile, via the Friction Route.

DIXON'S Graphite Grease 677

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Side-tracks Friction and rolls your car smoothly along the road of Steady Service.

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THE JOSEPH DIXON CRUCIBLE CO. JERSEY CITY, N. J.

Established in 1827

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston, 3; New York, 0.
New York, 3; Boston, 2.
Washington, 4; Philadelphia, 3.
Washington, 2; Philadelphia, 1.
Chicago, 5; Detroit, 2.
St. Louis, 6; Cleveland, 4.
St. Louis, 3; Cleveland, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston, 7; New York, 3.
New York, 4; Boston, 0.
Philadelphia, 2; Brooklyn, 0.
Philadelphia, 6; Brooklyn, 1.
St. Louis, 3; Pittsburgh, 0.
Chicago, 11; Cincinnati, 5.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Indianapolis, 5; Kansas City, 2.
Chicago, 5; St. Louis, 1.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City, 5; Rochester, 4.
Jersey City, 10; Rochester, 0.
Newark, 6; Montreal, 2.
Montreal, 3; Newark, 1.
Toronto, 4; Baltimore, 2.
(Twelve innings.)
Baltimore, 6; Toronto, 2.
Providence, 7; Buffalo, 4.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	35	24	.593
Detroit	36	28	.562
St. Louis	34	27	.557
Washington	33	27	.550
Boston	30	30	.500
Chicago	29	31	.483
New York	31	34	.582
Cleveland	21	38	.356

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	38	20	.655
Cincinnati	31	27	.534
St. Louis	32	29	.525
Chicago	29	30	.492
Philadelphia	26	27	.491
Pittsburgh	26	28	.481
Brooklyn	23	30	.434
Boston	26	32	.420

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Indianapolis	34	23	.596
Chicago	32	26	.559
Baltimore	30	25	.545
Buffalo	28	25	.528
Kansas City	29	33	.468
Pittsburgh	25	30	.455
Brooklyn	23	29	.442
St. Louis	26	37	.413

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Baltimore	41	21	.661
Rochester	35	24	.593
Buffalo	34	26	.567
Providence	33	27	.550
Toronto	29	28	.508
Newark	25	30	.455
Montreal	20	40	.333
Jersey City	20	41	.328

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston at New York.
(Two games.)
Philadelphia at Washington.
Cleveland at St. Louis.
Detroit at Chicago.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Pittsburgh.
Chicago at Cincinnati.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn at Baltimore.
Pittsburgh at Buffalo.
Chicago at St. Louis.
Kansas City at Indianapolis.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Montreal at Newark.
Rochester at Jersey City.
Buffalo at Providence.
Toronto at Baltimore.

WALTER JOHNSON MARRIES.

Miss Roberts, Bride-elect, Saw Pitcher Beat Champions Yesterday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Walter Perry Johnson, premier pitcher of the Washington American League Baseball Club, was married here tonight to Miss Hazel Lee Roberts, daughter of Representative E. E. Roberts of Carson City, Nev. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's parents at 1,408 Monroe Street at 8 o'clock by the Rev. Forrest J. Prettyman, Chaplain of the United States Senate. Representative Roberts gave his daughter away. Only members of the family of Miss Roberts were present.

Just before Johnson went to the mound to win the second game of today's double-header with the Philadelphia team the pitcher blushingly admitted that the ceremony was to be performed tonight. Miss Roberts was a spectator of the game. Around her sat a crowd of 12,000 fans whose first information of the wedding was gleaned from the "newsies" shouting the headline of a late afternoon extra, reading: "Walter Johnson Will Be Married Tonight."

Miss Roberts is the only daughter of Representative Roberts. She came to Washington three years ago when her father was elected to the Sixty-second Congress.

Doak Unmerciful to Home Club.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., June 24.—William Doak, whose home is in Pittsburgh, held the home team to four widely scattered hits today and shut them out, St. Louis scoring three runs and making ten hits off Adams. McQuillan pitched the last inning. Magee of the St. Louis club was put off the field in the third innings for disputing a decision. Singles by Wilson, Butler, and Snyder in the second inning gave the visitors their first run. Wilson opened the fourth inning with a double, and after Butler had sacrificed Wilson was again batted home by Snyder, whose hit in this instance was a double. Cruis singled in the fifth inning and Dolan sacrificed. Cruis then scored from second base on a wild pitch by Adams. Score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'g's, 2b	2	0	0	6	0	Carey, lf	3	0	1	2	1
Magee, cf	1	0	0	0	0	M'fey, 3b	4	0	0	2	2
Cruis, cf	2	1	1	2	0	Viox, 2b	3	0	0	0	1
Dolan, lf	3	0	0	2	0	W'g's, ss	4	0	0	3	1
Miller, 1b	4	0	1	9	1	K'chy, lb	4	0	2	12	2
Wilson, rf	4	2	2	3	0	M'c'l, rf	3	0	1	1	0
Butler, ss	3	0	1	2	4	Kelly, cf	3	0	0	1	0
Sn'der, c	4	0	1	3	2	Gibson, c	2	0	0	3	2
Beck, 3b	4	0	1	0	2	*Mosser	1	0	0	0	0
Doak, p	4	0	1	0	4	C'man, c	0	0	0	1	0
						Adams, p	2	0	0	3	5
						†Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0
						McQ'n, p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	31	3	10	27	15	Total	30	0	4	27	15

*Batted for Gibson in eighth inning.
†Batted for Adams in eighth inning.
Error—Butler.

St. Louis	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	--	3
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--	0

Two-base hits—Wilson, Snyder. Three-base hit—Carey. Hits—Off Adams, 10 in eight innings; off McQuillan, none in one inning. Stolen base—Beck. First base on balls—Off Doak, 3; off Adams, 1. Wild pitch—Adams. First base on error—Pittsburgh, 1. Sacrifice hits—Magee, Butler; Dolan, Huggins. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Pittsburgh, 4. Struck out—By Doak, 2; by Adams, 2; by McQuillan, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Quigley.

Warrant Out for Cobb's Arrest.

DETROIT, Mich., June 24.—A warrant was issued today for the arrest of Tyrus Cobb, baseball player, on a charge of disturbing the peace. The complaint was made by William L. Carpenter, a meat dealer, with whom Cobb had an altercation yesterday night. Cobb is to be tried in the Recorder's Court, Southern Michigan Railway, the eastern owner, and so never will be able to serve the sentence until he is 70.

HARTZELL'S HOMER GIVES YANKS GAME

Boston Rudely Shuts Them Out in First Half of a Double-Header.

The unfortunate Yankees came home yesterday and divided a double header with the Boston Red Sox at the Polo Grounds, Boston took the first tilt by a score of 3 to 0, and the Yanks won the second with the arithmetic 3 to 2. Manager Frank Chance since he left the family circle has been picking on the umpires, and has been suspended, but he was back encouraging his boys yesterday. The Yanks are doing their best, which is something. Their best, however, doesn't measure up to the best that some other clubs are doing on this circuit.

In the opening game interest naturally centres on the fifth inning, when the Bostons won the game. In this stanza Janvrin led off with a two-bagger to left. Nunamaker, the Yankee catcher, used to play with Janvrin, and thought that perhaps he could catch him napping off second, but he made a wild toss and Janvrin went to third. Larry Gardner, who is back in the game after a long lay-off, beat out an infield tap and Janvrin scored. Steve Yerkes then got into the publicity zone by smashing a home run into the left field stand among the two-bit fans, sending Gardner home ahead of him.

After the intermission, having had his share of peanuts and lemonade, one can now settle down to the second contest. The 4,000 folk who assembled at this pastime had an idea—and they were right—that a day during which two games were played couldn't go by without Mr. Chance's team showing something. So in the second contest the Yanks rose in their terror and just beat the Red Sox for all they were worth.

In the second inning, Daley doubled to right, and Tris Speaker endeavored to earn his $18,000 a year by making a circus stab of Sweeney's line drive. Nice work. Williams singled to centre, but Daley, timid as he was, halted at third. Keating filed to Hooper, whose nice toss doubled Williams, but before the play was completed Daley romped home with a run.

Then in the third, Thomas singled to centre and went to third on Foster's single. Hooper forced Foster at second and Thomas scored.

Along in the seventh inning, after Lewis was out, Janvrin beat out an infield hit, and went down on a wild pitch. The Yerkes bean again trickled with a double to left, scoring Janvrin. In that same inning the Yanks came to life. Hartzell singled through short, and was forced at second by Cook. Daley jammed a fly to Speaker, who lost it in the sun, and Cook got to second. Ed Sweeney then hit to right, scoring Cook.

In the ninth Roy Hartzell, faithful fellow, came to the Yanks' rescue. He banged the first ball pitched into the right field grandstand for a home run, and ended the game.

Scout Irwin has speared a new first baseman. His name is Mullen, and he comes from Lincoln, Neb., the home of the "silver-tongued orator of the Platte," William Jennings Bryan. He will report July 1, and will show this league something. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'per, rf	4	0	0	3	0	M'sel, 3b	4	0	0	1	1
Scott, ss	4	0	0	4	2	T'dale, 2b	3	0	1	2	1
Sp'ker, cf	3	0	0	3	0	P'p'gh, ss	3	0	0	0	6
Lewis, lf	4	0	1	4	0	H'tz'l, lf	4	0	0	0	0
J'vrin, 1b	4	1	1	3	0	H'den, rf	4	0	0	3	0
G'd'r, 3b	3	1	1	2	0	Daley, cf	4	0	0	5	0
Y'kes, 2b	3	1	1	1	4	Sw'n'y, c	4	0	2	5	1
Tr'nor, c	3	0	2	4	0	W'ters, c	3	0	0	4	0
Leon'd, p	3	0	0	0	1	McH'e, p	0	0	0	0	1
						*Boone	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	3	5	27	4	Cole, p	0	0	0	0	0
						†Cwell	1	0	0	0	0
						W'hop, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Total	31	0	4	27	10

*Batted for McHale in fifth inning.
†Batted for Cole in seventh inning.
Errors—Nunamaker, (2.)

Boston	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	--	3
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--	0

Two-base hits—Janvrin, Speaker. Home run—Yerkes. Stolen bases—Holden, Hooper. Left on bases—New York, 8; Boston, 2. Bases on balls—Off Leonard, 4. Struck out—By McHale, 1; by Cole, 1; by Warhop, 1; by Leonard, 3. Hits—Off McHale, 4 in five innings; off Cole, none in two innings; off Warhop, 4 in two innings. Time of game—One hour and forty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Hildebrand.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'sel, 3b	4	0	1	1	0	H'per, rf	4	0	0	2	1
T'dale, 2b	3	0	1	2	6	Scott, ss	4	0	0	2	4
P'p'gh, ss	4	0	0	2	6	Sp'ker, cf	3	0	0	1	0
H'tz'l, lf	3	1	2	2	0	Lewis, lf	4	0	0	2	0
Cook, rf	3	1	0	1	0	J'vrin, 1b	4	1	2	9	1
Daley, cf	3	1	1	2	0	G'd'r, 3b	3	1	1	1	2
Sw'y, c	2	0	1	6	3	Y'kes, 2b	3	0	2	1	1
W'ms, 1b	3	0	1	10	0	Thomas, c	3	1	1	5	1
K't'g, p	1	0	0	0	2	Foster, p	2	0	1	1	1
C'well, p	1	0	0	0	0	Bed't, p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	28	3	7	27	17	Total	31	2	6	*24	11

*None out when winning run was scored.
Error—Maisel.

New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	--	3
Boston	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	--	2

First base on errors—Boston, 1. Two-base hit—Yerkes. Home run—Hartzell. Sacrifice fly—Keating. Stolen bases—Truesdale, Janvrin. Left on bases—New York, 4; Boston, 3. Double plays—Hooper and Janvrin; Truesdale, Pecklinpaugh, and Williams. Bases on balls—Off Keating, 1; off Foster, 2. Struck out—By Keating, 1; by Caldwell, 1; by Foster, 4; by Bedient, 1. Wild pitch—Keating. Hits—Off Foster, 3 in four and two-thirds innings; off Bedient, 4 in four and a third innings; off Keating, 6 in seven innings; off Caldwell, none in two innings. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and O'Loughlin.

White Sox Spoil Coveleski's Record.

CHICAGO, June 24.—Chicago broke Coveleski's record of runless innings today and defeated Detroit by 5 to 2 in the first game of the series here. Coveleski had pitched thirty-two and two-thirds innings for Detroit without a run being charged against him, but after one out in Chicago's third inning his opponent on the mound, Eddie Cicotte, scored the first run, thereby stopping Coveleski at his thirty-fifth inning. The visiting twirler was hit hard, and this attack, coupled with loose fielding of Purtell, gave the locals the game. Kavanaugh was ordered off the field by Umpire Connolly for arguing a third strike decision. The batting of Blackburn and Breton was a feature. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
W'ver, ss	5	1	1	3	3	Bush, ss	4	0	0	3	4
B'k'rn, 2b	4	0	3	0	3	Purt'l, 3b	3	1	1	1	3
Dem'tt, lf	2	0	0	2	0	High, cf	4	0	1	1	0
Coll'ns, rf	4	0	0	0	0	C'w'd, rf	3	0	0	1	0
F'nles, 1b	4	0	0	10	1	Veach, lf	3	1	1	0	0
Bodie, cf	3	1	2	3	0	K'v'gh, 2b	1	0	0	2	0
Mayer, c	3	2	0	7	3	Vitt, 2b	2	0	2	2	3
Bret'n, 3b	4	0	3	1	2	Burns, 1b	3	0	0	10	1
Cicotte, p	4	1	1	0	1	McKee, c	3	0	0	5	0
						Cov'ski, p	2	0	0	0	4
						*Dubuc	1	0	0	0	0
						Hall, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	38	5	9	27	12	Total	29	2	5	24	14

*Batted for Coveleski in the eighth inning.
Errors—Purtell, (3.) Vitt, Weaver, Mayer.

Chicago	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	--	5
Detroit	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	--	2

Three-base hits—Weaver, Blackburn, Bodie. Hits—Off Coveleski, 8 in seven innings; off Hall, 1 in one inning. Sacrifice hits—Bodie, Mayer, Demmitt. Sacrifice fly—Crawford. Stolen base—Collins. Left on bases—Detroit, 2; Chicago, 7. Base on balls—Off Cicotte, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Coveleski, Demmitt. Struck out—By Coveleski, 3; by Cicotte, 6. Passed ball—Mayer. Wild pitch—Coveleski. Time of game—One hour and forty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Eldridge.

Senators Jolt Champions Twice.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Washington today celebrated Walter Johnson's wedding day and the home-coming from a disastrous Western tour by defeating Philadelphia in both games of a double-header, before the largest crowd of the season. The scores were 4 to 3 and 2 to 1. Johnson and Boehling were in top form, the Athletics totaling only seven hits in the two games. The fielding on both sides was fast, Barry and Thompson starring for the visitors, and Shanks and Gandil for the Senators. Baker and Henry were both spiked, but neither was seriously hurt. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moel'r, rf	3	0	2	7	0	M'rp'y, rf	4	0	0	1	0
Fost'r, 3b	4	1	2	1	4	Old'g, lf	4	0	0	1	0
Milan, cf	4	1	2	0	0	Col'ns, 2b	4	0	0	3	2
G'ndil, 1b	4	0	2	11	2	Baker, 3b	3	1	0	2	1
Shanks, lf	4	1	1	4	0	M'l'n's, 1b	4	1	2	9	0
M'g'n, 2b	2	1	0	4	5	Strunk, cf	3	0	0	1	0
M'B'de, ss	3	0	0	1	6	Barry, ss	2	0	0	4	3
Henry, c	3	0	2	3	4	Schang, c	2	1	0	4	2
Boehl'g, p	3	0	0	3	2	S'wkey, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Bush, p	1	0	1	1	0
Total	30	4	11	27	23	*Walsh	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	28	3	3	24	11

*Batted for Shawkey in the fifth inning.
Errors—Schang, Shawkey, Foster, Milan.

Washington	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	--	4
Philadelphia	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	--	3

Two-base hit—Milan. Three-base hits—McInnis, Henry. Hits—Off Shawkey, 6 in 4 innings; off Bush, 5 in 4 innings. Sacrifice hits—Shawkey, McBride. Stolen base—Foster. Double plays—Barry, Collins, and McInnis; Barry (unassisted.) Left on bases—Philadelphia, 2; Washington, 6. First base on balls—Off Shawkey, 2; off Bush, 1; off Boehling, 3. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1; Washington, 1. Struck out—By Shawkey, 1; by Bush, 2; by Boehling, 2. Time of game—Two hours and six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Sheridan.

SECOND GAME.

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ller, rf	4	0	1	0	0	Murphy, rf	3	0	0	2	0
Foster, 3b	3	1	1	1	0	O'ring, lf	2	0	1	0	0
Milan, cf	4	0	1	2	0	T'pson, lf	2	0	0	4	0
Gandil, 1b	4	0	1	10	1	Collins, 2b	4	0	1	3	2
Shanks, lf	3	0	1	2	0	Baker, 3b	3	0	0	1	0
Morgan, 2b	2	0	0	2	6	McIn's, 1b	4	1	0	5	0
McB'de, ss	3	0	0	2	3	Strunk, cf	3	1	2	1	0
A'smith, c	2	0	1	0	0	Barry, ss	1	0	0	1	0
J'son, p	3	0	0	1	5	Kopf

OARSMEN READY FOR REGATTA TOMORROW

COLLEGE CREWS ALL READY FOR RACES

Cornell Again Holds Top Place in Betting—Big Demand for Car Tickets.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 24.—The last of the finishing touches was added to the crews today, and they are now fit and heady for the grueling contests which will hold the attention of the college world Friday afternoon. The coaches all assert that their oarsmen are in excellent condition, and there is not a sign of staleness in any of the crews.

The humid heat was feared by the coaches and the work was therefore of an even lighter nature than had at first been planned, although none of the coaches had any idea of strenuous rowing for their crews. The humidity lifted a little in the afternoon and the paddles were lengthened out a bit, but the rowing was all in the nature of conditioning rows, just enough to keep the sweep swingers up to the high notch of training to which they have attained in their months of preparation for the regatta.

The University of Washington crew was the only eight not out in the morning. The other eights were sent out for rows, which averaged about two miles. Syracuse tried a few racing starts at the finish mark, but the other crews attempted little more than easy rowing.

There were a host of visitors at the Cornell quarters today, and this evening Coach Courtney took out Si Weed, coach of the 1910 Cornell "Varsity, with him to follow the work of the three crews. The veteran crew went up to the head of the course and came down rowing easily to the float. The junior eight rowed down from the two-mile mark at a higher clip than the freshmen just in front of them, but there was no time work.

Coach Rice took the Columbia crews out for a two-mile row for the benefit of several visitors, among them Eugene Giannini, the Yale assistant rowing coach, and C. Halsted Mapes, a Columbia alumnus. Henry Lang of Columbia rode with Coach Rice in the coaching launch. The others followed in another boat. The crew went out for a mile paddle and made no attempt to show what was in them.

Only once did they raise the stroke, and then rowed ten at 36 for the benefit of the visitors. Giannini expressed his appreciation of the splendid form in which the Blue and White is rowing. Mapes had not seen the crews rowing for some weeks and he noted a marked improvement in their practice.

Late this evening some early betting took place among the throngs gathering in the hotel lobbies for the regatta, and there is indication of more spirited speculating on the results of the races this year than has been apparent in the past few years.

Cornell rules the favorite in all three races. One of the first bets of the day was $30 to $100 that Cornell would win all the races. Another bet was laid between two men, one of whom Cornell thinks fit for an insane asylum and the other for jail. The one whom Cornell followers brand as out of his mind bet $20 to $100 that the Ithacans would take all three races with open water showing in each of the three races. This bet by no means reflects the feeling of the majority of the Cornell followers, for they expect three very close races.

Even money was bet on Cornell against the field. Not much Columbia money was in evidence, but what was bet was laid at 3 to 1 against the field. Syracuse was quoted at 5 to 2 and Pennsylvania and Washington at 10 to 1 against the field.

Against individual crews, Washington followers are covering Pennsylvania money at 10 to 8, and Washington and Columbia are at even. Syracuse and Columbia are also pretty well at evens, the two crews seeking odds, but not getting them.

Cornell is the favorite in the freshman race, with their money going at even against the field. Syracuse comes next, quoted at 3 to 1 against the field. Wisconsin 8 to 1, and Columbia and Pennsylvania 10 to 1.

In the junior race Cornell is an even money favorite as in the other two events. Columbia seems to take second place in the odds, at 4 to 1, Syracuse 6 to 1, and Pennsylvania 10 to 1 against the field.

The inhabitants of Poughkeepsie have the notion that Cornell cannot lose and the only betting in which they will indulge is blind pools.

The keen interest which is being taken in the regatta is reflected in the record number of observation train tickets which have been sold. The train pulled in today and all of the good seats have gone long ago. The Cornell manager says that the seats have sold more rapidly this year than ever before, and on the first day he received his allottment of tickets, he sold 1,000. The railroad had to put on more cars to the train as a result.

Wants to Train Olympic Team.

CHICAGO, June 24.—Martin E. Delaney, Athletic Director of the Chicago Athletic Association, wants to be the trainer of the American Olympic team, which will compete in Berlin in 1916 if plans of Middle Western patrons of amateur sport are successful. Delaney was assistant trainer to Mike Murphy in 1912, and is urged as his successor by men who point to Delaney's successful career of twenty-one years, during which he has developed many stars.

The Day Line steamers "Albany" and "Robert Fulton" will run as Boat Race Specials to the Intercollegiate Regatta at Poughkeepsie June 26th.

The steamers will reach Poughkeepsie in time to discharge passengers for the observation train. They will then anchor in the best possible position near the Judges' boat, so that their passengers may see the races most advantageously.

After last race the "Robert Fulton" will return to the Day Line Pier, Poughkeepsie, for passengers ready to return immediately to New York, making no stops except W. 129th St. and W. 43d St. The "Albany" will call at Day Line Pier, Poughkeepsie, for observation train and other passengers arriving thereat to New York. Restaurant, luncheon, and orchestra on board each steamer.

Entire Trip, $2.

One way (not including races) $1.00

(Special Tickets required.)

The "Albany" will leave Desbrosses St. 9:40, W. 42d St. 10:00, W. 129th St. 10:20, Yonkers 10:50 A. M., arriving at Poughkeepsie 2:20 P. M.

The "Robert Fulton" (express) will leave Desbrosses St. 10:45, W. 42d St. 11:00, W. 129th St. 11:20 A. M., arriving at Poughkeepsie at 2:45 P. M.

Hudson River Day Line

Desbrosses Street Pier, N. Y. 10

AMERICAN CREW ON THAMES

Union Boat Club Oarsmen Arrive in England in Good Condition.

HENLEY, England, June 24.—The crew of the Union Boat Club of Boston, which is to compete in the Henley regatta, arrived here shortly before 6 o'clock this evening from Liverpool, where they landed today. The men were all in good condition. The crew went out on the water for a brief spin, paddling down stream. They rowed a neat, clean stroke and made a very favorable impression on the numerous college oarsmen who watched them.

The Americans will commence serious practice tomorrow, taking two practice spins daily. They have secured comfortable quarters at Sonning, three miles distant and will motor to Henley daily for their work. The crew will be coached by Rudolph C. Lehmann, the well-known oarsman and rowing expert, if his services can be secured. W. Haines, who advised the crew in its practice at Boston, is optimistic over its chances here.

ATHLETIC JURY NAMED.

James E. Sullivan to Help Decide Knotty Problems at Olympic Games.

RHEIMS, France, June 24.—J. G. Edstrom, Sweden; Sciard Stankovits, Hungary; Frantz Reichel, France; James E. Sullivan, United States, and Mr. Fisher, England, were today named as an international jury for the Olympic games to be held at Berlin in 1916. The International Olympic Committee made these appointments at a meeting held on the train which carried them to Rheims to attend a series of fêtes given in their honor by athletes here.

The committee also decided that the Olympic games of 1920 should be held at Budapest.

A feature of the celebration here was a reproduction of the ancient Greek games by torchlight, in which many hundreds of athletes and others took part. It was pronounced one of the most remarkable pageants ever seen.

James E. Sullivan, head of the American delegates, has received the entries of fifty additional Hungarian athletes for the Panama-Pacific games at San Francisco.

SHAMROCK A SLOOP AGAIN.

Challenger Will Have a Bigger Single Head Sail Than Before.

SOUTHAMPTON, England, June 24.—Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock IV., challenger for the America's Cup, is being sloop rigged again, but retains the longer bowsprit and will have a bigger single head sail than before. Whether this change will be permanent depends upon the results of further tests of the challenger with the older Shamrock.

Before the rerigging was begun Shamrock IV. had another trial with Shamrock III. in a strong wind and a lively sea. The race, however, was abandoned after twelve miles had been covered, in order to avoid risks of accident to the challenger's gear. Shamrock IV. was leading at the time and her gear had stood the severe test well.

Emperor Gives Cup for Yacht Racing

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 24.—The announcement that the Emperor of Germany will give a cup to the winner of the sonderklasse yacht race at the Panama-Pacific Exposition was contained in a telegram received today by the German Consul, Franz Bopp, from the German Ambassador in Washington. This makes the third cup from the head of a great nation, as President Wilson has offered a cup for the winner of the twelve-meter race and King George V. of England has put up a cup for the Class N race under universal rules.

CARTER RETAINS TITLE.

Nassau Youth Again Wins Metropolitan Junior Golf.

Philip Carter of Nassau won the metropolitan junior golf championship yesterday when he defeated Vincent K. Hilton of Hackensack, 8 up and 6 to play, in the final round of the tournament over the links of the Plainfield Country Club. This is the second time in as many years that this seventeen-year-old youth has captured the chief honor.

There was a medal handicap yesterday which was won by Herbert Obendorfer of Woodmere with a card of 93, 21—72. Leonard S. Church of Plainfield won the approaching and putting contest and Osborne Lawes took the driving prize. The summary:

Championship Eight.—Semi-Final Round—Vincent Hilton, Hackensack, beat Osborne Lawes, Upper Montclair, 5 and 4; Philip W. G. Carter, Nassau, beat Edmund Nash, Apawamis, 2 and 1.

Final Round—Carter beat Hilton, 8 and 6.

Second Eight.—Semi-Final Round—E. C. Stevens, C. Andrews beat D. G. McGrath, Yountakah, 3 and 1; A. L. Pierson, Jr., Montclair, beat E. A. G. Porter, Moylan, 3 and 2.

Final Round—Pierson beat Stevens, 2 and 1.

Third Eight.—Semi-Final Round—H. L. Howard, Somerville, beat R. C. Stiles, Forest Hill, 1 up; Richard Potter, New Brunswick, beat W. W. Conklin, Scarsdale, 1 up.

Final Round—Howard beat Potter, 4 and 3.

Fourth Eight.—Semi-Final Round—F. E. Lawes, Upper Montclair, beat Benjamin Siegel, Woodmere, 2 and 1; Jesse Kuser, Siegel, Hollow beat E. C. McKenzie, Plainfield, 5 and 4.

Final Round—Lawes beat Kuser, 6 and 5.

Fifth Eight.—Semi-Final Round—A. L. Blanchard, Brooklawn, beat John Potter, New Brunswick, 5 and 3; Allen Downey, Canoe Brook, beat J. L. Janeway, New Brunswick, 2 and 1.

Final Round—Blanchard beat Downey, 3 and 2.

Handicap.—Herbert Obendorfer, Inwood, 93, 21—72; Ensign Conklin, Scarsdale, 92, 16—76; Richard Haight, Maidenpequa, 97, 20—77; Benjamin Siegel, Woodmere, 97, 19—78; Edmund Nash, Apawamis, 85, 7—78; Richard C. Stiles, Forest Hill, 98, 16—82; Alan Eggers, Canoe Brook, 90, 14—86; J. D. Beals, Jr., Wyanayl, 95, 8—87.

Mrs. Barlow Shawnee Golf Leader.

Special to The New York Times.

SHAWNEE-ON-DELAWARE, Penn., June 24.—By the wide margin of six strokes, Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow of Marion, former champion of the Women's Eastern Golf Association, led the field in the qualifying round of the annual women's golf tournament, which began here today on the links of the Shawnee Country Club. Mrs. Barlow returned a 93, while the only other contestant to get under a hundred was her club mate, Miss Ethel Maul, who had 99. Miss Louise F. Krug of Englewood, with a score of 102, tied with Miss Ethel Campbell of Overbrook for third place. There was a tie at the bottom of the second division. The scores of the first two eights follow:

First Eight.—Mrs. R. H. Barlow, Marion, 93; Miss Ethel Maul, Marion, 99; Miss Louise F. Krug, Englewood, 102; Miss Ethel Campbell, Overbrook, 102; Mrs. A. K. Billstein, Bala, 103; Mrs. W. W. Hilles, Wilmington, 104; Miss Eleanor Chandler, Huntingdon Valley, 105; Miss Mildred Caverly, Philadelphia Cricket, 105.

Second Eight.—Mrs. Caleb F. Fox, Huntingdon Valley, 110; Miss Florence McNeely, Marion, 110; Mrs. Florian Krug, Englewood, 117; Mrs. H. Smith, North Hills, 134; Mrs. W. W. Mayhew, North Hills, 136; Miss Frances Mason, Glenside, 137; Mrs. C. R. Fowler, North Hills, 138; Mrs. J. E. Faber, Richmond Co., 139; Miss K. Hilles, Wilmington, 139; Mrs. H. Kasselbaum, North Hills, 139.

Miller is Dunwoodie Champion.

Zacharian T. Miller, after trying for several years, succeeded in winning the championship of the Dunwoodie Country Club yesterday by returning a total of 328 for 72 holes of medel play. This was nine strokes better than the effort of M. G. McDonald. On two occasions Miller has been runner-up for the club title. The scores:

Zacharian T. Miller.....82 82 78 86—328
M. G. McDonald.....85 86 83 81—337
R. P. Carter.....80 80 83 86—333
W. W. Hartle.....84 84 84 85—337
William Chilvers.....92 83 85 94—359

Michigan, 4; Pennsylvania, 3.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., June 24.—Michigan defeated Pennsylvania today, 4 to 3, in ten innings. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Michigan	1	9	1
Penn.	0	7	3

Batteries—Quaintance, Ferguson, and Bear; Wisner, Sayre, and Schwert.

Harlem Evening H. S. Reunion.

Former members of the Harlem Evening High School Athletic Association have put under way plans for a reunion to be held some time in the near future. A Committee of Arrangements, consisting of A. I. Shapiro, Chairman; Cosgrove, James Manning, A. Goldberg, Secretary, and Harry Lewis, Treasurer, has been appointed to manage

TWO HARD TENNIS MATCHES FOR PELL

West Side Player Defeats Watson and Bull in Middle States Championship.

With the start of the women's singles the three tennis championships of the Middle States were well advanced yesterday on the courts of the South Orange Lawn Tennis Club at Mountain, N. J. Theodore R. Pell easily carried off the honors of the day. He defeated C. F. Watson, Jr. and Charles M. Bull, Jr., in consecutive rounds. His general work was impressive, although he developed a disposition to drive the ball into the net, especially in his match with the Crescent Athletic Club representative. It was expected that Watson would put up a hard contest, but Pell won in straight sets and completely outplayed his opponent. The winner did not tarry, and in spite of the hot weather, took on Bull in the fourth round. The Bay Ridge player was in splendid shape and made a surprising start, capturing the first set 8—6. Bull is usually a slow beginner and his aggressiveness rather surprised Pell. The latter gradually overcame his tendency to drive the ball into the net and improved his position by making the second set even. Bull carried the third set to 3—3, when he fell away and Pell won 6—3.

Joseph J. Armstrong of the University of Minnesota gave Karl H. Behr, the former Yale Captain, a stiff argument, carrying the match to three hard sets. The Western player showed some sound tennis and kept his opponent from passing him. It was not until Behr lost the first set that he was able to gauge his opponent's play, but once he broke through Armstrong's defense he quickly recovered his lost ground and by well-executed placement shots, qualified with T. R. Pell for the semi-final round.

Several interesting matches were decided in the women's singles championship. Mrs. Marshall McLean defeated Mrs. D. C. Mills in the first round, the latter defaulting in the second set. Mrs. McLean continued her good court work in the next round by winning from Miss Edith Condit in straight sets. The big upset of the first day was the victory of Mrs. Louise H. Raymond over Mrs. C. N. Beard. The latter, who was formerly New Jersey champion, captured the first set after deuce and vantage had been called twice, but the effort proved too much for her, as Mrs. Raymond rallied in the second and third sets and won the match. Mrs. Polly Sheldon, the Montclair Athletic Club champion, easily defeated Miss Gladys Bladgen after the latter had made a close fight in the first set. Miss Eleanor Roche of Boston, sister of the title holder, won the first round from Miss Dorothy Enger, but fell a victim to Mrs. Robert Le Roy's clever racquet work in the second round. The summary:

Men's Singles, Middle States Championship.—Second Round—R. N. Balch defeated Stanley E. Manchee, 4—6, 6—3, 6—0; Thomas F. Cooke defeated David K. Mackay, 6—4, 6—1; James S. Cushman defeated Theodore C. Corwin, 6—2, 6—1; Walter Merrill Hall defeated Felix Doubleday by default; R. Stoddart.

Third Round—Theodore R. Pell defeated C. F. Watson, Jr., 6—3, 6—3; R. S. Stoddart defeated E. F. Thomas, 6—2, 4—6, 6—3; Karl H. Behr defeated J. J. Waldron, 6—0, 6—4; Holcomb Ward defeated H. N. Balch, 6—0, 6—0; Walter Merrill Hall defeated Thomas F. Cooke, 6—0, 6—3; Benjamin M. Phillips, 1st, defeated James S. Cushman, 6—2, 6—1.

Fourth Round—Theodore R. Pell defeated Charles M. Bull, Jr., 6—8, 6—3, 6—4; Karl H. Behr defeated Joseph J. Armstrong, 6—8, 6—3, 6—4.

Women's Singles, Middle States Championship.—First Round—Miss Eleanore Roche defeated Miss Dorothy Enger, 6—2, 6—1; Mrs. Robert Le Roy defeated Miss Pauline E. Hotscher, default; Miss Edith Condit defeated Miss Lois Scheerer, 6—1, 6—1; Miss Marshall McLean defeated Mrs. David C. Mills, 6—2, 4—0, default.

Second Round—Miss Margaret Seymour defeated Miss Gladys Robbins, 6—4, 6—0; Miss Edna Wildey defeated Mrs. Sidney B. Taylor, 6—0, 6—0; Mrs. Robert Le Roy defeated Miss Eleanore Roche, 6—2, 6—2; Mrs. Marshall McLean defeated Miss Edith Condit, 6—3, 6—2; Mrs. William H. Underhill defeated Miss Katherine Potter, 6—1, 6—1; Miss I. A. Kissell defeated Miss Mildred Wight, 6—4, 6—1; Miss Polly Sheldon defeated Miss Marion Bladgen, 7—5, 6—2.

Men's Doubles, Middle States Championship.—First Round—Holcomb Ward and Mr. Miles defeated T. Carvin and partner, by default; C. F. Watson, Jr., and George L. Wrenn defeated Allan Tobey and Leonard Beekman, by default; Harold Throckmorton and L. J. Durham defeated Polly Kohler and E. Doyle, 6—1, 4—6, 6—0; W. H. McKim and R. H. Stoddart defeated A. Roche and R. B. Bennett, 6—1, 6—8.

LOVIBOND IN SEMI-FINALS.

Seventh Regiment Player Shows Good Tennis at Brownsville.

Arthur M. Lovibond of the Seventh Regiment tennis team reached the semi-final round of the men's singles yesterday in the Bronxville Athletic Association tournament at Bronxville. Lovibond won an easy victory over G. A. Gordon. In the preceding round H. Styles caught Dr. William Rosenbaum off form and forced him to a hard three-set match to win. Styles led at the end of the first set, 10—8, but was unable to maintain his pace, and successfully met the aggressive attack of Dr. Rosenbaum in the two following sets.

Good progress was made in the doubles, in which a number of interesting matches were decided. Summary:

Men's Singles.—Fourth Round—Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated H. Styles, 8—10, 6—3, 6—2; C. C. Chambers defeated Ingo Hartman, 6—2, 6—2.

Fifth Round—Arthur M. Lovibond defeated G. A. Gordon, 6—3, 6—1.

Men's Doubles.—First Round—Dr. William Rosenbaum and Morris Clark defeated Count Alex Salm and Georges Aranyi, 6—3, 6—3; George S. Grosebeck and C. Bishop defeated H. Parker and partner by default; C. C. Chambers and F. R. Croley defeated O. C. A. Childs and D. R. Todd by default; Leonard Beekman and Allan Tobey defeated T. F. Walsh and partner by default; D. Britton and L. J. Robertson, Jr., defeated H. Styles and Dr. B. F. Drake, 7—5, 6—4; Hans Minkus and E. Lewisohn defeated G. A. L. Dionne and Benjamin M. Phillips by default; R. Wilson and Wilbur Baldwin defeated David Sands and Dudley Grant by default; Daniel Tier and Arthur Ferris defeated Dr. Frotheringham defeated C. S. Warren and H. Burton by default; Herman Suter and Benjamin Cornelius defeated T. Chanson and Mr. Van Vliet, 6—3, 6—4; Abraham Bassford, Jr., and H. Rothschild defeated M. E. Fox, Jr., and George Walker, 6—1, 6—3; Arthur M. Lovibond and Paul Meseck defeated Daniel Tier and Arthur Ferris, 6—1, 6—1; M. J. L. Galvan and N. Joliffe defeated H. A. Steinkamp and Ingo Hartmann, 10—8, 6—4, 6—3; Eugene Ashley and H. Harrison defeated S. Howard and Voshell and partner by default. P. S. Hunter and A. J. Ostendorf defeated Cedric Major and C. L. Johnson, 6—4, 6—3.

Second Round—Clifford Blick and G. Rogers defeated F. C. Condit and H. Green, 10—8, 6—3; Leonard Beekman and Allan Tobey defeated C. C. Chambers and R. K. Croley, 8—6, 6—3; Britton and J. D. Robertson, Jr., defeated Hans Minkus and E. Lewisohn by default; H. McMullin and H. Frotheringham defeated R. Wilson and Wilbur Baldwin, 6—3, 6—0; P. S. Hunter and A. J. Ostendorf defeated Eugene Ashley and H. Harrison, 6—4, 6—1.

Australasian Tennis Team to Sail.

Robert D. Wrenn, Chairman of the Davis Cup Committee of Management, received a letter yesterday from London stating that the Australasian tennis team would sail for this city on the Cunard liner Aquitania on July 11. The team is composed of Anthony F. Wilding, Norman E. Brooks, Stanley E. Doust, and A. W. Dunlop. Several of the players are taking part in the all English championship at Wimbledon, which began last Monday. Wilding is the British title holder, and will defend the championship. They will also witness the first of the Davis Cup preliminary ties, which will be played between England and Belgium on Monday, July 7, 8 and 9. The Australasians will play the Canadians at Queensgate, Lake Forest, Ill., July 8, 9 and 10.

NEW BICYCLE RECORD.

Leon Didier Pedals 30 Miles Behind Motor Pace in 36:29 1-5.

The old record for thirty miles was broken by more than two minutes by Leon Didier, the French champion, in the thirty-mile motor-paced bicycle race at the Brighton Beach Motordrome last night. This race was a fine contest between Didier and Bobby Walthour, who led up to the fifteenth mile. At the middle distance mark Didier caught and passed Walthour. He managed to retain the lead for the remainder of the race, although Walthour made several desperate attempts to overtake him. The Frenchman kept pedaling away like a machine behind his motor, and had stretched his lead to nearly a quarter of a lap at the finish. All previous records for the five, ten, fifteen, twenty and twenty-five-mile marks for this race were also broken.

The times were as follows: Fifth mile, 6:17; tenth mile, 12:16; fifteenth mile, 18:08; twentieth mile, 24:15 1-5; twenty-fifth mile, 30:29 1-5; thirtieth mile, finish, 36:29 1-5. The old motor-paced record for thirty miles, held by Bobby Walthour, was 38:29 1-5.

The ten-mile motor cycle race, in which the interest was almost equal to that shown in the motor-paced events, was won by George Sperl of Brooklyn after a close race with Martin Kessler. The summary:

One-Mile Open, Amateur.—Won by Jerry Menzato, Empire City Wheelmen; Adam Eyerman, Mohawk A. C., second; Alfred C. Lake, N. Y. A. C., third. Time—2:27 3-5.

One-Mile Consolation.—Won by A. Desmond, Newark; J. Pratt, Empire City Wheelmen, second; Nat Gutoff, Atlas B. C., third. Time—2:01.

30-Mile Motor-Paced Race.—Won by Leon Didier, champion of France; Bobby Walthour, Atlanta, Ga., second; George Wiley, New York, third; Clarence Carman, Jamaica, L. I., fourth. Time—36:29 1-5.

Ten-Mile Motor Cycle Race.—Won by George Sperl, Brooklyn; Martin Kessler, Newark, second; Mike Costello, New Rochelle, third. Time—7:49?

Two-Mile Motor Cycle Race, Handicap.—Won by Martin Kessler, Newark, (scratch); George Mercier, Brooklyn, (one lap), second; Paul Ohne, New York, (one lap,) third.

Jackie Clarke Defeats Rutt.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., June 24.—A. Jackie Clarke, the Australian cyclist, created a surprise at the Newark Velodrome tonight, when in straight heats of a match race at one mile he defeated Walter Rutt, the world's champion. Clarke's margin of victory in the first heat was large, but in the deciding duel it was a struggle for the last two laps. After Rutt had taken the lead away from Clarke the latter outsprinted the title holder to the first turn, and maintained his advantage. The last eighth in the second heat was ridden in 12 seconds by the winner.

Harry Kaiser, the Bronx youth, and Willie Hanley of San Francisco won the amateur team match race at two-thirds of a mile from Donald McDougall, the amateur champion, and his partner, Gus Wohlrab of Jersey City, in straight heats.

George Cameron, the New York professional, made good use of his forty-five-yard handicap in the final of the two-mile handicap. Frank C. Kramer, riding from scratch, made a fine effort to overtake Cameron, but could not do better than capture second place after a splendid chase.

Walter Schlee, racing from the twenty-yard line, won the half-mile handicap among the amateurs, the scratch men, Edward Madden and Tommy Smith, doing well to finish third and fourth, respectively.

Kramer in Title Race Again.

The five-mile national championship bicycle race for the professional sprinters will be run at the Brighton Beach Motordrome Saturday night and may prove the real test for Frank L. Kramer, who is striving to win the American title for the fourteenth time. Kramer's wonderful sprint makes him a favorite in the short distance races, but even his friends are wondering whether he can defeat Walter Rutt, world's champion; Alfred Goullet, Jackie Clarke, Alfred Grenda and the other younger and stronger riders of the professional ranks. It will be Kramer's first effort this season over the five-mile route, and the result will indicate his chances for winning the championship another year. The professional stars will compete in a one-mile handicap and a two-mile invitation handicap. A field of about forty riders is entered for the contests. The amateurs will have a card of races, and the motorcycle speed merchants will clash in three or four events.

Eastern District H. S. Games.

Pupils and instructors of the Eastern District High School, competed yesterday in the annual field day of the institution at the P. S. A. L. field in Brooklyn. An open race for colleges proved the best event of the track programme. Columbia, represented by B. Shevlin, and I. Busch, triumphed over C. C. N. Y., and Syracuse, which finished second and third, respectively. The race was over two laps of the courts. An interschool relay at 880 yards brought out fine competition, and resulted in a victory for Public School 109. Polo and baseball were the other events, and baseball made up the day's programme. The winners were:

660-Yard Run.—Won by D. Aaron, 4 A-4, (scratch.) Time—1:36 2-5.

50-Yard Dash, 100-Pound Class.—Won by H. Sokolow, 4-3, (4 yards.) Time—0:6 1-5.

100-Yard Dash.—Won by H. Rosenfeld, 2 A-7, (7 yards.) Time—0:11 4-5.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by H. Rosenfeld 2 A-7, (15 yards.) Time—0:02 4-5.

440-Yard Inter-Grade Relay.—Won by Class 3-B, (J. Jinjon, J. Scanni, P. Lettes, M. Cohen.) Time—0:54.

Two-Lap Inter-College Race.—Won by Columbia, (I. Shevlin and I. Busch;) C. C. N. Y., (Shapiro and Harvard,) second; Syracuse, (Sahlman and Deutsch,) third. Time—0:50 4-5.

880-Yard Inter-School Relay.—Won by P. S. 109, (I. Segalow, A. Reberman, C. Mindlin, J. Inselman;) P. S. 55, (M. Strolowitz, D. Londoner, J. Wilson, P. Hartholz,) second; P. S. 122, (N. Brodowsky, H. Jacobs, S. Drutt, M. Gross,) third; P. S. 48, (A. Judelson, L. Goldberg, O. Morrell, D. Steingarten,) fourth. Time—1:46 1-5.

6-Pound Shot-Put.—Won by I. Karp, 3 A-3, (3 feet.) 1 foot 1 inch.

Running Broad Jump.—Won by M. Sarfin, 1 B-8, (18 inches.) 17 feet 5 inches.

Running High Jump.—Won by S. Prensky, 2 8-7, (8 inches.) 5 feet 7 inches.

One-Lap Relay, Varsity vs. Class 4-B.—Won by Class 4-B, (M. Aaronson, Elchler, Badack, Buckett, Schneider;) faculty (Model, Branower, Cahn, Colligan, Sperling,) second. Time—0:50 3-5.

Reds Win Squadron A Polo.

Scoring the deciding goal with little more than two minutes to play in the sixth and final period at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday afternoon, the Red polo team of Squadron A defeated the White combination by 6 points to 5. J. Metcalf shot the winning goal for the Reds shortly after Robert Hunt had evened the count with a drive from midfield. P. Strong and W. Bolton gave the Whites a working lead in the early periods, but the sturdy finish made by the Reds was not to be denied. Hans Rumboldt opened the game and Clifford Strong and stronger riders of the other team followed with two more points in rapid succession. Metcalf and Hunt contributed a pair for the victors. The third chukker was scoreless, while in the fourth Hunt alone scored. In the fifth Strong, Hunt, and Bolton called, and in the closing period Metcalf and Hunt gave the Reds their winning margin. The line-up:

REDS.	WHITES.
1—L. Metcalf.	1—Lieut. Rumboldt.
2—A. C. Smith.	2—H. Strong.
3—R. Hunt.	3—C. Holt.
Back—H. W. Cram.	Back—W. Bolton.

Referee—Louis Muller.

Brooklyn Boys Win at Ebbets Field.

Fifteen thousand schoolboys gathered at Ebbets Field yesterday to witness the deciding contests for the elementary school baseball and half-mile relay championship of Long Island. Public School 10, of Brooklyn, which recently defeated P. S. 10 of Manhattan, for the borough championship, and two cities, again triumphed, defeating P. S. 1 of Queens in a well-played game by a score of 8 to 4.

Brooklyn lads again were to the fore in the relay championship, P. S. 107's quartet capturing the event in the fast time of 1:43 4-5. P. S. 50, Queens, was second, and P. S. 158, Brooklyn, third. The winning team was composed of S. Rothschild, G. Marsada, H. Thompson, and H. Shapiro.

Winners on Brooklyn Speedway.

Charlie Mack, Joseph Hahnesand's bay gelding, raced to form yesterday in winning the Class A trotting event, which featured the weekly matinee of light harness racing on the Brooklyn Speedway, under the auspices of the Pleasure Drivers' Association. Chief Mack won in straight heats from Matthew Dean's bay gelding King Audubon, driven by Frank Dean. The other winners driven by Frank Dean. The other winners were: Colony in Class A, parties; Mr. Mr. Mr.

Reinvestment

On July 1, 1914, over $77,000,000 bonds and notes mature. The more important issues are:

Austrian Government 4½% notes
Baltimore & Ohio 5% notes
C., M. & St. Paul Terminal 5% bonds
Chicago Elevated Rys. 5% notes
Illinois Central 4½% notes

We invite inquiries from holders of these or other early maturing issues with reference to the reinvestment of these funds in short or long term securities paying

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New York Savings Banks and Trust Funds

	Rate.	Maturities.	Yield.
Albany, N. Y.	4¼s	1916-34	4.05%
Missouri	3½s	1917-22	4.10%
California	4s	1938	4.20%
Oakland, Cal.	4½s	1921-28	4.40%

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Under Pressure—Dividend Cuts and Rate Predictions Cause Decline.

Stocks were under much pressure yesterday, and remained weak throughout the session. The trading was the most active in many weeks, and the net loss the most pronounced movement recorded during a considerable period. There were declines of a point or more in many issues, and declines in excess of two points in such leading stocks as St. Paul, New York Central, and Union Pacific. A good deal of activity on the part of bearishly inclined traders helped to account for the break, but outside liquidation also contributed to it. These two forces making for reaction were not offset by the commission house buying in behalf of those who were attracted by the break in prices. In varying degree the intermountain decision, the prediction of a disappointing ruling by the Commerce Commission in the pending rate case, and the adverse news of the day were held responsible for the liquidation and the pressure from traders to which the market was subjected.

It has for some time been thought that the rate decision is not likely under existing conditions to exert as much immediate favorable influence upon business as was expected of it some months ago. There is such a thing, however, as belittling too much the favorable significance of such relief as may be granted to the railways, and all predictions agree that some increases in rates will be allowed. So far as the intermountain decision is concerned the Stock Exchange has chosen to put a more adverse interpretation upon it than have the representatives of the railways themselves. This perhaps is sufficient evidence that the possible adverse effect of the decision is being exaggerated.

The news of the day included the passing of the United States Cast Iron Pipe preferred dividend, and the omission of the dividend on Pan Handle common and a reduction in that road's preferred dividend. These dividend changes naturally enough served to emphasize the unfavorable forecasts which were current concerning the coming freight rate decision. Both of these matters were instrumental in causing the sharp decline in New York Central and a smaller loss in Pennsylvania, while the Pan Handle dividend action found reflection in a break of seven points in that road's common stock. The dissolution of the syndicate which underwrote the Western Union stock taken over from the American Telephone & Telegraph Company was another of the day's influences making for decline. Over 50 per cent. of the stock underwritten was turned over to the members of the syndicate. These and other matters less on the surface combined to make the Stock Exchange session the poorest experienced in a long time.

The day's news from the iron trade was disappointing in that it failed to bear out the more hopeful views which came to be entertained in the steel trade early in the month. Business, however, has been larger in June than in May, and the reduction in unfilled orders is believed to have been so small that even a moderate increase in incoming orders during the balance of the month would be sufficient to prevent any further inroad upon unfilled orders being shown for June. Meanwhile The Iron Age records that prices have been even less satisfactory than volume, owing to concessions by sellers. The steel trade, moreover, seems less inclined now than it was until recently to think of the rate decision as a turning point in the trade.

Demand sterling receded yesterday, although it was still so high that further engagements of gold were thought likely for shipment by Saturday's or next Tuesday's steamer. Cable transfers, however, were still in active demand. The margin between cable and demand broadened to the equivalent of a 7 per cent. money rate which suggested that remittances were still being called for in connection with funds which have to be provided on the other side before July 1. There was a good deal of talk of a possible reduction in the discount rate of the Bank of France from 3½ per cent., where it now stands. It seemed though an open question whether this action was likely to be taken this week. It was argued that to hold the rate up would continue to attract money to Paris, and that this might be desired until arrangements had been completed for the forthcoming French national loan.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l
On call	2	1¾	1¾	1¾
A year ago	2½	1¾	2	2
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	..	..
Same period 1913	7	2	..	..

	60 Days.	4 Mos.	6 Mos.
On time	2¼@2½	2@3	3¼@3½
Commercial paper	3@4 Mos.		6 Mos.
Highest grade names	3¼@3½		3¼@3¾
Other well-known names	3½@3¾		3¾@4

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$291,343,360	$14,287,713
Sub-Treasury debit balance		13,971
Banks lost since Friday		14,654,000

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
London	2%@2½	1¾@1½	..
Paris	2%	..	25f 15½c
Berlin	2½@3	2	20m 50pf

Foreign Exchange.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.8820	$4.8810	$4.8810
A year ago	4.8650	4.8630	4.8630
Since Jan. 1	4.8910	4.8535	..
Same period 1913	4.8790	4.8570	..

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8810	$4.8835
Paris	5.15¾—3-4s	5.15—3-4s
Berlin	95 1-4—1-8	95 3-8—1-8
Switzerland	5.16¾—1-8	5.15¾—1-8
Holland	40.27	40.32
Belgium	5.19¾+1-8	5.18¾+1-8

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.85¾	$4.85¾
Paris	5.16¾	5.15¾
Berlin	94½	95¾

Bankers' Commercial Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.82¾	$4.81¾
Paris	5.18¾	5.17½
Berlin	94½	95¼
Amsterdam	40.00	39.90

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

St. Louis	50c	Montreal	$1¼c
Chicago	5c	San Francisco	50c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	50c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 25¾d per ounce, off 1-16d.; New York, 56¾c., off ⅛c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Receipts and expenditures:

	July 23.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,913,751	$13,391,520	$266,971,610
Int. rev. ord.	947,777	16,000,846	380,611,087
Corpors. and income tax	1,554,495	34,995,227	35,552,618
Miscellaneous	19,245	1,482,187	2,195,805
Total rec.	4,435,269	65,869,781	684,931,120
Ordinary disb.	2,993,181	49,195,227	724,000,000
Balance	1,442,088	16,674,554	def. 39,068,880
Cash balance			153,000,000
Gold fund			150,000,000
Gold certificates			150,000,000

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Kuhn, Loeb Bank Directorships.

In connection with the intended resignation of Paul M. Warburg from the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. upon confirmation by the Senate of his appointment to a place on the Federal Reserve Board it was learned yesterday that with Mr. Warburg on the board other members of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. will give up their places on national bank directorates. Mr. Warburg, as has been announced, resigned from the Bank of Commerce some time ago. Mortimer L. Schiff, who was a Director of the Fourth National Bank, now merged with the Mechanics' and Metals, has declined a place tendered to him on that company's board. Jacob H. Schiff is a Director of the National City Bank.

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Municipal and Government Bonds.

The market for Government bonds has not been active for many months, but brokers making a specialty of them say that the past ten days have been the dullest of all. In some brokerage houses, whose business in these securities in normal times brings in a tidy income, an average of four or five bonds a day have been dealt in, and it is not unusual for trading to contract until only a few "pieces" in denominations of $100 or $200 each are handled. The demand for municipal issues, on the other hand, is reported by the bond men to be improving. Investors are paying less attention than they did six months ago to the amount of income to be derived from a purchase, and are looking more particularly at the quality of the bonds. Occasionally a 4 per cent. issue put out by a city whose credit stands on the highest plane is sold at a price to net the seller 100 cents on the dollar, and the investor receives about 3.95 per cent. on his money.

***

Bonds That Are Not Bonds.

The proposed reorganization of the Rock Island companies, in the course of which No. 2 and No. 3, or the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad and the Rock Island Company are to be wiped out of existence, takes no account of the odd $7,500,000 of the railroad company's 5 per cent. bonds. These bonds are a relic of the Rock Island's unhappy marriage with the St. Louis & San Francisco, and are popularly considered to represent about half the Rock Island Company's total loss on the Frisco. At any rate, when the Hawley-Yoakum-Campbell group took its road back after friction had developed with the Rock Island members of the family there was not enough money realised from the sale of the stock to pay off the bonds put out when the property was acquired. To make up the deficiency the railway accommodatingly bought $7,500,000 of bonds from the railroad. There is an offsetting claim of $1,500,000 held by the railroad against the railway, and aside from the cancellation of this claim it is not proposed to pay anything on account of the bonds.

***

Franklin's, Incorporated.

For months past a terrific campaign has been carried on by a Wall Street promoter to place shares of Franklin's, Incorporated, a candy manufacturing concern, in the hands of the public at $10 a share. Investors so unfortunate as to be on his lists have been deluged with letters and circulars. Most of his printed matter has consisted of attacks on other brokers who quoted Franklin's at $9 a share. The promoter charged that these self-styled brokers were in a conspiracy to hurt Franklin's, and that they could not deliver real stock at a cent less than $10 a share. Yesterday at Muller's weekly auction of securities a quotation was established on Franklin's that cannot be questioned. A block of 164 shares sold at $1.10 a share.

***

Bonds for Cost of Engraving.

A reminder of another well-known promoter's activities was furnished by yesterday's sale of securities at auction when some optimist on the Southwest paid $400 in cash for $30,000 in par value of Kansas City, Mexico & Orient first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds.

***

Copper Buyers Hold Back.

In the copper trade producers of the refined metal have reason to wonder how long will be the road of depression before a turning is found. Lower quotations fail to bring into sight better buying than was evident a week ago. At 13¾ cents for electrolytic, copper appears to be exceedingly cheap as compared with the prices of a year ago, but consumers do not think so. Outside of purchases of small lots for early delivery there is little doing in the market, according to trade reports, and refiners are waiting as eagerly as the steel makers for the result of the freight rate decision by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

***

Gloom Over the Day's Market.

In the early part of yesterday's session of the stock market it was possible to pick out a few stocks and speak of their especial weakness in contrast with the fairly good tone of the list as a whole. This condition did not last long, and shortly after noon it was far more difficult to select a stock on the quotation board that was making a satisfactory account of itself than it had been to find a weak member earlier in the day. The Street was blue. The air was filled with rumors of pending developments of an unfavorable character, and the fact that most of them had no discernible roots in the ground detracted nothing from their influence in depressing sentiment.

STEEL PRICES GOING DOWN.

June Business Unsatisfactory and Sellers Making Concessions.

The steel trade has not derived all the satisfaction from June buying that it expected to in May. The Iron Age says:

June buying of steel products, though considerably increased over the poor business in May, has not met the expectations of the more hopeful in the trade. Prices have been even less satisfactory than volume, greater concessions by sellers coming in the past week than in those preceding.

The additions to order books have been chiefly for third-quarter delivery, though in implement bars, which have contributed an important part of the new tonnage, deliveries extend through the year.

There is no indication in the business of the month that the country's consumption of iron and steel is increasing. In the Chicago district some mills have taken contracts at the new low prices of 1909, with the proviso that specifications be given for early shipment of a portion of the order.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
3½s...March, 1954	101¾	102¼	101¾	102¼
4s...March, 1955	106¾	107	106¾	107
4½s...May, 1957	106¾	107	106¾	107
4½s...Nov., 1957	106¾	107	106¾	107
4½s...May, 1917	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
4½s...Nov., 1917	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
4½s...March, 1930-50	101½	102¼	101½	102
4½s...March, 1932	101¾	102	101¾	102
4s...Sept., 1920	101¼	102	101¼	102
4s...March, 1936	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
4s...Nov., 1957	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
4s...May, 1957	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
4s...Nov., 1958	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
3½s...Nov., 1954	90	90	90	90
3½s...Nov., 1956	90	90	90	90
3½s...Nov., 1960	90	90	90	90
3½s...Nov., 1961	90	90	90	90
3½s...Nov., 1962	90	90	90	90
3½s...Nov., 1963	90	90	90	90
3½s...Nov., 1964	90	90	90	90
3½s...Nov., 1965	90	90	90	90
3½s...Nov., 1966	90	90	90	90
3½s...Nov., 1967	90	90	90	90

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

More Active Trading on the Curb, but Prices Generally Reach a Lower Level.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 40,154 shares of stock and $25,000 of bonds. The sales of stock were divided as follows: Industrials, 10,975; oils, 1,494, and mining, 27,745. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Brit.-A. Tob.	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
200	Brit.-A. Tob., new	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
100	Cent. Can	42	42	42	42
200	Cent. Can pf.	88	88	88	88
1,800	M. Mot. com.	14½	14½	13¾	13¾
350	M. Mot. 1st pf.	42	42	41	41
500	M. Mot. 2d pf.	17½	17	17	17
100	Nat. C. & S.	57	57	57	57
400	N. C. & S. pf.	98¼	98¼	97½	97½
75	Pneb. S. & R.	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
2,000	Riker & Hegeman	9	9	8¾	8¾
3,000	Ster. G.	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
1,000	Tob. Prod. pf.	83	83	82½	82½
400	Un. Cigar St. Co. of Am.	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼
100	U. S. C. Corp.	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
150	Willys Over.	80	80½	79	80
500	World Film	4⅝	5	4⅝	5

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
720	Anglo-A. Oil	17	16¾	16¾	— ¾
8	Atlantic Ref.	396	396	396	— 1
1	Borne Scrym.	293	293	293	+ 3
10	Cent. Oil	223	223	223	— 1
5	Cumb. Pipe L.	55	55	55	— 1
20	Eureka P. L.	263	263	263	— 1
10	Ind. Pipe L.	131	131	131	+ 1
83	Nat. Transit.	20¼	20¼	20¼	— ¼
153	Ohio Oil	175	174	174	— 1
10	Pierce Oil	79	79	79	..
82	Prairie O. & G.	451	445	445	— 5
20	So. Pipe Line	222	220	220	— 3
25	So. Penn. Oil	223	223	223	— 3
113	S. Oil of Cal.	326	322	322	— 3
15	S. Oil of Ind.	470	465	467	— 3
1	S. Oil of Ky.	274	274	274	— 1
65	S. Oil of N. Y.	408	408	408	— 1
160	S. Oil of N.Y.	214½	211½	213	— 1
40	Vacuum Oil	222	220	220	— 2

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	Rock Isl. com. new, w. i.	40	40	39½	39⅝
700	Rock Isl. pf. new, w. i.	89½	89½	88	88
200	Rock Isl. rts.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
1,050	Un. Pac. rts.	28¾	28¾	28¼	28⅞

MINING STOCKS.

500	*Atlanta	15½	15½	15½	15½
300	*Beaver Con.	31	31	31	31
220	Boston Mont.	9⅝	19⅞	9⅝	9⅞
500	Braden Cop.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
900	Can. Cop.	2¾	2¾	2	2¼
2,500	*Can. Gd. Sil.	9	9	9	9
200	Cop. Mines	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
200	Con. Ariz. S.	9-16	9-16	9-16	9-16
1,050	Crown Res.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1	1 1-32
200	Florence	43	43	42	42
325	*Goldfield Con.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
500	*Goldf. Merg.	11	11	11	11
100	*Int. Mines	28	28	28	28
380	*Kerr Lake	5	5	5	5
100	La Rose	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16
600	*McK.-Dar.	65	68	65	66
200	M. M. & L. pf.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
500	*North Star	28	28	28	28
5,000	*Oro	10	10	9	9
1,000	*Sand. Kend.	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
300	*Stand. S. L.	1⅜	1 13-16	1⅜	1 13-16
300	Ton. Exten.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
200	*Ton. Yim B.	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
4,000	*Ton. Merger	45	46	45	46
100	*Ton. Mispah	25	25	25	25
2,000	*Ton. S. Pick	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼
5,100	W. End Con.	76	76	73	73

BONDS.

$10,000	At., G. & W. I. 5s	65	65	65	65
4,000	Can. Pacific 5% notes	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼
11,000	C. Gas. cv. 6s	115¼	115¼	115	115

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex dividend.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Amal. Cop.	5	Mar. 15, '15	100⅜	100⅝	4.05
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1915	100	100⅜	4.60
Am. T. & T. sub	5	April, 1916	100	100⅛	4.65
Austr'n Gov.	4½	Jan., 1915	100⅛	100⅜	4.05
Balt. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1915	100	100⅛	4.35
Beth. Steel.	5	June 11, '15	99⅝	100	5.00
B. & M. Sec.		Mar. 2, '15	..	..	..
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1913	99⅝	100	5.00
Can. Pacific.	6	Mar. 2, '24	104⅛	104⅜	6.45
Ches. & O.	5	June, 1919	95¼	100⅜	5.00
Chi. & W. Ind.	5	Sept., 1932	99¾	100	5.00
Chi. Elev.	5	July, 1914	99½	100	5.00
G. P. (Minn.)	6	May, 1917	96⅛	98	6.85
G. Ry. & L.	5	June, 1913	98⅜	99¼	5.10
Erie	4½	April, 1917	90	90⅝	6.10
Erie	5	Oct., 1914	100⅞	100⅝	3.00
Erie	5	April, 1915	99¾	100	5.00
Fed. Sugar	5	Nov., 1, '14	98	100	5.00
Gen. Motors	5	Oct., 1915	98	101¼	4.75
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	99	99¾	5.10
Har. R. & Port.	5	May, 1915	98⅝	98⅞	6.12
Hock. Val.	5	Nov., 1914	100¼	100⅜	3.00
Ill. Central	4½	July, 1914	100	100⅛	3.00
Int. & G. Nor.	5	Aug., 1914	87	88	75.00
Int. Harv.	5	Feb. 15, '15	100⅜	100⅝	3.85
Lack. Steel.	5	Mar., 1915	97⅛	98¼	8.30
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar. 2, '15	100⅛	100⅜	3.85
Minn. G.	6	June, 1917	99	99¾	6.10
Minn. & St. L.	6	Feb., 1916	92	95	7.70
Mo., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	90	93	12.25
Mo. Pacific.	6	June, 1915	93	94	12.60
Montr. T. & P.	6	April, 1919	100¼	100⅝	6.20
N. E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	98⅞	99⅝	6.20
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sept. 15, '14	100⅛	100⅜	2.50
N. Y. Cent.	5	Nov. 2, '14	100⅛	100⅜	5.00
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	3.85
N. Y., N. H. & H.	5	May, 1915	99¾	99⅞	4.15
Nor. Pacific.	6	July 9, '14	100	100⅛	1.50
Pac. G. & E.	5	Mar. 25, '15	99⅜	99⅞	5.20
Pub. S. Corp. N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	99	99⅜	5.30
Seab'd A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	99¾	100⅛	4.65
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	99⅜	99⅝	5.05
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	6.05
St's of Tenn.	5	July, 1914	100	100⅛	1.25
Sulzberger	6	June, 1916	100	100⅜	5.75
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	95	95½	5.40
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15, '16	99¾	99	5.15
United Fruit.	6	May, 1917	101⅜	102	5.15
United Fruit.	5	May, 1918	98⅜	98½	5.35
Utah Co.	6	April, 1917	100¾	101	5.80
Westinghse.	6	May, 1915	101	102¼	4.00
Western M.	5	July, 1915	89	96	5.90
West. Power.	6	July, 1915	98½	100	6.00

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atlantic C. Line.	1914-'21	4 @4½	4.50	4.40
Balt. & Ohio.	1914-'23	4½	4.50	4.40
Bull, Roch. & P.	1914-'20	4½@5	4.80	4.40
Ches. & Ohio.	1914-'17	4½	4.45	4.40
Chi. & N. W.	1914-'23	4½	4.45	4.35
Chicago, Ind. & L.	1914-'23	4½	4.75	4.50
Del. & Hudson.	1922	4½	4.80	4.40
Erie Railroad.	1914-'23	4½@5	4.75	4.60
Hocking Valley.	1914-'23	4 @5	4.75	4.60
Illinois Central.	1914-'23	4½@5	4.50	4.35
Int. Great North.	1914-'23	5	6.25	6.25
Louis. & Nash.	1914-'23	5	4.50	4.35
Minn., S. S. & A.	1914-'23	5	5.25	5.00
Missouri Pacific.	1914-'23	5	6.00	5.25
N. Y. Cent. Lines.	1914-'28	4½@5	4.70	4.60
Norfolk & West.	1918-'23	4½	4.45	4.35
Penn. R. R.	1914-'23	4½ @4½	4.50	4.30
St. Louis, I. M. S.	1914-'24	5	5.10	4.70
Seaboard Air Line.	1914-'23	5	4.75	4.60
Southern Railway.	1914-'24	4½@5	4.70	4.60
Southern Pacific.	1914-'23	4½	4.50	4.40
Virginia Ry	1914-'19	5	4.85	4.70
Wabash	1914-'21	5	5.50	5.25

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	16⅜	17¼	17	17½
Atlantic Refining	590	600	590	600
Borne-Scrymser	290	300	290	300
Buckeye Pipe Line	138	142	138	141
Chesebrough Mfg.	355	365	355	365
Colonial Oil	100	110	100	110
Continental Oil	222	226	222	227
Crescent Pipe Line	47	50	47	50
Cumberland Pipe Line	53	58	53	58
Eureka Pipe Line	260	270	260	265
Galena-Signal Oil	174	177	173	177
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	148	153	148	153
Indiana Pipe Line	128	132	128	132
National Transit	19	20	19	20
New York Transit	270	276	280	285
Northern Pipe Line	109	112	108	111
Ohio Oil	173	175	174	176
Prairie Oil & Gas	447	450	447	450
Solar Refining	300	305	300	305
Southern Pipe Line	222	225	220	225
South. Penn. Oil	280	285	282	287
S. W. Penn. P. Lines	140	142	140	142
Standard Oil (Cal.)	320	322	320	322
Standard Oil (Ind.)	465	470	470	475
Standard Oil (Kan.)	405	415	410	415
Standard Oil (Ky.)	273	277	278	280
Standard Oil (Neb.)	345	355	345	360
Standard Oil (N. J.)	402	404	402	404
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	211	213	212	214
Standard Oil (Ohio)	405	415	405	415
Swan & Finch	140	150	140	150
Union Tank Line	90	95	90	95
Vacuum Oil	222	225	223	225
Washington Oil	44	49	44	49
Waters-Pierce Oil	4,800	..	4,800	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	June 24. Bid.	Asked.	June 23. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	130	135	130	135
American Cigar pf.	96	100	98	100
Am. Machine & Fdy.	80	85	80	85
British-Am., new	21½	22	21¾	22¾
Conley Foil	280	300	280	300
Johnson Tin & M.	125	175	125	175
J. S. Young	125	135	125	135
MacA. & Forbes	100	105	100	105
MacA. & Forbes pf.	98	100	98	100
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	237	247	237	247
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip	130	140	130	140
P. J. Reynolds	175	180	175	180
Reynolds Tobacco pf.	97	98	97	98
Tobacco Products pf.	94	96	94	96
Weyl-Zieg Stock	75	80	75	80
Young Spring & W.	100	110	100	110

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Cons. Coal	93	93	93
20	Elkhorn Fuel	22¾	22¾	22¾
10	Fidelity & Deposit	147	147	147
2	Cons. Power	105	105	105
11	Md. Casualty	67½	67½	67½
30	Merch. & Mech.	31½	31½	31½
305	United Ry.	28	28	28

BONDS.

$5,000	Chi. Ry. 5s	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞
1,000	Con. Coal ref. 5s	89½	89½	89½
9,000	Con. Gas 4½s	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
900	City Balt. 5s, '16	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
1,000	Elkhorn Fuel 5s	95½	95½	95½
5,000	Ga. & Ala. con. 5s	105	105	105
1,000	Md. Elec. 5s	89½	89½	89½
1,000	Nort. & P. Ry. 5s	86⅜	86⅜	86⅜
5,000	Port. Ref. 5s	101	101	101
1,000	Sp. Point 4½s	96	96	96
1,000	United Ry. Inv. 5s	85½	85⅝	85⅝
1,000	United Ry. 4s	83½	83½	83½
22,480	United Ry. notes	90¾	90⅞	90⅞
1,000	Wash., B. & A. 5s	83	83	83

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
125	Alloues	40½	39½	39½
25	American Zinc	16⅞	16⅛	16⅛
125	Arizona Com.	1¼	1¼	1¼
55	Butte & Balakiala	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
115	Butte & Superior	39½	39½	39½
330	Calumet & Arizona	65	64	64
5	Calumet & Hecla	405	405	405
195	Copper Range	36⅛	36	36
256	Franklin	4½	4½	4½
295	Granby	81	81	81
15	Hancock	18	18	18
25	Indiana	3½	3½	3½
15	Island Creek	50	50	50
5	Island Creek pf.	88	88	88
200	Isle Royale	20¼	19⅝	19⅝
125	Lake	6

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20 Buckeye Pipe L. | 10 Atlantic Refining
25 Cumberland P. L. | 25 Indiana Pipe Line
100 Nat. Transit | 15 Prairie Oil & Gas
25 S. W. Penn. P.L. | 25 S. O. of Calif.
20 S. O. of Kentucky | 15 S. O. of Kansas
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100 American Gas & Electric Com. & Pfd.
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100 Central States Electric Common
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100 Republic Railway & Light Common
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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of KLOTZ & JARETSKY, composed of Harry Klotz and Max Jaretsky, heretofore conducted at 817 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, manufacturers of neckwear, has been dissolved by mutual consent. Any firm obligations which may be outstanding will be paid upon the filing of claims with Fluegelman & Trosk, attorneys, 299 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.
(Signed) HARRY KLOTZ,
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales June 24, 1914	349,760
Same day last year	255,045
Total year to date	36,958,822
Same period last year	45,391,779
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	67.78—1.00
Same day last year	66.93— .19

	High.		Low.	
This year's range	73.30	Jan. 31	65.24	Apr. 25
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
101	104	100	Adams Express	102½	102½	102½	102½	+2½
26⅜	26⅝	4,500	Alaska Gold Mines	26⅝	26⅞	26¼	26¼	— ⅛
10¾	11	200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	10¾	10¾	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
68⅞	69	19,450	Amalgamated Cop	70⅛	70⅝	69	69	—1⅛
53	53¾	200	Am. Ag. Chemical	53	53	53	53	—1⅛
25¼	25⅝	550	Am. Beet Sugar	26½	26½	25¼	25¼	—1⅝
74	76	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf	75½	75½	75½	75½	— ¼
26	26¼	8,100	Am. Can	27⅞	27½	26⅛	26¼	—1⅝
89⅜	90	2,310	Am. Can pf	91⅝	91⅞	90	90	—2
50¼	51⅝	600	Am. Car & Found	51	51	50½	50½	—1¼
40	41	400	Am. Cotton Oil	41	41	40½	40½	—2
30⅛	30¼	1,600	Am. Ice Securities	30½	30½	30⅛	30⅛	—1⅜
9¼	9⅜	100	Am. Linseed	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	— ¼
4½	6¼	250	Am. Malt	6	6	6	6	
61⅜	61⅞	2,700	Am. Sm. & Ref.	63½	63⅝	61⅜	61⅜	—1⅜
101⅝	102	100	Am. Sm. & Ref. pf	102	102	102	102	
82	84	10	Am. Sm. Sec. pf. B	84	84	84	84	
107	108	300	Am. Sugar Ref.	106½	107	106½	107	
112¼	113½	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	113⅝	113⅝	113⅝	113⅝	— ⅛
121	121¼	2,800	Am. Tel. & Tel.	122⅜	122⅜	120½	121	—1½
227	230	400	Am. Tobacco	230¼	230¼	229	229	—1¼
30½	30⅝	3,700	Anaconda Cop. Co	31⅛	31⅛	30⅝	30⅝	— ⅛
98⅛	98⅜	2,300	At., Top. & S. Fe	99¼	99¼	98⅛	98⅛	— ⅝
100⅝	101⅜	10	At., Top. & S. Fe pf	101¼	101¾	101¼	101¼	
119	119⅝	500	Atl. Coast Line	121	121	119⅝	119⅝	—1¼
105½	107½	15	Baldwin Loco. pf	107½	107½	107½	107½	
89⅛	90	3,910	Balt. & Ohio	91	91	89⅝	90	—1⅝
41⅜	41⅝	700	Bethlehem Steel	42	42	41⅛	41½	—1¼
82¾	84	200	Bethlehem Steel pf	83½	83½	83	83	—1
90	90¼	3,800	Brooklyn R. T.	91	91	90	90	—1
18⅜	19½	500	Calif. Petroleum	19½	19½	18½	18½	—1½
55	56	200	Calif. Petroleum pf	56½	56½	56	56	—1
192¼	192⅝	3,000	Canadian Pacific	193⅜	193⅜	192¼	192⅝	— ⅞
35¼	35⅝	5,400	Central Leather Co	35⅝	35⅝	35	35¼	— ⅜
49⅝	50¼	3,700	Ches. & Ohio	51⅛	51⅛	49⅝	49⅞	—1⅝
14	14¼	1,200	Chi. Great West	14¼	14¼	14	14⅛	— ⅜
37½	38	2,570	Chi. Great West. pf	40⅜	40⅜	37⅞	37⅞	—2½
97½	97⅝	10,515	Chi., Mil. & St. P	100	100	97½	97½	—2½
132½	134	300	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	134	134	133¼	133¼	—1⅝
130¼	131	310	Chi. & Northwest	130½	130½	130¼	130¾	— ⅞
40½	40¾	2,950	Chino Copper	41⅝	41⅝	40½	40⅝	— ⅞
26	26¼	400	Colorado Fuel & I	27	27	26¼	26¼	—1
32	41	100	Colorado So. 2d pf	32	32	32	32	—1⅞
128	129	200	Consol. Gas	129	129	128¼	128¼	— ¾
8⅝	8⅞	100	Corn Products Ref	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
62	63½	200	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	64	64	63	63	—1½
148	149	400	Delaware & Hud	148½	148½	148	148	—1
396	400	100	Del., Lack. & W	399	399	396	399	—1
16	18	100	Denver & R. G. pf	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	+1½
14¾	15⅜	550	Distillers Securities	16	16	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅞
28	28⅛	4,000	Erie	28½	28½	28	28	— ¾
41½	42	400	Erie 1st pf	43	43	42	42	—2
166	175	100	General Chemical	171	171	171	171	+1
147	147¼	435	General Electric	147¾	147¾	147⅜	147½	—1
91	91½	1,200	General Motors	93	93	91½	91½	—2
92	93½	600	General Motors pf	93½	93¼	93	93	
23	23⅜	2,100	Goodrich, (B.F.,) Co	24⅜	24⅜	23	23	—1⅝
122⅞	123	2,200	Great Northern pf	123¾	123¾	122⅞	123	—1
30	31½	100	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	31	31	31	31	—1
53	54½	950	Guggenheim Exp	54	54	53¼	53½	—1¼
112	112⅜	210	Illinois Central	113	113½	113	113¾	+ ¼
17⅜	17½	1,600	Inspiration Copper	17⅜	17⅝	17⅜	17½	+ ⅛
61½	62	1,900	Inter.-Met. pf	62¼	62½	61¼	61¼	— ⅞
105	106	850	Int. Harvester, N. J.	106¼	106¼	105½	105½	—1½
32½	33	200	Int. Paper pf	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	— ⅛
4	6½	100	Int. Steam Pump	4½	4½	4½	4½	+ ½
10		200	Int. Steam Pump pf	11¼	11¼	11	11	— ¼
26¼	26⅜	400	Kansas City South	26½	26½	26¼	26¼	— ¾
90	92	100	Kayser, (Jul.,) & Co	90	90	90	90	—4
137⅝	138	4,800	Lehigh Valley	138	138¼	137¼	138	—1
214	216½	100	Liggett & Myers	215	215	215	215	—2
30	32	100	Loose-Wiles Bis	32	32	32	32	
136½	137½	900	Louis. & Nash	138⅛	138¼	137	137	—1⅜
80	81	100	Mackay Cos	81	81	81	81	
53⅜	57	200	May Dept. Stores	57¼	57¼	56⅝	56⅝	—3⅜
98⅝	100½	100	May Dept. St. pf	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	—1½
59	60	500	Mexican Petroleum	60	60	59	59	—1
21⅜	22	700	Miami Copper	22	22¼	21⅞	21⅞	— ⅛
123	124	900	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	124¼	124⅞	123½	123½	— ⅝
16½	17	300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	17	17	16½	16½	— ⅜
16¾	16⅜	2,007	Missouri Pacific	16½	16½	16¼	16¼	— ⅜
49	49½	800	Montana Power	50	50	49¼	49¼	— ⅜
125⅝	129	110	Nat. Bis. Co. pf	126	126	126	126	+ ⅛
10⅜	11	400	Nat. En. & St. Co	11	11	11	11	
13⅞	14	100	Nevada Con. Cop	13⅞	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
87⅜	88	15,732	N. Y. Central	90⅛	90⅛	87⅞	87½	—2½
64½	64⅝	3,600	N. Y., Ont. & West	65¼	65¼	64⅛	64⅛	—1
24	24⅝	600	N. Y., Ont. & West.	25	25	24½	24½	—1
104	104½	810	Norfolk & Western	105½	105½	104⅝	104⅝	— ⅝
100½	100⅝	3,900	Northern Pacific	110⅝	110⅝	109½	109½	—1¼
2	3	300	Ontario Mining	2½	2½	2½	2½	— ¼
22	23	100	Pacific Mail	22½	22½	22½	22½	—1
24	26	600	Pacific Tel. & Tel	24⅝	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	—1½
110¼	110⅝	7,750	Penn. R. R.	111	111¼	110	110¼	—1½
120	120½	350	People's Gas, Chi	120½	120½	120	120	—1
71	71½	3,875	P., C., C. & St. L.	76¾	76⅝	69¼	71	—7
88	90	400	Pitts. Coal	89	89	88¼	88¼	—1⅝
43	43½	100	Pressed Steel Car	43⅝	43⅞	43½	43½	— ⅛
102½	103	100	Pressed Steel C. pf	103	103	103	103	+ ¼
154	155	125	Pullman Co	154⅝	154⅝	154⅛	154⅛	— ⅝
1	1	500	Quicksilver	1	1	1	1	
27½	28¼	200	Railway Steel Sp	28¼	28¼	28	28	—1½
20½	20⅝	900	Ray Con. Copper	20⅞	21	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅜
162⅜	162⅝	46,700	Reading	164¼	164¼	162⅜	162⅝	—1⅝
88½	90	200	Reading 1st pf	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	+ ¼
22⅛	22½	700	Rep. Iron & Steel	22⅞	22⅞	22¼	22½	— ⅝
2	2¼	1,200	Rock Island Co	2	2	2	2	— ⅛
3⅛	3⅜	330	Rock Island Co. pf	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
9	10¼	200	Rumely, (M.,) Co	10	10	10	10	
25	26½	200	Rumely.(M.,) Co. pf	26½	26½	26½	26½	—1
4½	4⅝	300	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅛
18⅝	19⅜	300	Seab. Air Line	18⅞	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅝
53¼	53¾	900	Seab. Air Line pf	54⅜	54⅜	53⅜	53⅜	— ⅝
186½	188	100	Sears, Roeb. & Co	187½	187½	187½	187½	— ⅛
29	30	300	Sloss-S. S. & I. Co	28	28	28	28	—2
152⅜	152⅞	38,700	Southern Pacific	96⅜	96¼	95¼	95¼	—1½
83	83⅜	350	Union Pacific pf	105	105⅞	105	105	—1½
75	80	400	Un. Dry Goods pf	24⅜	24⅜	24	24	— ⅜
7½	9	435	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	31¼	31¾	28⅜	28⅜	—2
31	37	200	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf.	35	35	32	32	—4½
57¼	57⅞	700	U. S. Rubber	58⅝	58⅝	57¼	57⅜	—1½
101½	102¼	950	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	103⅝	103⅝	101⅞	101⅞	—1½
60	60¼	44,350	U. S. Steel	61⅝	61⅝	60	60¼	—1⅝
109	109⅜	300	U. S. Steel pf	109⅞	109⅞	109½	109½	— ⅝
57⅛	57¼	7,700	Utah Copper	58½	58½	57¼	57¼	—1¼
28⅝	29¼	200	Va.-Car. Chemical	29½	29½	29	29	— ½
102	104	110	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	103	103	103	103	—1½
49	50	200	Va., Ry. & Power	49	49	49	49	— ¼
103½	104½	200	Western Maryland	104½	104½	104	104	—1
56⅝	57	5,600	Western Union Tel	57	57¼	56½	56⅝	—1
74⅜	74½	1,800	Westingh. E. & M	75	75	74⅜	74⅜	—1½
95½	95⅝	1,100	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co	96⅞	96⅞	95½	95½	—1½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96⅜	97½	Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	..
2s, c, 1930	97	98	Pan 3s, r	.100	102
3s, r, 1918	101¼	102	Pan 3s, c	.100	102
3s, c, 1918	101¼	102	Pan 3s, c, 1961	100	102
4s, r, 1925	109½	110½			
4s, c, 1925	110	111½			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	 97	..			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Allis-C pf	42	44	D M & Fr		
Am Ag Ch pf	93½	96	D	3½	..
A B S & Fdy	88½	90½	Do pf	9	..
A C & F pf	115	117¾	Det Ed	113	114
Am C pf	60	65	Det & M	85	..
Am Coal	86	100	Do pf	85	..
Am C Pr, ex div	84	85	Det U Ry	..	71
Do pf	105	106	D, S S & A	4	5
Am Cot O pf	91	95	Do pf	8	11
Am Exp	102	106	Du P de N Pow pf	..	85
A H & L pf	23	30	Du P de N pf	70	79
Am Loco	30	31	Erie 2d pf	35	37
Do pf	99¾	101	F M & S	5	14½
Am M pf	41	44	Do pf	32	36⅜
Am Snuff	162½	170	Gen C pf	108⅝	..
Do pf	104	108	G'drich (B F) Co pf	88¼	89
Am St Fds	30	31½	Hav E R	70	79
A T & C	56¼	61	L & P	..	95
Am T pf	106½	107½	Heime (G W) Co	155	170
Am Wool	14½	17	Do pf	104	108
Am Wr Pa pf	10½	11½	Hock Val	125	116
Assets R	15	18	Homest'ke	114	..
Bald Loco	44	46¼	Inger-R	85	..
B & O pf	81	81⅜	Do pf	92	..
Batop M	½	¾	Inter-Met	14	14½
Brown Sh	36	42	Int Agric	6	9½
Do pf	86	90	Do pf	20	25
B Un G	124	128	Int H pf	118	..
Bruns Ter	6	7	Int H C	103	104
B, R & P	100	113½	Do pf	114	116¾
Do pf	116¼	135	Int Paper	7⅝	8¼
But'k Co	28	29½	Iowa Cent	6	7
Canada So	57½	..	Do pf	13	19
Case (J I) pf	80¾	90	K C, Ft S & M pf	..	73½
Cent L pf	101½	102	Kan C So pf	60½	61
C R R of N J	300	320	Kayser (J) & Co 1st pf	110	114
C & S A T	105	106¼	K & D M	4	8
Chi & Alt	9¼	24½	Do pf	38	..
Do pf	13	24½	Kresge(S) Co	92½	97
C, I & L pf	50	80	Do pf	102¾	103
C & N W	172	182	Lack Steel	32	34
Chi. St P, M & Om	127	140	Lael Gas	94	95
Do pf	135	145	L E & W	5½	6
C, C C & St L	22	40	Do pf	15	19
Do pf	..	51½	L & N pf	118	117
Cluett-P	86	87½	Long Isl'd	31	36
Do pf	100	100¼	L-W B 1st pf	.102	105¼
Col F & I pf	128¼	130	Do 2d pf	91	95
Col & So	22½	23¼	Lorill Co	170	180
Do 1st pf	40	42	Do pf	113½	115
Crex Carp	66	76	M'kay Cos pf	67	68
Cub-Am S	..	30	Man Elev	130	131
Do pf	..	84	Mer Mar	2¾	3
D Co pf	94	94½	Do pf	10½	11
D & R G	10⅜	11½	Mex P pf	..	80½
Do 1st pf	40	42	Mich Cent	..	100
Dom Iron & Steel	79	82½	M & St L	12¾	13½
Do pf	104	105	Do pf	27	31
Dom Tel	10	11	M, St P & S S M pf	130	137
D & H Co	159	161	Do 1 l	79	82½

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
M, K & T pf	36	39	St L & S Fran	2½	3
M P 1st pf	103¾	..	Do 1st pf	7	14
M Wd pf	110	120	Sears-R pf	121	122½
M P pf	101½	102½	S-S S & I pf	84	86
N, C & St L	135	140	So P N S	80	..
Nat Bis	131	133	Do pf	90	100
Nat En pf	76	88	So Ry pf	78⅝	79½
Nat Lead	45¼	48¼	So R, M & O ctfs	72	85
Do pf	107½	108¾	St'd Mill	36	37
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	28	35	Stude Co pf	63	66
Do 2d pf	11	12	Studeb Co pf	85	87
N O, M & C pf	..	25	Texas Co	143½	143⅞
N Y A. B.	63	67	Texas Pac	15½	16½
N Y, C & St L	36	40	T P H Tr	98	105
Do 1st pf	92	100	T, St L & West	7	10
Do 2d pf	65	80	Do pf	12½	15½
N Y Dock	5	20	T C R T pf	126¾	..
Do pf	..	26	Und Type	74	79
Norf So	26½	30	Do pf	103¾	113
N & W pf	84	89½	U B & P	4¼	4⅝
North Am	71	76	Un Cig M	20	23
N O T & Light	61	66	Un Cig M. pf	46½	48
Pabst B pf	95	102	Do pf	99	100
Pac Coast	75	90	Un Dr G	20	60
Do 1st pf	80	95	U Rys In	12	13
Do 2d pf	75	90	Do pf	32½	35
P T & Tel pf	..	87	U S Exp	75	76¾
Do pf	..	90¼	U S I A	19	30
Peo & E	5	10	Do pf	80	85
PettMull	20	27	U S R & I	59½	61¼
Do 1st pf	..	99	Vand R R	..	80
PhelpsD	175	..	Va I C & Chem	40	50
Phila Co	76	84	Va R & P pf	..	87½
Do 6 p c pf	83	90	Vul Detin	6¾	11
Pitts Coal	19	20	Do pf	22½	35
Pitts S pf	85	92	Wabash	2	3⅞
Pub Serv	112½	..	Do pf	3½	3⅞
Quicksilver pf	1½	2½	W Md pf	30	40
R R Sec I C stk c	..	78	W E & M 1st pf	124	126
Ry St Spr pf	94	98	Weym-B	215	300
Rdg 2d pf	87	89	Do pf	112	120
Rep I & S pf	85½	86	W & L E	3½	4½
St L & W	20¾	21	Do 1st pf	14	16
Do pf	45	50	Do 2d pf	5	8
			Wis Cent	38	44
			W'w'th (F W) pf	114¾	115¾

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday the market for tin was extremely quiet and easier. Copper, lead, and spelter were unchanged.

Closing prices for copper and other metals were:

Copper—	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
June	13.30	13.70	Spelter	5.00	5.10
July	13.80	13.70	Lead	3.85	3.95
August	13.30	13.70	Antimony	7.25	7.37½
			Tin	30.50	30.75

London copper market yesterday closed weak, spot declining 1s. 3d., to £60 18s. 9d., and futures were unchanged, at £61 11s. 3d. Tin closed easy, spot, at £139 2s. 6d., was down 8s., and futures declined 5s., to £140 17s. 6d. The market finished easy. Spanish pig lead, steady and unchanged, at £19 7s. 6d. Spelter was steady and unchanged at £21 5s. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 51s. 3d., unchanged.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales June 24, 1914	$2,657,500
Same day last year	1,172,500
Total year to date	363,304,500
Same period last year	278,143,000
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	86.98 —.35
Same day last year	86.47 —.12

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.42	Feb. 4	86.40	Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31	Jan. 10	85.78	June 11
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
80	Alaska Gold	26½	26⅝	26¼	26⅜	
2,660	Amal. Copper	69⅞	70	69	69	
20	Am. Beet Sug	25⅝	25¾	25⅝	25⅝	
940	Am. Can	27⅞	27⅞	26	26½	
80	Am. Car & F	50¾	50¾	50¼	50¼	
120	Am. Ice	30⅜	30⅜	30	30	
130	Am. Smelting	63⅜	63⅜	61⅝	61⅝	
60	Am. Sugar	107	107	107	107	
80	Am. Tel. & Tel.	121⅝	121⅝	120⅝	121⅛	
10	Anaconda Cop.	30⅜	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜	
30	At., T. & S. Fe	98⅜	98⅝	98⅜	98⅝	
100	Balt. & Ohio	90½	90⅝	89⅝	89⅝	
100	Beth. Steel	41½	41½	41½	41½	
240	Brklyn. R. T.	91½	91¾	90¾	90⅝	
10	Cal. Petrol	19½	19½	18⅝	18⅝	
240	Can. Pacific	193⅜	193⅜	192½	192½	
280	Cent. Leather	35½	35½	35	35½	
450	Ches. & Ohio	51⅝	51⅝	49⅝	49⅝	
10	Chi. Gt. West	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	
310	Chi. Gt. W. pf	39⅞	39⅞	38⅜	39	
400	Chi., M. & St. P.	99⅞	99⅞	97¼	97⅜	
20	Chino Copper	41	41	41	41	
50	Cora Products	8½	8½	8¼	8¼	
40	Den. & Rio G.	10⅝	10⅝	10⅜	10½	
60	Den. & R.G.pf.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	
3,900	Erie	28½	28½	28	28	
10	Gt. Nor. Ore	31	31	31	31	
160	Gt. Nor. pf	123⅜	123⅜	122¾	122¾	
20	Inter.-Met	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	
130	Inter.-Met. pf	62	62	61¼	61¼	
120	Inter. Harv	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	
980	Lehigh Valley	139	139	137¼	137¾	
20	Mex. Petrol	59⅝	59⅝	59½	59½	
10	Mon. Power	49¼	49¼	49¼	49¼	
100	Nat. Lead	45	45	45	45	
40	Nevada Cop	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	
1,040	N. Y. Central	90⅝	90⅝	88	88	
580	N.Y.,N.H.& H.	65¼	65¼	64¼	64⅜	
10	N.Y., O. & W.	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼	
210	Nor. Pac	110⅞	110⅞	109¾	109⅞	
50	Pacific Mail	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	
380	Pennsylvania	111¼	111¼	110¼	110⅝	
9,960	Reading	164⅝	164⅝	162¼	162½	
2,940	Southern Pac.	96⅞

TRADE COMMISSION URGED ON WILSON

President of Commission Merchants' League Wants Legislation Halted.

"STAGNATION IN TRADE"

Business Manager French Says: "There Is No Falling Off in Business Up to This Point."

John C. Scales, President of the National League of Commission Merchants, has written from Chicago a letter to President Wilson asking that no further action be taken in the matter of legislation concerning improper trusts and trade combinations until after a Trade Commission has been appointed and has had "ample time to ascertain what legislation in amendment of or supplemental to the Sherman act (if any) is required to properly regulate or suppress such trusts or combinations as may be in restraint of trade or inimical to the general welfare."

The league which Mr. Scales represents has branches all over the country. On May 29 last it voted in the affirmative upon a referendum taken by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States upon the question of the creation of an Interstate Trade Commission. Accompanying this vote was an expression of opinion that any further agitation in the matter of anti-trust legislation ought to cease until the commission had reported. The letter sent by Mr. Scales to President Wilson said:

"That there is a general and unwonted stagnation in trade cannot be gainsaid. While by many this stagnation is attributed to the uncertainty as to the final effect of the present tariff, quite as large a number attribute the prevailing dullness to the fear that business in general is to be harassed and hampered by such a multiplicity of drastic laws as to result in widespread depression and disaster."

Mr. Scales also says that, while the members of his organization are in full accord with all legislation looking to the welfare of the country and tending to place business upon the highest plane of equity and probity, they are "unqualifiedly and unalterably opposed to the enactment of such a multiplicity of exacting, vexatious, inquisitorial laws as shall check not only corporate but even private enterprise, ending finally in unbalancing the whole vast business interests of the country, eventuating in the twofold disaster of opening the great market of the United States to foreign-made goods at the same time while losing our own market to our own people, and depriving the United States of all hope of competing with other manufacturing nations in the markets of the world."

The letter says that it is not enough for this country to export our surplus foodstuffs and raw material. In addition to manufacturing for home consumption, Mr. Scales writes, we must also export manufactured goods in order to provide our people with work and to reach and hold supremacy in the markets of the world. Mr. Scales thinks that our rightful position in these markets can only be obtained and held by entire freedom of the business men of the country needs only a few statutory laws, and that these should be broad and unexacting. In his letter, he says:

"We are in the midst of a battle of the nations for trade supremacy, and we must be careful now not unintentionally sap the energy and take the spirit and heart out of that multitude of business men and manufacturers who, with intent to wrong no one, nor break any laws, are fearful of, and constantly in fear of, some portentous and overshadowing law, often so ambiguous that even the courts cannot agree upon the proper interpretation, and yet when even the courts disagree the business community is held culpable to the point of criminality."

In concluding his letter, Mr. Scales says his organization does not want to be considered as opposing all legislation touching improper trade combinations.

"We favor such legislation," he writes, "but believe it should be approached and carried out with the greatest care, and we know of no better or safer way to obtain sound and safe trade legislation than through the disinterested help of a non-partisan Trade Commission. Consequently, we believe that all additional trust legislation should be halted until the appointment and organization of the Interstate Trade Commission and until its findings and recommendations are submitted to the President and the Congress."

R. S. French, the business manager of the league, said at 90 West Broadway yesterday that the indications are for large crops this Fall, and that when the crops are harvested a market ought to be ready for them.

"There is no falling off in business up to this point, so far as the league has been able to find," said Mr. French, "and we are anxious to hold the market open for the reception of the coming crops. Constant agitation drives money into hiding, and when there is no money in circulation there is, of course, no business. There has been too much talk of legislation, and business men have not been able to discover just what is intended, and so, as they cannot provide for the future, they are fearful that the future holds some danger for them. All we ask for is that the President will move slowly and take no action until the way is thoroughly lighted by the report of a competent and conservative commission."

CURB EXONERATES LEONARD

Pforzheimer Resigns as Result of Faction Fight in Association.

Months of strained relations between two factions of the Curb Association reached a climax yesterday when the members gathered at a special meeting which was marked by wrangling from beginning to end. At the close Carl H. Pforzheimer resigned as a member of the Board of Representatives and Chairman of the Listing Committee, giving as the reason dissatisfaction with the constant airing of differences whenever the brokers got together to discuss business matters. Mr. Pforzheimer has generally been considered as the leader of one party in the organization, while the other is headed by Secretary Frank-lin Leonard, Jr.

Yesterday's meeting was called in response to a petition asking that investigation be made of a charge that Mr. Leonard had been tardy in looking into the affairs of the Curb firm of L. D. Ketcham & Co. The head of this firm has been missing since it became known ten days ago that he had failed to deliver some $15,000 worth of stock purchased by three Stock Exchange houses. Ketcham has been suspended from the Curb.

Mr. Leonard read into the record testimony given by an employe of one of the Stock Exchange firms which was intended to show that Leonard had filed a complaint with the Complaint Committee after he had made efforts to have action started by those who suffered from Ketcham's delinquencies. The question of whether or not he had taken proper measures as soon as he should was argued for three hours, and in the end he was exonerated of any intent to delay an inquiry into Ketcham's activities by a vote of 40 to 37.

Frederick Schwed presented a resolution before the meeting adjourned, asking for a complete reorganization of the association. The matter was taken under advisement.

Lehigh Valley Lease Approved.

TRENTON, N. J., June 24.—The Public Utilities Commission today approved an application to lease the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company of New Jersey to the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company of Pennsylvania. The commission denied the application some time ago, but a new lease was drawn up which met with its approval. The road extends from Phillipsburg to Perth Amboy and from there to Jersey City.

WOOL MARKET STILL STRONG

Cotton Goods Steadier, Though Prices Have Not Advanced.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 24.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"The wool market remains very strong and active, the aggregate sales of the week amounting to 7,250,000 pounds. A feature which indicates that the wools are needed for immediate use is the fact that in the majority of instances requests are made for immediate shipment, showing that the stocks of old wools in the hands of manufacturers have been so depleted as to necessitate using the new clip to fill out their heavy weight requirements. Prices in the wool producing sections have maintained the high level of recent weeks, and in several instances, record prices have been paid for especially desirable lots.

"The wool and worsted yarn market shows slight improvement in spots, prices remaining very firm, though occasional reports are made of sales under the general run of quotations. It is improbable that any quantity of cheap wool is now held by spinners and a hardening of prices all along the line is bound to result from the use of wools purchased at present quotations.

"Knitting yarns are distinctly inactive, a natural state of affairs at this season of the year. Most of the mills are working on orders placed early in the Spring, new business being at a minimum. Conditions in the cotton yarn market are undoubtedly improving.

"The cotton goods market is steadier, though prices have not advanced. The demand for spot goods has strengthened materially, the majority of the orders placed stipulating much quicker delivery than is usually the case.

"Interest in the woolen goods market is centered in the new season's business which is now starting in earnest. Some serges have been opened at prices from 5 to 7½ cents higher than former quotations, but no large volume of business has as yet been accomplished. The spirit of optimism pervades the women's wear market."

TO GIVE POINTS ON WOOLENS

Government Will Exhibit Foreign Samples Here to Aid Manufacturers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—A special investigation of the markets of the world, with a view to determining the possibility of increasing the sale of American woolen and worsted fabrics, has been made for the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, by American Consular officers in various countries.

Detailed information has been gathered regarding the conditions of the foreign markets and the best methods of introducing American goods. Many samples have been collected. The countries covered in these reports include Canada and the West Indies in North America, Argentina and Chile in South America, British India, Ceylon, China, Japan, and Turkey in Asia, and practically all of Europe.

This information is to be made available to American manufacturers in manuscript form, and therefore the reports and samples will be exhibited according to the following schedule in several cities, where they may be examined by those interested:

Boston, June 25 to July 9—Chamber of Commerce.
Lawrence, Mass., July 15 to July 17—Board of Trade.
Lowell, Mass., July 18 to July 24—Board of Trade.
Worcester, Mass., July 27 to Aug. 1—Chamber of Commerce.
Philadelphia, Aug. 4 to Aug. 15—Commercial Museum, Thirty-fourth and Spruce Streets.
Passaic, N. J., Aug. 17 to Aug. 22—Board of Trade.
New York, Aug. 24 to Aug. 29—Branch office of the Bureau, Room 315, Custom House.
Chicago, Sept. 1 to Sept. 10—Branch office of the Bureau, Room 629, Federal Building.

DUTY ON GOATSKINS.

Treasury Department Finally Fixes It at 15 Per Cent.

The Treasury Department has given another turn to the troublesome question of the classification under the new tariff of China goatskin mats and rugs, by sending out an order to customs officials that from now on articles of this character must stand a 15 per cent. duty under that section of Paragraph 348, which specifies "articles of wearing apparel of every description partly or wholly manufactured, composed of, or of which hides or skins of cattle of the bovine species, or of the dog or goat, are the component material of chief value."

Last Winter the department notified the officials that the goods should be returned for duty under Paragraph 348 at 10 per cent. ad valorem by virtue of the similitude clause in Paragraph 386. The classification then fixed was as "plates and mats of dog and goatskins." The Board of General Appraisers also so held in the first protest case of the kind to come before it under the Act of 1913. The latest shift in the rate to govern the importations resulted from correspondence between Collector Malone and Assistant Secretary Malburn.

CAN'T SUE EMPLOYERS.

Compensation Commission to Protect Concerns Insured in State Fund

The Workmen's Compensation Commission announced a new ruling yesterday, under the terms of which the commission proposes to protect employers insured under the State fund for hazardous occupations from civil suits for damages by injured employes. The ruling was announced because of a report that the commission's policy was not to protect employers from suits by employes who might allege the act failed to cover their cases.

Section 53 of the Compensation act gave the employer full protection from damage suits, the commission said. By special resolution the commission set forth both the text and this interpretation of the section:

"All employes of an employer, whose business is a hazardous employment within the meaning of the Workmen's Compensation act, are held by this commission to come within the provisions of the act, and therefore have no right to bring action for damages against their employer on account of injuries received in the course of employment."

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., Ga., Ala., Miss., and La.—Generally fair, continued warm Thurs. and Fri.; gentle s. winds on the coast.

Fla.—Generally fair Thurs. and Fri. gentle to moderate s. winds, except e. and s. e. over extreme s.

Tex.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; moderate s. e. to s. winds.

Utah—Local showers and cool Thurs. or Thurs. night. Fri. fair.

Okla.—Fair, continued warm Thurs. and probably Fri.

Ark. and Tenn.—Fair, continued warm Thurs. and Fri.

Ky.—Generally fair and continued warm Thurs. and Fri.

Ohio—Local thunder showers and somewhat cooler Thurs. or Thurs. night, except generally fair in s. w. Fri. partly cloudy; moderate shifting winds, mostly n. w. and n. on Lake Erie.

Ind.—Fri. probably fair; moderate shifting winds.

Ill.—Fair in s., thunder showers, cooler Thurs. in cen. and n. Fri. probably fair, moderate shifting winds, becoming n. and n. e.

L. Mich.—Partly cloudy Thurs., probably local thunder showers in extreme s. Fri. partly cloudy; moderate n. w. to n. e. winds.

U. Mich.—Fair, cooler Thurs. Fri. partly cloudy; moderate n. w. to n. winds, becoming variable.

Wis.—Fair Thurs., except probably thunder showers in s. e.; cooler in e. Fri. partly cloudy; moderate n. and n. e. winds.

Minn.—Fair Thurs.; cooler in n. Fri. unsettled, gentle to moderate n. to n. e. winds.

Iowa—Fair in w.; local thunder showers and cooler in e. Thurs. Fri. unsettled.

Mo.—Fair Thurs., except thunder showers in extreme n. e.; not quite so warm in n. Fri. fair.

N. D.—Local showers, cooler Thurs. or Thurs. night. Fri. probably fair.

S. D.—Generally fair Thurs.; showers at night or Friday.

Neb.—Generally fair Thurs. and Fri.; slightly cooler Thurs. in s. e.

Kan.—Fair Thurs.; not quite so warm in n. e. Fri. fair.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ...3¼@4 per cent. for the best names
Tuesday ...3¼@4 " " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

A Garterless Stocking.

An enterprising Philadelphia hosiery manufacturing concern has brought out a garterless stocking, both for men and women. Patents have already been applied for. The men's garterless stocking is longer in the leg than the ordinary half hose. It comes to a point only a short way below the knee, or where the garter is worn, ordinarily, and fastens with snaps similar to those on gloves. It can be adjusted to fit either stout or thin men. Comfort and neatness are said to be the leading selling points of the new hose.

Popularity of Serges.

As the season in dress goods advances an increasing demand is felt for serges. The adaptability of this fabric for use in manufacturing capes and tunics is unquestionably the main reason for its success. There is another point to be considered in favor of this material, and that is its staple quality. With the cutting-up trade more or less uncertain regarding the styles and cloth to feature, there is less chance to go wrong in selecting serge. With the popularity of this cloth on the increase, there is some talk in the market of price advances in the near future, and buyers will make little mistake in ordering their requirements at once.

Helping the Exporters.

The local branch office of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce is compiling an index of the exporters in this district. The names contained in this exporters' index are secured by the use of special forms which are sent to manufacturers and business houses interested in export trade. When the returns are made the information procured is carefully recorded. The lists so far prepared are utilized daily to distribute the bureau's various publications and to place in the hands of exporting firms that may be interested the confidential information relating to "Foreign Trade Opportunities." Similar compilations are under way at the branch offices located in Chicago, New Orleans, and San Francisco. Callers at the local office during May numbered 485.

Good Business in Wash Dresses.

In several instances manufacturers of wash dresses report that sales so far this month have been double those of last year for a similar period. This increase is due no doubt to the fact that the season was late in getting startcd. There has been, however, somewhat of a change made by retailers in their merchandising methods in this line. In the past a good part of the season's business was done in January, principally to supply customers wintering in Florida. The result was that a change taking place in the style between that time and the beginning of the Summer season would mean a stock on hand practically valueless. The practice now is to wait until the actual advent of Summer before ordering the bulk of the merchandise required.

Trade in Chinese Hair.

The trade in human hair from Hongkong, China, in 1913, was unsatisfactory, according to a report just made by Consul General Anderson. While the total shipments were somewhat larger, the prices were much lower, so much so in fact that many combers are going out of the business. Shipments during the year were 2,472,833 pounds, as against 2,349,566 in the year before. Of last year's, this country took 191,390 pounds, valued at $128,037, compared with 282,133 pounds valued at $328,973 in 1912. Many shipments to Europe, which took last year 1,852,800 pounds, eventually came here. The price of high-grade hair fell from an average of about $1.50 gold per pound for 16 to 26-inch counts to an average of about $1, while 26 to 36-inch counts fell from $3 to $1.90. Most hair now shipped is of low grade, used for mattress making and upholstery.

Dry Goods Man Needed at Panama.

The general manager of one of the local department stores has received a letter from Major F. C. Boggs, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., asking the store to recommend a man experienced in the conduct of department or chain stores to take a position as Inspector in connection with the Government's commissary stores on the Isthmus of Panama. Major Boggs is chief of the Washington office of the Panama Canal. The man who gets the job will have to be an American citizen under 45 years old, and will have to be physically sound. He must also be able to instruct employes on the fine points of selling goods and handling stock. The starting salary will be $200 a month, with free transportation to the isthmus and bachelor quarters there. The letter was posted in the store in question, and it is understood that several of the younger male employes of the store have made application for the position.

High-Priced Sweaters Sell Well.

There is said to be an unusual demand for high-priced knitted silk sweaters at the present time, some of these goods selling at retail from $25 to $50. They are made at this price both for men and women, and both lines are moving well from all accounts. The most popular model for women is one with a shawl collar and belted back, made Norfolk style. It retails for $35, but when sold with cap and sash to match it retails at $50. It is especially popular for wear at resorts and when golfing or automobiling. All of these knitted silk sweaters are said to combine lightness in weight with warmth, and are also said to be superior to the goods of this sort that are imported. They are made full-fashioned and on hand machines. By the manufacturer these sweaters are offered in all sorts of pastel two-tone effects, as well as in iridescent heather effects.

For Knitted Silk Goods.

Knitters of silk neckwear for men are finding it a lot easier nowadays to sell the grades retailing at $2, $3, and $3.50 than the cheaper sorts. While there was an unmistakable slowing up in the demand for knitted silk ties this Spring, there is every indication, it is said, that they will be in demand again in the Fall. This applies, however, almost entirely to the higher-grade merchandise of this sort. There is also a strong tendency toward wide imperial shapes in these goods for the coming season. High-priced silk hosiery for men, retailing at $1.50 to $3.50 a pair, are also in good demand at the moment. Iridescent heather effects for men, with hand-embroidered clocking, are especially favored. These effects retail at $2.50. One well-known firm is also bringing out a line of iridescent heather effects for women this season. Good business in knitted silk mufflers is also told of, with the tendency away from heavy, bulky effects. Lightweight soft goods will be in full vogue this Fall and Winter. The better grades will retail at $10 to $15 each.

The Gray Goods Situation.

There was a little more inquiry in the local gray goods market yesterday than on Tuesday, and a fair day's business was done. Staples continued quiet, however, and showed weakness in second hands. Some of the Southern mills also shaded prices a little on one construction, though on the whole the mills were firm in their demands for full figures. There was some movement of 39-inch 68-72s in second hands at 5⅝ cents, but the mills wanted 5¾ cents. Second hands offered 38½-inch 64-60s at 4 15-16 cents, and this figure was also quoted from the South. Eastern mills were firm for 5 cents, however, and business was done by them at this price. The Eastern mills also got 4¾ cents for 38½-inch 60-48s; 39-inch 80 squares, which are held firm at 7 cents for contract, were offered at 6 15-16 cents for immediate delivery. A few sales of them were made on that basis. Drills and sheetings were quiet for the most part, but some sales of 36-inch, 48-52, sheetings were put through at 4¾ cents. Lawns were again active, both for spot and contract. Rice cloths were in good request for immediate delivery, as were piques. Voiles and organdies sold in a fair way for near-by shipment.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Cases Where the Facts Determined Duties to be Levied.

Salmon packed in ice are not "fresh fish" within the meaning of the tariff law, according to a decision made yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers in the protest case of the International Fisheries Company, Seattle. The salmon was classified at 1 cent a pound as fresh salmon under Paragraph 273 of the old law, and were claimed properly dutiable at three-quarters of a cent a pound under the same paragraph as "fish packed in ice." In sustaining the protest Judge Brown says a decision of the Customs Court relating to mackerel is controlling in the present case.

The board settled the classification under the old law of drill-testing machines and file-testing machines imported by Alfred H. Post & Co., Incorporated, Philadelphia. They were returned for duty as manufactures of metal at 45 per cent. ad valorem. Both classes of machines were claimed to be machine tools, subject to a tax of only 30 per cent. ad valorem. The evidence clearly established that the drill-testing machines are operated by other than hand power and are capable of cutting metal with the aid of cutting tools. Judge Fischer concludes that these are dutiable as claimed. It equally appeared that the file machines are incapable of cutting metal and cannot be regarded as in the category of machine tools. The Collector's assessment as to the file apparatus is affirmed.

So-called boule furniture, composed of metal and wood and consisting of tables, chiffoniers, and cabinets, will have to stand duty under the old act at 45 per cent. under the metal schedule. The S. & G. Gump Company, San Francisco, importers of the goods, claimed duty at 35 per cent. as manufactures in chief value of wood. The furniture contains a veneer of boule, a composition of wood, brass, tortoise shell, and mother of pearl.

J. P. Cahen & Bros. imported a large variety of veils, chemisettes, yokes, jabots, collars, fichus, bags, and neck frillings. They were returned by the Appraiser as cotton or flax lace articles, composed in part of laces, edgings, or insertings, made on the Lever or Gothrough machines. Duty was taken under the old act at 70 per cent. ad valorem. The importers claimed all of the merchandise dutiable at 60 per cent. as not made on the machines mentioned. After considering the evidence and inspecting the samples of the goods, Judge Howell decided that some of the goods were not made on the machines and sustained the protests to that extent. The balance of the importations must stand duty as found by the customs officials.

Mills & Gibb were partly sustained in protests relating to the classification of elastic cords, which were returned as in chief value of silk, with duty at 50 per cent. under the old law. The importers insisted that rubber predominated in the goods and that the correct rate is 35 per cent. An official analysis shows that some of the goods are in chief value of silk, while in the remainder rubber is of principal value. In each instance where rubber predominates the protests are sustained. The Collector's assessment as to the balance of the goods is affirmed.

It was decided that machines for sewing knitted fabrics together are properly entitled to entry at 30 per cent. as sewing machines under the old law. Collector Malone took duty at 45 per cent. as metal manufactures. The importers were P. C. Kuyper & Co.

Opens Summer Home for Children.

August Hechscher, head of the Zinc Trust, who has a Summer home at East Neck, Huntington, L. I., has donated the use of the old Prime mansion, at Main Street and Prime Avenue, Huntington, for children's vacations in the Summer. Beginning next Tuesday children will be sent to the old Prime house in groups of twenty-five.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ANDERSON, S. C.—B. Fleishman & Bro.; S. Fleishman, clothing; Broadway Central.
ATLANTA — Chamberlain - Johnson - Dubose Co.; E. H. Macon, general mdse.; 20 E. 46th; Collingwood.
BALTIMORE—Strouse-Baer Co.; A. K. Baer, middy blouses; 1,182 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; B. R. Reid, dress goods; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—"Bon Ton;" G. Kuhn, Fall skirts; 34 W. 15th.
BANGOR, Me.—A. L. Freese; ready-to-wear; 60 W. 33d.
BOSTON—Wm. Filine's Sons Co.; Mr. Biederman, ladies' suits; Mr. Sheffield, children's coats; Miss N. Jones, infants' coats; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; L. Fisher, men's clothing, goods, hosiery, underwear; 31 Union Sq.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh, Co.; C. H. Hurd, ladies' hosiery, knft underwear; 31 Union Sq.
BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.; W. F. Maher, boys' clothing; Prince George.
BOSTON—M. J. Collins, cotton ducks; Hoffman House.
BOSTON—R. H. Stearn's & Co.; C. W. Conklin, ready-to-wear; 45 E. 17th.
BUFFALO—Hens & Kelly Co.; G. A. Gebring, laces, embroideries; 31 Union Sp.
BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; buying; 225 4th Av.; 2 Walker.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.—Belk Brothers; G. H. McDonald, notions, women's ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.
CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; Mr. Johnston, laces; H. M. Anning, linings, flannels, blankets; H. H. Anning, ginghams, outings; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; F. D. Crawford, hosiery, underwear; F. F. Footer, hosiery, underwear; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—W. A. Wielboldt & Co.; Mr. Jones, misses', children's Fall coats, suits; wholesale, 1,133 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; F. J. Kicker furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; 116 W. 32d; Longacre.
CHICAGO—"Hillman's;" G. H. Trimmer, silks, dress goods; 116 W. 32d.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; F. D. Corley, cloaks, suits; 104 Worth.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; D. Hogg, dress goods, silks; 71 W. 23; Hermitage.
CLEVELAND—E. Sperling Co.; E. Sperling, waists, dresses; Hoffman House.
DALLAS.—Fitche-Goettinger Co.; A. F. Martin, men's clothing, furnishing goods; 353 4th Av.; Flanders.
DETROIT—Crowley Bros.; N. Schloff, domestics, linings; J. C. Long, dress goods; 43 Leonard.
EAST LIVERPOOL, Ohio—Stein Dry Goods Co.; J. Stein, jobs silk and cotton dresses; 18 W. 27th, Room 1,201.
GRAND RAPIDS—Spring & D. G. Co.; J. A. Hengerer, general mdse.; 214 Church.
HAMILTON, Ohio—Mathes-Sohngen Co.; C. Sohngen, dry goods; 60 W. 33d.
HERKIMER—H. G. Munger & Co.; C. M. Batcheider, hosiery, gloves; 320 Church.
INDIANAPOLIS—Fahnley & McCrea Co.; D. Boggs, flowers, feathers; 602 Broadway.
JACKSONVILLE—Cohen Bros.; M. Cohen, bargain, basement; 225 5th Av.
KANSAS CITY—Emery, Bird & Thayer D. G. Co.; Mr. Sullivan, jobs silk dresses and Japanese silk waists; 25 Madison Av.
KANSAS CITY—Smith-McCord-Townsend D. G. Co.; Wm. Geissler, ladies' ready to wear; 72 Leonard.
LYNCHBURG—C. M. Guggenheimer, ready-to-wear; N. S. Guggenheimer, notions, jewelry; 353 4th Av.; Wallick.
MACON—Dannenberg Co.; J. M. Dennis, shoes; 1,133 Broadway.
MIDDLEPORT, Ohio—J. C. McElhinney, carpets; Hermitage.
NEW CASTLE—R. Frank & Co.; B. Frank, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
NEW HAVEN—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.
NEWPORT—King & McLeod Co.; W. W. Poole, women's, misses' ready to wear; D. W. Smith, dress, wash goods; Wallick.
NORFOLK—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; Miss K. Cohen, neckwear, belts; 60 W. 33d; Gregorian.
PHILADELPHIA—P. Horn & Co.; P. Horn, waists, dresses; Albert.
PHILADELPHIA—S. Cramer, cloaks, suits; Herald Square.
PHILADELPHIA—H. Cramer, cloaks, suits; Herald Square.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; R. G. Moore, silks; 1,261 Broadway.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; M. Marks, gloves, hosiery, neckwear, jewelry, leather goods, parasols; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; E. K. Bennett, millinery; Miss Arthur, ribbons; 320 Church.
PITTSBURGH—J. J. Porter & Co.; Miss K. Wells, millinery; Grand.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; M. Marks, hosiery, parasols; 470 4th Av.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Lowengart Co.; L. W. Buchner, hats, untrimmed; 621 Bwy.; Long Acre.
PROVIDENCE — Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; Miss A. M. Kenney, corsets, women's, infants' wear; 2 Walker.
READING—N. Marcus; jobs muslin underwear, boys' wash suits, dresses; 71 W. 23d.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Stein-Bloch Co. & Rosenbloom Co.; D. M. Brickner, men's, boys' clothing; 114 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; W. A. Kaufman, jewelry; Miss A. M. Gilbert, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 60 W. 33d.
SAN FRANCISCO—Greenbaum, Weil & Michels; A. May, mfg. dept.; 43 Leonard.
SCRANTON—J. Long Sons; A. Long, hosiery, gloves, jewelry, leather goods; 315 4th Av.
SCRANTON—Jonas Long Sons; W. Martin, furn. goods; 315 4th Av.
SPOKANE—Spokane D. G. Co.; S. G. Nash, furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; 225 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; Miss J. Bauman, bathing suits; 71 W. 23d.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—Sam Strauch Co.; I. Cohen, jobs Spring coats; 1,161 Broadway.
TOLEDO—W. L. Miller Co.; Miss A. Renner, muslin underwear, shirtwaists, children's, infants' wear, sweaters; 200 W. 22d.
TOLEDO—Hugo Stein Cloak Co.; Miss S. Goldberg, ready-to-wear; 95 Madison Av.
TROY, N. Y.—The Peerless; S. Lewis, cloaks, suits; Albert.
WINSTON SALEM — Marler-Dalton-Gilmer Co.; J. Gilmer, notions, furnishing goods; Aberdeen.
WORCESTER—Barnard, Sumner, Putnam Co.; W. E. Tongue, cloths, wash goods; 75 Spring.
WORCESTER—D. O. Smiley; cloaks, suits, waists, corsets; York.
YOUNGSTOWN—Strauss-Hirshberg Co.; R. J. Beacom, cloaks, suits, waists; 315 4th Av.

Business Notices.

40 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

MACHINES AND FIXTURES WANTED. We are open for 20 second-hand Wilcox & Gibbs Machines, also Fixtures and Partitions suitable for showroom. LIPSHITZ, GRABER & ADELSON, Dresses, 142 West 24th St.

MANUFACTURERS. We have for sale CUTTING TABLES, PRESSING TABLES, MACHINE TABLES, and other FIXTURES, suitable for dress or waist factory. LIPSHITZ, GRABER & ADELSON, Dresses, 142 West 24th.

PLANT FOR SALE.—Excellent equipment for the manufacture of ladies' belts, bags, and novelties; good location and cheap rent; to be sold with lease. L 110 Times.

PLANT 18 MACHINES, COMPLETE MODERN equipment, suitable dresses, waists, or cloaks; modern building; cheap rent. 151 West 19th, third floor.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.—Jobber now looking at new line of muslin underwear. Call any afternoon this week, 545 Broadway, top floor.

SERGE COATS.—Big user is open for large or small job lots ladies' serge coats. 141 West 28th St., 12th floor, or Box L 109 Times.

MACHINES.—Open to buy 44-13 machines; also 7 h. p. motors on cutting tables. Apply Ben Bosky Bros., 122 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Manufacturers looking at Fall silk dresses, between 10 and 12 A. M. Room 1,202, 116 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—Job of 70 dresses in crepe de chine and laces close out very cheap. L. Shapiro, 35 West 21st St.

JOBBER LOOKING AT FALL cloth dresses. Call between 9 and 11 A. M., 35 West 17th St., seventh floor.

JOBS WANTED LADIES' and misses' cloaks and suits. Mr. Baruch, 45 E. 17th.

TESTING FOR ALCOHOL.

New Working Tables Provided for Use of Customs Men.

The Treasury Department has amended its order of July 28, 1897, known as T. D. 18,209, so as to provide that in all cases of analysis of alcoholic preparations for classification of duty or for allowance of drawback, the alcoholometric tables in the Gaugers' Manual for 1913 are adopted as the official standard table for alcoholic determination.

Simultaneously with the adoption of these new tables, time and labor-saving formulas have been compiled by Dr. R. E. O'Zias of the United States Appraiser's Laboratory in this city, to expedite the work entailed by the constantly increasing number of samples of imported merchandise examined. Dr. E. R. Pickrell, chemist in charge, said yesterday that large numbers of wines and alcoholic preparations are examined daily in the laboratory, the number of tests per annum exceeding 15,000.

The older compilations necessitated certain calculations and references before obtaining the final result at the conclusion of each test. By the new compilation percentages are at once read off when the weight as shown by the analytical balance is known. These alcoholometric tables are being multigraphed in Appraiser Sague's office and will be supplied to all laboratories in the customs service.

BUSINESS NOTES.

About 70 men well-known to the typewriter trade will be in this city during the week beginning Aug. 17 to attend the annual convention of the branch managers of the Underwood Typewriter Company. They will come from all parts of the country. A short trip to Hartford, Conn., will be made for the purpose of inspecting the plant of the company in that city.

K. Silverman of K. Silverman & Lederer, manufacturers of negligees, kimonos, and similar garments, will leave for his annual trip abroad on Saturday on the Imperator. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Silverman.

AUCTION SALES

MERCHANDISE. MERCHANDISE.

Peremptory Auction Sale—The Most Staple Stock of

Manufactured FURS and SKINS,

SILKS, SATINS and TRIMMINGS.

Also All the FURNITURE and FIXTURES

Formerly of LOUIS MALVIN & CO., (Bankrupts,)
WILL BE SOLD

Tomorrow, Friday, June 26th, 1914, commencing at 10:30 A. M. on premises 114 West 27th St. (near 6th Av.), N. Y. C. By D. Hartmann, Auctioneer.

This stock consists of a large line of Coats, Scarfs, Muffs, Sets and Skins made up for the coming season, in the most up-to-date designs, of the following Furs: Lynx, Skunk, Mole, Beaver, Ermine, Mink, White, Black, Red, Pointed, Cliks, Cross, Grey, and Isabella Foxes, Leopard, Jap. Mink, Opossum, Pony, Hudson Seal, Raccoon, Civet Cat, Thibet, Wolf, Moufion, Kit Coney, and Chinchilla Squirrel. The Skins consist of Red, Black, Grey and Sable Foxes, Electric Coney, Beaver, Hungarian Cats, Lynx, Marmot, Persian, Raccoon, Chinchilla Squirrel, Kit Coney, Moufions.

FIXTURES—The Fixtures consist of a Brand New Double Door Combination Safe, Royal Typewriter and Desk, Filing Cabinet, Partition, Electric Fans, Carpet, Chairs, Tables, Stock Closets with electric light attachments, Sample Trunks, Forms, 3 Fur Sewing Machines, Stock Cases, Hangers, Baskets, Racks, and everything else found in an establishment of this kind. NOTICE:—This entire offering will be sold strictly without reserve. For information you may telephone to the Auctioneer's Office, 8 Greene Street—Telephone Spring 4299.

RETAIL STOCK ONLY 4 MONTHS OLD.
VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers,
WILL SELL TODAY
THURSDAY, JUNE 25TH, 1914,
at 10:30 A. M., at our salesrooms,
15-17 GREENE STREET, N. Y.,
$25,000 FASHIONS LATEST STYLE
Men's, Youths', and Boys' Hand-Tailored
CLOTHING
Including stock formerly of M. LISTOKIN of Philadelphia, Pa., having been purchased within the last 4 months.
1,500 MEN'S SUITS,
manufactured by the leading clothing concerns, in the very latest patterns and make, all hand-tailored in snappy designs.
800 Pr. Highest Grade Worsted Trousers,
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in Serges and Worsteds.
☞ Every Garment in above sale is of the most suitable character, all made by the leading manufacturers. Auctioneers' Telephone 1056 Spring.

Large Seasonable Stock of Ladies' and Gents'
FURNISHINGS
DRY AND FANCY GOODS,
DRESSMAKING SUPPLIES & NOTIONS.
P. Waldman, Auctioneer, by Ordover & Singer, sells Today, Thursday, June 25th, 1914, 10 A. M. sharp, at 45-47 Lispenard St., Near Broadway. Telephone 600 Franklin.

BUYERS' MARKET PLACE

For Advertising Rates, Telephone Bryant 1000.

ADDRESSING, Folding, Mailing, Multigraphing. Phone Gram. 1358. BURNHAM ADDRESSING CO., 10-12 E. 23d.

ART PUBLISHERS. TALLY CARDS, PLACE CARDS, XMAS CARDS. Chas. S. Clark Co., 141 W. 36th St. Tel. Greeley 1007.

BLOCK PRINTING ON DARK FABRICS. J. FEIBEL, 117 Spring St. Tel. Spring 1291.

BRAIDS. H. P. VON NOSTITZ, MANHATTAN LACE COMPANY, 26 East 20th St. Phone, 5618 Gramercy.

CAPES. Special Line of Coat Capes, $2 up. Raincoats, Balmacaans. B. Boonims, 265 Greene.

Chinchilla Coats and Capes for Immediate Delivery
DURST & RUBIN, 40-46 West 25th Street.

COATS 400 Coats **$3.50**
LOUIS SMITH, 36-38 West 25th Street.

COLLECTIONS. Bad accounts collected. No charge unless successful. Fidelity Collection Co., 63 Park Row. Beekman 3858.

DRESS SUIT CASES and Traveling Bags. Output for 1913 over 500,000. Ask for Catalogue. Samuel Sherman, 9 Desbrosses St.

EMBROIDERY MATERIALS. Fancy Linens, Pillow Tops, Worsted Yarns. HENRY E. FRANKENBERG CO., 215 4th Av.

FLOWERS & FEATHERS, ZUCKER & JOSEPHY, 715-719 BROADWAY, N. Y.

GENERAL TEXTILES. Arnstadt & Co., Importers & Com. Mchts. 104-112 E. 25th. Groadcloths, Men's & Women's Wear.

HOUSE DRESSES AND KIMONOS. HAMBURGER BROS., 142 W. 26th. Always Prompt in Deliveries.

LACES H'DK'CHIEFS, Shadow Laces, Camisoles & Flouncing
Nottingham Lace Works, 17 W. 17th St., N.Y.

Men's Dress Suits. FULL DRESS AND PRINCE ALBERTS. C. N. Meltzner & Bro., 21-23 Waverley Pl.

MISSES' AND LADIES' DRESSES. Jacob Holzman, 26 W. 17th St. Popular-Priced Dresses. Large stock always on hand.

MULTIGRAPH LETTERS. $1 per 1,000, in quantities, and less. MISS S. E. HORRIGAN, 206 B'way. Corl. 6183.

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NEW YORK—Lake Placid. | NEW YORK—Lake Placid.

Lake Placid
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Every year thousands of new sightseers visit Lake Placid, and every one of them becomes infatuated with its natural beauty and varied charms. The scenery, the climate, the outdoor sports, the woods, the lakes, the majestic mountains, all combine to make it the sublime climax of nature, which it actually is. No other resort equals it for Rest, for Recreation, for Health, for Pleasure.

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GRAND VIEW HOTEL, NORTHWOODS INN | THE STEVENS HOUSE, THE BELMONT
Through Parlor and Sleeping Cars direct to Lake Placid, N. Y., via NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES and DELAWARE & HUDSON SYSTEM.

NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs. | NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.

GRAND UNION HOTEL
SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.
LELAND STERRY
of THE BREAKERS, Palm Beach, Florida, announces that the Grand Union Hotel
Will Open July 2d
for the season of 1914, under his management.

The Hotel has been renovated and renewed throughout, the service and cuisine will maintain a high degree of excellence, and every provision has been made for the entertainment of guests of discriminating tastes.

Bookings may now be made at
243 Fifth Ave., New York. Phone, 9230 Madison Sq.

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MIZZEN TOP
Hotel and Cottages.
ON CREST OF QUAKER HILL, SOUTHERN BERKSHIRES, PAWLING, N.Y.
OPENS JUNE 25
90 minutes from N. Y. City; 1,200 feet elevation. A PICTURESQUE NINE-HOLE GOLF COURSE. The best stop on the most direct route from New York to the Berkshires.
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Dean House
LAKE MAHOPAC, PUTNAM CO., N. Y.
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Old-established Summer Resort, pleasantly located, commodious lawns, running to lake; fine shade trees. Good Accommodations for Automobiles. Booklet. A. H. DEAN, Proprietor.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks

PROSPECT HOUSE,
SCHROON LAKE,
opens June 15. Special rates for automobile parties. Write for booklet. Mrs. Mary Sheehy, Schroon Lake, N. Y.

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Cedar Cliff Inn, Monroe, Orange Co., N. Y.—Modern; music, golf, boating, fishing, and all Summer sports; excellent cuisine; booklet; cottage for rent. Berkeley S. Davis, Mgr.

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Here you'll find vacation life that you've longed for—a rare combination of the joys of

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Every seaside sport—perfect bathing, fresh and salt water fishing, cruising about the bays. Motoring, golf and tennis.

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Private Bathing Beach. | Ideal Suites of Rooms with Baths. | Tennis, Golf, Boating.
The Club is open for inspection Daily and Sunday.
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Booklet and information at 1180 B'way, N. Y.

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SAG HARBOR, L. I.,
is now open; situated on Peconic Bay; bathing, boating, fishing, driving; all modern improvements; homelike and comfortable; rooms single and en suite, with bath, $12 and upward; table bountifully supplied from our own farm; catering to automobile parties a specialty; roads unexcelled; reached by L. I. R. R. or New York and New London boats.
JOHN K. MORRIS.

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Yachting, Tennis, Bathing, Golf. Modern Dancing. Ideal Motor Run. Delightful Week-ends. Country and Shore combined. Booklet.

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First-class family hotel.

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Fisher's Island, N. Y.
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Now Open Always Cool
Seashore and Country
Sound & Ocean Boating Bathing
Beautiful Ballroom, Large Orchestra.
Many new suites with bath. A most desirable place to spend the Summer.
Diet Kitchen for young children. Certified Milk.
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NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

The Catskill Mountains

The high altitude, romantic scenery, green fields, towering crags, native grandeur, wildwood charm, attractive hotels, boarding houses, farm houses, trout streams, popular walks, drives, parks and the purest and best air in this historic, picturesque and healthful paradise, are the attractions that increase its popularity each year as a Summer resort.

The ULSTER & DELAWARE R.R.
reaches all points in this mountain sanitarium and great pleasure ground, and in connection with West Shore R. R., operates through trains, including Pullman service.

The RIP VAN WINKLE EXPRESS leaves Cortlandt Street 12:40 noon, West 42d Street 1 o'clock P. M., daily except Sunday.

Steamers of the Hudson River Day Line make direct connection at Kingston Point with afternoon trains for all points in the mountains.

The Summer time schedule for season of 1914 will go in effect Sunday, June 28th.

The annual illustrated book with revised map of the Catskill Mountain section, also map showing the great Ashokan Reservoir, and containing corrected list of over 1,000 hotels and boarding houses, will be sent free on receipt of 6 cents postage.

N. A. SIMS, General Passenger Agent,
Kingston, N. Y.

"At the Top of the American Alps."
HOTEL KAATERSKILL
Catskill Mountains, N. Y.
Opens June 25th Altitude 3,000 Feet
Largest Mountain Resort in the World.
THE MOST BEAUTIFUL LOCATION AND SCENERY IN AMERICA
Table and service equal to the best New York City Hotels.
Sterling Silver Trophies for Golf, Tennis, Billiards, Bowling and Dancing.
Special rates on club floor for young men. Write for Booklet.
Parent & Richards, Inc., Props.
Berkeley Lyceum 19 West 44th Street
Phone 1860 Bryant.

"The World-Famed View"
CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE
OPENS JUNE 27. ALTITUDE 2,250 FT.
Electric lights, steam heat, pure spring water. Modern plumbing. Lavatories with hot and cold running water. Canoeing, Tennis, Garage, Orchestra, Dancing. Magnificent Ball Room, oak floor, 65x40 feet. Afternoon Teas.
Special weekly or season rates for guests arriving before July 4.
GEORGE H. BEACH, Manager.
CATSKILL, N. Y.

'Most Modern Equipped Hotel in the Catskills'
"New" GRAND HOTEL
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS. Altitude 2,500 ft.
Opens June 25. New Management.
15 to 20 degrees cooler than N. Y. City. Scenery unequalled. Hay fever and mosquitoes unknown. Perfect sanitary and hygienic conditions. Cuisine and service the standard of excellence. Superior grill and new Palm Garden. Reasonable prices. Magnificent Ball Room; perfect dancing floor. Symphony orchestra; dancing afternoon and evening; lady and gentlemen instructors. Free daily tea dansants; prizes awarded. Golf, tennis, billiard, pool, bowling tournaments. Special rates for families.
Transients $4 a day and up. New management.
HARRISON S. DOWNS, Prop.
Catskill Mountains, Highmount P. O., N. Y.

Hotel Switzerland
Fleischmanns, N. Y.
Now open. Special rates to guests arriving before July 4th. Ideal place for families; 40 acres of private grounds. Excellent cuisine, orchestra, dancing, boating, bathing. 4 hours from N. Y. TOWNSEND & CO.

THE REXMERE
Stamford-in-the-Catskills
NOW OPEN. Finest Hotel in the Catskills. ALL AMUSEMENTS. C. W. PECK, Prop.

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Spend the Summer in the Clouds
2,000 Ft. Elevation. 100 miles from city.
CRAGSMOOR INN
High-class mountain inn, 100 miles from city; large, private park, broad verandas; suites with private baths and sleeping porches; guaranteed milk; ABSOLUTELY NO CANNED FOODS; all amusements; references required.
Season June 10 to October 1. Address
Charles Curtis, Cragsmoor, N. Y.

THE CHODIKEE LAKE HOTEL
and Bungalows,
HIGHLAND (ULSTER CO.), N. Y.
A refined resort for accommodation of families or individuals. Useful activities or play for child and adult. Unusual table. Perfect sanitation—running water in each room. Surrounded with the charm of decency. Most reasonable terms. Booklet.

Beautiful gentleman's place; poultry, fruit, vegetable farm; modern appointments; lawn tennis, bathing, bowling; mountains, 90 miles; references; booklet; $6-$12; cottage or floors; improvements; board optional. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County.

NEW YORK—Greene County.

DELLWOOD
Purling Heights, Greene Co.
Electric Lights, Baths, &c.
Accommodates 150. Booklet.
A. LENNON, Prop.

NEW YORK—Sharon Springs.

PAVILION HOTEL AND COTTAGES,
Sharon Springs, N. Y., open June 24th. The White Sulphur Springs and bathing establishment open June 15. Polders at the Pool. J. E. GARDNER & SON, Props.

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THE REAL COUNTRY
THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.
9th season; 45 min. to 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; 70 acres; park and lawns; 500 ft. elevation; 10 min. from station. Capacity 200. Own dairy and vegetable garden. All outdoor and indoor sports; swimming pool; music and dancing. Rates, $9 to $15. Special rates July 1st to 15th, $1.50 per day. Most desirable for commuters. Garage with competent mechanic. Autos to let. Special rates to families. Private baths. Bungalows and Cottages for rent, furnished, 4 and 6 rooms, $125 for season. Phone 1165 White Plains. Booklet.

NEW YORK—Ulster County.

Spend the Summer in the Clouds
2,000 Ft. Elevation. 100 miles from city.
CRAGSMOOR INN
High-class mountain inn, 100 miles from city; large, private park, broad verandas; suites with private baths and sleeping porches; guaranteed milk; ABSOLUTELY NO CANNED FOODS; all amusements; references required.
Season June 10 to October 1. Address
Charles Curtis, Cragsmoor, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

COLEMAN HOUSE
Whole Square on the Ocean.
EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN
Open all year. Capacity, 350.
—ALSO—
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Leading all-year family hotel. Capacity, 150. Elevator. Booklets. A. M. SEXTON, Prop.

Hotel Winthrop
ASBURY PARK, N. J.
Opens on June 27th.
August Stender,
Of Waldorf Astoria.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK
ASBURY PARK, N. J.
NOTED FOR ITS HIGH STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE
MORGAN & PARSONS
Select Family Hotel on the Beach.
THE WELLINGTON NORTH ASBURY PARK.
Rooms with bath. Phone 358. B. O. SMITH.

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Overlooking ocean; suite with bath; refined patronage; booklet. HARRY DUFFIELD, Owner and Proprietor.

St. James Asbury Park, N. J. Blk. to beach; modern. improvements; family hotel. Address I. Wochr, Prop.

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Hotel and cottages; one block to ocean; one cottage still for rent; 4 and rooms, with full service. Apply at cottage.

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Scenic grandeur, outdoor health and brilliant summer life.

Mountains a mile high.
Hundred-mile views.
200 square miles of peaks, woods, valleys. Nerve-building, vitalizing air.
Finest of all golf links, up among the clouds. Every other outdoor sport.
Magnificent hotels, famous for their cuisine. Delightful boarding-houses with moderate rates.

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The Sinclair, BETHLEHEM, N. H., CAPACITY 225
Mountain View House, WHITEFIELD, N. H., CAPACITY 200
Intervale House, INTERVALE, N. H., CAPACITY 125
The Balsams, DIXVILLE NOTCH, N. H., CAPACITY 250
The Mount Pleasant, BRETTON WOODS, N. H., CAPACITY 300
Fabyan House, FABYAN, N. H., CAPACITY 300
The Waumbek and Cottages, JEFFERSON, N. H., CAPACITY 500
Sunset Hill House, SUGAR HILL, N. H., CAPACITY 335
New Profile House and Cottages, FRANCONIA NOTCH, CAPACITY 500
The Mount Washington, BRETTON WOODS, N. H., CAPACITY 550
The Crawford House, CRAWFORD NOTCH, N. H., CAPACITY 300
Twin Mountain House, TWIN MOUNTAIN, N. H., CAPACITY 150
Maplewood Hotel and Cottages, MAPLEWOOD, N. H., CAPACITY 400

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IN EFFECT JUNE 22
Send for free booklet, "The White Mountains of New Hampshire"
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This Booklet can be obtained or mailed free of charge upon request from any of above Hotels or
THE AUTOMOBILE CLUB OF AMERICA
54th & 55th Streets, West of Broadway, New York City.

NEW JERSEY—Lake Hopatcong.

New Hotel Breslin
On Lake Hopatcong, P. O., Mt. Arlington, N. J.
SEASON MAY TO OCTOBER—CATERING TO DISCRIMINATING PATRONAGE.
The Ideal Hotel at which to enjoy the Summer or the week-end. Elevation 1,400 ft. No malaria, no mosquitoes. Only 1 hour from N. Y. via D., L. & W. R. R., Lake Hopatcong Station, enables the business man to commute at $12.00 a month and get the benefit of the same cool, bracing mountain air which usually requires a day's travel.
300 rooms with hot and cold running water; 100 private bath suites. Motor boating, canoeing, bathing, fishing, golf, tennis, dancing, saddle horses. Excellent motoring. Orchestra, cafe, grill. Booklet with auto maps and special June and family rates mailed. Phone No. 1 Hoatcong.
FRANK COPE.

LAKE VIEW HOUSE,
Lake Hopatcong, N. J., greatly improved; private baths. Music, dancing. Tennis. Superior table. Artesian water. P. O. Address Mount Arlington, N. J. Thomas R. Moore Hotel Co.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ELBERON
AND FIREPROOF ANNEX. Tennessee Av., near beach. Central; open surroundings; opposite Protestant and Catholic churches; capacity, 500; new throughout; running water in rooms; private baths; metal beds; 4,000 feet of porches; excellent table; fresh vegetables from windows screened; white service; booklet. Special $8 to $21 weekly; $1.50 to $3.50 daily. R. B. LUDY, M. D.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Situated directly on the ocean front, with a view of the Beach and Boardwalk from all public lobbies and many guest rooms. American Plan. Capacity 600. Always Open.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

ALAMAC HOTEL
Ocean front, in the heart of Atlantic City. Absolutely fireproof. Family and transient. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. Grill; orchestra; dancing; garage. MACK, LATZ & CO., Conducting Alamac Ocean Pier, with private pavilion for use of guests.

OSTEND
Entire block of beach front, ocean view rooms all rooms; capacity 600. Every appointment and comfort; fresh and sea water baths, etc.; excellence in cuisine and service; orchestra and social features; auto meets trains. Direction of owners. J. C. GOSSLER, Manager.

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On the ocean front. Sea and fresh water baths; running water in rooms. Orchestra and afternoon and evening dancing. Reservations now being made for Summer.

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Fireproof. Ocean end Vermont Av., close to attractions. A high-class, modern hotel with every appointment and comfort. Superior table and service. Special early season rates. CHAS. B. PRETTYMAN, Owner and Propr.

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Handsomely Illustrated Official Hotel Guide Book, with map. Edition limited. Write today. Inclose stamp. Public Service Association, Atlantic City, N. J.

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Hotel Stanley South Carolina Ave., near Beach. Comfort without extravagance. T. & R. McDonald.

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FAIRVIEW HOUSE,
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SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
NOW OPEN
ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES.
Long Distance Telephones.
Canoeing, Sea Bathing, Fishing, Tennis.
Superb 18-Hole Golf Course.
Daily Concerts and Dancing.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.

THE BREAKERS
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Directly on the ocean. Now open.
L. N. MOSS.

NEW ENGLAND—Maine.

"The Sunset Stop"
AMONG THE FOOT HILLS OF
White Mountains
The Bethel Inn
will be found most delightful.
Perfect appointments. Excellent Cuisine.
BETHEL, ME.
A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY COOLED BY MOUNTAIN BREEZES.
Send for Illustrated Booklet.
A. W. WEEKS, Mgr.

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THE LOUISBURG
Opens July 1st. Every modern comfort. ONE OF MAINE'S LEADING RESORTS. With seashore and country combined. Noted for Cuisine & Service. All out-of-door recreations available. GARAGE FACILITIES. Under personal direction of L. C. Prior. N. Y. Office, 1,180 B'way. Tel. Mad. Sq. 4748.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.

A Summer Hotel of the Highest Class.
THE SIPPEWISSETT
FALMOUTH, MASS.—CAPE COD.
OPENS JUNE 16TH.
Rooms and suites, with or without private bath. Every modern convenience. Electric lights, steam heat, orchestra, golf, tennis, etc. Bathing facilities unexcelled, water averaging 74 degrees. Sailing and fishing. Garage. Write for booklet.
FREDERICK N. WILKEY, Prop.

HEATON HALL
Stockbridge, Mass.,
NOW OPEN.
Finest location in the Berkshire Hills. Golf, Tennis, Motoring, Charming Walks and Drives. Music of Exceptional Merit.
W. G. Havill, Manager.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

OSWEGATCHIE Cottages and Bungalows.
WATERFORD, CONN.
TWENTY MINUTES ON TROLLEY FROM NEW LONDON, CONN.
Combination seashore and country; fine salt bathing, sailing, canoeing, driving, tennis; no mosquitoes; extensive grounds; select family resort; table supplied from best markets and my farm. Open June 1. Send for booklet. Suites with bath. Orchestra and evening dancing. Exclusive patronage.
S. B. MANWARING, Prop.

SOUTHFIELD POINT CLUB
STAMFORD, CONN.
Designed for an exclusive patronage. A new house with every modern convenience. 5 minutes by trolley to station; 50 minutes to N. Y. Directly on the water, with white sandy beach. Golf, tennis; excellent boating. Garage. W. B. Stubbs, Norece Hall, 114 West 79th St. Tel. 7140 Schuyler.

GREENWICH INN
SOUND BEACH, CONN.
RIGHT ON THE WATER. NOW OPEN.
A most desirable and accessible resort for nice people. Trolley from station to Inn: 50 minutes from New York; frequent trains; Golf—Tennis—Bathing. Delightful Ballroom. Excellent Orchestra.
WM. F. INGOLD, Manager.

Among the Blue Hills of Connecticut; high elevation; excellent table; own farm produce. Address for particulars, Cedar Rest Farms, Tolland, Conn.

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The IDEAL TOUR
Is the Ideal Way to the Most Famous Resorts of America
A THOUSAND MILES THROUGH NEW ENGLAND'S SCENIC WONDERLAND
WITH A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL AT THE END OF EACH DAY'S RUN.
New 1914 Route Book & Map on application, 1180 Broadway, New York, or free by mail from
ALMON C. JUDD, HOTEL ELTON, WATERBURY, CONN.

NEW ENGLAND—New Hampshire.

Maplewood Hotel WHITE MTS.
Maplewood, N. H. Open June to Oct. N. Y. Office, 1,180 Broadway. Tel. Mad. Sq. 4748.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—GUSTAV A. ROETH and RAYMOND BLUM, individually and as copartners composing the firm of ROETH & BLUM, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that GUSTAV A. ROETH and RAYMOND BLUM, bankrupts, have filed their petition praying for a discharge from all their individual and partnership debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, July 27, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy,

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—JOSEPH J. SZUNYOGH, also known as JOSEPH I. SUNOK, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph J. Szunyogh, also known as Joseph I. Sunok, bankrupt, has filed his petition praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, July 27, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 18,718.—SAMUEL LEVIN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Levin, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated Jan. 16, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, July 27th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 23d, 1914.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 19,826.—SAMUEL GLASS, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Glass, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 12, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, July 27th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 23d, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of VACUUM ENGINEERING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the United States District Court Oliver L. Goldsmith, Receiver in Bankruptcy of Vacuum Engineering Company, offers for sale all his right, title, and interest in and to the property, assets, and effects of the said bankrupt on sealed bids, in accordance with notice of such sale published in The New York Times and The Daily Trade Record on the 13th day of June, 1914. Bids are to be submitted to the Receiver at his office, No. 27 Cedar Street, New York City, at or before 2 o'clock today, at which time and place the bids will be opened.

Dated New York City, June 25, 1914.
OLIVER L. GOLDSMITH, Receiver.
27 Cedar Street, New York City.
ELBERT B. HAMLIN, Attorney for Receiver.
59 Wall Street, New York City.

NO. 18,608.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—THOMAS ZILLI, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Thomas Zilli, bankrupt, has filed his petition, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, July 27, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NEW ENGLAND—Vermont.

FREE VACATION BOOK
Before you choose your destination for the Summer outing get the big free book entitled "VERMONT, THE LAND OF GREEN MOUNTAINS," a superb 200-page vacation book, containing 64 pages of excellent illustrations of the scenic wonders of Vermont, America's Summer playground. Address Guy W. Bailey, Secretary of State, Essex Junction, Vt.
Vermont, the Green Mountains, and Lake Champlain are ideal Vacation Lands; 2-cent stamp will bring you fully illustrated booklet, containing complete information and listing Camps, Hotels, Farms, and Boarding Houses. Write today. Address G. E. P. A. Rutland R. R., 1,216 Broadway, N. Y.

PENNSYLVANIA—Shawnee-on-Delaware

Absolutely Fireproof
BUCKWOOD INN
SHAWNEE-ON-DELAWARE, PENN.
Summer Home for Discriminating People. All Outdoor Amusements at their best. Attractive Cottages to rent. Home of the Shawnee Country Club
Bass Fishing Opened June 15th.
GOLF COURSE
Invitation Tournaments June 24-27
July 14-15, July 23-25.
H. M. WING, Manager.
N. Y. Office, 243 Fifth Av.
Tel. Mad. Sq. 9230.

PENNSYLVANIA—Pike County.

Elevation 1,600 feet. Capacity 350.
FOREST PARK HOTEL
FOREST PARK, PIKE COUNTY, PA.
ON FOREST LAKE.
Three hours from N. Y., on D., L. & W. PACKARD CARS from station. In 2,000-acre Park. Finest bathing, Boating, Fishing, Tennis, and Baseball. Dancing afternoon and evening; concert daily, excellent orchestra, perfect ballroom. Trophies for dancing and tennis. Cafe. Rooms with or without private bath. Bachelors' rates. Ideal motor trip. Garage. Special Rates in June.
ARTHUR LEDERER, Forest Park, Pa.
37 B'way, Tuesdays, 11-1. Rector 2850.

HIGH FALLS HOTEL,
DINGMANS FERRY, PIKE CO., PA.
Send for Booklet. Philip Eilert, Owner.

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap.

THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE.
WATER GAP HOUSE
The leading hotel of Delaware Water Gap, Pa. New Booklet mailed. John Purdy Cope.

PENNSYLVANIA.—Mount Pocono.

MOUNT PLEASANT HOUSE
MOUNT POCONO, PENNA.
Enlarged, modernized. Private baths, bells, gas, orchestra, dancing. FREE GARAGE. NOW OPEN. Booklet. For road map and rates address W. T. & H. M. LEECH.

PENNSYLVANIA—Canadensis.

NEW SPRUCE CABIN INN. Where you can catch trout. Greatly enlarged; rooms en suite with bath. Garage, saddle horses. All amusements. New open. Canadensis station, Lack. R. R. W. J. & M. D. PRICE.

SUMMER CAMPS.

ST. ANN'S CAMP FOR BOYS
LAKE CHAMPLAIN
$75 for Season. Send for Catalogue T. St. Ann's Academy, 153 E. 76th St., N. Y. C.

KYLE CAMP FOR BOYS,
Near Rip Van Winkle's Rock, Catskills. All sleep in Model Bungalows; no tents. KYLE SCHOOL FOR BOYS, Flushing, L. I.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 19,877. —In Bankruptcy.—ABRAHAM SEIDEMAN, Bankrupt.

Abraham Seideman was duly adjudicated bankrupt on June 8th, 1914, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York on July 20th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated June 23, 1914.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 19,828. —In Bankruptcy. — FRANK GLASSNER, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Frank Glassner are hereby given notice that on May 25th, 1914, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, Woolworth Building, 233 Broadway, on July 6th, 1914, at 11 A. M. Creditors may then file claims, app

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Warm weather continued during Wednesday east of the Rocky Mountains, with temperatures ranging from 90 to 102 degrees, except over the Northern States.

The highest temperatures occurred in Georgia, and the records for June were equaled or exceeded in various places in the Ohio Valley and the South.

West of the Rockies temperatures are much below seasonal, except in Arizona and along the immediate Western slope.

There were scattered thunder showers in the Missouri and Upper Mississippi Valleys and the Lake region, and quite general showers over middle and north districts west of the mountains, except Utah. Elsewhere fair weather prevailed.

High temperatures will continue in the Ohio Valley, the East, South, and Southwest, but they will be somewhat more moderate Thursday in the Lake region, the Upper Mississippi, and the Lower Missouri Valleys, and will continue moderate in the Northwest and Far West.

There will be scattered thunder showers Thursday in the Central Mississippi Valley, and Thursday or Thursday night in the Upper Ohio Valley. Like conditions will prevail Thursday in New England and Eastern New York, with showers also on the North Pacific Coast and in the extreme Northwest. For Friday generally fair weather is indicated, although probably somewhat unsettled over the central portion of the country.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate south and southwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate southwest; South Atlantic Coast, gentle to moderate south, except east and southeast off the Florida coast.

FORECASTS TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Local thunder showers Thursday; not quite so warm. Friday generally fair; moderate southwest to west winds.

Southern New England—Local thunder showers Thursday; somewhat cooler, except extreme south portion. Friday generally fair; moderate southwest to west winds.

New Jersey—Unsettled Thursday, probably showers and cooler north portion; warmer southeast portion. Friday fair; moderate south and southwest winds.

Western New York—Unsettled and somewhat cooler Thursday. Friday probably fair; moderate west to northwest winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Unsettled Thursday, probably showers and cooler north portion. Friday generally fair; moderate south and southwest winds.

Northern New England—Local thunder showers Thursday, somewhat cooler, except extreme Eastern Maine. Friday generally fair; moderate south to southwest winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	64	64	4 P. M.	77	81
6 A. M.	66	64	6 P. M.	74	81
9 A. M.	72	72	9 P. M.	68	76
12 M.	75	83	11 P. M.	67	75

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 74; for the corresponding date last year it was 71; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 71.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 67; at 8 P. M. ot was 77. Maximum temperature, 83 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 63 degrees at 12:01 A. M. Humidity, 92 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 78 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.95 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.89 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.

2:20—1,305 Southern Bvd.; Jacob Jacarn... Slight

7:15—349 W. 52 St.; McNulty Bros.... Slight

10:45—707 E. 12 St.; Victorla Luber... Slight

P. M.

1:45—1,729 Fulton Av.; Mr. Racner.....$300

1:55—236 Clinton St.; S. Weinstein... Slight

2:15—161 Willett St.; Lena Bresichen.. Slight

3:10—8 Rutgers Pl.; H. Weinberg.... Slight

7:50—177 St. near Ferris Lane.; M. J. Luther ..... Slight

9:20—195 Chrystie St.; Lewis Minskey. Slight

9:50—250 E. 98 St.; A. Monoglisky.. Slight

10:45—B'klyn Bridge; temporary platform.. Slight

10:50—319 W. 19 St.; Mrs. J. Burns.... Slight

11:05—22 Ferry St.; J. Mendelowitch..$5,000

11:10—733 Col. Av.; J. Pendelton..... Slight

11:10—61 W. 46 St.; Mencke & Weiners.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

An examination for male gymnasium attendant in the Parks Department has been ordered. The date has not yet been set. The mental examination for female attendant will be held on July 2. The examination of 375 candidates will be held at 54 Lafayette Street, and 188 will be examined at 49 Lafayette Street.

The mental examination for police matron will be held on July 7 at 54 Lafayette Street. There are 106 candidates.

United States.

A competitive examination will be held at the New York Custom House for veterinarian, for men only, on July 8, to fill vacancies in the position of veterinary inspector in the Bureau of Animal Industry, Dept. of Agriculture, and in the position of veterinarian in the Quartermaster Corps, U. S. A. Competitors will be examined in letter writing, veterinary anatomy and physiology, veterinary pathology and meat inspection, theory and practice of veterinary medicine, education, training, and experience. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first birthday on the date of examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

YOU SHOULD TAKE THE

ADIRONDACK

to the POUGHKEEPSIE BOAT RACES, JUNE 26. *WHY?*

BECAUSE:
Races can be viewed in pleasant weather from wide, open decks protected from the sun.
Races can be viewed in inclement weather from the observation rooms.
You have every convenience of a first-class hotel—comfortable staterooms, parlors with baths, magnificent dining room on the main deck with service a la carte.

Cafe on UPPER Deck

SAIL UP THE HUDSON: By DAYLIGHT, Return By SEARCHLIGHT

Poughkeepsie and Return, Including Best View of the Races..... **$1.00**

Leave Pier 32, North River, foot of Canal Street, at 10 A. M.; West 132d Street, at 10:45 A. M., returning after the races.

'Phone Spring 9400—day or night.

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

SUNDAY ON LAKE GEORGE

SAIL—RAIL—SAIL AGAIN

Steamer "C. W. Morse"

Round Trip Fare $4.00

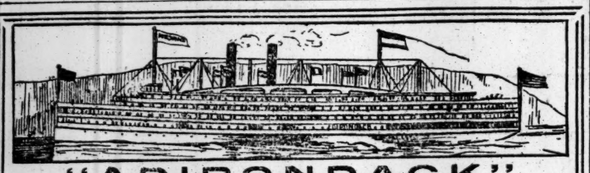
Str. "C. W. Morse" leaves Pier 32, N. R., 6:00 P. M. W. 132d St. Pier, 6:45 P. M. Saturday, June 27. Returning, due in New York Monday morning.

The Hudson by Searchlight, Then Lake George by Daylight

Make your stateroom reservations Now for both going and returning.

'Phone day and night, Spring, 9400.

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY



"ADIRONDACK"

MORE POPULAR THAN EVER

THE "10 O'CLOCK STEAMER" EVERY SUNDAY.

YONKERS, NEWBURG, POUGHKEEPSIE AND RETURN, Leaves Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 10 A. M.; West 132d St., 10:45 A. M.

Next Sunday POUGHKEEPSIE AND RETURN **$1.00**

Spacious Decks, Music, Excellent Dining Service a la Carte.

Phone—Day or Night—Spring 9400.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.

SUNDAY ON THE HUDSON

"RENSSELAER"

Leaves Pier 32, N. R., 8:45 A. M.; W. 132d St. Pier, 9:30 A. M. for Yonkers, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Albany and Troy.

Connecting at Newburg and Poughkeepsie with "Trojan" returning.

ORCHESTRA. DINNER A LA CARTE.

POUGHKEEPSIE AND RETURN, $1.00

Phone, day or night, Spring 9400.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.

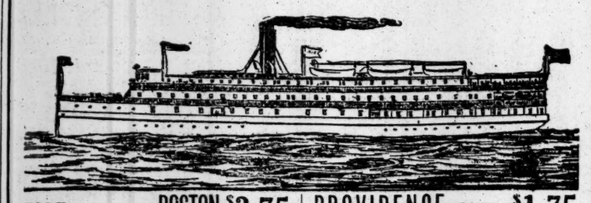
"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."

COLONIAL LINE

TO

BOSTON, PROVIDENCE

AND NEW ENGLAND SUMMER RESORTS



FARE Boat and Rail BOSTON, $2.75 ROUND TRIP, $5.30 | PROVIDENCE, Direct, $1.75 ROUND TRIP, $3.30.

First class service, palatial steamers, excellent cuisine, clean, comfortable staterooms (all outside rooms). The only independent line between New York and New England. Wireless equipment.

Leave Week Days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39 N. R., foot West Houston St.

Phones Spring 9491 and 9492. Write for booklet

Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St.

Study your comfort and plan your Trips by this Route.

Mandalay

The New Steel Steamer

built especially for service on the Hudson River.

The finest of her kind.

Every Comfort.

Magnificent Dancing Deck

Complete Orchestra.

Miss Nardin and Mr. Raymond McKay, formerly of the Hotel Martinique, in charge.

Day Trip—Newburg and Return

Night Sail Up the Hudson

(No Stop, Returning to W. 131st St. Only.)

$1.00 Each Trip

DAILY AND SUNDAY

Beginning Saturday, June 27

MORNING. Leave Battery 9 a.m., W. 131st St., 10:15 a. m.

EVENING. Leave Battery 7:30 p. m., W. 131st St., 8:30 p. m., Yonkers, 10:45 a.m.

Delaware-Hudson S. S. Co., Inc.

32 Broadway. 'Phone 3263 Broad.

FALL RIVER LINE

TO BOSTON $4.00

LV. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., N. Y. Daily at 5:30 P. M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

Providence Line. Commencing June 26th, for Providence and Boston. Lv. Pier 15, N. R., foot of Barclay St., daily except Sunday, 6 P. M.

New London (Norwich) Line via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P. M.

New Bedford Line for New Bedford, Wood's Hole, Marthas Vineyard, Nantucket, Matapoisett, Marion and Cape Cod Points. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, at 6:00 P. M.

New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M.; Pier 70, ft. E. 22d St., 3:00 P. M.

Bridgeport Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., week days only, 3 P. M. Lv. ft. E. 22d St., week days, 3:30 P. M. Sundays, 4:45 P. M.

Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway, Transfer Tourist Offices, and at Piers. Phone Cortlandt 5121.

The New England Steamship Co.

"Hudson River by Searchlight."

MANHATTAN LINE

$1.00 To ALBANY

THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.

Dining Service a la Carte.

Steamers leave daily, Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; West 129th St., 6 P. M. Tel. 9226 Spring.

UP THE HUDSON SUNDAY

Delightful sail to Poughkeepsie and return. $1.00.

Str. "Benj. B. Odell"

Good restaurant, music. Franklin St., 9 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:30 A. M.

Central Hudson Line

Sight-Seeing Yachts

Lv. Battery Pier Daily, 11:00, 2:00, 7:45. Broad 6023.

SEE THE BOAT RACES AT POUGHKEEPSIE

JUNE 26th

From the big, NEW STEEL STEAMER

MANDALAY

$1.00 ROUND TRIP.

THE FINEST OF HER KIND, BUILT ESPECIALLY FOR SERVICE ON THE HUDSON RIVER, EMBODYING PERFECT COMFORT.

AMONG THE NEW FEATURES IS A MAGNIFICENT

DANCING DECK COMPLETE ORCHESTRA.

MISS NARDIN AND MR. RAYMOND McKAY, FORMERLY OF THE HOTEL MARTINIQUE, IN CHARGE.

MODERN LUNCH ROOM AND SODA FOUNTAIN UNDER COMPANY MANAGEMENT.

Leaves BATTERY 9 A. M.; W. 131ST ST. PIER 10:15 A. M.

TICKETS LIMITED—Advance Sale at 32 BROADWAY, ROOM 700.

Phone 3263 Broad.

DELAWARE-HUDSON SS. CO., Inc.

Iron Steamboat Co.

CONEY ISLAND

LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET.

9:00, 9:40, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:30, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.

LEAVE PIER 1, NORTH RIVER,

9:45 10:20, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.

LEAVE STREEPLECHASE PARK,

10:55 A. M., 12:25 1:25, 2:25, 3:10, 3:55, *4:55, 5:25, 6:10, *7:10, 7:50, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.

Trip marked * does not go to 129th St. (From 129th St., 50 Cents. Round Trip Tickets.) From Pier 1, N. R., 40 Cts.

Deep Sea Fishing Str. "Taurus"

Owing to accident service suspended until further notice.

Rockaway Beach

Steamer "GRAND REPUBLIC"

Season Opens Sunday, June 28th

Telephone Exeter 873.

HIGHLAND LAKE AND BEAR MOUNTAIN

45 Miles INTERSTATE PARK UP THE HUDSON

Fast Steel Str. HIGHLANDER

Leaves Battery, 9:30; West 23d St., 10:00; West 131st St., 10.30; Yonkers, 11 A. M. Round Trip Daily, 60c.; Children, 25c.; Sundays & Holidays, 75c.; Children, 50c. Yonkers, 50c. Music. LARGE DANCING FLOOR. Refreshments. All Outdoor Sports. 5½ hours at Mountain.

DAILY TRIPS TO

Inter-State Park Landings

(ALONG THE HUDSON RIVER)

Enjoy a Pleasant Day Under the Palisades. Str. Bay Ridge lvs. W. 130th St. Pier, daily at 10:45 A. M., 2:00, 6:00 P. M. FARE 50 CTS. (CHILDREN HALF FARE). Children Free. Music. Dancing.

ALL-THE-WAY-BY-WATER

TO

BOSTON

The Twin-Screw Steel Steamships

BUNKER HILL and MASSACHUSETTS of the Metropolitan S. S. Line

Leave Pier 18, North River (foot of Murray Street), week days and Sundays at 5:00 P. M., for Boston DIRECT.

Due Boston 8:00 A. M.

To MAINE and The MARITIME PROVINCES

Turbine-driven steel steamships from Boston to Bangor and Penobscot Bay and River points; also to Portland and St. John, N. B. Fifteen Steamship Lines; connecting Boston and New York with the principal cities and summer resorts along the coast of Maine, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

Tickets and all information at the Piers; also City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, and City Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. offices.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Générale Transatlantique

Direct Line to Havre-Paris (France)

Sailings Every Wednesday at 10 A. M.

NEXT SAILING ***La Savoie, Wed., July 1**

*LA LORRAINE	July 8	*LA SAVOIE	July 29
†FRANCE (New)	July 15	*LA LORRAINE	Aug. 5
*LA TOURAINE	July 22	*LA PROVENCE	Aug. 12

*Twin-screw steamer. †Quadruple-screw steamer.

SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK 3 P. M.

ONE CABIN (II.) AND THIRD CLASS Passengers Only.

‡NIAGARA ..... July 11 | †ROCHAMBEAU ..... Aug. 8

General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y. Pier 57, North River, ft. of West 15th St.

American Pier 62, N.R., 10 A.M. 23d Street

Plymouth, Cherbourg, Southampton.

ONE CLASS CABIN (II.) SERVICE, $55 UP.

PHILADELPHIA ..June 26 ST. PAUL ..... July 10

ST. LOUIS ..... July 3 NEW YORK ..... July 17

Atlantic Transport

New York—London Direct, Pr. 58, N. R., 16th St. Min'apolis..June 27, 10:30AM | Minnehaha..July 11 Minnewaska..July 4, 8 AM | Minnetonka..July 18

Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A.M. 21st Street

N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp.

ZEELAND ..... June 27 | VADERLAND ..... July 11

KROONLAND ..... July 4 | LAPLAND ..... July 18

White Star From Piers 59 & 60, N. R., 18th St.

N. Y., Plymouth, Cherbourg, and Southampton.

OCEANIC, July 4, noon; Aug. 1, Aug. 22

OLYMPIC, July 11, 10 AM; Aug. 8, Aug. 29

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool (noon)

CELTIC ..... June 25 | ADRIATIC ..... July 9

BALTIC ..... July 2 | CEDRIC ..... July 16

Boston—Mediterranean—Italy.

CRETIC ..... June 27, 11 A.M.; Sept. 19

CANOPIC ..... July 11, 11 A.M.; Aug. 29

WHITE STAR — DOMINION

Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool

ONLY FOUR DAYS AT SEA BY THE

Largest Steamers from Montreal.

TEUTONIC ..... June 27 | CANADA ..... July 11

MEGANTIC ..... July 4 | LAURENTIC ..... July 18

Send for folders of beautiful St. Lawrence route to Europe.

PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 B'WAY, N. Y.

THE GREAT WHITE FLEET

Only first-class passengers carried

REDUCED SUMMER FARES

CRUISES FROM NEW YORK

S.S. Almirante—Metapan—Santa Marta—Zacapa—22-Day Cruises, every Wednesday to Jamaica, Panama Canal, and Colombian Ports. Minimum fare $115 including meals and berth.

S. S. Pastores—Tenadores—Calamares 18-Day Cruises de Luxe, every Sat. to Jamaica, Panama Canal and Costa Rica. Minimum fare $80.00 including berth only, meals a la carte.

Short tours to Jamaica only and return $75.00

Additional weekly sailings from Boston and New Orleans to Havana, Panama and Central American Ports connecting for Pacific Ports of Central and South America. Write for Booklets.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY Steamship Service

17 Battery Place New York

ITALIAN LINES

*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE (Fast Italian Line.)
‡Italia Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
To Naples and Genoa direct.

ANCONA ..... July 4, 11 A. M.
*Verona..July 8, 11 AM | †Duca D'Aosta..July 25
†Stampalia..July 15, 11 AM | †Napoli..July 30, 11 AM
New large twin-screw steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., 24 Whitehall St.

FABRE LINES

The Southern Routes to the Azores, Lisbon, Barcelona, and Marseilles, and to Algiers, Naples, Nice and Marseilles.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS to any port.

Official Agent all Lines.

Raymond & Whitcomb Co., 225 5th Av., N. Y.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE

(ALBANY DAY LINE.)

All steamers daily except Sunday. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.

Strs. Washington Irving and Hendrick Hudson leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45A. M., landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.

Special Poughkeepsie service begins Saturday, June 27th, leaving New York landings one hour later than regular steamers.

Special trips to Intercollegiate Boat Races, Friday, June 26th.

Str. "Mary Powell"

Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by boat or by rail, $1.10.

Telephone: Spring 4141.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES

For CATSKILL, HUDSON, COXSACKIE and way landings. Direct connection with Catskill Mountain Railroads, for CAIRO, PALENVILLE, OTIS SUMMIT, HAINES FALLS, TANNERSVILLE, and

All Points in the Catskill Mountains and the Berkshires

Luxuriously appointed steamers leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., N. Y., at 6:30 P. M.; Yonkers, 7:30 P. M., daily except Sunday.

25c.—NEW YORK TO YONKERS—25c.

Time tables giving full information mailed on request, or can be obtained at all hotels and railway ticket offices. 'Phone 1097 Spring.

BAY STATE LINE

$2.50 BOSTON $2.50

Via Boat and Trolley, $2.25.

Worcester, $2.50; Providence direct, $1.50.

STATEROOMS $1.00, $1.50, & $2.00.

Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M., from Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.

City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway;

Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St., N. Y.

HARTFORD LINE

From New Pier 36, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River points. Through tickets to Hartford, Springfield, Holyoke, Northampton, Greenfield, Brattleboro, Bellows Falls, Windsor, Lebanon, Mt. Kisco, Millerton, Winsted, Lakeville, Salisbury, Canaan, Pittsfield, Lenox, Stockbridge, Great Barrington, Lee, Lenox Dale, Dalton, North Adams, Williamstown, Bennington, Troy, Albany, Saratoga, Lake George, Lake Champlain, Montreal, Quebec, Thousand Islands, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Toledo, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Salt Lake City, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Seattle, Vancouver, Victoria, Yokohama, Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Australia, India, Europe, Africa, South America, Mexico, Cuba, Panama, Porto Rico, Jamaica, Bermuda, Nassau, Havana, Colon, Kingston, Port Antonio, Santiago, Cienfuegos, Guantanamo, Port au Prince, Trinidad, Barbados, Demerara, Martinique, Guadeloupe, Venezuela, Brazil, Argentine, Chile, Peru, Ecuador, Colombia, Central America, Mexico, Hawaii, Philippines, Japan, China

WATER-TIGHT DOORS OF EMPRESS OPEN

Naval Architect Thinks So, and Steward Testifies He Could Not Close His.

RUSH OF WATER TOO GREAT

Divers to Continue Work with Instructions to Save Bodies First, Then Mail and Bullion.

Special to The New York Times.

QUEBEC, June 24.—Percy Hillhouse, naval architect for the Fairfield Shipbuilding Company, builders of the lost Empress of Ireland, took the witness stand at today's inquiry into the great marine wreck. Asked to explain how it was that the Empress sank fourteen minutes after she was struck by the collier Storstad, he said that it was his opinion that water got into other compartments than the two boiler room compartments which were opened by the great blow of the Strostad's bow.

"You think, then, that some of the water-tight doors of the Empress were not closed," asked Mr. Newcombe, who is representing the Canadian Government.

"Yes," replied the witness.

This theory was borne out later at today's hearing when Frank Harrison, a second-class steward, was called and testified that he found it impossible to close the water-tight doors that it was his duty to close in an emergency. The inrush of the water made it impossible for him to work the doors, he testified. The gear would not respond when he tried it, he said. He heard doors closing in other parts of the ship, but he had to contest himself with closing the portholes that were under his charge.

In reply to questions by Lord Mersey, Mr. Hillhouse said that the extra boats provided on the Empress following the Titanic disaster tended to decrease the stability of the vessel, but not to a dangerous extent. Five minutes, he said, should suffice for the closing of all water-tight doors, provided that every man got to his post without loss of time.

Would Have Remained Afloat.

"Assuming that the collision destroyed two bulkheads, and that the two boiler-room compartments were flooded, should the vessel have remained afloat?" Mr. Newcombe asked.

"Yes, if the water-tight doors were all closed," said the witness.

"What, in your opinion, is the reason the Empress sank so quickly?" was the next question.

The witness gave a long, technical reply, the gist of which was that in his opinion water got into compartments other than the two boiler-room compartments, causing the vessel to heel over and founder quickly.

He estimated that the Storstad's bows penetrated the Empress about eighteen feet almost exactly amidships.

In reply to Lord Mersey the witness said that he estimated that the breach made in the side of the Empress by the Storstad below the water-line, had an area of 350 square feet, which would admit water at the rate of 265 tons a second. Here Mr. Aspinall said:

"This would cause a big initial list. The weight now of the Storstad would accentuate the list and presuming that the collision dislodged one of the boilers of the Empress and caused it to roll to the starboard side, this also would increase the list. Water probably reached other compartments than the boiler room through water-tight doors which Stewards Hayes and Harrison found it impossible to close.

The Empress was such a well-constructed vessel that Mr. Hillhouse was at first puzzled to account for the rapid heeling of the ship. He had arrived at the conclusion that the Storstad struck the Empress at an angle of 80 degrees, nearly right angles.

Mr. Haight said that from data provided by the engineer of the Storstad, the expert he proposed to call had come to the conclusion that the angle of contact at the moment of collision was 40 degrees and that the speed of the Empress subsequently swung the Storstad's bow around, wiping everything off the forepart of the Storstad's deck.

Capt. Kendall recalled answered several questions put by Judge McLeod as to the course followed by the Empress after leaving Father Point, and asserted that he took a course even safer than that usually followed by outward bound liners.

Diver Tells of Descent.

One of the most interesting features of today's proceedings was the testimony given by divers from the British cruiser Essex, who, since Friday last, have been making investigations respecting the position of the sunken liner and the feasibility of recovering bodies from the wreck. The two Essex witnesses called were Chief Gunner MacDiarmid, who was in charge of the Essex divers, and First Class Seaman Whitehead, who described descents made by him on Friday and Sunday. MacDiarmid said that observations made by his divers showed that the Empress was lying from northeast to southwest on the bed of the St. Lawrence.

The witness further said that his divers made no complaint about diving operations being difficult or dangerous, but he gave them orders not to attempt to enter the hull of the vessel, because he thought this too risky.

Diver Whitehead, who gave his evidence in a remarkably intelligent and modest manner, said that he descended to the wreck once on Friday and once on Sunday. He told how on Friday he remained below about forty minutes walking fore and aft along the port side of the vessel's hull for about forty yards. It was difficult to walk along the ship's side because it was lying at an angle of about 60 degrees, covered with thin slime.

Earlier in the proceedings Mr. Weatherspoon of New York was recalled at the request of Mr. Newcombe, who is representing the Canadian Government, and explained that he was Superintendent of diving operations on behalf of the Canadian Salvage Company, his instructions being primarily to recover bodies on behalf of the Canadian Pacific Railway; secondly, mail on behalf of the Postmaster General, and, thirdly, silver bullion on behalf of the insurers. Mr. Weatherspoon spoke in glowing praise of the divers of the Essex and their apparatus. Their gear he said was the finest procurable, and in their work, especially in their efforts to save Diver Cossboom, they displayed the bravery and skill traditional in the British Navy.

In reply to Mr. Haight, Mr. Weatherspoon said his instructions were to continue diving operations until all possible bodies had been recovered.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent was informed this afternoon by Capt. Walsh, the Marine Superintendent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, that the divers of the British cruiser Essex would return this evening to the scene of the wreck with the intention of resuming diving operations. With them goes Capt Staunton, Inspector of Life-Saving Apparatus for the Canadian Pacific Railway.

NUNS TO AID IN STEERAGE.

North German Lloyd Line Arranges for Two Nurses for Each Ship.

The agents of the North German Lloyd Line announced yesterday that, beginning with the sailing of the Barbarossa on July 2 for Bremen, there will be two Sisters of Charity on each liner to look after the welfare of women and children in the steerage.

Arrangement has been made with the mother house of the Franciscan nuns in Vienna to supply two Sisters for each liner, and they will be instructed by Sisters Maria and Josepha, who have had experience among immigrants. They will make the initial trip on the Barbarossa July 2.

This new departure, it is expected, will solve the problem of what to do with children under 4 years of steerage mothers are seasick. It was the work of Sisters Maria and Josepha as passengers on a North German Lloyd ship which gave the officials the idea to have nuns on every steamer.

Free "Movies" for Children.

In accordance with the plans of the new Church Entertainment Society to use churches for the entertainment of children who would otherwise be playing in the streets, there will be a free moving-picture exhibit, with organ music, in the old First Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Eleventh Street, this evening at 8 o'clock. Two entertainments already have been given by the society. Among those who have had the work in charge are Cleveland Moffett, the Rev. Percy S. Grant, the Rev. Dr. Howard Duffield, Mrs. John H. Flagler, and Mrs. Mai S. Thomas. On this evening's programme, in addition to other features, will be a historic story film, and a nature study film showing birds in their native haunts. The next entertainment will be held at the Washington Square Methodist Church on July 2.

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Transfers: Lt. John Becker, 292, to 275; Patrol. D. P. Ryan, 61, to 68, assigned as station house attendant; W. H. F. Reardon, 68, to 6 Insp. Dist.; J. Naylor, 6 Insp. Dist. to 146. (Mutual.) Lts. C. F. Farley, 5, to 33; John Leonard, 33, to 5; Patrol. F. J. Malcolmson, 18, to 40; W. F. Arneel, 40, to 18.

Temporary Assignments: Inspectors J. J. Farrell, 9 Insp. Dist., to command 10 Insp. Dist., in addition to his own, for 2 days; Henry Cohen, 11 Insp. Dist., to command 8 Insp. Dist., in addition to his own, for 19 days; Sergeant C. E. Nammack, 4 Surg. Dist., in charge 3 Surg. Dist., in addition to his own, for 3 days; A. D. Smith, 15 Surg. Dist., in charge 21 Surg. Dist., in addition to his own, for 20 days; T. A. McGoldrick, 20 Surg. Dist., in charge 18 Surg. Dist., in addition to his own, for 27 days. Lt. H. F. Kelly, 13, to C. O., duty in office of Third Deputy Commissioner, 5 days. Act. Det. Serg. A. C. Landvoe, Det. Bu., to Dis. Atty's office, New York, for 5 days. Patrol. Edward Smith, 6, to 4 Insp. Dist., for 10 days; Patrol. Marcellus, 20, and J. J. Archipoli, 143, to 2 Insp. Dist. for 10 days. R. J. Dixon, 164, to 1 Insp. Dist., for 10 days; Michael Kearns and Thomas Byrne, drivers, 167, to 25, from June 24 to June 28, with patrol wagon and horse. H. Hopkins, Trat. Div. C, to C. O., duty in Bureau of Repairs, for 10 days.w To Det. Bu.—J. F. Rotchford, 21, and S. J. Finnegan, 37, for 5 days, detailed to Dist. Atty's office, New York. D. C. Miller, 28; Morris Grossman, 35; Samuel Dribben, 42; Julius Cohen, 145; C. E. Hooker, 10 days. For 10 days, from prects. indicated, Romolo Pagano, 10; J. L. McCarton, 42; Joseph Rosenbaum, 90; W. J. McCafferty, 31; William Prantner, 43; John Dondero, 36; W. C. Hilderbrandt, 81; J. N. Gassmann, 146; John Giba, 63; James McCarthy, 144; Louis Ross, 70. Transferred to Headquarters Detail, Det. Serg. (First grade.) R. F. Oliver and J. A. Watson, 2, for 10 days. Act. Det. Serg. (Second grade.) Stephen Birmingham, 5; S. P. Gorman, 29; R. A. Fennelly, 137, and Herman Meyer, 63, for 10 days.

Leaves (with pay): Inspectors John Daly, 8 Insp. Dist., 19 days; C. A. Formoso, 10 Insp. Dist., 2 days; Surgeons A. O. Cosbuth, 4 Surg. Dist., 3 days; J. M. Fiske, 16 Surg. Dist., 20 days; (without pay) Surg. E. H. Fiske, 16 Surg. Dist., 7 days; Patrol. F. W. Kaiser, 23, 2 days.

Sick Leave Granted: Surgeon H. G. Webster, 21 Surg. Dist., 20 days.

Fined: Sergt. T. F. Dwyer, 144, failed to make report, 3 days; Patrol. L. A. Manley, 2, absent from post, 1 day; J. M. Works, 26, improper patrol, 3 days; Max Wilenchik, 32, absent from post, 2 days; K. M. Huber, 36, improper patrol, 4 days; W. L. Mott, 148, same, 2 days; J. F. Rogers, 148, same, 3 days; John Cox, 151, same, 3 days; W. G. Howey, 153, same, 3 days; G. W. Hart, 164, same, 3 days; John Stossel, 165, absent from post, 3 days; John O'Donnell, 171, same, 5 days; G. W. Brophy, 140, same, 2 days; W. J. Tjarks, 143, same, 1 day; M. J. Callagy, 62, same, 2 days; J. E. Nolan, 38, insolence, 5 days; F. P. Hembdt, 62, loitering, in conversation, 2 days; H. Hembdt, 82, same, 2 days; E. H. Gerstenfeld, 144, absent without leave, ½ day; A. F. Doolan, 144, failed to promptly report, ½ day; J. Corbett, 144, failed to make report, ½ day; T. J. Gannon, 144, same, ½ day; W. Evans, 144, same, ½ day; John O'Neil, 147, permitted unauthorized persons to occupy premises, 1 day; P. J. Sheehy, 29, improper patrol, 2 days.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Kursk, at Rotterdam, June 23.
SS Royal Prince, at Amsterdam, June 23.
SS Louisiane, at Bordeaux, June 20.
SS Province, at Havre, June 24.
SS Russia, at Libau, June 16.
SS Russia, at Libau, June 16.
SS Provence, at Havre, June 24.

Sailed.

SS Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, from Southampton, June 24.
SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, from Southampton, June 24.
SS Martha Washington, from Fayal, June 23.
SS Oceanic, from Southampton, June 24.
SS Dalmatia, from Colombo, June 23.
SS Crofton Hall, from Rio Janeiro, June 18.
SS City of Bristol, from Oran, June 24.
SS Dwinsk, from Libau, June 16.
SS Canada, from Marseilles, June 19.
SS Teakwood, from Immingham, June 23.
SS Delaware, from Shields, June 24.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. June 25, SS Philadelphia.
Germany—Close at 3 P. M. June 26, SS Imperator.
France—Close at 5 P. M. June 25, SS Philadelphia.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. June 26, SS Zeeland.
Greece—Close at 12 M. June 27, SS Ioannina.
Hungary—Close at 11:30 A. M. June 24, SS Oceania.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. June 29, SS Rotterdam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. June 25, SS Oscar II.
Norway—Close at 11:30 A. M. June 25, SS Oscar II., and at 10:30 A. M. June 30, SS Bergenstjord.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Aki Maru.....June 25
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina.....June 26
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—China.....June 28
Guam (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport.....July 1
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Ixion.July 2
Hawaii, Samoa, Fiji Islands, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Sonoma.....July 3

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SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..4:29|Sun sets..7:34|Moon sets..9:38

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:45	9:02	2:45	2:40
Governors Island	8:56	9:14	3:19	3:06
Hell Gate	10:46	11:04	4:59	4:46

Arrived—Wednesday, June 24.

SS Zeeland, Antwerp, June 13.
SS Caserta, Naples, June 10.
SS Saratoga, Havana, June 19.
SS Colon, Philadelphia, June 22.
SS Hamburg, Palermo, June 12.
SS Aboukir, Cardenas, June 10.
SS Olinda, Nipe, June 19.
SS Comal, Mobile, June 16.
SS Prinz Sigismund, Colon, June 14.
SS El Cid, Galveston, June 18.
SS Narragansett, London, June 1.
SS Nicholas Cuneo, Jamaica, June 19.
SS Santa Lucia, Barbados, June 16.
SS Europa, Philadelphia, June 23.
SS Santa Theresa, Havana, June 3.
SS Waddon Philadelphia, June 23.
SS King Frederik, Norfolk, June 22.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Imperator	Hamburg	June 17
Wells City	Dublin	June 8
Re d'Italia	Naples	June 11
St. Louis	Southampton	June 17
Koenig Albert	Gibraltar	June 16
Chemnitz	Bremen	June 12
Appledore	Lisbon	June 11
Almirante	Kingston	June 20
Cristobal	Cristobal	June 19
Florisel	Halifax	June 23
Philadelphia	La Guayra	June 13
Creole	New Orleans	June 20

DUE TOMORROW.

Aquitania	Liverpool	June 20
Patria	Palermo	June 14
Baltic	Liverpool	June 18
Ancona	Palermo	June 15
El Rio	Galveston	June 20
Pawnee	Rotterdam	June 11
Mohawk	Jacksonville	June 23

DUE SATURDAY.

Savoia	Havre	June 20
Germania	Lisbon	June 16
Purelight	Rotterdam	June 15
Baron Jedburgh	Shields	June 12
Algonquin	Turks Island	June 22
Comowyne	Port of Spain	June 21
Algonquin	Turks Island	June 22

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

Mails Close. Vessels Sail.

Monte Peredo, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Suriname, Belize	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Virginia, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Irish Monarch, Pernambuco	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M
Pennsylvania, Hamburg	——	12:00 M.
Celtic, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
Venezia, Marseilles	——	3:00 P.M.
Oscar II., Christiansand	——	2:00 P.M.
Manchioneal, Jamaica	——	10:00 A.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Sud, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Philadelphia, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
San Francisco, Argentina	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Vigilancia, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Prins Willem V., Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Imperator, Hamburg	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Florizel, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Vestris, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	11:30 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Sigismund, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Indian Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, Bremen	——	10:00 A.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow	——	12:00 M.
Zeeland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Calabria, Naples	——	2:00 P.M.
Minneapolis, London	——	10:30 A.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Cid, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Ancon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JUNE 24.

SS Imperator, Hamburg to New York, was 193 miles E. at 9:30 A. M.; due 25th, forenoon. Hamburg-American Line.
SS Patria, Marseilles to New York, was 620 miles E. at noon; due 26th, forenoon. Fabre Line.
SS Ancona, Naples to New York, was 240 miles E. at noon; due 25th, forenoon. Italian Line.
SS Chemnitz, Bremen to New York, was 317 miles E. at noon; due 25th, afternoon. North German Lloyd.
SS St. Louis, Southampton to New York, was 349 miles E. at 9:30 A. M.; due 25th, forenoon. American Line.
SS President Lincoln, Hamburg to New York, was 743 miles E. at noon; due 25th, forenoon. Hamburg-American Line.
SS Aquitania, Liverpool to New York, was 890 miles E. at 7 P. M.; due 26th, forenoon. Cunard Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Brilliant, New Orleans to New York, was 216 miles S. E. of Mississippi Bar at noon.
SS Guiana, Barbados to New York, was 451 miles S. E. of Sandy Hook at 6 A. M.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, was 210 miles N. of Tybee at noon.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 229 miles S. at noon.
SS John D. Archbold, New Orleans to New York, was 59 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Illinois, Port Arthur to New York, was 147 miles E. of Sabine at 7 A. M.
SS Mississippi, Philadelphia to New York, was 85 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Philadelphia, San Juan to New York, was 173 miles S. at noon.
SS Guantanamo, Port Antonio to New York, was 232 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Perfection, Sabine to New York, was 221 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, was 491 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Almirante, Kingston to New York, was 332 miles S. at 8 P. M.
SS El Rio, Galveston to New York, was 319 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Iroquois, Galveston to New York, was 41 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 7 P. M.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, May 27; Yokohama, June 7, and Honolulu, June 16—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer China, were dispatched east on June 23, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, June 27.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Capt. W. H. Winters, Q. M. C., from duty as asst. to the Depot Q. M., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., for duty as asst. to Dept. Q. M. in Southern Dept.

2d Lt. R. E. Jones, 17 Inf., Eagle Pass, Tex., to Ft. McPherson, Ga., for temporary duty for seven days, after which he will comply with requirements of orders of June 8.

Major R. P. O'Connor, M. C., from Ft. Huachuca, Ariz., to Texas City, Tex., for duty with station at Ft. Clark, Tex.

Orders of May 27, directing 1st Lt. A. D. Budd, Ord. Dept., to take station at Phila., is amended to direct him to Frankford Arsenal.

Lt. Col. G. H. Cameron, Cav., to Ft. Myer, Vt., for duty with 5th Cav., from June 25 to July 21, after which he will resume his duties at the Army War College in this city.

Major T. L. Rhoads, Med. Corps, attending surgeon, June 24, at Ancon, Canal Zone, for duty in the Health Dept.

Major M. G. Spinks, C. A. C., to Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y., about June 26, for duty as observer of the 12-inch coast defense exercises there, then return to his station.

Leaves: Orders of June 22 amended to read as follows: 1st Lt. J. L. Walsh, C. A. C., 16 days, from relief from duty in this city; Lt. C. S. Bromwell, C. E., 5 days; Major C. E. Marrow, M. C., 20 days; 2d Lt. F. A. Doniat, Inf., 1 month's ext.; 2d Lt. C. A. Shephard, 13 Inf., 3 mos. and 15 days further ext., and sail for the Philippines about Nov. 5; 1st Lt. C. H. Mullet, 11 Cav., 20 days, and 2d Lt. R. E. Jones, 17 Inf., 2 mos.

Navy Orders.

Lt. Com. E. A. Brooks retired June 19.

Lt. H. F. Glover from works of E. W. Bliss Co., B'klyn, to the Montana.

Ens. P. Hendren from New Hampshire to Nav. Train Sta., Great Lakes, Ill.

Ens. Ira J. Roth from the Michigan to same.

Ens. C. A. Lockwood, Jr., from Great Lakes to Asiatic Station, via transport Aug. 5.

Asst. Surg. J. T. Boone, M. R. C., to Nav. Hosp., Portsmouth, N. H.

Ch. Gun. W. J. Creelman, the Florida, to Nav. Powder Depot, Lake Denmark, Dover, N. J.

The Panay has been stricken from the navy register.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Pompey and Ajax at Shanghai; Utah at N. Y. Yard; Rocket at Washington; Raleigh at Guayamas, and the McDougal at Newport.

Sailed—Missouri, Idaho, and Illinois, Gibraltar for Naples; Uncas, Norfolk for Annapolis; San Francisco, New Orleans for Tampico; Proteus, Hampton Roads for Vera Cruz; Denver, Guaymas for La Paz, and the Saratoga, Hankow for Nanking.

The Macdonough, at N. Y., to Boston, where she will take during the Summer the Washington, at Vera Cruz, ordered to Cape Haitien.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Jury calendar.
Case on—Werner<A W Nesbitt.
No day calendar.
Case on—Werner<A W Nesbitt.
DISTRICT COURT—Grubb, J.—Jury calendar. USA<Copper.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Naturalization calendar Chatfield, J.—At 9:30 A. M.
Admiralty Calendar—Veeder, J.—At 10 A. M.
McClennan Tran<Tugs Dr. G J Moser & E Trumpert.
Nelville<St Harlem River No 1.
Lippman<SS Wafeld.

STATE.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION.—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.
In re Brown (Haas.) Boekhoff<Am Hawaiian Line.
Crowley<Locomoitve Equip.
Bishop<Bishop.
In re Fredericksen & McGraw Co.
Conlan<Clauson Brew.
Block<Hamburg-Am Line.
Berger<Berger.
Kurak<McMullen.
Snare & Triest.
Baehr<Smith.
Turk<Maas.
Bloodgood<Rosen.
Irwin<Warren.
Sinclair<Sinclair.
Justice<Justice.
Same<Same.
Morse<Municip Utilities.
In re Loopesko (Linch.)
Steel Coal Co<Baker.
Harbeson-Walker Re Kitchen Imp Co.
Farenholtz<Meinschausen.
Pfeiffer<Pfeiffer.
Mitchell<Mainland.
Porter<Same.
Pfirstein<Iroquois Door.
Springs<McMillan.
Keddie<Provdt Loan.
Van Wagoner Linn Con Gas Co.
Hadley<Hadley.
Wallace<Cohen.
Barry<Mulhall.
Totten<VanRensselaer.
PART II.—Greenbaum, J.—Ex parte business—At 10:30 A. M.
PART III.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions:
Werneken<Werneken.
In re Pleasant Av.
Karpel<Karpel.
Zeggio<Robinson.
In re Spuyten Duyvil Road.
De Long<Mechanics', &c, Nat Bank.
In re W. 151 St. (2.)
Offenbacher<Waring.
Silberman<Silberman.
Ozim<Lieberman.
Tracy<Tracy.
Finn<Finn.
Berry<Berry.
American<American.
Meyers<Meyers.
Fuhrer<Fuhrer.
Stein<Stein.
Haas<Haas.
Dempewolf<Jonas.
Preferred causes.
PART IV.—Lehman, J., case on; Part V., Pendleton, J., case on.

TRIAL TERM.

PART II.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Lincoln Trust Co<Waddell & Mahon.
Geer & Co<Granger & Co.
Goldstein<Leary.
Terpezone Co<Knox Terpezone.
PART III.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M. case on.
Webb<Hemperly.
Bowser<Pitts Con.
PART IV.—Adjourned for the term.
PART V.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
McLean<Studebaker Bros Co.
Held<I R T.
Rosenberg<Goldstein.
PART VI.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M. case on.
Waldt<Gown Mfg.
Mangold<Mulcahy & Gibson.
PARTS VII., VIII., and IX.—Adjourned for the term.
PART X.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Disewski<Habb.
Mazzarella<Brady.
PART XI.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Lynn<Liebmann & Sanford.
Semplinski<H H Uris 1 Wks.
PART XII.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inquest—Gareleick<H View Con.
Case on.
PART XIII.—Adjourned for the term.
PART XIV.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Levison<Ill Surety.
Wechsler Rity<Am Bonding Co of Balt.
Wm D Bk<Devidow (9 cases.)
Cent Un Gas<Brown's
Potter<H P Wright & Co.
PART XV.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Katz<Katz.
Violett<Scott.
Solomon<B'hood of Painters.
PART XVI.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Gallagher & Shean<Barton.
Mitchell<Mainland.
Pfirstein<Iroquois Door.
Springs<McMillan.
Keddie<Provdt Loan.
Van Wagoner Linn Con Gas Co.
Hadley<Hadley.
Wallace<Cohen.
Barry<Mulhall.
Totten<VanRensselaer.
PART XVII.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Cases to be sent from Part II. for trial.
PART XVIII.—Guy, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Farley<Albert Buttner & Gaur Trust.
Renard Co<Std Acidt
Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:20 A. M.
Wills for probate:
Justina Grimm.
Harry W Goldwater.
Caroline G Stillard.
Sarah Michelman.
Judel Port.
TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.
Estates:
Magdalena Hermann.
J Ada Breaf.
Elizabeth V Ebert.
Marie D Van N Mac-Donough.
Marvin R Palmer.
Mary Stenger.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Green, J.—Litigated motions—At 10 A. M.
Campbell Photo Co<Leary.
Rudowitz<Kupferschmidt.
NY Butchers, &c<Vitolo.
Kight<Pearson.
Hoffman<Berger.
Wetzol<Cont. Motor Mfg. Co.
Martin<Sciafani.
Bimbo<Werthheimer.
Lasker<Lewis.
Keit<Winter Garden.
Same<Same.
Abbey<Dales Co.
Holland<Locomobile.
Kisinsky<Neuman.
Manzuk<Levy.
Cohen<Schwartz.
Hilzer<Jolland.
Agatstein<Stark, Spitzer & Co.
Etinson<Levin.
Landenberg<Welsner.
Pearl<Winham.
Blumstein<GlobeBread
Goldstein<Fishman.
Rubenstein<Gomolick.
Fishman<Strauss.
SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Pape<N Y Mail.
Donald SS<Lewis.
Barron<NY Rys.
Gallo<Henry Carter.
Mintz<Dudenson.
Reale<Martin.
Chiarchiaro<Cooney.
Loughran<5 Av Bldg.
Lehrer<Supre L K & J. of H.
U S Lumber<Keyes.
Liebman<Soforman.
Greenspan<Hollis.
Rosemier<Harburger.
Hamburg<Fuchs & Lang Mfg.
Ingalls<Hammond Typewriter.
Silberfeld<Richman.
Pittsburgh<Lurie.
Kunsman<Frenkel.
Greenhaus<Famous.
Voekell<Wolf.
Same<Same.
Weiss<Rabinowitz.
Case on.
PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Cases to be sent to Parts III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.
Greenwood<Carlisle.
Guiterman<Dixon.
Imp Rubber Prod<Esb.
Regan<F of Ireland.
Feinberg<Burley.
Quinn<Cheney.
Black<Invader Oil.
Manchester Rubber Co<Miller.
Littenberg<Goldberg.
Conery<Owen.
Rycroft<Miller.
Case on.
PART III., Lynch, J., case on; IV., O'Dwyer, J., clear; V., Smith, J., case on; VI., Finelite, J., clear; VII., Ransom, J., case on; VIII., Delehanty, J., case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—Sinclair<Keane—Ezekiel Fixman.
SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Crossin<Woolf—I. T. Flatto.
SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J.—Hughes<Stoutenburgh—Michael J. Egan.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—Philip Klein<Morris; Meltzer—Monroe Goldwater; Davidson<Mary Diamond—Julius Gaines.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Jenks, Thomas, Rich, Stapleton, Putnam, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar—At 1 P. M.
Smith<McKay.
McGoey<Boston Rwy. Condon<Const Co.
Fischer<Eyre.
Andrews<Cohen.
Sams<same.
People<Bruno.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Aspinall, J.—Motions.
Scheidel<Scheidel.
In re 71 St.
Sweeney<Couch.
O'Gara<Nass El RR.
Rhaskoff<same.
In re Wadsworth Av.
Burcke<Stoltzing.
People ex rel Aufrichtig<Cong Adath Isr.
Meier<Lichtman.
In re 48 St.
Johnston T&R J McLaughlin Co.
Johnston, T J<same.
In re Flatbush Av, (Ext 1 & 2.)
Wilshausen<Frazier.
Reitzer<B, Q Co & S Co.
Nelson<Nash et al.
Andreas<Killam.
Bd of Ed of M E Ch<Oetjen et al.
Herlacker<Herlacker.
Neidig<Neidig.
Gabriel<Rosenschein.
Harris<Harris.
In re 83d St. (Kane.)
In re 83d St. (Selb't.)
In re 83 St. (Nash.)
In re Av D. (Roseliebl)
Bialistozki<Bialistozki
Dunne<Galavan.
Singer<Shames et al.
Hippel<B H RR.
Goebler<same.
Whitcomb<Hill.
Del Genoveso<Del Genovese.
Shalkowitz<Shalk'witz
Ruzzo<Keller.
Faigle<Bockrath.
Zimmerman<Zim'man.
In re 3d Av. (Zelt.)
Klotz<Frucht.
In re Decker, (Consolvea.)
Razinas<Woods.
Molitter<Schneider.
Bklyn & Phila Rlty<Snow et al.
Kochersberger, P C<N Y & L I Trac (3 acts)
Archer<same.
Strebeigh (34 acts)<CNY.
Spitzer<Kunitz.
In re St John.
Guntz<Guntz.
In re Av Z.
Linton<Hall.
Bekman<Bush Term'l.
Farley<July Rlty.
Cowen<Pottberg et al.
Jacob<Muller et al.
In re Stack.
Bierschenk<Kelly & K
Crida<Goldfin.
Geiger<Bauerberg.
Cedar Auto<Friedman.
Meyer<Kahrion.
Smith<Herrmans.
Lounsbury<Gioacchini.
Leeper<Wchester Ry.
Graf<same, (2 acts.)
PART II.—Crane, J.—At 10 A. M.
PART III.—Kelly, J.—At 10 A. M.
Cuoco<Classon Bldg.
Schonberg<Frasch.

J. Lynskey, 884 Morris Av, quitclaim, May 29; attorneys, Bergman & D., 349 3d Av..$1
PROSPECT AV, 2,354, e s, 18.9x93.9; E. F. Moran, referee, to Beatrice S. B. Ziegel, 8 West 86th St, June 24; attorney, S. Wechsler, 233 Broadway.....$5,000
PROSPECT AV, s w corner of Oakland Place, 25x100; Moorehead Realty and Construction Co. to East 180th Street Building Corporation, 435 East 149th St, June 22, (mtg $22,000;) attorney, R. J. Illwitzer, 435 East 149th St.....$100
RANDALL AV, s s, 100 ft w of Amundson Av, 50x100; Allen B. Marsh to Benito Rovina, 100 West 57th St, June 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1
ROAD leading from Westchester to Eastchester, w s, at s e corner of this land, runs n w 1,075.10x n e 298.4x n e 31.1x s e 961.7x s w 292.9; Catherine Marrone to F. Paul A. Vaccarelli, 534 East 116th St, June 23; attorney, John Sontora, 201 Broadway.....$100
ROBBINS AV, n e corner of 149th St, 100x 105; Moorehead Realty and Construction Co. to East 180th Street Building Corporation, 435 East 149th St, (mtg $55,000,) June 23; attorney, R. J. Illwitzer, 435 East 149th St.....$100
RYER ST, n e s, Lots 398 to 400, part of farm of Charles Berrian; William Hodgson to John M. Ireland, 2,505 Creston Av, June 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....—
SEDGWICK AV, e s, 934.10 ft s from centre line of Monument 14, contains 21 602-1000 acres; John Claflin to Grange Realty Corporation, 83 State St, Albany, June 19; attorneys, White & C., 14 Wall St.....$1
SEDGWICK AV, e s, 95.11 ft s from centre line of Monument 14, strip from 2 to 6 inches x624.3; same to same, June 19; attorneys, White & C., 14 Wall St.....$1
SEDGWICK AV, e s, 262.3 ft s from centre line of Monument 14, 524.3x672x510.11x201.6 x471, contains 8 64-100 acres; Agnes Claflin et al to John Claflin, Jan. 14, 1902; attorneys, White & Co., 14 Wall St.....$1
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w corner of Avenue St. John, 100x50; McKeon Realty Company to Abraham E. Magnus, 836 Jefferson Av, Brooklyn, June 22, (mtg $68,500;) attorney, John J. Buckley, 80 Maiden Lane.....$100
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 36.10 ft n of Home St, 50x100; Moorehead Realty and Construction Co. to East 180th Street Building Corporation, 435 East 149th St, June 23, (mtg $36,000;) attorney, R. J. Illwitzer, 435 East 149th St.....$100
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, s w corner of 180th St, 99.9x irregular; Moorehead Realty and Construction Co. to East 180th Street Building Corporation, 435 East 149th St, June 23, (mtg $80,000;) attorney, R. J. Illwitzer, 435 East 149th St.....$100
TINTON AV, s e corner of 169th St, 80.10x 12.10x71x51.6; Walter G. Walsh, executor, to Walter J. Coggey and another, Hammonton, N. J., June 23; attorneys, Wolf & K., 203 Broadway.....$100
SAME PROPERTY; Thomas H. Coggey to same, quitclaim, June 13; attorneys, same.$1
SAME PROPERTY; Walter G. Walsh and others to same, June 12; attorneys, same.$100
WEBSTER AV, 1,273, w s, 36x100; also Webster Av, 1,263, w s, 36x100; Elizabeth Noble to Paul E. Missall, 1,267 Webster Av, June 23, (mtg $41,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway.....$100
SAME PROPERTY; Paul E. Missall to Elizabeth Nobis, 1,290 Webster Av, June 23, (mtg $41,000;) attorney, same.....$100
196TH ST, 304 East, s s, 25x100; Johanna Klein to Margaretha Wiegand, 304 Avenue A, June 22; attorney, Charles Brandt, Jr., 99 Nassau St.....$1
199TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of Elton Av, 110.10x irregular; Veronica G. Cunningham to Catherine T. Cunningham, 3,148 Perry Av, June 20; attorneys, Frees & McE., 3,029 3d Av.....$100
168TH ST, 762-8 East, s w s, 75x125; Moorehead Realty and Construction Co. to East 180th Street Building Corporation, 435 East 149th St, June 23, (mtg $56,000;) attorney, R. J. Illwitzer, 435 East 149th St.....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, e s; Avenue B, w s, from 89th St to 90th St, the block; the House of the Good Shepherd to Emigrant Ind. Sav. Bank, 51 Chambers St, June 22, 1 year, 4½ p. c.; attorney, M. J. Scanlan, 51 Chambers St.....$60,000
BROOME ST, n e corner of Mangin St, 50x 75, prior mtg $37,000; Leonora Klinger to Arthur G. Schaffner, 1,311 Dean St, Brooklyn, June 15; due April 1, 1917, 6 p. c.....$10,000
DIVISION ST, s s, 211.6 ft e of Montgomery St, 21.10x42.5; Meyer Lemonik to Annie Kowasky, 14 Avenue D, June 23, prior mtg $7,500, due July 1, 1918, 6 p. c.....$3,000
LEXINGTON AV, s w corner of 92d St, 78.8x63.4x irregular x30; Harry C. Hart to Union Trust Co. of New York, 80 Broadway, June 15, due June 1, 1919, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Roelker, B. & S., 62 William St.....$50,000
MERCER ST, w s, 201.4 ft n of Broome St, 24.10x100; Convent Park Construction Company to Maurice Rabinowitz, 581 West 161st St, June 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Richard Welling, 2 Wall St.....$3,500
PEARL ST, n w corner of Ferry St, 24x 100; Richland Realty Co. to Rosine Fassin, 108 Lexington Av, June 23, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$16,000
PEARL ST, 9, 11, and 12, n e s, 119.4x—; Pearl St, 10, 12½, and 14, 19.6x—; Gertrude Dollard to Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway, ¼ part, June 23, due as per bond.....$6,000
SAME PROPERTY; Katharine Dollard to same, June 23, ⅛ part, due as per bond.....$6,000
11TH AV, s w corner of 57th St, 20x100; John Mullen to Elizabeth T. Lauri and another, Ponce, Porto Rico, June 23, due as per bond; attorney, F. B. Vermilyea, 9 Nassau St.....$12,500
41ST ST, s s, 100 ft w of 9th Av, 41.8x98.9; Louis Pflugner to Warren W. Erwin & Co., 26 Beaver St, June 12, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Warner & Korb, 27 Cedar St.....$3,500
83D ST, 37 East, n s, 50 ft e of Madison Av, 18x102.2, prior mtg $25,000; Sarah J. Walker to George W. Millar, 163 West 12th St, April 14, 1913, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Isaac Fromme, 256 Broadway.....$2,000
84TH ST, n s, 174 ft w of 3d Av, 48x102.2; Elizabeth C. Galbraith to Emilie J. Murray, 221 West 130th St, due as per bond, June 24; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway.....$35,000

Bronx.

BARNES AV, 1,865, w s, 25x100; Annie Kawcsoye to Herman Parkus, 823 Fox St, June 22, due Jan. 22, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. H. Wurtzel, 132 Nassau St.....$600
JACKSON AV, 648 and 650, s e s, 50x104; Herman Menaker et Sol Hoffman, 1,140 Madison Av, June 23, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$45,000
JACKSON AV, 822, e s, 20.11x87.6; James G. Patton to Mary S. Crowell, Atlantic Highlands, N. J., June 24, 5 years; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$2,300
LOT 27, Block 59, map of Morris Park; John W. Pettit to Morris Park Estates, 25 Broad St, June 19, due July 9, 1916; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$725
ROAD leading from Westchester to East Chester, w s, at s e corner of this land, 1,075.10x298.4x31.1x961.7x292.9; F. Paul Vaccarelli to Catherine Marrone, 121 St. Nicholas Av, June 23, 5 years; attorney, Jesse G. Rose, 128 Broadway.....$24,000
SPUYTEN DUYVIL PARKWAY, w s, 115 ft n of 231st St, 123.11x156.11; Along the Hudson Co. to Fidelity Trust Co., 1 Hudson St, June 23, due July 1, 1917; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$15,000
TINTON AV, s e corner of 169th St, 80.10x 12.10x71x51.6; Walter J. Coggey and another to Laura S. Heilner and others, executors, 35 West 90th St, June 8, 5 years; attorneys, Wolf & K., 203 Broadway.$13,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

BROADWAY, 1,587, and 1,589, corner store; Silk Realty Co. to Henry Alexander, 215 West 98th St, 21 years from July 1, 1914; attorney, E. L. Jacobs, 31 Nassau St.....$17,500
42D ST, 356 West, ground floor; Maria Dunseith to Louis Group, 540 East 149th St, 5 years from Aug. 1, 1914; attorney, Sidney L. Warsawer, 314 West 42d St.....$1,000
53D ST, 551 West, all; William B. Schuman to Joseph Gang, 563 West 55th St, 10 years from Aug. 1, 1914; attorney, Chris Schierloh, 774 9th Av.....$480
64TH ST, 215 East, all; Loretta N. Disken to Isaac Diamond and another, 1,332 Bristow St, 5 9-12 years from Aug. 1, 1914; attorney, Samuel B. Pollak, 233 Broadway.....$1,200
82D ST, 310 East, all; William Seitz, Jr., and another to Joseph Saz and others, 310 East 82d St, 10 years from March 1,-1914; attorney, Nathan Levy, 60 Wall St.....$1,500

Bronx.

HOME ST, 921-5, all; Carmine Construction Co. to David L. Fallg, 1,400 Longfellow Av, 5 years from June 1; attorney, David L. Fallg, 923 Home St.....$5,650

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 81st St, 102.1x 220.4; N. Reisler Iron Works, Inc., against estate of Adolph Bernheimer, owner; Fulton Building Co., Inc., lessee; Fleischmann Bros. Co., contractor.....$6,363
BROADWAY, 2,248 to 2,258, and 21st St, 210 to 220 West; Hoffman & Ellas against William I. Walter, Rosie Bernheimer, and Lehman Bernheimer, trustees, &c., owners; Fulton Building Co., Inc., lessee; Fleischmann Bros. Co., contractor.....$4,567
BROADWAY, s e corner of 81st St, Pietrowski & Konop Co. against William I. Walter, Rosie Bernheimer and Lehman Bernheimer, trustees, &c., owners; Fulton Building Co., lessee; Fleischmann Bros. Co., contractor.....$5,358
SAME PROPERTY; Gaites, Peace & Co. against same.....$1,000
45TH ST, 7 to 11 West; Empire City Iron Works against Forty-fifth-st Street Realty Co., owner; Fleischmann Bros. Co., contractor.....$1,240
137TH ST, 259 West; Louis L. Goldbaum against Laura Opper, owner and contractor.....$40
201ST ST, s s, 300 ft e of Academy St, 200x 150; Eugene J. McVey against United Electric Light and Power Co., owner; A. Schwoerer & Sons, Inc., contractors...$1,674

Bronx.

ROMBOUT AV, n w corner of Conner Av, 303.8x89.10; Domenico De Filippo against Truro Construction Co., Inc., owner; Vincenzo Serritella, contractor.....$836
PROSPECT AV, 1,919 to 1,925; Henry G. Volkmar against George and Anna Barthold, owners and contractors.....$85
3D AV, 2,962 and 2,964; United States Vault Light Co. against Harry Weaver, owner; Simpson-O'Toole Co., contractor.....$150

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BECK ST, s s, 100 ft w of Avenue St John; Frax & Lambert against Ostro Construction Co. and others, Nov. 3, 1913, (by bond).$267
BOWERY, 292; Brooklyn Vault Light Co. against Meyer Senft and others, Feb. 4, 1914.....$125
5TH AV, 424 to 434; Crooke Heating and Ventilating Co., Inc., against Frank V. Burton and others, Feb. 26, 1914, (by bond).....$6,304
SAME PROPERTY; Elevator Supply and Repair Co. against same, Feb. 28, 1914, (by bond).....$15,337

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner of 106th St, 47.10x100; Postal Life Insurance Co. against W. F. Burns Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. C. Lockwood.
FULTON ST, 216, and other property in Ulster and Kings Counties; in the matter of Samuel B. Corning, an alleged incompetent, (action to appoint commission, &c.;) attorney, G. R. Hawe.
MOUNTAIN ROAD, e of centreline, 60 ft n of 208th St, runs w to w s of Mountain Road, x485.4 to Hudson River x n 203.2 to 20th St x e 533x e —x s 199.11 to beginning, containing two acres and three hundred and ten one-thousandths of an acre; Lots 5, 6 and 7, parts of, map of property of Samuel Thomson, 12th Ward; Postal Life Insurance Co. against Ursula C. Burns and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. C. Lockwood.
SPRING ST, s w corner of Sullivan St, 25x 75; M. Groh's Sons against Gerardo Santarsieri and others, (action to restrain transfer of lease, &c.;) attorney, T. F. Gogh.
ST. NICHOLAS AV, 454; Rachel Silverman against Frederick Frenz and others, (specific performance;) attorney, D. J. Gladstone.
11TH AV, e s, 98.9 ft s of 29th St, 98.9x 100; Euphemia S. Coffin against Henry Behr and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. Coffin.
58TH ST, s s, 175 ft w of 7th Av, 25x100.5; Simson Wolf and others against Ninth Real Estate Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Kohn.
91ST ST, s s, 148 ft w of 3d Av, 27x100.8; Henry McC. Bangs against Mary E. McCormack and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.
134TH ST, 10 East; Emma Davidson against Mary Diamond and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. B. Davis.

Bronx.

BASSFORD AV, w s, 95.5 ft n of 182d St, 56.7x71.8; Harlem Savings Bank against Corgil Realty Co., Inc., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. S. Clinch.
EAST SIDE; all lands now or formerly belonging to Baxter estate, 142 ft s of road from Westchester to Pelham, (2;) Eastern Boulevard, n w corner of Arnow Av, 3x irregular; Sarah Rosenberg against Samuel Cohen and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Joseph.
HUGHES AV, e s, 49.10 ft n of 183d St, 50x50.2; Grace C. Marin against Ann Mc-Guire and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Martin & Howe.
JENNINGS ST, n w corner of Charlotte Place, 34.9x100.2; Israel Karp and others against Joseph Krimsky and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. L. Bernstein.

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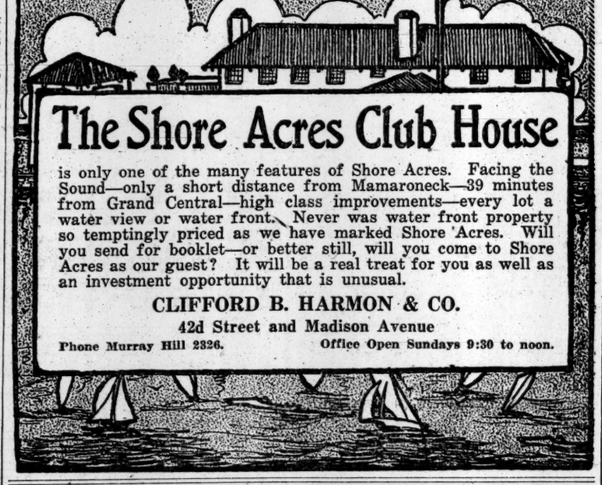

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REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER, BROKER AND APPRAISER.

156 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Telephone Cortlandt 1547.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BACK RENTS Collected

No Charge Unless Successful

STANDARD ADJUSTMENT CO.

Flatiron Building. Tel. 5554 Gramercy

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A Lovely Home

Mapleton Park, Brooklyn

On New Subway

Semi-detached; 7 rooms and bath; steam heat, parquet floors, hardwood trim; elegantly decorated; electric lights, sewer; $5,750; $200 down; 20 years' time; $30 monthly; details mailed.

Alex Building Co.

60 A Liberty St., N. Y. Phone Cort. 2352.

New 1 & 2 Family, Stone & Brick

hardwood; $4,675 to $6,500; no assessments; will take single lot free and clear part payment. 370 Elderts Lane, Brooklyn. Rent 1-fam., $35; 2-fam., $22-$24. Fleer Bros. Write.

$4,800—WORTH $6,000

New 2-family brick, 11 rooms and 2 baths; separate entrance and heating plants, electric light, parquet floors; sewer connection; plot 20x125; tenant guaranteed; easy terms. J. D. RANCK, 110 Av. I. Phone Midwood 6652.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Beautiful New Stucco Dwelling

Old English "Tudor" Style.

Choice location, high ground, extensive views, hollow tile construction; red tile roof; 11 rooms, 3 baths, sleeping porches, &c.; handsomely decorated throughout; reasonable price; convenient terms.

15 Minutes From Herald Square

Via Penn.-L. I. Electric Express Service.

Kew Gardens

Surrounding Kew Station.

In the Beautiful Hills of Kew.

Many other new houses ready for occupancy from $9,500 to $22,500. We offer also villa plots of exceptional beauty on reasonable terms. Information on request from JOHN J. BRITTON, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., N. Y. Telephone Greeley 5250 and 5251. Representative at Kew Gardens office at Kew Station every day. Convenient trains to Kew: Leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Av., via L. I. R. R. Week Days—8:16, 9:07, 9:31, 10:19, 11:05, 12:00 A. M.; 12:40, 1:07 (Saturday only), 2:06, 3:00, 3:36, 4:03, 4:29, 5:00, 5:15, 5:37 P. M. Sundays—8:24, 9:46, 10:41, 11:18 A. M.; 12:36, 1:08, 2:30, 3:03, 4:04, 5:25 P. M. Returning at frequent intervals

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

To effect a quick sale will sacrifice magnificent property on the north shore of Long Island, near enough for all water sports and still in the highest section for all-year home; shade trees on the place worth more than my price; ideal location and fine investment; to close deal at once will take $425; $35 cash; balance in 5 years. Brand, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Rockville Centre.—Must and will sell 7-room house at a sacrifice; near station; all improvements; plot 40x100; price $4,200; $500 cash will be acceptable. M. Joseph, 1,476 Broadway.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Bargain—$6,500; very easy terms, beautiful country home; very large shaded grounds, fine trees; elevation 800 feet; 10 rooms, unusually large living room; open fireplaces, two baths, butler's pantry, huge veranda, open terrace; electricity, steam heat; all city conveniences; superb views; fishing, boating; 44 minutes on Lackawanna Railroad; near station; lake, schools, country club, tennis courts. unparalleled country advantages; near New Address A. D. BROWN, Box 695 Times Downtown.

Ridgewood, N. J.—Thirty minutes from New York. I have built and offer two attractive, small houses; also few choice lots, upon which I will assist buyer seeking permanent home to finance and build. I have set out shade and fruit trees, hedges, bushes, and small fruits. These lots, being adjacent to my residence, will be restricted as to character of improvements. F. J. Helderich, Accountant, 80 Broadway, New York. (Tel. 4794 Rector,) and Ridgewood, N. J.

Six-room cottage at Westfield, N. J., price $4,300; very easy terms; country home, with all city advantages; large plot for vegetable garden, room for 200 chickens; send for photograph. Home and Garden Company, H. C. Lockwood, Agent, Woolworth Building, New York.

Fanwood, N. J.—Large farm plot, containing 20 city lots, to be sold on a monthly payment of $10; price for entire plot, $1,200; makes splendid chicken farm; big bargain; send for particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York.

A good farm, 65 acres, 15 woodland; brownstone house; all improvements; barns, outbuildings; macadamized street; excellent neighborhood; attractive location; convenient commuters' station; photos. Stevens & Tetor, Ridgewood, N. J.

Cottages and semi-bungalows; fine location; 5 minutes from station; large plots; all improvements; guaranteed to please; one visit will convince; may be rented with purchase option. Send for photos. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

FARM home for commuter, near Lackawanna station, hour out; 8 rooms, tiled bath, steam heat, electric light, town water; 80 fruit trees; grounds 100x350. Beautiful views from piazza and all rooms. Price, $6,200; easy terms. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

Astonishing Bargain.—Charming bungalow with rustic porch, beautiful shade; $650; fascinating mountain scenery and river; good fishing, boating, bathing; communication, 13 cents; 30 minutes. Address owner, 79 Times Downtown.

For Sale.—Sacrifice; Hoboken, N. J., 132 Park Av., 13-room house; rented; improvements; basement; large front lawn; 4 minutes tube; $5,400; part cash. G. Elwood Jones, 172 Lawrence St., Paterson, N. J.

Beautiful Fanwood, N. J.—Cottages for sale on easy monthly payments; pictures and floor plans, prices, terms, &c., upon request. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building, New York.

Red Bank—Country home; famous Rumson Road; two acres shady grounds; house nine rooms, bath, gas; owner needs money; sacrifice, $3,600. Morehouse & Ford, Red Bank, N. J.

Real Opportunity—To rent, at $35, new nine-room semi-bungalow, 5 minutes station; large plot, fine section; every improvement. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

At Mountain Lakes.—A bargain worth $6,500, will sell for $5,500; cash down $500, balance on easy terms. Edward J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

River front, 700 ft.; fishing, boating; hour out; near station; 6½ acres; no buildings; $2,500; easy terms. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

For Sale—Small factory and private house, brick; will sell at sacrifice to quick buyer. W. Mallett, 138 Central Av., Jersey City, N. J.

ASBURY PARK, ALLENHURST, DEAL. Furnished cottages for rent. W. C. Burroughs, Asbury Park, N. J.

Asbury Park to Long Branch; Summer homes. Jacob A. King, 206 Broadway, N. Y.

New York State—For Sale or To Let

DESIRABLE country home, 12 room house, outbuildings; 3 acres; 131 miles from New York; 2,000 feet altitude; ideal location, adjoining lake. M. M. Gilmore, Livingston Manor, Sullivan Co., N.Y.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

GREENWICH.—Gentleman's country estate, 8 acres; beautifully parked; house, 20 rooms, overlooking the Sound; 4 baths, garage, gardener's cottage. Satisfactory terms. No exchange considered. C 55 Times.

Water-front plot for sale at attractive price, near Sound Beach, 105x150; all improvements. Terms. Thomas J. Good, 505 Fifth Av.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

Narragansett Pier Casino.—Broker's office to rent, with board in place. Apply W. Herbert Caswell, Narragansett Pier, R. I.

England—For Sale or To Let.

ENGLAND.

Ancient, genuine monastic mansion, date 1445; London 3 hours (dining trains;) stone buildings, good sanitation; 375 feet above sea; freehold; 39 acres; $65,000; no agents. Details and pictures, G. S. 62, Gray's Inn Road, London, England.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

Bronx.

244 Field Place, (Grand Concourse and Boulevard.)—Private house; ten rooms; pantry, tiled bathroom, electric lights; garage and ample ground; good transit facilities; rent $65, to a responsible party; open for inspection, 2 to 5 P. M. Owner, Thomas O'Neill, 809 Broadway. Tel. 4945 Worth.

Mortgage Loans.

Thirty-five cents a line.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

Country Property

Thirty cents a line.

To Let—Furnished.

Fire Island, between ocean and Great South Bay; eight-room furnished cottage; most delightful and restful spot on this coast. Iskiyan, 350 Madison Av. Murray Hill 5892.

Lake Sunapee, N. H.—For rent furnished or for sale, 11-room, charming modern cottage; tennis court; fine bathing beach; two sleeping bungalows on grounds of three acres. Address Mrs. Newlin, Enfield, Conn.

$500 for season; best location Floral Park; 10 rooms, all improvements; large shade trees, lawn, vegetable garden; near station and trolley. Owner, Box 115, Floral Park, Long Island.

Furnished six rooms, bath, open fireplace, large piazza, electricity, improvements; fine location; reasonable rent; bathing. Briggs, Rowayton, Conn.

Rent reduced; lovely place; shady lawn; near water; 12-room furnished house; garage; sell cheap; Mamaroneck, N. Y. Phone 124R before 2. Fox 656.

Galilee, Monmouth Beach, N. J.—Great bargain, furnished cottage, Ocean Av.; 3 minutes' walk to station; $350. Rerrie.

To Let.—Cottages on ocean front; $300 up. D. W. Clark, Humorock, Mass.

Wanted.

Wanted, July, August, furnished house with grounds; 10 or more bedrooms; modern improvements; near R. C. Church; house on or near water preferred; rent must be moderate. C. B., Times Harlem.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

To Sublet—Whole or part of suite; 2 large and 3 small offices and private hall; light on three sides; 11th floor, Times Building; most convenient location in New York; big concession. A. & O., 1101 Times Bldg., city.

ATTRACTICE CORNER OFFICE, Hudson Terminal Building, furnished or unfurnished; immediate possession. For further particulars apply to W. A. Pusch, telephone 1741 Hamilton.

ON BROADWAY IN THE THIRTIES. Will sublet at tremendous sacrifice, entire floor, modern elevator corner bldg., size 75 x 85; will divide to suit. Address Showrooms, 94 Times.

Broadway, N. E. Cor. 39th St. Splendid Light Offices. Special Summer rates.

In the Times Square section; modern loft building. J. B. Wohlfarth, 507 5th Av.

Offices, large, light, clean, newly renovated, $18. 109 Broad St. Apply premises.

Storage

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3 moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-606 West 50th. Telephone 2667 Bryant.

ANSONIA STORAGE CO.

Moving, packing, and shipping; automobile vans for long-distance moving; let us estimate. Send postal 137-139 West 90th St., or Telephone 3062 or 3053 Riverside.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

Country Board

Thirty cents a line.

Staten Island.

Refined boarders wanted in private house, St. George Heights; large grounds, shrubbery; overlooking bay; five minutes from ferry. 51 Hyatt St., New Brighton.

Private family will take two paying guests; beautiful grounds, sea views, tennis, riding; near ferry. G 293 Times Downtown.

Westchester County.

KINMONT, OVERLOOKING HUDSON. Large lawn with deep, cool shade, where worries blow away; large connecting rooms; airy veranda; excellent table. Telephone 908, Miss Lane, 182 North Broadway, Yonkers.

Business woman desiring to commute can find ideal home, $12.50 weekly, by communicating with W 22, Times.

Long Island.

The coolest spot within 100 miles of New York is only 30 minutes from Broadway; commutation, $7.50 month; finest, safest ocean beach; glorious bathing; select boarding house; 100 high-class guests; offers beautiful rooms, bountiful table; room and board, $10 a week; two in one room, $20-$25; white service; Christian management. THE STAFFORD, GASTON AV., ARVERNE-BY-THE-SEA, N. Y. PHONE 415 HAMMELS.

EXCLUSIVE BOARDING.

Capacity limit, 10; rates, $15 to $20 per week. Mrs. Wilmot M. Smith, Patchogue, L. I.

Private cottage; exceptional Summer home; best residential section; five minutes' walk to beach; same distance to Edgemere Station; all modern improvements; excellent table service; special season rates. Address "Brackenridge," Atlantic Av., corner Cedar Av. Telephone 596 Far Rockaway.

STEIN'S "THE CEDARS," ATLANTIC AV., Edgemere, L. I.—Charmingly situated, modern improvements; several choice rooms open for season's booking; moderate rates. Telephone.

EUREKA HOUSE—S. TALLEY, PROP. CEDAR AVENUE—FAR ROCKAWAY. Perfect home; spacious grounds; table best; boating, fishing. Refined people only. Moderate terms.

BAY SHORE, L. I.

Beautiful country home on Great South Bay; sailing, bathing, fishing; excellent table; delightful surroundings; $12 up. Box 114.

Furnished rooms with plain table board; adults only. Call before 12 A. M. or after 6 P. M. 60 Holland Pier, Rockaway Beach.

Beechhurst—Bathing, boating, fishing; only half hour's ride from Pennsylvania station, N. Y.; private family. L 66 Times.

For Rent—Few choice rooms in private family; cottage at Sea Gate; references required; Americans. W 155 Times.

New York State.

BROOKLAWN LODGE, Warrensburg, N. Y. —Farmhouse; near village; ideal location; first-class; abundant table; fishing, bathing, &c.; terms, $8-$10.

PLEASANT VIEW HOUSE, Dover Plains, Dutchess County. — 100 acres; excellent board; modern; $8-$9. Kayser, 520 W. 122d.

New Jersey.

THE MIRAMAR, MONMOUTH BEACH, N. J. GALILEE STATION, C. R. R. N. J.—1½ hours N. Y.; beautiful, up-to-date place; directly on ocean; every modern convenience; suites with bath; select French-German-American table; SEASON RATES; bathing, fishing; garage. HUGO HANF, Prop., 2275 Monmouth Beach.

OAK BLUFF INN.—Select small boarding house on Deal Lake. Motor boats and canoes free to guests. Four blocks from ocean; reasonable rates. WATERS BROTHERS.

Country board on the farm; good table; healthful surroundings; our own products used; $7 week. Address Mrs. W. S. Clark, R. F. D. 2, Box 61, Allendale, N. J.

Couple owning their cottage will take few refined people to board for Summer. Mrs. H. Campbell, 12 North Victoria Place, Ventnor, N. J.

Woodcliff Lake, N. J.—Wanted, few select boarders; week-end parties; beautiful home; modern; magnificent view; 10 station. M. Keeler.

New England.

Enjoy perfect rest; cuisine Parisienne; permanent; week ends. Rosemary Cottage, Fairfield, Conn.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av, 1, 2 AND 3 ROOMS
Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.

Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40, elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, 72d and 73d Sts.
Furnished Apartments,
6, 8 and 9 rooms,
2 and 3 baths.
Possession at once. Summer rates.
See Manager, 175 West 72d St.
Telephone, Columbus 3547.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, near 114th St.—Gem of 5 rooms and foyer; furnished complete; 2 baths; beautiful view of river; east and west exposure; will rent July, August, September, $150 monthly; references exchanged. Address Box 559, 1,364 Broadway.

New, elaborately furnished, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, high-class elevator apartments; reduced lowest Summer rates, $5, $12.50 weekly. Windermere, 343 St. Nicholas Av., corner 127th.

39th, 52 West.—Two rooms and bath; extension room; 8 windows; easterly, westerly, south-exposure; delightfully cool; electricity; telephone extension; immediate possession.

Studio apartment, delightfully cool; attractively furnished; 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity, telephone; possession June. 62 South Washington Square.

Hill Top, Washington Heights.—Three rooms, July, August, $25. Phone 4720 Audubon. Call 601 West 164th St. Apartment 53.

51st St., 72 West.—Two rooms and bath; all improvements; business people; Summer rate.

Two rooms and private bath; breakfast if desired; one block from Subway and "L." 65 Central Park West. 4488 Col.

Sacrifice 2, 3, 4 rooms, opposite Columbia; exquisitely furnished; first-class house. 434 W. 120th. Morningside 8440. Apt. 5A.

111TH ST., 521 WEST.—Daintily furnished four-room apartment; elevator, Subway. Apartment 54.

5 West 16th St.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; service, 'phone, electricity; $40 to $60 monthly.

12th St., 82 West.—Two rooms, bath, and kitchen in modern elevator apt; $35 per month. Apt. L.

Corner apartment, 6 outside rooms; beautifully furnished. 49 Claremont Av., corner 119th.

82 West 123d.—Two rooms, bath, $32; including maid service, piano, light.

East Side.

35th St., 11 East.—Unusually attractive studio apartment, newly furnished; one room and bath, kitchenette; electric light, linen; complete; private entrance.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

To sublet, elevator apartment, six rooms; all outside; dining room 14x18; other rooms in proportion; six weeks free; possession July 1. Apartment 5D, 974 St. Nicholas Av.

Apartments 1, 2, 3 rooms and bath, 26 West 43d St. Apply D. R. Jamieson, 500 5th Av.

1,911 Anthony Av.—Six large, light, outside rooms and bath; all improvements; $38.

85 Old Broadway.—Four large, light rooms and bath: hot-water supply; $16.

38-40 West 98th.—Apartments, 4-5 rooms; improvements; cheap rent; near L.

169 West 80th, near Subway and L; 8 rooms, bath; improvements. Janitor.

East Side.

Madison Av., 1,787, (near 118th St.)—Seven rooms, bath; steam heat and hot water; $31.

Madison Av., 1,765.—Six large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $21.

124th, 314 East.—Seven large, light rooms and bath, heat, &c.; newly decorated; $26.

124th, 104 East.—Seven large, light rooms and bath; newly decorated; rent $20.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 47 (Opposite First Presbyterian Church).—Very desirable, cool rooms; transients and permanent; every convenience; table guests.

15TH ST., 210 EAST.—Newly renovated rooms, first floor; home cooking; telephone; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 965, (near 70th St.)—Large, small room; electricity; phone; table guests.

MADISON AV., 156, near 34th.—Rooms with superior table; transients accommodated; references.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

16TH ST., 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

53D, 57 WEST.—First-class rooms; board; excellent transportation; reduced rates; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.

Single, double rooms; Summer rates; references.

56TH ST., 332 WEST.—Double, single rooms; excellent board; table guests; references; telephone.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Large, airy rooms to rent for Summer; references required.

57TH ST., 331 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms, private bath; board; reference; telephone.

57TH ST., 411 WEST.—Choice accommodations; single rooms, $7.50; large rooms, $10; superior cuisine.

57TH, 323 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room, second floor front; excellent table; reference.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, running water; excellent table; moderate.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Elegant floor; front and rear balcony; something rarely offered; beautifully appointed house; private bath, electricity.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Desirable room, well appointed house; Southern cooking; careful attendance.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second floor; double, single rooms; private bath; room telephone.

72D, 253 WEST.—Cool, single room; southern exposure; superior table; awnings; reasonable.

72D, 265 WEST.—Cool double and single rooms, superior table; subway express.

73D ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable rooms near Subway and elevated express; table board; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Nineteenth year; large, small rooms; baths; excellent table; ref.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large, front, cool room; table guests; refined neighborhood; references.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.

Desirable cool, airy rooms; excellent table.

77TH ST., 124 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; ideal Summer location; unusual house and table; table guests; Summer rates.

77TH, 266 WEST.—Beautiful room; all conveniences; excellent table; Summer rates; Subway; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; Summer rates, high class.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST, (Riverside Drive, Central Park).—Cool, comfortable; a satisfactory home for refined people; new high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; advantageous rentals now.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable, cool, quiet rooms; electricity; ideal location; generous table.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Cool rooms, single, en suite, private bath, excellent cuisine, Summer rates.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Cool, homelike, single, en suite, private bath. Summer rates.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large room, private bath, and others; telephone; extremely moderate.

82D, 55 WEST.—Two large front rooms, adjoining bath; medium room; reasonable.

82D, 54 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; private baths; excellent table; Summer rates.

83D ST., 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; cool, quiet; permanent, transients; table excellent.

83D ST., 17 WEST.—High-class Jewish house, excellent table; home surroundings; table guests.

87TH ST., 70 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; references; table guests.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Large, small rooms, near Park; table boarders; telephone; reference.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Large room, with or without private bath; excellent cuisine; reasonable.

113TH, 544 WEST.—Single and double rooms; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractively situated large and small front rooms; table guests.

115TH ST., 604 WEST. (Riverside.)—Large rooms; elevator apartment; couple, two young men. Peters.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Desirable Summer location; rooms, with or without private baths; electricity.

160TH WEST, (25 Fort Washington Av.)—South room; river view. Apartment 4.

IF ALL could know our place, and, about beautiful, healthful, Washington Heights, we would not be able to accommodate every applicant. even had we 800 rooms instead of 80.

THE AUDUBON.

A select private family hotel, offers first-class hotel accommodations at boarding house prices; out-of-town visitors accommodated. Tel. Audubon 2757. Office 544 W. 149th St., near Broadway and beautiful Riverside, four short blocks from Broadway Subway station.

ALLIANCE HOTEL, 258-260 West 44th, offers comfortably furnished rooms and board, moderate prices; quiet place for quiet people; special rate to permanent guests.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 227.—Bachelors want gentleman join them, cool apartment; nice room, good board; investigate; rates reasonable. Borg.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583, (near 137th St. Subway.)—Room and board; home cooking. Apartment 34.

ROCKHURST.—Country in city limits; high, cool, shady piazzas; grounds; country club opposite. Lesley, (Kingsbridge 104 M.) Spuyten Duyvil.

THE WOODBURY, 855 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds. Audubon 4412.

Board Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

CHRISTIAN young man desires board with private American family, in Washington Heights vicinity. W 161 Times.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

11TH ST. AND BROADWAY, ST. DENIS HOTEL, OPPOSITE GRACE CHURCH.—SUMMER RATES, $5 WEEKLY; BATH, TELEPHONE; HOTEL SERVICE; special concessions to ladies.

17TH, 130 EAST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms, en suite or single; transients.

19TH, 151 EAST, (Fairfax Arms.)—Elegant rooms; high-class elevator house; bath, telephone; all night service; light and airy; refined surroundings; moderate rates.

19TH ST., 134 EAST.—Two comfortable large connecting rooms, bath, telephone; private family; references.

29TH, 118 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms; private family; all conveniences; telephone.

81ST, 18 EAST.—Single room, $3.50; other rooms reasonable; bath and phone; 2 blocks from Hudson tube, Subway, Broadway, and 4th Av. car lines.

84TH, 117-119 EAST (Near Park Ave.).—Double and single rooms, with board.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome room; private bath; single rooms; Summer rates; telephone.

74TH, 156 EAST.—Kitchen and dining room; running water; hall room; convenient; telephone service.

93D, 31 EAST.—Two elegantly furnished rooms; private house; private family; breakfast; references.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

West Side.

5TH AV., 23.—Large room, suitable two; hot and cold water; references.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite; single; transit facilities unsurpassed; electricity; references.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; private baths; Summer rates. Telephone 1821 Stuyvesant.

10TH ST., 17 WEST.—Cool rooms; single or en suite; running water, electricity, telephone; breakfast; reasonable rates. Mrs. Bean.

11TH, 35 WEST.—Nice, cool, large rooms; also small; fine surroundings; phone; references.

18TH, 104, (West of 6th Av.)—Square and hall rooms; bath convenient.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; room and suites, with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

36TH ST., 40 WEST. — Comfortable hall rooms; running water; bath; $4, $4.50.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; small ones; telephone 2295 Bryant.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Fine large single front room, every convenience; reasonable; select household.

47TH ST., 26 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. Bryant 4589.

52D, 55 WEST.—Small room, hot and cold running water; bath, telephone; gentlemen only; references.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large, cool, airy room, private bath; small room; reasonable.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

55TH ST., 49 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; private bath; reasonable; gentlemen.

56TH ST., 336 WEST.—Suite or single; one flight front; select apartment. Jensen.

58TH, 337 WEST.—Large parlor; telephone, piano; running water; $8; other rooms, $3; new house.

58TH ST., 360 WEST.—Three-room housekeeping apartment; other rooms; elevator; telephone; homelike; reasonable. Edwards.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Connecting rooms; private bath; large single rooms; modern conveniences; gentlemen.

70TH, 206 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; also parlor floor; reasonable.

71ST ST., 135 WEST.—DOUBLE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS, ELECTRICITY; SINGLE ROOMS: SUMMER PRICES.

71ST, 75 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, single or en suite; electricity, telephone; references. Morris.

71ST, 227 WEST.—Large, cool, front rooms; every convenience; near Subway express station.

73D ST., (Near Broadway.)—Room in private family for business gentleman. L 22 Times Annex.

73D ST., 138 WEST.—Exceptionally cool single, double rooms; refined environment; Summer rates.

75TH, 102 WEST. — Two large adjoining rooms, just furnished; modern apartment; Summer rates. Apt. 25.

COOL ROOMS.

76TH, 135 WEST.—Attractive rooms; one private bath; suitable physician; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 171 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, large front room; continuous hot water; electricity; references.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Front room; electric light; running water, adjoining bath; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Desirable large rooms; all conveniences; Summer rates; references.

77TH ST., 301 WEST.—Large, light, newly furnished rooms; single and double; convenient Subway; breakfast. Tel. 9959 Schuyler.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Medium and small rooms, bath room adjoining; private family.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Cool, beautiful rooms; breakfast. Phone 9959 Schuyler.

78TH ST., 214 WEST.—Cool rooms; all with private baths; gentlemen, married couple; phone.

214 WEST 78TH ST.
COOL ROOMS. ALL WITH PRIVATE BATHS.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful, large room; private bath; housekeeping privilege; references; also small room; Subway; Summer rates.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Gentlemen; large, cool, quiet room; electricity; Summer rate; references.

82D, 146 WEST.—Clean, comfortable, outside rooms; electricity; lavatories; elevator. Schuyler 8706. Haskins.

82D ST., 152 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, light room; running water; Summer rates; telephone.

82D, 68 WEST.—New house; family rooms, small room; excellent table; concessions.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Private house; exceptionally attractive large and small rooms; telephone.

87TH, 55 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished front room, bath; references; gentlemen; private house.

91ST, 64 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; convenient "L," Subway; shower baths; references.

93D, 109 WEST.—Large and small, handsomely furnished rooms; reasonable; all conveniences.

94TH ST., Off Broadway.—Two elegantly furnished rooms; private house; private family; gentlemen only. Telephone 5064 Riverside.

99TH, 243 WEST.—Handsome, large, cool room, facing Broadway; running water. Freeman.

101ST, 16 WEST.—Attractive, cool, cheerful rooms, single or suite; high-class apartment; telephone, electricity; housekeeping; $3-$7. McNamara.

101ST ST., 230, Corner Broadway.—Single front room; elevator apartment; gentleman; references. Reilly.

102D, 254 WEST.—Private house, refined environmeat; attractive single room, adjoining bath.

114TH, 610 WEST.—LUXURIOUS ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY.

114TH ST., 520 WEST.—Outside room, next bath; University view. Apt. 82. Private.

118TH ST., 419 WEST.—Cool, single rooms; Summer rates; showers, electricity. Apartment 32.

120TH, 414 WEST.—Large, airy, outside rooms, overlooking Columbia Campus, Hudson. Apt. D5.

121ST, 509 WEST.—Columbia grounds opposite, near Subway, parks, Drive; several choice furnished apartments and rooms, all outside, weekly or monthly; elegant building, restaurant, reception room, roof garden. See Mr. Yetman, Apartment 809.

121ST, 147 WEST.—Large front room; all conveniences; southern exposure.

122D, 520 WEST.—Double and single rooms; Summer rates; excellent board. Kerker.

122D, 523 WEST.—Room, private bath, $5; others, $3 up; teacher accommodated. Sherman.

138TH, 608 WEST.—One or two beautifully furnished rooms, bath; private residence.

158TH ST., 634 WEST.—Two-room suite, bath adjoining; beautiful private residence, overlooking Hudson; Summer rates; telephone 4397 Audubon.

ALLERTON HOUSE, 300 WEST 22D ST. (For Bachelors Only.)

Hotel and club conveniences at rooming house prices; new fireproof building; elevator, hot and cold running water in every room; tub and shower baths; all outside rooms; single rooms, $4 to $7 weekly; rooms for two, $3 to $3.50 weekly each.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 39 WEST.—Large, small rooms; some overlooking park; bath, telephone.

WEST END AV., 611.—Magnificent room, electricity; moth proof closets; private family; piano if desired; 91st Subway; references; reasonable.

Brooklyn.

ASSOCIATION CLUB BUILDING.—Rooms for young men; steam heat, electric light, hot and cold water, telephone; each room all finely furnished; elevator service, gymnasium, swimming pool, all kinds of baths, bowling alleys, billiard rooms, and all club privileges; room $2.75-$4. Apply at once Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A., Bedford Av. and Monroe St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty cents a line.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, competent typewriter; small salary while training for secretarial position; unusual opportunity. Secretary, Box G 270 Times Downtown.

Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of girls over 16 years of age for their Audit Department; only those competent in addition, subtraction and multiplication need apply, by letter only.

Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require an experienced Order Clerk for their Stationery Engraving Department; apply to Superintendent, fourth floor, after 4 P. M.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,

REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A NUMBER OF EXPERIENCED

MAIL ORDER CLERKS
IN SEVERAL SECTIONS OF THEIR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT.

Apply at Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. Side.

GOVERNESS, with experience, youngest child, 3 years old; must speak German. Apply between 10 and 12 A. M., 1,475 52d St., Borough Park, Brooklyn.

MOTHER'S HELPER wanted, girl; assist with house work; country; state wages wanted; must furnish references. Z 298 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER'S unusual chance to get private secretary's training; neatness, intelligence, and willingness absolutely essential; give nationality, age, and experience; hours 9 to 5:30; Saturday year round 1 o'clock; salary $12; no beginners will be considered. P 308 Times Downtown.

TEACHERS.—Two teachers for Summer; salary, Mrs. Jarvis-Inslee, Room 1,014, 225 5th Av.

THREE REFINED WOMEN of education wanted to call upon a special list. Travelogue Bureau, 156 Fifth Av.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty cents a line.

ADVERTISING MAN WANTED

to solicit in wholesale district for metropolitan publication; exceptional opportunity for the right man; commission basis. Address immediately B 52 Times Annex.

A SALESMAN WANTED.

We want a clean cut, intelligent young man to travel and sell lace curtains and drapery materials, preferably experienced in the line; only an ambitious, aggressive person with modern ideas who can show a successful selling record, who wants to start at a modest salary and grow into a big job, will be considered; call between 10:30 and 4 o'clock, or write full particulars about yourself. S. & G. Carter & Son, 116-126 West 32d St.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty cents a line.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Middle-aged man as bookkeeper and hotel clerk for Summer hotel. Apply between 10 and 12, B. Turkel, 131 East 58th St.

CASHIER for luncheon and dinner hours; will give both meals for services. 53 West 47th St.

COLLEGE MAN can earn good money and acquire valuable experience representing ei-cultion department of leading journal of finance and commerce in exclusive territory. Address Z 285 Times Annex, giving particulars and references.

SALESMEN.—Live salesmen to call on local automobile trade; no competition; unlimited field; big money for real salesmen. commission. Call mornings. Rost, 1 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN FOR REAL ESTATE.—Experienced man, who can deal with high-class people on splendid proposition; commission. Only first-class, competent persons need address P. O. Box 454, Stamford, Conn.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced in hosiery and underwear, for New York City and vicinity; must have thorough experience; commission. Apply Room 1,012, 41 Union Square, City.

SALESMEN.—Salesmen wanted for New York City and vicinity; must be experienced in hosiery and underwear; commission. Apply Room 1,012, 41 Union Square.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; male; partly clerical work; experienced in export business preferred; for factory in Akron, Ohio. Answer Z 295 Times Annex.

STOCK SALESMEN.

SUCCESSFUL MEN TO DISTRIBUTE SMALL STOCK ISSUE FOR LARGE MOTION-PICTURE CORPORATION; MUST HAVE ADDITIONAL CAPITAL TO HANDLE ORDERS; COMMISSION ONLY; GREAT OPPORTUNITY. ADDRESS W 151 TIMES.

STOCK SALESMEN.—Two experienced stock salesmen, to handle an exceptionally fine proposition, which will bear the closest investigation; gilt edge in every particular; nothing to equal it on the market; good commission. Silent Salesman Co., 1,009 Woolworth Building.

STOCK SALESMEN.

Liberal commission proposition paid to real producers. P 312 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN not under 25 for mill's salesroom (wholesale;) must be of good education and experienced in office detail. State particulars, including nationality and salary expected. L 106 Times.

YOUNG MAN, neat, business ability, 21, take agency new guaranteed patented article; can make $25 week; experience unnecessary; will teach how to sell. Call after 10:30, Amalgamated Sales Corporation, 1,478 B'way.

YOUNG MAN.—Wanted an intelligent young man with some knowledge of the printing business, for clerical work; must be capable and accurate figurer. Box L 108 Times.

Instruction.

Thirty cents a line.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Experience unnecessary; easy work, big pay; write (or call) for particulars and large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 1001 C, Candler Building, Times Square, New York.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

BOOKKEEPER. — Six years' experience; double entry; assist stenography; $12. G 282 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Modern methods; trial balance, controlling accounts; typist; $12-$15. H. B., 164 Times.

CHAMBERMAID.—Lady wishes to place her Protestant chambermaid whom she can highly recommend; assist sewing, waiting, care of children; country. Call Thursday, 22 West 82d.

COMPANION.—For July and August, position of trust or companion in exchange for board; fluent French and English; references exchanged. Address W 134 Times.

COMPANION, &c.—Woman, reliable, capable, wishes to meet person lonely, elderly invalid, who needs attendant companion for country. W 148 Times.

COMPANION.—Practical trained nurse desires position as companion; reference exchanged. Answer, stating salary, 1,020 Mulberry St., Scranton, Penn.

DENTIST'S ASSISTANT and office nurse; some hospital training; references. Miss W., 537 West 123d. Phone 3790 Morningside.

DESIGNER AND FITTER.

By lady, Paris born, fully experienced, formerly with several first-class Paris and local firms; speaks English and French fluently; name salary. Address A. P., Box 100 New York Times.

DRESSMAKER.—Competent, reliable dressmaker; work guaranteed; daily; city, country. Sabel, 1 Arden St., Bronx.

GOVERNESS.—Young French lady, well educated, wishes position; best references. Henriette, 166 West 65th St. Telephone Col. 7992.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Young woman as working housekeeper in a family. Care of Regan, 945 Columbus Av.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl; general; capable, willing; kind disposition; reference. Southwick, 136 West 61st St.

HOUSEWORK.—Colored girl; general housework, waitress, day's work. 45 W. 132d St., care Stanton.

LADY'S MAID.—Perfect manicure and millinery; wishes position with lady for the Summer; reasonable salary. T. H., Times, Harlem.

LAW STENOGRAPHER.—Position wanted by expert where ability to take testimony will be called upon; first-class references. G 269 Times Downtown.

MASSEUSE, graduate of Stockholm, with hospital experience, wishes to care for an invalid lady; kind and patient; highest reference. Djerf, 242 East 50th St.

MATRON, &c.—Woman experienced in institution work would act as supply or permanently as matron or house mother. W 149 Times.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—German lady, alone, with girl 12, as refined mother's helper; best references. Hezel, 500 West 132d St.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR, stenographer, and typist; thoroughly competent; salary, $12. G 279 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; 2 years' experience; rapid

DR. VAUGHN PROVES NEW GERM THEORY

Disease Bacteria Not Forms of Vegetable Life, He Tells Medical Association.

CHARITY ABUSES ASSAILED

Physicians Accept 10 to 50 Cents a Call, Report Says—Paper on Heart Surgery.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 24.—Dr. Victor C. Vaughn of Ann Arbor, Mich., President of the American Medical Association, distinguished as a bacteriologist and investigator in the fields of bio-chemical research, made an important contribution to scientific knowledge when he announced today before a section of the association in convention here that the germs of disease are not forms of vegetable life, as had been generally believed and universally taught. On the contrary, he declared, it had now been proved that bacteria more nearly resembled low forms of animal life. This fact has been demonstrated by incontrovertible experimentation not only in Dr. Vaughn's laboratories, but independently by a European investigator.

In another section of the convention, that dealing with hospitals, the presentation of the report of the committee on hospital abuses of charity provided one of the real sensations of the convention. Incidentally the committee was subjected to criticism for its failure to make what the critics considered an adequate and comprehensive report.

Dr. Joseph D. Farrar of Philadelphia, Chairman of the committee, read the report in which it was stated that a large percentage of Philadelphia doctors received only 50 cents for office calls, others were consulted by patients at 25 an office visit, while still another class of physicians received patients in their consulting rooms at 10 cents a head. These financial concessions were made, according to the report, to keep patients from hospitals and dispensaries and to maintain practices.

Dr. Vaughn made his announcement relative to the origin of bacteria before the section on obstetrics and gynecology, which met this afternoon to consider the recently discovered serum diagnosis of physiological and pathological conditions, i e., serum diagnosis of pregnancy and cancer.

"We are taught by all the text books," said Dr. Vaughn, "that bacteria are low forms of vegetable life. This has been disproved. Bacteria are not forms of vegetable life at all. The cells of vegetable life have cellulose walls, but analyses of bacteria disclose the fact that no cellulose enters into their composition.

"Bacteria are more nearly related to low forms of animal life than to vegetable life. I would not, however, classify them as of animal origin, but would put them in a class by themselves. The fact that they are not of vegetable origin has been proved in my laboratories, and has also been demonstrated abroad.

Action of Bacterial Ferments.

"It has been believed that bacterial ferments digested living cells, but this view is wrong. There is no known bacterial ferment that will feed on live cells. After the germs of typhoid fever have been received into the body they begin to multiply at a tremendous rate, but during the first eight or ten days the recipient experiences no inconvenience from them. He feels all right. This shows that the bacteria do not feed on live cells.

"The invading germs, however, furnish ferments which do feed on non-protein material, provided by the body. Then the symptoms appear which are due to the action of the poisonous products of bacteria acting on and impairing the ferments in the blood."

It was expected that Prof. Emil Abderhalden of Halle, Germany, the biologist, whose announcements relative to serum diagnosis caused a sensation in scientific circles last year, would be present. He was detained in Germany by illness, and his paper, which furnished the keynote of the discussion, was read by another. It proved to be an extremely technical thesis, which provided no information additional to that contained in the brief cable dispatches published heretofore in THE NEW YORK TIMES. There was but little enthusiasm manifested by those who took part in the discussion, the consensus seeming to be that serum diagnosis was still in its infancy, more of a unique laboratory toy than anything else, that sometimes it was of value but that just as often it was of no diagnostic use whetever.

When Dr. Farrar read the report of the abuse of hospital charity, Dr. Hornsby of Chicago criticised it on the ground that it lacked detail. He said he had understood that the reason for appointing the committee was to get statistics referring to hospital and dispensary conditions all over the country. The statistics contained in the report, he argued, were chiefly of interest to Philadelphia. He maintained that the report was inadequate to be presented to the House of Delegates.

Dr. Farrar declared that a comprehensive investigation had been carried out, and that the committee had obtained statistics from New York City.

"If this section of the association is of no value," he exclaimed, "we ought to abolish it."

Here is the paragraph in the report which tells of the remarkably low fees for which Philadelphia doctors are willing to work:

"Recently it has come to my knowledge that a few years ago 10 per cent. of the physicians in Philadelphia were dispensing medicine, and today at least 80 per cent. are doing so. Fifty per cent. are only getting fifty cents for office consultations, 25 per cent. are getting twenty-five cents, and 3 per cent. are only getting but ten cents for the work, all for the sake of retaining their practices and keeping dispensaries and hospitals from getting their patients."

Surgery of the Heart.

Dr. Axel Werelius, a well-known laboratory worker of Chicago, read a paper before the section on surgery on experiments he had carried out with animals in surgery of the heart and lungs. This experimental work was similar to that described by Dr. Alexis Carrel of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research at the meeting of the International Surgical Association in New York last April. Here is a summary of Dr. Werelius's paper:

"This research comprises experiments undertaken to test the practicability of surgical interference of the heart and lungs in the human, not only in cases of injury but in ailments of these organs that are hopeless with ordinary medical aid. The experiments, all made under anaesthesia, demonstrate that injuries of the heart, seemingly of the most desperate character, may be successfully repaired surgically, so that no injury to the heart, however violent, should be considered hopeless. This research also demonstrates that abnormalities of the heart, such as a narrow opening between two chambers, can be corrected surgically, and that such conditions as are found in a so-called 'blue baby,' and which are now absolutely hopeless, will in the future be saved by surgical means.

"Of practical application to human patients is the observation that in grave injuries to the heart the heart sac should be widely opened, as the heart needs absolute and perfect freedom of action. Every part of the chest can be reached with comparative ease and safety. This work further demonstrates that removal of the entire heart sac causes practically no disturbance. New heart sacs were manufactured from tissue covering the intestines. Stab wounds, even multiple, entirely through the heart, caused only temporary tumultuous heart action. Knife punctures required suture, and healed rapidly.

"The heart chambers were cut into and sutured. Their interior was explored by the finger, and even inspected by the eye. The windpipe in the chest has been cut off and reunited. This was far more dangerous and difficult than the heart work. This, as well as some of the other work, has never before been attempted. Slight disturbances follow the heart work. Some of the animals jumped up and down the table half an hour after the operation, showing the marvelous recuperative power of the heart."

It should be stated that, whereas Dr. Werelius severed and reunited the windpipes of twenty-five cats, only one animal recovered. Dr. M. Clayton Thrush of Philadelphia, addressing the public health section, urged State control of all public eating places and the monthly physical examination of cooks, waiters, dishwashers, and other employes. He also said that employment agencies should be obliged to furnish health certificates with servants sent to private houses.

Dr. John Zahorsky of St. Louis, in the section on diseases of children, told of how poorly nourished children improved on a diet of lard and milk.

NEW Y. W. C. A. BUILDING.

Work Soon to Begin on Structure in Fifty-third Street.

The officers of the Young Women's Christian Association have decided to begin work soon on the new Central Building on a large plot at the southwest corner of Lexington Avenue and Fifty-third Street.

Donn Barber has been selected as the architect. The structure will be eight or nine stories high and will cost about $600,000. Among its features will be a large auditorium and a gymnasium with a swimming pool. The three upper floors will be devoted to educational work, art, commercial, and domestic arts schools. There will be a garden on the roof.

The present Central Building is in East Fifteenth Street between Fifth Avenue and Broadway, where the work has gone on for more than forty years. The change of the neighborhood from retail to wholesale business has been one of the causes leading to the removal, and larger quarters were needed also.

When the new Central Building is completed the entire block front on the west side of Lexington Avenue between Fifty-second and Fifty-third Streets will be given over to the Young Women's Christian Association work, as the National Headquarters Building, a nine-story structure, was erected on the Fifty-second Street corner two years ago. The new building will conform in architectural style with the National Building.

BOYS HONOR JACOB RIIS.

Commissioner Kingsbury Tells of Philanthropist's Influence.

Four hundred boys of the Jacob A. Riis Neighborhood Settlement, 48 Henry Street, met last night to pay tribute to the dead philanthropist. Harold Sherman, 11 years old, spoke for fifteen minutes explaining why the boys came to the Riis Home, and telling what was done for them there.

Then Charities Commissioner Kingsbury told how Mr. Riis had influenced his life. When he was only a bootblack it was "The Making of an American Citizen" that had aroused his ambition; when he was a country school teacher in the West it was a speech by Mr. Riis, which he had ridden forty miles to hear, that determined him to study at Columbia, and when he was graduated, it was Mr. Riis's personal advice which had induced him to accept a job with a social welfare organization, which Homer Folks had offered to him.

Assistant District Attorney William Dean Embree and Dr. Jane Robbins, Superintendent of the settlement, also spoke to the boys, urging them to follow the teachings of Mr. Riis.

Police Relief Fund $49,000.

It was announced at a meeting of those in charge of the Honor Roll Relief Fund held at Police Headquarters last night that the fund had grown to $49,000, almost all of which had come from the sale of tickets for the exhibition at Brighton Beach. President Fraser said that all but $12,000 of this was in the hands of the Treasurer. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., sent a check for $5,000 yesterday.

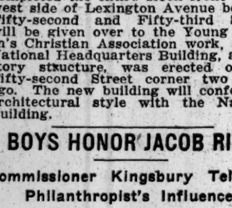
Bremner Left $30,000 Estate.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., June 24.—An inventory of the personal estate of the late Congressman Robert G. Bremner of Passaic was filed today. The value is put at $30,000. The larger part of the property is shares in The Passaic Daily Herald Company, which newspaper Mr. Bremner owned. The rest is in stocks and bonds.

Mr. Bremner also owned a residence at 158 Hamilton Avenue, Passaic, and The Passaic Herald Building.

E&W RED MAN



THE RED-MAN

A typical Summer Style not found in any other line. 2 for 25 cts.

EARL & WILSON
MAKERS OF TROY'S BEST PRODUCT.

FLACK SAYS POLICE FORCED CONFESSION

Now Denies Part in Marino Murder and Tells Doubtful Story of Third Degree Beating.

NO MARKS OF ILL-USAGE

Magaluso Girl Gives More Details and Brings In One "Cockeye" of Marino's Gang.

The confession of Louisa Magaluso, the Italian girl who told Assistant District Attorney Breckenridge on Tuesday that she and not William Flack, now a prisoner in the Tombs, had killed Giuseppe Marino in her flat, 634 East Thirteenth Street, on April 6 last, is supported by investigation made yesterday by the police and detectives for the District Attorney's office. Flack has retracted his confession of the murder, and the police and detectives believe now that the girl's story is true.

"I was forced to say that I committed the murder when I was in terror of the police," said Flack. "I was afraid to say I was innocent when I was brought before the Coroner. I simply went to the flat to see a man I knew. I found the body of Marino. I told the police about it. They couldn't find anybody else, so they beat me until I said I killed him."

It was Detective Lieut. Deering of the Union Market Station who arrested Flack. He denied every charge of severity. Asked to tell what happened before and after the arrest of Flack, the Lieutenant said:

"The Desk Lieutenant was notified late on the evening of Saturday, April 10, that a body had been found in a flat on the top floor of 634 East Thirteenth Street. I was sent there with Detective Long. At the flat we found Patrolman Michael Sullivan.

"I asked the patrolman how he had learned the body was in the flat. He said, 'This man came to me on post and told me,' and pointed to Flack, who was standing at his side with an air of unconcern. I asked Flack what interest he had in the case, and he told me that the body had been there for several days. I asked him how he knew. Then he explained that he had looked through a window in the hall and had seen the body.

"When I investigated I found that the window was screened with a heavy curtain. I asked Flack how he could see through the curtain. He was puzzled and became evasive. I decided he knew more about the man's death, and I carried him down to the station.

"From Flack I learned the name of the Magaluso girl, who occupied the flat. He called her 'Maria.' I questioned him only a little further, when he became very communicative and told me he had shot Marino. Still I was not convinced by his manner. He seemed to be under the influence of drugs, and I warned him that he should be careful to tell the truth. He insisted he had shot Marino, but somehow I felt that he was lying to save the girl."

Assistant District Attorney Breckenridge said there was no reason whatsoever to believe that Flack had made a confession under duress. He saw the prisoner soon after he was taken into custody, and Mr. Breckenridge saw no marks or bruises to indicate that he had been beaten by the police. The Assistant District Attorney, however, said Flack seemed to be a nervous wreck.

Confined in the Tombs, the girl admitted to reporters that she felt more at ease than she had since the morning of the murder. After she shot Marino, she not only feared detection by the police, but she dreaded more than that the vengeance of Marino's friends. She feared particularly one "Cockeye," who, she said, was an eye-witness of the shooting.

The haunts of the underworld have been scoured by detectives for this "Cockeye," but thus far they have found no trace of such a person.

MAYOR VISITS THE ISLAND.

Finds Conditions Bad, but Praises Work of Dr. Davis.

Accompanied by Commissioner of Correction Katharine B. Davis, Deputy Commissioner Lewis, Chamberlain Bruere, and two secretaries from his office, Mayor Mitchel made a visit yesterday afternoon to the workhouse on Blackwell's Island and to Riker's Island. He said he wanted to get first-hand information concerning the crowding in the workhouse. Conditions, he said, were very bad. The cells were greatly overcrowded and the equipment was poor for taking care of the sick.

The Mayor said that Miss Davis was working on a plan to have the men prisoners in the workhouse taken to Riker's Island and put to work on a farm colony to be established there. He then paid this tribute to the work the Commissioner of Correction has been doing:

"I believe that the city has cause for congratulation in having Commissioner Davis in charge of its correctional institutions. I wish to announce now that there has been remarkable progress made in the department since Commissioner Davis and her Deputy, Mr. Lewis, have been applying standards of intelligence and penal administrative efficiency to the institutions under their care. The Department of Correction has always seemed to me to be the least understood and the most neglected of the city's departments. It was particularly in need of enlightened attention.

"Commissioner Davis's report on the work which she has accomplished during the last four and one-half months, which will be made public tomorrow, indicates that this department, which has been previously regarded as a department of jails, is now a real Department of Correction. Apparently, her department has known what to do, how to do it, and who could help, and has moved forward to accomplishment without hesitation. The policy of open publicity, regardless of whether the facts hinder or promote the departmental policies, has abundantly justified itself thus far."

BOATS COLLIDE IN THE FOG.

Red Bank Rams the Taurus, and Schooner Hits the Point Comfort.

The fog which blanketed the harbor for several hours yesterday morning and caused three collisions was the worst experienced around New York for several years. It disorganized ferry service at a time when commuters were on their way to work, held the outbound liners at their piers, and forced inbound ships to anchor for hours outside of Sandy Hook.

When the fog was thickest, about 8 o'clock, the ferryboat Red Bank of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, laden with 600 commuters, when about midway across the North River, crashed into the side of the steamboat Taurus of the Iron Steamboat Company and tore a hole eight feet long in her upper woodwork.

The violence of the impact smashed three windows in the cabin of the Red Bank on the port side and threw people from their seats. Fortunately, the broken windows were in the men's cabin and not on the side where the women and children were. Nevertheless, the ferryboat's passengers were greatly alarmed by the shock.

Capt. M. B. Allen of the Taurus said that the fog was so thick that he could not read the name of the Red Bank even when she was close alongside after the collision. He said that he had just avoided a ferryboat leaving the foot of Liberty Street for Communipaw when the Red Bank banged into him.

John Hashaton of 47 Walnut Street, Roselle, N. J., was standing between two automobiles in the teamway on the Red Bank when she hit the Taurus and was severely squeezed, but was able to go home after receiving medical attention. He was the only person injured.

The Taurus was taken to Pier A. She will be put in drydock at once for repairs.

At 2:30 A. M. a collision occurred between the ferryboat Wilkes-Barre of the Central Railroad of New Jersey and the Lakewood of the same company, but no damage was done.

The municipal ferryboat Bronx, on her way to Manhattan from St. George with 2,500 passengers on board, just after 8 o'clock, broke her rudder chains and spun around in the fog until she lost headway. The bow rudder was used to guide her up to the city.

The Cunarder Lusitania, which sailed at 6 P. M. on Tuesday for Liverpool with nearly 500 first cabin passengers, was held at anchor off Stapleton until noon yesterday, when she slowly followed the France out of the harbor. The Red Star liner Zeeland, incoming from Antwerp, was also held up till noon waiting for the fog to lift.

In the bay the schooner Samuel P. Bowers ran into the steamer Point Comfort, which runs from Keansburg, N. J., to the Battery. The steamer's wheelhouse was damaged, but none of her 300 passengers was hurt.

BARLOW'S CAR HITS A BOY.

Magistrate Not in It at the Time and the Boy Isn't Badly Hurt.

An automobile owned by Magistrate Peter F. Barlow of 10 Lexington Avenue and driven by Florin McDonald of 14 West 100th Street injured Robert Leiter, 14 years old, of 692 East 180th Street, in front of 769 Melrose Avenue, the Bronx, last night. The boy's injury was not serious, and in a short time he was able to go to his home.

While trying to cross the street Leiter was struck by the mud guard of the machine and knocked down. He suffered contusions of the head, and was treated by Dr. Feenberg of the Lebanon Hospital. The chauffeur, who was alone in the automobile, said that he sounded his horn to warn the boy, who apparently became confused and ran in the path of the machine.

ARROW COLLARS
WHITBY

A style introduced in the Arrow Line in London. Distinctly English—and particularly adaptable for wear with silk and other soft shirts. 2 for 25c.

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Broadway—43rd to 44th Street

Superior Six Course Luncheon, 75c (Music)

Cabaret Extraordinaire
Twenty Acts Every Evening 7 to 1

Restaurant also in the Shopping Zone--Broadway 29th-30th St.

A landmark in metropolitan life for a quarter century

"SIR THOMAS" is a scientifically made straw hat. It has a soft brim for comfort, and is a stunner for style.

"Sufficiency."

See it in my windows today—$2.

Mail Order Charges Prepaid.

Truly Warner Hatter to Mr. Gooddresser

A Word To Your New Clerks From You.

It's about the New Store which opens next Monday.

HERE is what we said to the clerks we have employed for you in the new Wallach downtown store at 265-267 Broadway, just below Chambers Street:

"You are here on approval, just as the Clothing, Furnishings and Hats in the Wallach stores are sold on approval, whether paid for or not.

So you can stay with us as long as you please our customers, who are your real employers. That is your first duty.

Selling merchandise is secondary. Remember, too, that pleasing a customer doesn't mean pleasing him only while he is in the store. He must never cease to be glad he came in. So tell him the truth always. Every man who comes into a Wallach store is a customer—whether he buys or not. So be as particular, as cheerful, in showing goods as in selling them. Be as glad to see the man who comes in to find an address in the directory, or to use the telephone, as though he had bought his complete Summer outfit of us.

Remember, you are here to give the people what they want—not to tell them what they want. Be quick, without being hurried. Be patient. Your time belongs to the customer—not to us, and least of all to you.

And bear this in mind: There is nothing in our line that any man wants that we won't get for him if we haven't it. Nothing is too much trouble."

WE said a great deal more. Maybe there are some other instructions you would like to give the clerks who are employed by you who serve you at the new Wallach store. We will faithfully transmit your instructions if you will send them to us. The store itself will be opened Monday. We shall be delighted to welcome you there.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings) | Broadway at 29th St. (Open till 6 P. M.) | 246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings)

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

RAINEY'S SET OF 1914 AFRICAN HUNT PICTURES
Special Thursday Evening.
Paul J. Rainey will personally lecture.
His only appearance.
AT THE CASINO THEATRE B'way & 39th St.
Courtesy of Lee & J. J. Shubert.

THE NEWSBOY is about the only public servant who never gets a tip. Here is a chance for you to make amends for this oversight. There will be a benefit for the maintenance of the Newsboys' Home Club at the Casino and Lyric Theatres from June 22 to 29. Three shows daily at 2, 4 and 8:30 P. M. admission 15 cents to 50 cents. Matinees, 25 cents for the best seats.

AT THE LYRIC THEATRE 42d St. W. of B'way.
Courtesy of Lee & J. J. Shubert.
LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY
Special Thursday, Afternoon and Evening.
World Tour of Giants-White Sox.
By Courtesy of Electric Film Co.

These New York Leading Theatres Have No Dealings with the Tyson Co.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Evs. 8:15 SHARP. Matinees Wednesday & Saturday 2:15.
The One Established Summer Show
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
After the Performance Don't Fail to Visit
ZIEGFELD DANSE DE FOLLIES,
in the Aerial Gardens (Atop the Theatre.)
Reserve Tables in Advance. Phone 3093 Bryant.
TIFFANY CUP CONTEST SATURDAY NIGHT.

KNICKERBOCKER. Daily 2:15 and 8:15 sharp.
"SURPASSES HUMAN BELIEF."—Amy Leslie.
D'Annunzio's Photo Spectacle
CABIRIA
Orchestra of 50—Chorus of 40
All Reserved Seats—8 Weeks in Advance.

GAIETY Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30.
GEO. M. COHAN'S BEST PLAY,
7 KEYS TO BALDPATE

GEO. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8.15. M. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
Potash & Perlmutter

HUDSON West 44th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Evs. 8:30
A Detective Comedy.
Laughs & Thrills—The DUMMY

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Daily 2:30 & 8:30. 25 & 50c. All Seats Reserved.
UNIVERSAL MOTION PICTURES present
ANNETTE KELLERMANN in NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th. Mat. Today. Best Orch. Seats, $1 and $1.50. Evenings at 8.
PASSING SHOW OF 1914
"OUT-SUMMERS AND OUT-SHOWS ANYTHING SEEN IN NEW YORK."—Times.

39TH ST. THEA. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
TOO MANY COOKS

COMEDY Thea., 41st St., near B'way. Evs 8:20 Matinees Tuesday & Saturday 2:20.
KITTY MACKAY

CORT Theatre, 48th St., near Broadway.
"THE BATTLE OF THE SEXES"
and "HOME SWEET HOME"
Two magnificent Griffith features.
2, 4, 7 & 9 P. M. Prices 10c., 15c., 25c.

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. 8:15. LAST Last Mat. Sat., 2:15. WEEK
The YELLOW TICKET

LONGACRE West 43th St. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
A PAIR OF SIXES

COHAN & HARRIS' ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
Just For Fun and Lots of It.
Raymond Hitchcock
IN HIS NEW MUSICAL PLAY,
"The Beauty Shop"

REPUBLIC TODAY, 2:30 & 8:30. All Seats reserved, 25c & 50c.
CAVALIERI in the 6-Act Picturization. MANON LESCAUT

BIJOU Mat. Thur. & Sat. | DARK-TOWN FOLLIES Beauty Chorus, Cast of 50.

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MARCUS LOEW'S VAUDEVILLE, PHOTO PLAYS.
COLOSSAL CARNIVAL
Symphony Orchestra and Band of 100.
ALL FOR 10 Cents ADM.

VITAGRAPH 44th St. & Broadway. "Shadows of the Past" | "Mr. Siggins' Melodrama" | 2:30 & 8:30. "The Violin of Mr'leur"

REISENWEBER'S COLUMBUS CIRCLE AND 58TH ST.
Dinner, $1.00 (Every Eve. 6 to 9.) Frog Dinner, (in the Grille) $1.25
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THE COOLEST DANCING ROOM IN THE CITY

RECTOR'S Delicious Cold Specialties
48th St., Broadway & 7th Ave. America's Coolest Ball Room

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LARGEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE UPTOWN HOTEL.
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Large, Quiet Rooms with Bath for transient or permanent residence.
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Boats East 99th and 134th Sts
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Separate floor for Private Lessons.
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All modern Dances Taught Privately from 10 to 10. Summer Rates. Prof. A. Albert Sasto. Broadway, 86th to 87th St. Tel. 6435 Schuyler.

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Four Satisfactory Private Lessons, $5.
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Wild West Show
Opens Sat., June 27th

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14th Street, near Fourth Ave.
This is a place to eat. There is music, of course—good music,—and congenial company, and dancing. But above all else it is a place to eat—a place famed for the way certain dishes are prepared.
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Broadway at 41st Street
The quality of our food is of the highest—the raw products themselves are the best that money will buy—and quality is never lowered to offset the heavy cost of catering to a passing fashion. The 60c Luncheon and the $1.00 Dinner are typical.
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The one Restaurant to which you must take your out-of-town friends.
Food, music, atmosphere, congeniality that will long be remembered—and a large Open-air Balcony.
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1, 2 and 3 rooms, with bath; convenient, homelike; location exceptional; private park; Summer rates. BLAKE BROS., Mgrs.

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